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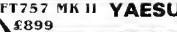
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Technical articles on subjects of amateur interest are always welcome and should be sant to: The Editor, Radio Communication, Lembda House, Cranborne Road, Pollers Ber, Herts EN6 3JE.

All erticles received are reviewed for technical merit by the RSGB Technical & Publications Committee, or en acknowledged expert on the subject, before acceptance. Payment at high competitive rates will be made for all articles published.

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The editor will be pleased to send intending euthors a manuscript preparetion guide and to give any other edvice and assistance requested.

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Members' Ads

798

for 50MHz-







two great handhelds from KENWOOD.

Without a doubt the two new 2 metre FM hand-helds from KENWOOD now represent the best value for money in amateur radio

For the amateur who wants a simple high quality transceiver from a reputable manufacturer at a rock bottom price but still wants high output power for shack use, the TH205E is the answer. And for the operator who is prepared to pay a little more to gain additional features, the TH215E is the obvious choice. As well as the new rigs for 2 metres, KENWOOD have produced 70 centimetre versions, these are the TH405E and TH415E.

Frequency range Power ontput

Operating voltage

Memory channels Frequency stepping

Battery saver Scan

Size Weight 144 to 146 MHz for both receivers Depending on operating voltage up to 5 watts (with standard PB2 battery pack 2.5 watts) Battery terminal 6,3 to 15 volts DC Top panel jack 7.2 to 16 volts DC

3 with quick recall 10 with quick recall

5, 10, 15, 20 or 25 kHz Built-in battery saver extends operating life Simple band scan Band, memory and

programmable scan 67(2.64) W × 173(6.81) H × 37(1.46) D mm (in.)

520 g (1.15 lb) with PB2 and aerial



Using the latest in technology, the designers of the TW4t00E dual band FM inobile transceiver have achieved increased performance and, at the same time, made operation even easier. The operator can pre-set the transceiver according to the band plan and his preferences. Options availabte are shift (+, or duptex), frequency stepping (5, t0, t2.5, 20, 25 or 50 kHz) and repeater shift (600

KHz, t.6, 5, and 7.6 MHz).

With the KENWOOD TW4100E, not only do you have the normal simplex and repeater modes but crossband duplex as well. If you work another amateur who can also simultaneously transmit on one band and tisien on the other, andmany stations do have this facility, then a telephone style conversation is possible. Anyone who has not experienced duplex operating will soon come to prefer the natural conversation style that is possible.

With the high tevel of traffic on today's roads, it is essential that a mobile transceiver is easy to operate. KENWOOD engineers have simplified the rig's operation by providing ten memories, each of which will hold information on frequency, simplex or repealer operation and whether or not the tone burst is on or off. By pushing a single button all this information can be transferred to the VFO. Of course the original information is stift held in memory for future use. You therefore have ten independent VFOs. KENWOOD's attention to detail is shown by the toltowing additional facility, if having transferred a repeater frequency to the VFO, you move onto an adjacent simplex channel, you can, by the push of two buttons, cancel the tone burst and reset the shift from repeater to simplex. Of course, two more presses of the same buttons restore the facilities.

Linear amplifiers are not needed with the KEN-WOOD TW4100E? Power output from the transceiver is 45 watts on two metres and 35 watts on seventy centimetres, more than enough to cope with difficult terrain.

The TW4100E has another facility not mentioned in the handbook. Not mentioned because unless you are a RAYNET member on an approved

high power, dual band TW4100E

operation or engaged on a reat emergency, to use the equipment in such a way is outside the compass of the licence as we presently know it.

The facility is that the TW4100E with act as a private crossband repeater. This means that you can park your car in a decent location and wander off into an RF black spot. Armed with a small low power handheld, you can talk back to the TW4100E which, since you lett it, has been constantly checking the two pre-set crossband frequencies. Your transmission is received and simultaneously transmitted by the TW4100E on the other band. When a station replies, the message is again simultaneously retransmitted to you. Of course you need to have another amateur in your car to oversee the operation and it must be a recognised RAYNET use. In repeater mode the KENWOOD TW4100E has automatic time-out after approximarely three minutes.

The TW4100E has provision for DCL (digital channel tink) and DCS (digital code squetch) when the optional MU1 board is fitted.

TW4100E . . . £699.00 inc vat, carriage £7.00.

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the KENWOOD **TS530SP** HF transceiver,

a sensible rig.

The TRIO TSS30SP HF transcetver is similar to the TS830S in that it also uses a pair of 6146B valves in its PA stage. The transcriver has been designed for the amateny who has no need for the additional facilities that are part of the TS830S but who still requires a high level of performance from his equipment.

The TRIO TS530SP covers the amateur bands from 160 through to 10 metres. Modes of operation are USB, LSB and CW.

Operating from 240 votts AC the transceiver has its own internal power

IF shift is built into the TSS30SP to allow the IF passband to be moved around the received signal and away from interfering signals and sideband splatter. Even greater selectivity is achieved when an optional YKSSSN (1.8 kHz), YK88C (500 Hz) or YK88CN (270 Hz) titler is installed.

A luneable notch filler is built into the audio circuit of the TS530SP.

The speech processor in the TS530SP combines an audio compression amplifier with a change of ALC time constant for extra audio punch and increased average SSB output.

To cope with putse type noise (such as ingnition), the transceiver has a noise

Both RIT and XIT (receiver as well as transmitter incremental tuning) are included to aid operating. XIT being a distinct advantage when catting a station that is tistening "off frequency".

TS830S (Big brother) £109B.00 tnc val, carriage £7.00.





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TS940S ... Top of the range, the TS940S has every operating feature that the discerning HF operator needs. Amateur bands from 160 to 10 metres plus a general coverage receiver tuning from 150 kHz to 30 MHz, Modes of operation are USB, LSB, CW, AM, FSK and FM. Forty memory channels, each effectively a separate VFO and easy keyboard frequency entry make operation

and ownership of the TRIO TS940S a pleasure. TS940S . . . £1995.00 inc vat, carriage £7.00.

Much has been sald and written about the TS930S and it now TS930S has a place high in the affection of radio amateurs. Modes of operation are USB, LSB, CW, AM and FSK. Providing full coverage of the amateur bands from 160 to 10 metres and including a general coverage receiver tuning from 150 kHz to 30 MHz, the TRIO TS930S is the ideal rig for today's crowded bands.

TS930S . . . £1695.00 inc vat, carriage £7.00.

C ... A step forward in compact HF equipment, the TS440S covers the amateur bands from 160 to 10 metres and is also a general coverage receiver tuning from 100 kHz to 30 MHz. It has keyboard frequency entry, full and semi break-in on CW, one hundred memories and provision for fitting an internal ATU. Modes of operation are USB, LSB, AM, FM and AFSK. TS440S...£1138.81 inc vat, carriage £7.00.

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Small onough to fil into a shirt pocket, the 1300HC frequency counter brings easy and accurate frequency measurement well within everyonea reach.

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The 1300HC has excellent sensitivity, and when used with the optional telescopic whip, easily measures transmitter frequencies of mobile or handhold transceivers, even low powered "bug" devices. When used in conjunction with a simple "dip oscillator", the 1300HC makes checking turned circuit or agrid resonance an easy task.

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Communications



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17 July 1987

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Once again many many thanks for all your help with our Transatlantic Balloon project.

Best Wishes

RICHARD BRANSON

PER LINDSTRAND

Virgin Atlantic Flyer Flist hol-air linlioon crossing of the Atlantic

From Sugarborf, USA, DS, IN GMT 2004 dats, 1987 to Littuwanty, Northern bedarat, 15.5 (13MT 3rd July, 1987 3037 starting inflies (1947 knis) in 31 flories and 41 influences.

Yes, ICOM radio communication
equipment was literally on top of the world early in July this
year as part of Richard Branson and Per Lindstrand's recordbreaking trans-atlantic hot-air balloon crossing. Shown here is
the letter from the Virgin Atlantic Flyer's crew thanking ICOM
(UK) for their generous support.

AD ICOM

ONITOP OF THE WORLD

Yet again Virgin chose to use ICOM radio communication equipment for the Atlantic Flyer's balloon crossing after successful operation on the previous years' powerboat Blue Riband attempts

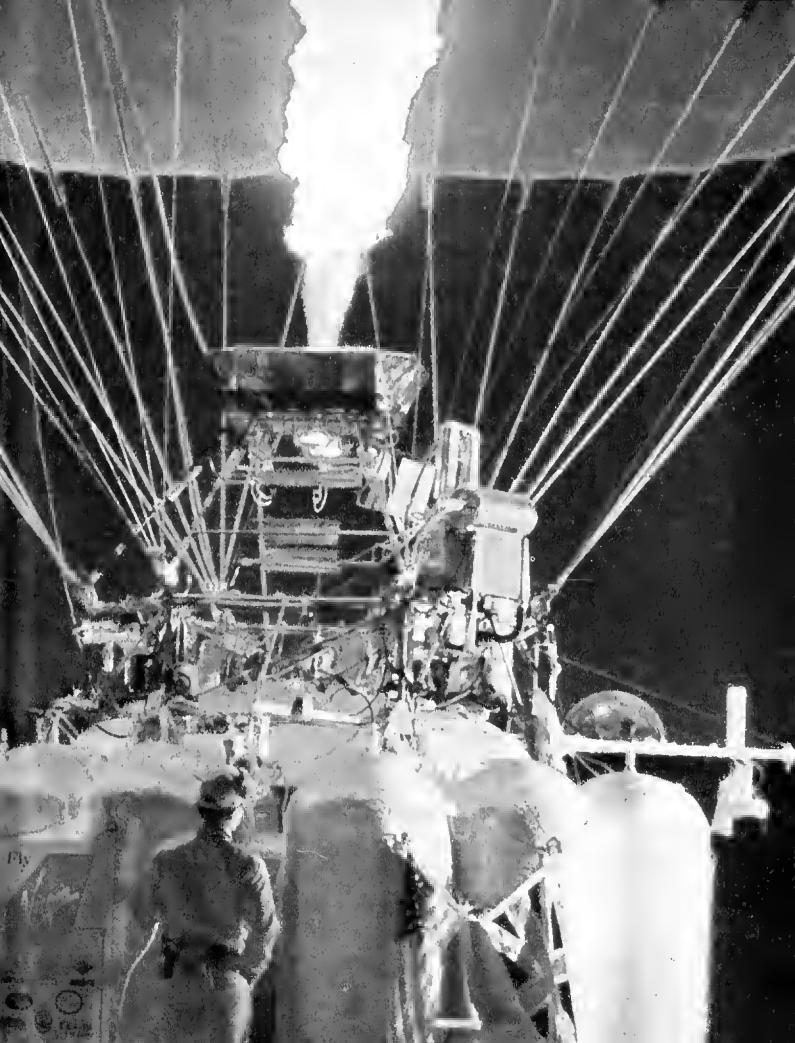
Firstly the most suitable rigs had to be chosen from the extensive ICOM range and then installed in the confines of the Virgin balloon capsule. A receiving station at the GPO tower in London was set up to monitor calls and plot the balloon's progress. When the big day came it was a huge relief after the weeks of postponement and then suddenly ICOM was 27,000 feet above the world.

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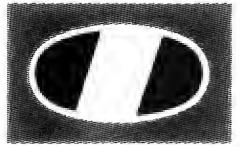
If you are thinking of starting or expanding your station you will find an ICOM model to suit your requirements, if it's good enough for the Virgin Atlantic Flyer you can be sure it's good enough for you. Once again ICOM are proud to have teamed up with Virgin and salute the brave and happily successful new world record.

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SONY 2001D

150kHz-30MHz 76-108Mhz 108-136MHz 32 memories AM/SSB/FM BROADCAST

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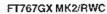
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A TIMELY REMINDER IN A LETTER FROM THE PAST:

From W2JUP, Farmingville, NY 12/11/83—2030EST

There is a lot of mislinderstanding ingertinity any auritarisons between AMTOR and PACKET leabningles. Here air niy tlinughts on the singles.

The only laator adminor to those two RTTY niethods is that they both adminishable the error detection and minor-correction. In no way. Are they intended to be administed in terms of any relative niatif. They era intended to provide totally different solutions to totally different problems. As follows:

- I. AMTOR, derived from the abilities and 'SITOR' prantige, is dissigned to get massage traffic allin undar tha worst assa abilition, typical of those fornd on H.F. radio. This is because 'SITOR' was davaloped by the Natherlands Post and Taligraph administration with Philips Endlivere, sponthodly in printin integrating high seasy vessels into the existing infariational Talex nativots on H.F. radio. The international Infax network spending that the roto traffic and had marked market and the roto traffic and had always the proposed and administration of the ARC' and drived from and assiy translated to suil from the Bandot coda, which is manifatory in the telex network. This also, the fact that only 32 abrabatic abilitions and he need, as in any normal Bandot traffic. This way, only install representations are available internal and standard typewidet-type prinaminations are available.
- 2 In AMTOR/SITOR, the modification is based on the validation of polarity ratios (mark-to-space) being constant in all the alianates bandled. The total clanation thock sequence is not in this aheak may not exacted. 3 abaraters. There is no use of "Pauly" of cheaksums. The majoring station gets the a volid inharacters and sands the control signal to continuo with more. The systail will time out at sinne point, and that it standard, will antimipromally try to raestablish syna with the distant and. Thus, under worst-case conditions on H.F. the matter will be moved. Even draining the pauses between dots and dashas of an inhartering CW signal. If there is any miniminini path at all, matter will be moved. Triem is some statistical avidence that take abaratatas will be avidated, somathing like 1 aliaration in 80,000, a very small protability.

 3. PACKES, on the office is a stational to move each louiced data.
- PACKET, on the office hand, is dasigned to move any long of data
 in any network any icomment, and is folally transparant to the data
 code and data rate mighton by the reduser. The network system
 (aquijinent) is ursporsible for achieving the usar data into
 whatevarthanatwork regimes.
- Antarvan ratavoki kryntas

 A The error italnetion is based on the usa of a gannial polynomial malliamatical expression, which it inflaat, adds no the ASCII values of analitinansinited user data charater, togothar with the valuas of all of the data abarocalars in the syna (flag) limit, the control hald, the address held and the anne nisci data held, and then that acquired valua is placed with a haire alreek seguenca feelf following thin user data held. Thi mareving station's systam dons the same agencial polynomial addression of this same flag, activol, address and risal data helds, derives the hanta-abaak valinn, and then acompares this values of lite recrived data to the value already in the inaevaid frama already segmental held. If they agins, the rearising station sends an 'aaknowledge' packet and this sending station continues.
- 5 PACKET is designed to oneialn ovai a standard voraa grede circuit, liiatis, a criaqui agnivalnei lo a voice-gnality telaphonn hira. Iyinaal ol what you lava on a reasonable VHF/JHF FKM liik, oi a wainan gri on 10 nivites with good propagation. It is not nitiant to be used in nivinimants full of inose, selbativa fading, sitlettand phase revnisals, statia, Wood peckris, nia.
- phase revrisals, statia, Woodpeckris, nta

 6 Tite PACKET natwork sets the maximum noniber of ninasknowtedged paakets that can fily on the natwork at the same time. The
 AX 25 protocol patinits a maximum of 15 tatinas of an innacknowlindiged paakets that can fily on the natwork at the same time. The
 AX 25 protocol patinits a maximum of 15 tatinas of an innacknowlindiged paaket before same and the account of the same time of the same and the natwork about the same and the national probabilities of rejecting the packet financials, the pria
 mattematical probabilities of rejecting the packet financial in an air an
 order of magnitude higher than in AMI OR/SITOR. The question
 of reading time and the same and the
- 7 Balher Han receipt of a wrong charástni, I am moré concainnd with thi loss of an mittin pasket, which can and does happen. If the link timns on I due to excessive taities, and many haw leagments ain needed, the ahangas air: vary high that data will be lost. The unacknowledgnd paskets simply vaporize into the great beyond, gone lovever.

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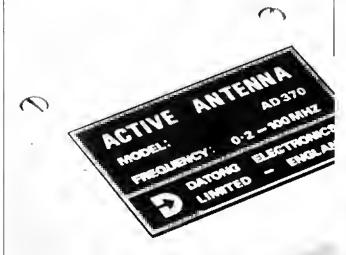


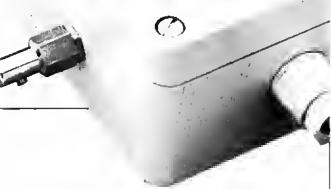
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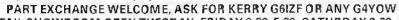
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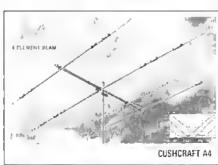


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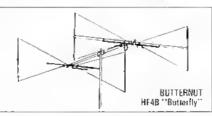
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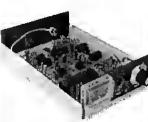
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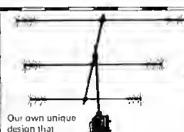
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Forward Gain Dbd	3.8 to 4.8	5.5 to 7.5	7 to 9		
Front to Back Db	13 to 15	16 to 18	18 to 23		
Side Null Db	25	25	30		
VSWR (typical)	1.1:1	1.1:1	1.1:1		
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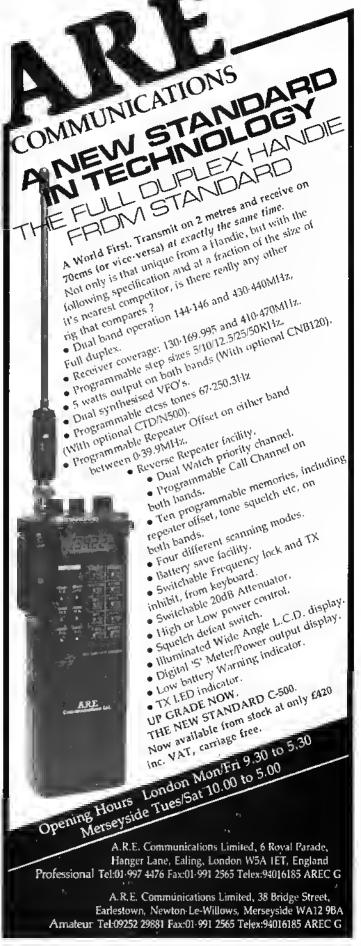
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EVERY CHANNEL IS WORTH MONEY?

EARLIER this year the Department of Trado & Industry published a voluminous report, running to 182 closely-printed pages and soveral comprehensive appendices, entitled "Deregulation of the radio spectrum in the UK". This report had been commissioned by the DTI and produced on its behalf by Communications Studios & Planning International (CSP International). If you have £9.50 to spare you can purchase a copy frem Her Majosty's Stationery Office.

Why was such a report commissioned? The 1983 Merriman Committoo had recommended that the DTI commission a leasibility study on the possible benefits from introducing market forces and the pitce mechanism (to be row the economists) form of words) into spectrum management. Certainly the presant government could be expected to be interested in applying its "market-driven economy" viewpoint to the somewhal delicate and complex aren of the radio frequency spectrum.

Amateur radio is, ol course, mentioned in the CSP report. Of all the sentences which one might pick out as perhaps exemplifying what could be called the "management consultant" approach, here is one of the better ones: If is our opinion that the quantity ol spectrum set aside for amaleur use is largor llian oconomic considerations would dictale, although this judgment is difficult to prove quantitatively. Well, yes. Probably the quantity of parkland and open space set aside in the UK for the pleasure and racioation of the public is larger than economic considerations would dictate, although this judgment is hardly the point. CSP International seems to display almost no roal understanding of the nature and value of amaleur tadlo, quite apail from the lact that a large number of amalour bands are full to the point of overcrowding. The majority of its report is, in our view, long on weighty oconomic thoory (quite a lot of which has been discredited in recent years anyway) and woofully short on technical exportise, insight and general all-round realism.

As a maller of fact, one CSP rosoarcher spont one hour at RSGB Headquarters. Naturally we answered all the questions and presented a vary positive case for amateur radio; we do that sort of thing rather well at HQ. Becasue of the limited time which CSP was propared to spend on mallors rotating to the amatout and amatour salolito services, the Socialy offered to check a draft of that part of its report dealing with those things and correct any errors of fact or gross misunderstandings, it is a maller of record that CSP did not ask for the Society's comments, despite the fact that we asked, in writing, to see the draft prior to publication. Most professional organisations we have come across in recent years have been delighted te entist our assistance in helping then, get their lacts straight. CSP's lacts could cortainly have baon a lot straighter, and they seem to have dismissed all the positive advantages of anialour radio which cannel be measured in terms of hard cash.

The main thome of this roport seems to be that the radio spectrum should be carved up Into small soctions and given to various bodies such as spectrum management licensees (smls), Irequency planning organisations (Ipos), major users and public telecommunications operators (plos). It appears that any one too might manage a slice of spactrum containing a variety of different services; it would be conceivable (although admilledly only as a waking nightmare) that the Society would find itself negotialing with 10 or 20 separate Ipos, as opposed to one DTI. For obvious reasons we'd prefer the latter—and cen you imaging the hortilic cost of such an exercise?

The popular view that "if the economics can be made to work, evolything will be all right" may have its place in the City, and we would even agree that it is reasonable that the government streutd consider carrying this philesophy into spectrum management. However, the real werld is an infinitely different place from the neatly compartmentalised and sanitised world deall with by CSP International. It appears from the respense ellether erganisations that the Seciety is not along in linding the CSP report superlicial and lacking insight into many aspects of radio spectrum. management, Indeed, remarkably fille thought-to name one aspect which comes to mind-appears to have been given to such matters as co-ordination between civil and military users of the spectrum. Some of the conclusions about security arrived at by CSP must have brought smiles to many in the detence community, let alone CSP's views on the legal and enforcement aspects of spectrum management.

We rarely say this, but on this occasion-with a lantage of trumpols-"Come back Radiocommunication Division of the DTI, all is lorgivan".

David Evans, G3OUF

Members' Mailbag

ENDE CONSTINICATION, EADIO COMPAUNICATIONI CRANGO A POUSE, CATIONI POTTERS BAR ROAD ENE SIE

The views expressed in published correspond ence are not necesserily those of the RSGB, and roaders are urged to vority independently any factual stelements on which they may wish to rely as it cannot be guaranteed that such statements are correct.

WILL WONDERS NEVER CEASE?

SIr—A Rad Com equipment review has actually had the nerve to strongly hint that a piece of gear is an overpriced pile of junk (Yaesu FT767GX, July 1987).

And, whel's more, they actually gave it to an experienced operator to use in a contest, where ho found at least 14 things wrong with it, not least that it was useloss nenr a strong local signal.

Keep II np, chaps!

Lanrie Margolis, G3UML

Sir—i have just read Pater Hart's review of the Yaesu 767GX transcelver in your July issue end, being in the market for a new ht rig, the finding completely put me off purchase. However, having alroady viewed other manufacturors' equipment, if wont to my local Yaesu dealer who let me examino. by mysell, the 767GX for two hours.

i consider the review to be an unfair assessment of the rig end must assume the reviewer has a below-average example, i fried all flie bad points menlioned, including luning in weak stations with QRM and QRN, and I had no dilliculty in bringing them in. The criticism levelled about last tuning frequency is also unjustified, as one can princh in any Irequancy on the keypad. Even though the rig has 71 control bullons, the logical simplicity of ligving them make it no harder to tune than the old FT101s

i em e middle-eged man ol reesonable intelligence and had no dillicullies in this held. One has, of course, to road thoroughly the manufacturer's

John Phillips, G3PXX

Successful contest operation makes great demands on equipment—demonds not soon in casual operaling. Additionally, allhough G3PXX wasn't looking for a 144MHz rig, the F7767GX patternance on 144MHz was very poor. If did not meet the VHF Contests Code of Practice for spurious outputs (boll) as wideband noise and discrole sputil), and was totally onli-social even for day to day operation. Commetts received from experienced 144MHz operators suggest that the review model was not untypical of this transceiver in this respect.

G3RZP, chaliman, Technical & Publications

OPERATING ON 50MHz

Sir-It is with regrol that we look we must write this

loller, but there are a lew points that we must air. We have been operating 50MHz since 1 June and have taken care not to cause interference to all concerned. We have also laken sleps to ensure thet we are within the power timits. With the repoaled warnings of the RSGB, it is a shamo that others heve not done the same, including some G3 and G2

The proof of this happened recently with an opening to Norway. All stellors that were calling from iC91 square were told by the Norwegien: "The band is closing, poor signals, much QSB, will lry again in one hour". A G3 sistion southwest of us, pulling us in the middlo, called at that time and was given 5 and 9 report while splattering 20kHz either

given 5 and 9 report white splanering 20x1/2 either side. Too much power, would you not egice?

Wo heve worked many countries since the start: USA, Canada, Norway, Sweden, Portugal, Spain etc, somo crossband but ali using power within I ha etc, somo crossband but ali using power within I ha limits. If we are to keep this now and groat band then It is up to all of us to play by the rules, especially the "A" licensees, who should be selling an example seeing that they have hed the band for quite a while.

This brings us to our most important point and that real reason for writing. Where has all the gronndwave gone? When we started there was much activity all over the band, no "CO" call went unanswered bul now call "CQ" on 50:200MHz and see whal happans,., nothing bul silence. Gel CT1WW to call and a pile-up will occur in seconds. Please remember this is emeleur radio, it is a

hobby, it is for enthusiasts all over the world of eny

ege to talk to other enthusiasts with similar interesis. If it has come to be that all it is for is to monitor for dx and, when it happens, to turn up the power to maximum, to call and make contact, only to exchange callsign and locator—note not even name in some cases—then it is time to turn it oil and watch lelevision.

Nefl Lasher, G6HIU: Ray Newton, G6SQU; David Farmor, G6TOB; D J Mason, G1LHL; Robert Royan, G6CXY; J Pallemore, G4NHO

Sir—I am currently very active on 50, 70 and 144MHz, but I have been rether disturbed as to the 144MHz, but i have been rether disturbed as to the RSGB's entirealting frequency aftitude which seems recently to have been adopted, it was eppalled to see in the June News Bulletin theth is regards 50-200MHz that "You don't heve to move oil it it you've called CQ and received a reply". This is terrible edvice, just as is the case on 144MHz. I was recently /P from a very good site in NE Scotland on 50MHz and, due to stations who were stitling having a OSQ on 50-200MHz. It was virtually impossible to e QSO on 50-200MHz, It was virtuelly impossible to make any QSOs to the south on groundwave. It is impossible to broak into the QSO because of the low ERPs allowed on 50MHz, the distance of the Gs from us, and the strong signals between the locals. It is also obvious to me that 50-200MHz is almost always occupied due to the large number of meleor pings of brief snaiches of long ragchows which seem to take place there. Calling on other frequencies is absolutely hopeless, as the chances of calching someona tuning that frequency at that instant is very small. Here in NE Scotland we are all ngreed on a small. Here in NE Scolland we are all ligreed on a call and QSY procedure on 50 2MHz and we occupy II for line shorlest time possible even here whore 50MHz activity is relatively low. This Includes GM3ZBE, GM8FXX, GM8FXX, GM3TSL, GM1BEA, GM5KJD, GM1FSU and mysolf ell making sure that 50-2MHz is kopt clear, it we can do this why cannot they do so in the south of England. There is plenty of space now on 50MHz, so why not QSY? if not, many long-distance QSOs are being missed and yet again some sellish Gs are ruining a band, for practically all GMs trying to make DX QSQs

Sorry for the long speech, but I do feel very strongly about this, and I see no point in this sellish attitude. Is it just fazinoss? I would be more than ploased to see a member of the VHF Committee (who probably thought up the idea) delend it. (Perhaps this is an item for the "I Don't Agree . . . " page.) I along with many other GMs (and probably GI end GW loo) Illink that "Call and QSY" ronline should be carried out on 50, 70 and 144MHz calling trequencies without exception.

Alling G Duncan, GM4ZUK

It is absolutely vital that the erp limits on 50MHz are observed extremely carefully. We've only licard one station who seemed to be consistently golling considerably belier results in the pile ups and he's been politely lold to knock it oil. As regards the fellor from Mr Duncari, we'd be interested in hearing the views of effort members before inviting the VHF Committee to offer some thoughts, it's very early days on 50MHz yet and we may well find as linio goes by that some line trining of practice and procedure would be advantageous.

USA LICENCES

Sir-Roaders mey remember thel on 28 March at The NEC, examinations were held for USA FCC licences. Many will know that the USA system operates on the principle of "incentive licensing". which means that the turther you travel along the path of successful examination, the greater the amount of radio spectrum that will become available to you when operating within the USA.

Speaking as one who, sadiy, does not possess a natural ability for things lechnical, but who has now trodden the path that leads to the USA Extra Class ilcence, I would like to think the volunteer exam-Iners who helped, caloled and encouraged me to continua to my linal objective. My special hanks to Larry Ledlow, GOCOW; Jerry Bliss, GOCLY; Jell McDonald, GOCJJ; Tom Tobiassen, GDFGD; Marlin Alherlon, G3ZAY; end Greg Lamberl, GDIKKIJ. Il any reedors need or want to obtain a USA licence, remember that the examinations are

available in this country. I'm sure that the RSGB can put you in touch with the appropriate people, but please leef free to write to me for information.

David Mears, G40NI/N2HFE

SILENCE ON 70MHz

Sir-Where are ell the operators on our 70MHz band? I've heard nothing on Im at all! The only activity heard was during tha contest on 4/5 July. Alter that, everything went dead again! Are we becoming a group of "square" seekers and nothing

Since the 70MHz band was opened for Class 8 licensees, i thought that one would not be able to get a space vacant, but this is not the case! I hoar the beacon, GB3BUX every dey on an Indoor horizontal dipole, and I'm always monitoring the band. I run a 70MHz Iransmiller 15W to a pair of 5763s (things celled valves!) and can run am or lm, but my cw hes gone rusly! I also have an indoor dipole anienna which can be rotated. Thore is now no excuse for lack of activity from South Wales. Now that Ch5 Wenvoe has closed, there is not QRM from its (dare one say?) spurii.

So come on, you blackbox operators, build yourselves a nico lillle converler for 70MHz; and iliere's lots of easy to build designs for a trensmiller to be found in various books

Brian D Williams, GW0GHF

Good point—we liaven't hoard many Cless Bs on 70MHz yol alitter. Maybe they are all walting for the whiler "building season".

WAB INTRUSION

Sit—For ever 50 years, top band has been my lavourile theatre of activities, and in recont years t liavo operaled from an altornative address in SW Scotland, in an isolated erea where operating is or was a ploasure. In the last few years the intrusion of WAB has begun to spoil this pleasure. This organisallon seems to be only interested in quick ex-changes of numbers, letters, and who do you pay your rates to, followed by being asked to listen for the operator's triands who also want the samo information, and then dapart as quickly as possible. This is a waste of my time and is an unwarranted imposition.

want a roat QSQ, not a tesson in slick operating and a lost of my pelience. There must be others in rere squares who suller in the same way, and in my case I am obliged to refuse the information, so that I may got on with a reasonably long QSO to some body elso.

May I suggest that the letters NWAB be put at the and of a CO or a contact, so that any potential callers now exactly how they stand and do not waste their time and mine.

Jauros T Plall, G2VO

is Mr Plett alone in his WABphobia?

AMBASSADOR TELEPHONES

Sir-Reading through some back issues of Radio Communication, I noticed some information was given concerning breakthrough problems associated with BT's Ambassador telephones. Since I am conjempinjing the purchase of a cordiess tole-phone, I would be most interested to know whether any members have experienced problems of any kind when using this typo of equipmont while en hi or whi rig is being operated at the same QTH. Presumebly, under certain circumstances not only could broakthrough occur on the telephone, but the leiephone might cause inforference to the anteleur radio equipment.

Roger D Powoll, GOAOZ

AN APPRECIATION

Sir-i advertisad for sale an FRG7 receiver, a Clark pneumatic mast and e Commodore Vic-20 computer in your June Issue. The response was nothing but phenomenal! I received nine telephono calls for the mast; eight for the receiver and two for the computer . . . naturally it was first come, lirst

Most cells were received on the telephone enswering machine, so I could not personally thank those who called. May I do so via "Members' Mailbag", as the cost of telephoning them is a bit prohibilitye.

I heve been e member of the RSGB for 29 years and, believe if or not, it's the first time t've used "Members' Ads". I am indeed grateful for the obvious response, and also to the Society for the work they do for the amaleur.

A D Bishop, G3MSV

EQUIPMENT REVIEW





Icom IC505

Yaesu Musen FT690RII

Portables for 50MHz

Peter Hart, G3SJX*

Introduction

The recent extension of the licence privileges for the 50MHz band, in particular the release of the band to Class B licensees, has greatly increased the level of interest in this band. It is a particularly interesting band for local and dy working full of surprises. In some three or four years' time, towards suaspot maximum, long-hand its via E-layer propagation will be easily achievable using modest antennas and low transmit powers. Even now, still at the bottom of the sunspot cycle, transatlantic dx was worked during the recent summer months by many DK stations with the relatively low power levels permitted under current licence regulations.

There is, at the present time, a limited choice of equipment available for the band. The main Japanese manufacturers are principally interested in the high-volume markets. At this time in the souspot cycle, sales of 50MHz equipment worldwide are low compared with hC or 144MHz equipment,

particularly with the band largely mavailable in Europe.

When equipping for the 50MHz band, there are a number of possible approaches which may be followed. If an existing transceiver is currently in use which supports a built-in transceiver module for this band - such as the FT767GX or FT726R—fitting the relevant module is obviously the simplest and cheapest way of becoming operational. If an hi or 144M11z transceiver is available, an external transverter may be used. With a good transverter and transceiver this route can also yield the best performance at low cost. Possibly the best transverters were manufactured by Mutek, but these are no longer available [1]. Other manufacturers include Microwave Modules, RN Electronics and Spectrum Communications, and others who supply as assembled pebs. Several transverter designs have appeared in this and other magazines, as well as in RSGB and ARRL handbooks, and this makes a good home-construction project,

The second approach is to buy a dedicated 50MHz transceiver. The choice here is really between the Yaesu FT690R (Mk2 version recently introduced) and Icom fC505. At the time of writing this review, Icom were shortly to announce the IC575 28350MEIz base station to complement the IC275/475 range, and would then discontinue the IC551. Other obsolete models include the Yaesu FT690R (Mk1), FT680 and Trio TR9300.

The third approach is to invest in a multiband ht/vhf transceiver which includes 50MHz. This approach will cost at least £1,000 but will obviously form part of a plan to equip for other bands in addition to 50MHz. Models include the Yaesu FT767GX, FT726R and the now obsolete Trio TS67D, Trio/Kenwood do not currently manufacture any 50MHz equipment for sale

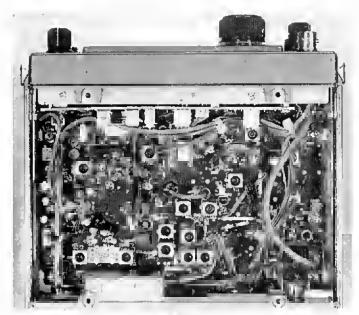
This review features the Jeont IC505 and Yaesu FT690R (Mk2) shoulder-carried portable battery operated multimodes. Note that the recent extension to the licence conditions now permits portable operation.

Yaesu FT690RII

The new Mk2 version of the FT690R and the accompanying 144MHz version, the FT290RH, have recently been introduced to replace the popular Mk1 versions which have been available for several years. These new versions have been totally redesigned and comprise a transceiver unit into which can be clipped a battery pack for portable operation or an optional linear amplifier (FE6020) for mobile use. They cannot be used together. The battery pack requires nine C-size cells to be fitted, either dry cells or nicad rechargeable. The operating voltage range for the transceiver unit is 8-15-8V de. Power from an external stipply may also be used. When used as a portable, 2.5W output power is available through the front-panel-mounted antenna jack. When used for mobile operation, the battery pack is unclipped and replaced by the 10W linear amplifier unit which is similar in size to the battery pack, The antenna is automatically switched from the front panel to a connector at the rear, Power is required from an external source of 12-15/8V de. A mobile mounting bracket is available as an accessory.

The frequency coverage is 50 54MHz using usb, lsb, ew or fin modes. The from panel size is similar to the Mk1 version but has been restyled with ergonomically improved controls and a larger liquid-crystal display. Frequency readout is to IDHEz resolution on ssb/ew or I/IDkHz on fm. Ten push-buttons select functions associated with frequency, memories, mode etc. with "beep" confirmation of key presses. Rotary controls are used for turing, clariffer, volume and squelch, Turing is through a 25mm-diameter click-stop control with 50 clicks revolution. Tuning step sizes are selectable, 25/100/2,500Hz on ssb/ew and 5/10/20kHz on fin with fast stepping in 100kHz increments on ssb'ew or TMHz increments on fm. Two vios, nine standard memories and a calling channel are incorporated. These also store mode and can be used for split-frequency working. A standard IMHz repeater shift is also available. The calling channel memory is useful and allows instant recall of a prestored frequency (50-2MHz, for example). Both finding of the vios and selection of the memories may be via the rotary tuning knob or microphone up/down keys. Very comprehensive memory/vfo interworking is provided, including a variety of scanning modes for vfos and memory, skip scanning, periodic priority channel checking etc. One important omission from the handbook is that a memory frequency can be transferred to a vio by pressing M followed by VFO. Most pushbuttons operate in a toggle mode; ie, push once for on, push again for off. The step size toggles three ways and mode four ways. Seven of the pushbuttons are dual purpose, with the alternative mode selected after pressing the function key. The function key and certain memory selection sequences time-out after 3s. Other built-in facilities include noise blanker, low power (300mW output), semi-break-in cw with sidetone, S-meter/power output metering and Leids for on-gir/low battery and busy/modulation level. External speaker and key jacks are provided on the side of the case. A loaded quarter-wavelength whip antenna is provided which plugs into the front panel and is 1m long when extended.

^{*42} Gravel Hill, Addington, Croydon CRII 58D,



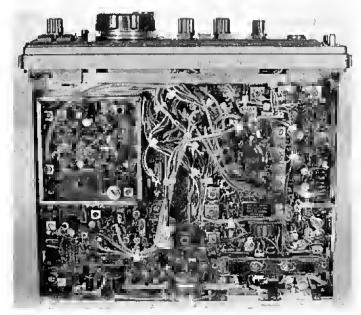
Top view of FY690Att with cover removed

The transceiver is solidly constructed using a diseast chassis, plastic front over-panel and metal case. The from panel measures 14-7 by 5-5cm, and the unit is 19cm deep with either the battery pack or linear amplifier. The circuitry is contained on three pebs reputedly using the latest surface-mount technology. The chip components are mounted on the underside of the peb which is not visible with the covers removed. A 55mm diameter speaker is atomited on the side of the case.

Icom IC505

The Icom IC505 is now a relatively old design. It is somewhat larger than the FT690R but does include both a built-in 10W power amplifier and a battery pack. With the power amplifier switched out, the IC505 delivers 3W monitual for normal use or 0.5W on low power. Two battery packs are available to give a non-inal 12-14V supply. The standard battery pack supplied requires nine C-size drycells. The optional rechargeable battery pack is fitted with 10 nicad cells. Alternatively an external 13-8V supply may be used, which is more or less essential when using the 10W µa. A retractable whip antenna is built-in which extends to a length of 1-5m (full quarter-wavelength). This is directly in parallel with the external antenna connector at the rear, and is in circuit even when retracted—which could give some problems.

The frequency coverage is \$0.54MHz with rish, lsb and ew as standard, and fin as an optional extra. The review sample was litted with fin. A



Top view of IC505 with cover removed

five-digit liquid crystal display gives readout to 100Hz resolution. A smooth rotating 45mm-diameter tuning knob (with lock) tunes in 100Hz or 1kHz steps on ssb/cw, and in 10kHz or 1kHz steps on fm at 50 steps/revolution of the tuning knob. The 100Hz minimum step size is a little large on ssb/cw, but an rit (clarifier) is included. A 1MHz step-up button enables rapid large changes in frequency. Twin vlos are used which may be operated split. Six memories are included, and a call feature as for the 17690R. This may in effect also be used as a seventh memory position. Scanning may be performed across the memories (incl call) or between two programmed frequencies with a dwell on channel occupied. Other built-in facilities include noise blanker, semi-break-in cw with sidetone. S-meter/power output/battery voltage metering and squelch. Phones/speaker and key jacks are provided on the front panel. The microphone used must incorporate a built-in preamp and can support up/down keys. The 1C-11M7 is provided with the mit.

The IC505 is much larger than the IT69ItR, with a front panel size of 23 by 7-5cm and depth of 19cm. This enables a less cramped control layout to be adopted, in particular a larger tuning knob and meter. Internally a steel chassis is used with several conventional printed circuit boards. A plastic front over-panel is used, and plastic case. The built-in antenna fits inside a plastic extrusion on the end of the case. The overall appearance is a bit plasticky. A 65nm-diameter speaker is mounted on one side of the case, When dismantling the case, beware of the brackets and antenna spring earthing clip which drop out of position and are a nightmare to reposition.

Circuit description

Both transceivers use a remarkably similar of architecture. Both receivers are single-conversion superhets on ssb/ew, with an i,f of 13-99MHz and double-conversion on fin with it's of 13-99MHz and 455kHz. Both transmitters are single-conversion on all modes with ssb and fin generated at 13-99MHz. The frequency synthesiser in both cases is a single mixed loop. The local oscillator injection is provided from a veo tuning 63-99-67-99MHz. This is mixed with a crystal oscillator down to a lower frequency (9:02 13:02MHz for the FT690R, or 5:07 9:07MHz for the IC505) and input to an Isi frequency synthesiser ie which afters the frequency in 10kHz steps, Smaller steps are introduced by shifting the frequency of the heterodyning erystal oscillator using an A/D converter over a total range of 10kHz. Control of the frequency synthesiser, keyboard, display, memories etc is provided by BD61391A41 microcontroller in the FT690R. This is battery backed by a lithium battery located in an inaccessible position behind the front panel. The IC505 used an MP5014 microcontroller with separate led driver and four AA cells for memory back-up. These are easily accessible and should be changed every year.

Receiver measurements

Little variation in receiver performance occurred over the supply voltage range 7-15V for the FT69DR. For the fC505, shifts in frequency occurred below 40-4V. Performance measurements at 13-8V are given in the accompanying table with additional comments as follows:

Sensitivity

Both receivers were extremely sensitive on both ssb and fm. The sensitivities measured indicate a noise figure of 2-3dB.

S-meter calibration

The FT69DR has a miniature S-meter with few markings, S1 to S5 spans 10dB, and S5 to S9 a further 10dB. The £C5D5 has a larger conventional meter but is very non-linear. S2 to S9 represents 9dB, S9 to S9 \pm 40 is 19dB, and S9 \pm 40 to S9 \pm 60 is 40dB. The high degree of passband ripple in the £f filter on the £C505 makes an absolute S-meter reading difficult to determine.

Sparious responses

Both receivers were extremely clean as far as spurious responses were concerned.

AGC performance

The FT69DR exhibited a considerable amount of overshoot on the age attack characteristic. The FT69DR showed a sharp threshold, with the andio output held to within 2dB for 100dB increase in signal level above the threshold. The IC505 had a very soft threshold. For an increase in signal from 10 to 9DdB above the quoted threshold level, the andio output increased by 5dB. The decay times for both transceivers are a little fast for ssb.

Selectivity

The IC505 i.f filter exhibited a considerable amount of inband ripple. In addition, this filter had a poor stopband characteristic. Although dipping to $-75 \mathrm{dB}$ at about $\pm 6 \mathrm{kHz}$, the response rose again to around $-65 \mathrm{dB}$, not dropping below $-70 \mathrm{dB}$ until 60kHz If or 200kHz lif. Reciprocal mixing prevented measurment below 50dB for the FT690R, although 75dB was easily measured for the IC505. The FT690R has a poor skirt selectivity compared with bigger rigs. Selectivity on fm was not measured.

FT690RII AND IC505 MEASURED PERFORMANCE

		F1690R	IC505
Supply current (min al)	-ssb/cw	105mA	200mA
	- im	95mA	200mA
SSB Sensitivity for 10dB s-		0·08μV (- 129dBm)	0.09µV (- 128dBm)
M Sensitivity I 2dB SINAD		0·1nV (-127dBm)	0.22µV (- 120dBm)
59 level	. Ott in pri de r	3-5µV	2μV approx
Freiection		93dB	92dB
mage rejection		96dB	11 2dB
AGC threshold		0·28μV	0·7μV approx
AGC attack lime		10ms approx	5ms
		300ms	400ms
AGC decay lime	AL 640	2·5kHz	2·2kHz
Selectivity on ssb/cw:	al - 6dB		
	al -40dB	5-5kHz	3.7kHz
	al = 50dB	9·SkHz	4-2kHz
	passband i ipple	<1dB	7dB
Reciptocal mixing at oll set		62dB	See lext
	5kHz	69dB	
	lOkH2	74dB	
	20kHz	83dB	
	100kHz	95dB	
Blocking		-25dBm	See lexi
Thlid-order Intercept		− I 4d8m	 I 6dBm approx
Two-lone dynamic range		83dB	81dB
Max audio into 8Ω before c	lipping	1-0W	1-2W
Audio distortion up to clipp		<1.5%	3%
	Transmi	tter measurements	
CW power output at 13 8V:	low power	0-6W	0.7W
	normal power	2·1W	3-0W
	with linear	12.5W	9.4W
Supply current, 13-8V cw:	low power	0-6A	0.45A
	normal power	0-93A	0-85A
	with linear	3-6A	2·1 A
SSB Power output		See lexi	See lext
Harmonic output 2nd, 3rd		- 54, - 55dB	-50 54dB
Carrier suppression		50dB	40dB
Sideband suppression		60dB	See lext
AF response at - 6dB	-usb	225–2,700Hz	540-2.990Hz
ni response ai – oub	- lsb	320-2.780Hz	140-2.305Hz
Dook deviation on to:	- 120		
Peak deviation on fm		3kHz	4kHz
Mic Input sensitivity for ma		4mV	170mV
Transmit at distortion on se	so tor tutt power	0.3%	20% approx

Recipineal mixing

The figures in the table are for 3dB increase in noise output. Recriprocal mixing could not be measured on the 1C505 due to the poor stophand characteristic of the i.f filter. However, the ease at which selectivity could be measured down to -75dB suggests that recriprocal mixing is quite good on this transceiver. The figure for the FT690R is pour.

Bluckling

Not measureable on the IC505 due to the i.f filter.

Third-order intermodulation

This was difficult to measure on the 1C505 due to the i.f filter. Measurements are quoted at 20kHz tone spacing. The results are fairly typical for vhf transceivers but can be significantly bettered by hf transceivers with a good transverter.

Receiver audio

The IC505 exhibited about three per cent harmonic distortion at the elipping level of 1-2W output. This did not decrease much at lower outputs.

Transmitter measurements

CW power output

The figures given in the table were measured at 13-8V, and represent the putput using an external supply or battery pack with nine fresh dry cells. The FT690R can also be powered from nine nicad cells which gives a supply of about 10-8V. At this voltage, transmit powers on the FT690R were about 15 per cent lower. The IC505 requires 10 nicad cells in place of nine dry cells to give about 12V. At this voltage, transmit powers on the IC505 were down about 20 per cent on the I3-8V figures. The FT690R exhibited reducing power output the longer the equipment was switched on, even if not previously operated on transmit. The figures in the table were measured about half an hour after switch-on. Powers were some 10 per cent higher at switch-on and about 10 per cent lower after 1h. FM and cw gave similar power levels.

Current consumption

The figures in the table were measured an ew or fm. On ssb. the average currents would be considerably less,

SSB power output and distortion

Under two-tone and speech conditions on ssb, the transmitter can be driven to about the same level as on fin. However, on both equipments the distortion is very poor at this level, typically = 15dB intermodulation products for the FT690R and = 20dB for the 1C505. At lower levels, the distortion improves

only slightly. With an control over ale, drive or microphone gain on either equipment, it is difficult to hold the power output at a lower level. The FT690R delivered typically IW p.e.p at -20dB third-order products (see Fig 1) or 8W p.e.p with the FL6020 linear for the same distortion. The IC505 was somewhat bettergiving 2W p.e.p at -25dB third-order products (see Fig 2), but the linear was very poor giving a constant -20dB third-order products for power levels between 1.5 and 8W p.e.p. Overall, disappointingly poor results.

The 1C505 carrier suppression varied considerably with modulation level from 70dB with no modulation down to 40dB with modulation. Sideband suppression was also difficult to measure as it was masked by high levels of audio distortion products. These two factors together suggest that the balanced modulator is being overdriven.

Spurious outputs

Harmonic outputs are quoted in the table. In band spurij are shown in Figs 3 and 4, with the IC505 showing the better result. Other out-of-band spurious outputs were very low.

CW keying performance

Keying waveforms at 40wpm are shown in Figs 5 and 6. Keying in the FT690R is done via a port on the microprocessor, and this introduces a variable time delay and jitter on the keying characteristic—hence the blurred waveform in Fig 5. The rise and fall times for both equipments are too sharp and key clicks will be generated.

Transmitter audio

The af response of the IC505 on ssb is very ripply, as the sideband filter and receiver i.f filter are common (see receiver selectivity). The iisb and Ish passband responses suggest an inadequately-aligned carrier oscillatur. The IC505 also shows a high level of audio distortion which reduces markedly at lower power levels (two per cent distortion at IW p.e.p).

On-the-air performance

Both equipments were used from hone and from portable locations in England and Wales. The majority of stations worked (particularly Class B licensees) were also using the FT690R either Mk1 or Mk2 and a small number were using the IC505. The owners seemed generally very satisfied. Electrically there was little difference between the two equipments in the receiver performance and reports on the transmission obtained on the air. Both receivers were very sensitive but the IC505 appeared marginally better on audio punch and quality. This may seem in contradiction to the

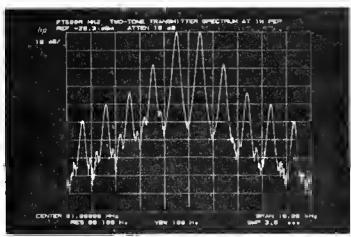


Fig 1, FT690R two-lone transmitter spectrum at 1W p.e.p. Ventical scale 10dB/ division. Horizontal scale 1kHz/division

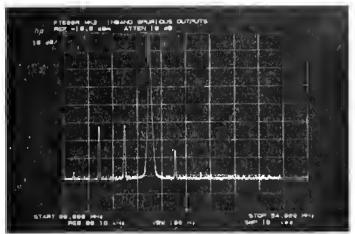


Fig 3, FT690R iransmiller oulpul specirum . Horizoniat span 50 to 54MHz. Vertical scale 10dB/division

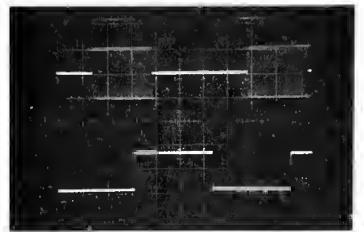


Fig 5. FT690R cw koying wavelorm (bollom) and of envelope (lop) at 40wpm.

Horizonial scale 10ms/division

measurements but was possibly due to the larger speaker and ease size of the IC505. The age characteristic of the IC505 was also preferred although the decay times of both were audibly too short.

On transmit, some reports preferred the FT690R while others preferred the IC505, with perhaps a slight beas towards the IC505. In reality this is more of a comparison between the IC-HM7 microphone supplied with the IC505 and the MH-10E8 microphone supplied with the FF690R. Generally the audin quality was well received although lacking a little in punch. Neither equipment incorporates a speech processor.

It was informinate that no really strong local signals were heard. Hence it was not possible to evaluate properly the strong signal characteristics of the receivers or obtain meaningful reports of transmitter splatter or key clicks. It would be interesting to see in reality whether the FT690R's prior reciprocal

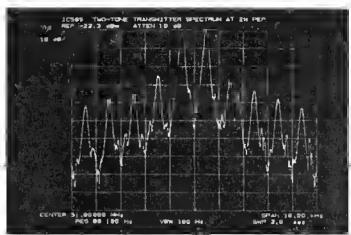


Fig 2. tCS0S two-tone transmitter spectium at 2W p.e.p. Verilicat scale f0dB/division. Horizontal scale 1kHz/division

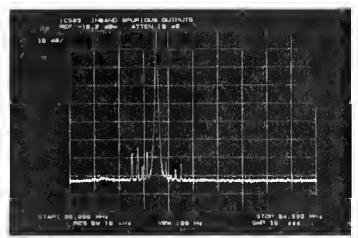


Fig 4. (CS0S transmittor output spectrum. Hot izontal span 50 to 54MHz. Verticol scale 10dB/division

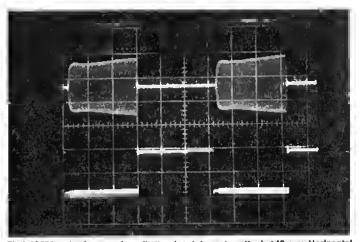


Fig 6. ICS0S cw keying waveform (boltom) and rf envelope [lop) at 40wpm. Horizontal scate 18ms/division

mixing or IC505's poor stopband selectivity was the principal limitation to strong signal performance.

When considering the ergonomics it is also necessary to consider the application. For home station or fixed-portable use in conjunction with an external power supply, the larger size of the IC505 is an advantage. The larger front panel, tuning knob and control layout are preferred, although there are less functions compared with the FT600R. For pedestrian purtable applications, the FT600R has a considerable edge. The size is compact and the lattery life on receive will be double that of the IC505. The smaller front-panel area inevitably results in some compromises, particularly the small size of the tuning knob. Tuning can be somewhat tedious with this control, and there is no positive identification of which step size has been selected. Considering the host of functions which are available through the

keypad, the ergonn mics are prohably as good as can be achieved in this size of equipment. Scanning on both receivers—not a function I use very often—is show.

With no microphone gain control or drive control on either equipment, care must be taken to prevent overdrive if using a different microphone. This is even more important with an external linear as there is no ale input.

Conclusions

Both the FT690R and IC505 are really aimed as portables for the 50M11z band. The lack of alternative base station equipment, except for the expensive multi-multi-rigs, means that many are purchased for use primarily from home. In this simultion a transverter used with an existing transceiver can give better results both electrically and organomically at a luwer cost, assuming of course that a suitable transceiver is available.

Both items reviewed have a sensitive receiver but lack top quality i.f. filtering. This may not be too significant at the moment, but when the band becomes more crowded it may cause problems. The reciprocal mixing performance of the FT60ttR is, like many Yacsu items, somewhat marginal. The transmitter distortion performance of both is poor, and great care should be taken if an external linear is used as there is no alcordirive control.

The battery drain of the IC505 is excessive and an external power source is more or less essential. With dry cells, running easts no receive alone will amount to about 50p/h. Unfortunately, the nicad pack is no longer

obtainable, and it is not possible to replace the dry cells with similarly sized nicad cells in the standard battery pack as there will be insufficient voltage. The FT690R with nicad cells is far more suitable for pedestrian purnable operation. The internal amenon on the IC505 is constantly in circuit and this may cause problems with ripickup. If always used with an external amenon it may be preferable to unbolt and disconnect the antenna housing and replace with an aluminium panel. Set mounted 50MHz antennas are combersome, although the loaded whip on the IFT690R is just about manageable.

The FT690R11 costs £399 with the FL6020 linear an additional £109. The IC505 costs £459, with the fm board an extra £49.

Acknowledgements

I would like to hank lemm (UK) Ltd (Thanet Electronics Ltd) of Herne Bay, and South Midlands Communication. Ltd of Eastleigh for the loan of the equipment.

References

[1] "Mntek TVVF5tte 50MHz transverter", P J Hart, G3SJX, Rud Com April 1986.

[2] "The Yaesn Musen FT726R wif multiband transceiver", P. J. Harn, G3SJX, Rad Com April 1984.

[3] "The Yaesii Museii FT767GX hf transceiver", P J Hart, G3SJX, Rud Com July 1987.

A HANDSFREE MOBILE MICROPHONE

R S McMILLAN, GM8JUY*

Introduction

When runnours of impending changes to the *Highway Cody* were first heard, I decided to investigate possible alternatives to a handheld microphone, Five possible alternatives were emisilered.

- 1. A proprietary multile mie from an equipment manufacturer,
- 2. A commercial probile pric.
- 3. A tie-clip mic.
- 4. A hearlset-type amateur mie.
- 5. A homelinew design.

The ideal unit had to be nent, easy to use, allow all present rig functions and be unobtrusive when min in use.

Option I was discounted on price. Two versions of option 2 were tried; one, an excellent gooseneck unit, came with vox, while the other required extensive wiring mods. A tie-clip unit was tried in various heatings, but the output was always low and car background noise was a problem. The changling cable was always in the way and could be damaged if overhooked when leaving the car. An amateur headset was tried but furmed to be too small, and thus inscente and meaninfurtable. The only alternative was to design a humebrew unit of some type or other.

Component selection

It was decided to use simple, readily-obtainable components, so that the project could be completed quickly and easily, but this turned not to be far from easy! The first problem was to find a mic insert which gave the same level of autput as the original mic. After trying several moving-coil inserts, which were either physically too large or too low in untput, electret inserts were tried. These proved to have too low an output to match numbers rigs without using a pre-amp or adjusting the gain pre-set inside the set. A suitable insert was eventually found, although this was a three-pin device requiring a separate de supply line, and was obtained from Tait Components, Cooper Street, Glusgow.

The gooseneck needed to be 11 in it so in length, but as this item was unly available in 8 or 13 in lengths two versions were made; one using two 8 in sections screwed together, and one using the 13 in section. Buth are equally satisfactory.

Construction

Since the mic insert is a three-terminal device, the mic cable needs to be twin-core shielded. Solder the cable to the pads on the back of the insert, taking care to avoid shorts. If an uscilloscope is available it is worth testing the insert/cable assembly at this time by connecting a 1-5V battery and the oscilloscope to the free end of the mic cable as shown in Fig.1. Once the insert is fitted to the groseneck it is too late to repair a sulder-short! Another point worth remembering is to write down the colour of the core which is to be the

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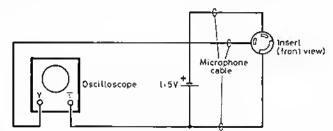


Fig 1, insert and cable lest sal-up

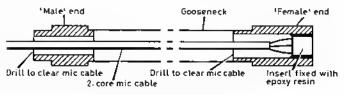
much and of that which is to be the de supply line. Again, by the time you have fitted the insert into the gooseneck it is too late to discover that you cannot remember them?

Fig 2 shows the assembly of the gouseneck unit. Some gouseneck sections may require drilling to allow the mic calde to pass through. This can be done quite easily, since the gouseneck is usually made of brass. Care should be taken to protect the chrome finish of the gooseneck if holding it in a vice,

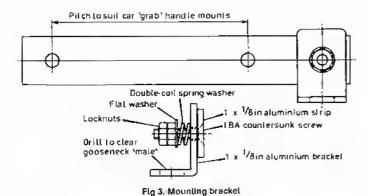
Wrap a layer of pive tape round the insert as an insulator. This is required to prevent multi-point earth paths which could allow alternator and ignition interference problems. Thread the miceable through the gouseneck from the female end. The insert, with its pive tape insulation, should be glued into the female end of the gauseneck, using epoxy resin, such that the end of the insert is flush with the end of the guoseneck. Care must be taken to avoid getting glue on the face of the insert. Once the epixy resin has hardened, usually invertigible, clean off any excess glue with a sharp knife or file. Any small imperfections in the surface finish of the glue around the insert may be carefully filled in with more epoxy.

NB. It may be advantageous to keep the gooseneek upright, with the insert to the top, while the epixy resin is hardening. This will allow any runs of glue to go flown the inside of the gooseneek where they will not be seen.

The guoseneck is mounted onto the bracket using two suitable nuts, if nuts are not available, the threaded boss from a mic holding clip (from the same



Flo 2. Gooseneck assembly



source as the gooseneck sections) may be easily sawn into two thin slices to provide nuts,

Mounting

Lused a pivot bracket to mount the mic assembly onto the ear. This allows the mic to be pushed up against the roof cloth when not in use, yet allows easy positioning of the mic when in use.

The bracket sections are made up of eighth-inch aluminium section, as shown in Fig 3. If this is not available, extruded aluminium curtain rail can be filed down and used. Another source is carpet plates which are usually of around this section. The right-angled bracket is made by bending the flat alunijijimi section in a vice or between two pieces of wood.

For safety, all corners must be rounded and all surfaces smooth. At all times it must be remembered that in an accident you may come into contact with the mic or the bracket!

The BA serew is equatersunk into the flat section to prevent damage to the ear runf cloth. If a small heavy spring is not available, a double-coil spring washer will do. Drill and dress the two sections and then assemble the tension arrangement as shown. Tighten down the inner nut until the spring is almost fully empressed, then tighten the second nut against the first. Cut off the excess screw length and dress off the screw against the outer nat.

I used a five-pia DIN plug and line socket to terminate the mic cable. This allows the cable to be fed into place with relative case, and allows the control box to be removed if it should be required.

Positioning

I used the two mainting screws for the driver's grah handle above the door to mount the bracket. This was convenient for both its position and the fact that the mainting holes were there and unused. The self-tapping verews which held the blank plags int to the incused innuitings were long enough to hold the pric bracket. The nric cable was easily concealed behind the door facings. although in some ears it may be necessary to slacken the moulding-retaining screws to allow the mic cable to be slipped into the void behind the mouldings. At floor level the cable can be passed below the driver's scat or under the carpets to the control box location.

Control box

Only the circuit of the control box is shown, since the layout will be a matter iif personal chalce and will depend on the mounting location chosen. Mine is mounted on the centre console behind the year lever where the transmit switch was within easy reach while not requiring the driver's band to be removed from the gear lever. The basic control hox circuit is shown in Fig 4.

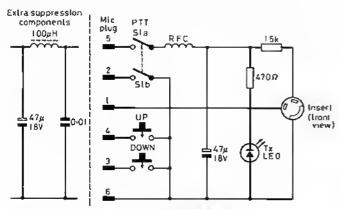


Fig 4, Control box circuit diagram

Components list

Aluminium tiat bar 12 by 1 by lim.

BA boll, two nuls, flat washer and double-coll spring washer.

RF choke.

DPDT miniature loggle swilch.

Two single-pole, push-lo-make, button switches.

Green Le.d and holder, 470Ω 0.125W resistor.

15kΩ 0,125W resistor.

47nF 18V capacitor. Five pin DIN plug and line socket.

Diecasi metal box (size as required).

Gooseneck 13in or (wo ol 6in as required (Tail Components G215 or 2 × G214), Electret mic insert (Tail Components G143).

Twin-core shielded microphone cable.

Mic plug to suit transceiver.

Five-core shielded microphone cable.

Optional components: 100mH audio choke; 47µF 18V capacitor and 0.01µF disc ceramic capacitor.

When using the circuit shown. I received reports of alternator whine heing transmitted on the audio, and this was cureff hyadding the components to the left of the dotted line. Those components already exist within most modern rigs, so it seemed silly to duplicate the work. Since a 12V supply is required to power the mie, it was decided to utilise a spare pin on the transceiver and socker to provide the supply and to use the suppression components of the transceiver to give the extra suppression.

The control box was connected to the transceiver by a length of five-core shielded microphone cable and a suitable mic plug to match the transeciver

Rig modifications

Modifications will vary from rig to rig. The Trio 7800 is shown as an example of how little is involved and how to identify the suppression companents on the circuit diagram of a transceiver. Within the Trio 7800, and its successor the 7930, the incoming de line is fed via the off/on switch to the suppression components as shown to the left of the flotted line in Fig.4. In the 7800 a short length of thin insulated wire can be soldered to pin CB of main board plug 2 and taken to the rear of the mic socket where it is soldered to pin 5. For the faint hearted who do not feel inclined to tamper with the inside of their transceiver, a separate 12V supply can be taken to the control box. In this case a 500mA fuse must be fitted in the line or in the box. The extra suppression parts can be built into the control box.

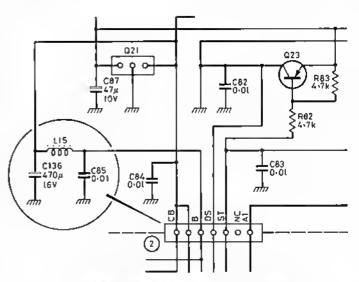


Fig 5. Detail of TR7800 circuit diagram showing modifications

Operation

If you are used to a hand mic, it takes a little time to get used to handsfree operation. With the mie as described it can be left up against the rouf cloth when not in use and pulled down beside the face when operating. It is not necessary to have the mic in front of the month when in use. Equally good results are achieved with the mic alongside the face. This also keeps the mic and gooseneck out of the field of vision when looking forward.

My company car is used by other personnel each day, and it is interesting that it was only when I was seen using the mic that others even realised it was there. It had, in fact, been there for two months!

Good luck, and safe mubile operation!

AN INVISIBLE DX ANTENNA FOR 14MHz

Del Arthur, GODLN*

SINCE, my schooldays I base bad a keen interest in an atera radin but, sadly, it was nearly 40 years later, at a time of sunspot starration, (but my hf licence finally lander) on the door-mat. The vaiting 707 was quickly up on the beach, an inverted-L materialised twist tree and chinnee, and with the aid of a horrored ata the station reas fired up for the first time. For a month or tree I was delighted with the results. I was rearrhing all round Europe on all bands with the necessimal hit of cream from further affeld. SSB contacts were made with North America, but it was obvious that my 100W was not making the trip in good style. The horizontal part of my antenna was broadside to the USA but being a full-tyace in length its lateral lobes were pitful. The top mas shortened to firm a half-reace, but it still lacked punch and a re-think mas called for.

This is where the trouble started. I happen to lice in what estate agents call a desirable residential environment, and ice have several neighbours icho can fairly be described as snorty. Some of this must have rubbed off on me, because I frankly admit that if a pylon appeared next door, tapped with a bizarre-collection of sagging pipes, my house rould drop ten grand pronto. It would be hypercritical as well as expensive to pretend otherwise. Quark, deltas and anything reith traps in round be regarded as quite obscene at my QTH. Even a meek dipule with its groesome dangling bits would not incite appliance, an embfeeding reas mandatory for anything erected outside. I tried ant boft antennas and furtive little rehips on fake to poles but, unfurturately, while the secreey factor of such devices is high, they just can't compete with giant spiders in the sky.

Don't luse heart, Invisibility is possible, It's all down to configuration and wire diameter.

Les Moxon's informative honk brings us the good neres that 0.15 mm reire is missen at 15 ft. One can assume that 0.3 mm reill be likereise at 30 ft—minimum height for good work on 14MHz. Mine is slightly thicker, but it takes a bit of sporting at 30 ft. Another hit of good neres about a smooty QTH is that the majority of mener-occupiers are likely to be of pre-1930 cintage. This is must useful, as keemess of eye falls off rapidly in middle age. (Del's First Low states: FR losses are incersely proportional to the age of your neighbours.)

Well. Thad a 30ft tree some 22m away from a convenient oblinney; an ideal distance, I thought, for the half-marcs in phase. But how to get them in phase? A central phasing entil would be cisible and cause sagging, likewise a transmission line such with its spreaders would also give the game away. I proved long and hard until one line night in the spring of 1986 pencil flew across paper and the idea was horn. It seemed too simple. As the check struck midnight. I checked any calculations. All seemed OK. Then, galeanised by unite un-characteristic ferrour, I leaped with much abacity, and into the night air. Hasty measurements were made and mesterinus knots over eight. A few minutes later I was calling "CQ 20" and was immediately remarded with WBIGF II telling me I vas ten over nine in Buston. Since then, and following several morifications, my dx bag is overflowing despite very restricted operating time.

The hasic antline of the full-size Mk I version is shoun in Fig 1. This can be combled together in 5min, but I must regard it only as an experimental "test heal" for the Mk2 cersion which has greatly enhanced obstacteristics. The Mk2 is the same antenna, but is end-fed with coaxial cable dia a simple matching unit; being emi-fed, the cable is more or less in isible against the calls and chinney.

As shown in Fig 1, the two sections AB and CD are full-size half-wave radiators each in phase with the other, thus walloping out a strong broadside labe. Phase inversion is accumplished by the hanging loop BFC, which

Del Ailhur was born in SE London in 1933. When a 13-yoar-old, he nolleed a length of copper wire hanging out of a lop floor window of his school building one funch time. Bursting with curiosity, he bounded up the stairs to find the other end allached to a motionless, headphoneclad boy peering fine a box of coils and bits of brass. This first encounter with a crystal set ted to a filelong interest in radio, but other aspects of human activity got in the way of dots and dashes until 1985.

He works hl, mostly in the tate evening but can be heard Sunday mornings on 3-5MHz, usually operating with a home-brew hollow-state transverter driven by a cb rig. He is interested in electronic music and is also an enthusiastic 18-handicap goter.



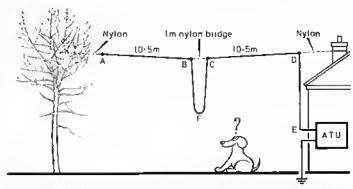


Fig 1. This is the full-size Mk1 version. Points 8 and C are joined together with tishing tine or nylon cord. This bridge should be at lesst 1m long. The length of wire in the hanging loop is about 11m. Insulators can be dispensed with for invisibility

behaves like a quarter-scare stub. Radiation from this section is cancelled due to opposition of current flow in each pertical leg. There will be some vertical radiation from the section DE. With this type of antenna, chances are that the feedpoint imperfance will be high, and this bas the advantage or marking well with an indifferent earth sestem. However, these antennas can hite you if procoked, and you are advised to use adequate insulation at the entry point to the house.

Don't be depressed if your garden span is less than 22m. This antenna is easy to shrink and still produce good gain. However, to namely squeezing reill lower the radiation resistance, which is bad nervs telem using very thin reire. The example in Fig 2 condenses the antenna into a span of only 18m with bardly any loss. The far end has a 1m bend-over, and the length of orire in the phasing loop is note 13m. The tro voltage points former that B and C in Fig 1 are note 1m down the top of each leg in Fig 2. The former entage point at D in Fig 1 is muc 1m down the feet end of Fig 2. The effect of all this is to retain the current antimodes where combined they will do must damage to the F-layer. If your garden span is even smaller, I suggest you study the graphics of current distribution on page 9 of HF Antennas For All Locations by Les Movan, which you may reell find quite encouraging. Don't try to sace space by reducing the length of the nybor cord bridge, because on a winde day the hanging wires will brush together and cause problems.

I will note describe some tricks which can be beneficial, especially unshortened cersions. These should be done before progressing to the Mk2 cersion. Tape a field-strength meter unto the longest manufen pole you can find. Set your rig to transmit a reatt or two of carrier. Now follow the hanging loop around with the meter, trying to keep it parallel to the wire. You should get a high reading near the top of each leg, and the needle should fall graduable as end get nearer to point F. In a perfect durild you double find a nice clear cultage null at the bottom. In the real world, however, that naughty mill may be lurking part way up one side of the lapp. Work out which way the wire needs to go relative to the null. Undo the knots fixing the cord to points Bland C, and tie again for or so left or right as required. Now test again. On short cersions it is also advisable to check the nulls on the horizontals, as there is less margin for error bere. As mentioned before, my first effort was knocked up at the dead of night, without even a tape measure. I used the old rule of thumb; tip of outstretched fingers to hoose reguals one yard. Add the odd knee plus a bit for luck and you have concerted it to metres. When daylight came, I went null hunting and found that mine was only about 2ft adrift.

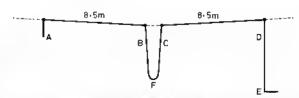


Fig 2. This is the shortened version of Mk1, to fill into a span of only 18m. The length of whre in the loop is now about 13m. Vollage points have moved into the positions shown. Current sollands are still in the middle of the horizontals. Further shortening is easy

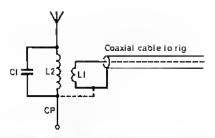


Fig 3. The Mk2 varsion uses this maiching circuit which is built inside a aultable container. End leeding by cosxial cable is used hera

The Mk1 version was in use for a few weeks, but due to the proximity of DE to the horse there was some (vi. Also I had magging doubts about passible losses due to DE, which in my case was extra long and angled. Meanwhile, back at the drawing board, more midnight oil was burned and, many experiments later, found me hauling a plastic aspirin container up to point D. its innards connected to a length of coaxial cable. VSWR was very low over the whole band. Tests with a field-strength meter at the far end indicated a substantial gain over Mk1. I can also report an improved s/n ratio when listening for thuse quiet stations, and tvi had disappeared.

Inside the plastic container is the matching circuit (Fig. 3), L2 is 15 close-writing turns of 0.5min precinsulated wire on a 1.25in diameter plastic pill tube. Length of this winding is about 0.75in. Heavier wire should be used for high power. L1 is 4) of 1mm insulated wire wound over the middle of L2. Don't rush out to buy wire for this jub, as junk box wire will be OK up to 100W or so. CP is a short counterpuise wire. For 2nt long, CF is a 9in piece of RG58U coaxial cable rolled up and stuffed inside the container with the inductor.

For the initial tune up leave out the counterpoise wire but connect up the cold ends of both windings (dutted line in Fig 3). Use a small variable capacitor for C1 and adjust for minimum swr using only 2 or 3W at this stage. Hupefully you will find, as I did, that almost unity swr is easily attained across the whole band. This can be done with the near end of the antenna let down to eye level. When tured OK, raise the autenna to its full height, check the swr again and re-tune if necessary. The next step is to replace the variable capacitor with the appropriate length of chaxial capacitor, RG58U has a self-capacitance of approximately 30pF/ft. By scrutinising the position of the vanes you should be able to assess the approx value of C required. Cut a piece of enaxial cable slightly longer than required, and connect the inner to the top of L2 and the nater to the bottom. Trim small bits off the end until the lowswr is regained.

Pliew!, almost finished now.

In its present state the antenna will perform OK, but lack of a counterpoise can result in unwanted currents leaping about on the coaxial outer. It is recommended that you if earth the nuter at the point of entry and/or the transmitter itself. Certain random lengths of feeder could lead to rf burns from the rig if medium/high power is used. The final job is to remove the dotted-line wire and connect the counterpoise wire as shown. A final check on the swr is called for before firing your maximum power into the unsuspecting innusphere.

In the case of shurtened (or stretched) versions, the turns ratio described above may result in a mismatch. No hig problem here. Just vary the secondary plus or minus a couple of turns until you can tune OK with the variable capacitor. Eye-level tuning of short versions will result in large lumps of the loop lounging on the lawn. This will give misleading swr readings, so hour the loop onto a bush or maybe a wonden step-ladder for initial tests.

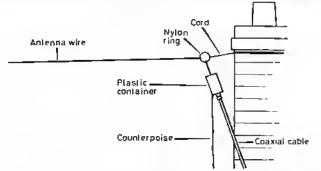


Fig 4. The simpleal way to deploy the counterpolee is to let it hend down like this, Wind will cause the swr to vary, but only very elightly. At some QTHs it will be possible to hide the whole thing round the billed side of the chimney stack. The halyard is not shown for clarity

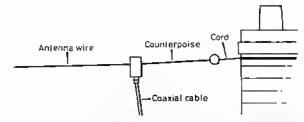


Fig 5. This counterpoise is the theoretical superior to Fig 4, but it does not maintain a low profile end causes sagging. In simple field-strength tasts, no difference can ba found between the two methods

Through designed for 14MHz, the full-size version gives a good account of itself on 3.5MHz where the current maximum occurs around point C, thus flinging around some mixed polarisation from a high position. Of course an atu must be used on 3.5MHz with the coaxial inner and outer strapped together, and the dotted-line connection retained. The existing coaxial-fed marcher can be used on 21 and 28MHz, but you will need to lower the value of CI to get best results on these hands.

If you are lucky enough to have more garden span than mine, other interesting possibilities arise. A span of about 27m child be used to form $2 \times \S$ waves. Simply reduce the length of wire in the phasing loop to about δm_e keeping the same overall wire length of 32m in the air. This promises a gain of 3dBd. The broadside labe will divide itself like an amoeba if you extend beyond this point.

This article was aimed at those with environmental problems, but I also feet this is a worthwhile antenna for any ham or swl who can't afford a full-size rotary beam. These chaps can benefit by using thicker wire not only for it's electrical properties, but it also saves the time spent on reviving the strangled pigeons each morning.

*PO Box 69, Caterbant, Surrey.

BOOK REVIEW

HF Communications—in systems approach, by Nicholas Maslin, First edition 1987. Published by Pitman Publishing, 248 + VIII pages (245 by 183min). Softenvers, £15.95.

For baller or worse, amelaur radio has become largely ayslems-orientated "black box" radio. A systems ongineer ta basically somebody who knows how to avaluata, choose and essemble the major components of a system as well as understanding the operational problems and constraints without necessarily being diractly concorned with basic design or davelopment.

This now and up-to-data book by Or Maslin is primarily intended for professional communications engineers, as e reference lost for students, and "for the non-specialist readers who wish to broaden their understanding of the physical principles, limitations and constraints upon hi communications systems". Mathomatics is used only sparsely where needed to clarify or illustrate key issues

There is thus a good doe! In the book to Interest those radio amateurs (and there are many of them) who are also professionals, and much that would enlighten those who pursuo radio as a hobby unconnected with their work. The author underlines the resurgence of professional, particularly delence, interest in hi since the roalisation of the vulnerability of satellite communications as a result of the development of anti-satellite techniquas capeble of completely disrupting such communications at the outbreak of a major conflict whether by missife attack, elactronic jemming, or nuclear electromagnetic pulse.

This new lease of life for hi has been further enhanced by its marriage to computer lechnology which, the outhor believes, "offers tramendous potential to improve its performence and reliability". A major aim, it is made clear, is to minimise reliance on the once essential "highly skilled communications specialists and operators who had considerable understanding of the transmission medium. It was only through sheer skill and years of experience that an oparetor could avoid poor quality channels and identify the optimum frequency for a given path and time". It was of course pracisely the acquisition of such human skills that made the hobby of amateur radio so allractive, though Dr Mastin is clearly ell in layour of substituting machino-intelligence for human know-how.

Notable advances that have fed to the da-skilling of the craft of radio operating ara listed as; improved vacuum lubes and anlennas; ssb for more spectrum efficiency; automatically luned transmillers; propagation pradiction mathods; high-speed multilone data modems; troquency synthesizers to replace crystals; the introduction of solidslate circuits. Surprisingly, the book has little if anything, to say about packet radio, or computerized do-it-yoursell predictions such as minimul. The diagram showing frequency allocations omits the 10, 18 and 24MHz amataur bands.

The low-alliciency of many electrically-small antennas, as on aircraft, is emphasized by the comment that radiation efficiencies approaching – 50dB at 2MHz

have been measured. This represents only 10mW rediated from a transmitter output of 100W!

For the ameteur-amateur this is not a book to replace the established handbooks, but still well-worth borrowing from your local library. For the would-be systems engineer it would be a good buy.

Contents: 1, HF radio: past and present (12pp), 2, System considerations (21pp), 3, Ground wave propagation (22pp), 4 Sky wave propagation (31pp), 5, Noise and interference (15pp), 6, System performance assessment (25pp), 7, Air-ground communications (20pp), 8, Frequency management (20pp), 9, Date communications (4)pp), 10, Impact of modern technology (25pp). Plus six pages of references end e good eight page index. G3VA

Technical Topics

Pat Hawker, G3VA

FOR AMATEUR RADIO to sureine meaningfully into the 21st century, it is surely not enough just to recruit connectes showing a passing interest in the concept of heing able to talk uritype to like-minded indiciduals at a distance; we must be able to show that there are still good reasons for becoming interested over a long period in the technology and the human skills of radio uperating twithout relying safely on machine intelligence. For one thing is certain: the future icill see the disappearance of the last vestiges of the idea that there is something special and elitist about using electromagnetic maces as a communications medium.

Universal radio

Already teleconfirmications people are thinking beyond the concepts of mobile cellular radio and the curtless telephone to an era of "unicersal digital portable radio emminimications" (see for example the 42-page article by Donald C Cux of Bell Communications Research in *Proc IEEE*, April 1987) in teltich 900MHz, 10mW handheld digital transceivers are seen as forming the final 1,000f "connection" into the public telephone system. On the same lines, British Telecom are suon to introduce their CT2 digital 900MHz cordless telephones, and cordless PABXs have already been marketed, Eccrybody mill use compact handheld transceivers and inectable the pressures on clif and old spectrum will continue to grow, with the possibility, currently being considered, of deregulation of the radio spectrum whereby users will "buy" channels from new profit-making "frequency planning organisations".

At the same time, the lif spectrum, which at one time looked like being largely written off be professional enormalisators in facour of satellite sestems, is undergoing a major revival, particularly by the Services, both for just-resistant communications and for high-power mondstatic and bistatic over-the horizon radar. For high enormalications, much thought is being directed at designing fully automated sestems capable of providing reliable links over hundreds or thousands of utiles yet "as simple to operate as a car radio telephone" to quote a presentation by Dr J N Hopkinson of Plessey at the 1987 URSI National Colloquium at Sheffield University.

The Plessey work is aimed at further de-skilling lif operation on the grounds that experienced lif radio operators are a canishing race and that: "The successful operation of a present-day (professional) lif link demands a considerable degree of operator skill and experience if not to say black art. Ships' radio operators require secural years of intense training, followed by many years of actual experience before they can become proficient . . . the thrust of the research at Plessey Roke Manor has been to employ the increasing a callability of low-cost computing power to extend the facility to miskilled users. The computer first provides its preferred frequencies from pre-programmed knowledge of the sunspot conditions, time of day, location

of the desired recipient station etc. It then controls the communications receiver in operate as a sensor to test its predictions. By doing so, the frequencies can be iterated so that a free channel close to the optimum can be located. The computer their initiates and controls the communications process, identifying and linking up with its opposite number."

An automated sestem of this type has been operating 24 liners per day free days per week between Roke Manor and Caswell, near Northampton, with a ment of 80 spot frequencies between 2 and 25MHz, and has achieved an accerage throughput of 32,800 characters per hour with better than 36kch/h for 49:1 per cent of the time and less than 12kch/h for only 11:8 per cent of the time. The skill is entirely that of the systems designer.

This is fair enough for military and civil professional purposes but is hardly the way which some of us would wish to see he antateur radio deceluping; it is precisely the need to develop operating skills, with that dash of the "black art", that makes the hobby one of lasting interest, No human challenge—no hobby!

Des Vance, G13XZM has gone on record (Mymbert' Mailbag, July 1987) as advocating a concerted more to encourage the use of simple gear, regardless of power. Because he feels that the off used "kiss" does not lend itself to such a movement, he has come up with the acronym "TRUMPS" standing for "Transmitters and Receivers Using Minimum Parts". He record like to see TRIJMPS receiving the sort of promotional effort that is decoted to QRP, rity, data communications etc.

Transistorised bloopers: a novel approach

As part of his interest in simplicity, G13XZM has built seceral simple regenerative bluoper-type receivers but with solidstate devices rather than valves, using a FET as an infinite impedance detector in conjunction with a bipolar Q-multiplier. Results have been encuraraging enough to pass along some of his circuit arrangements. He writes: "I reasoned that be separating the detector and reaction duties neither need compromise the other. Reaction (regeneration) smooth beyond belief is achieved. With the feedback transistor loosely coupled to the timed circuit us in vlin practice the goral selectivity associated with an infinite impedance detector is further improved and stability is certainly better. Fig 1 shows some typical arrangements.

"The first such receiver I built was for a coming swifted exceed 9 to 16MHz (three broadcast bands and 14MHz). With a 10m 'throwout' antenna it brought in all the dx he could want. More recently my son built an inf (medium wave) cersion as his first constructional project, using a frame antenna. Selectivity das such that on weaker stations there was an obvious loss of treble as sidebands were cut as the reaction control was advanced. When he was finished with it. I took turns off the frame antenna to see how far up in frequence it would work, also reducing the value of the associated

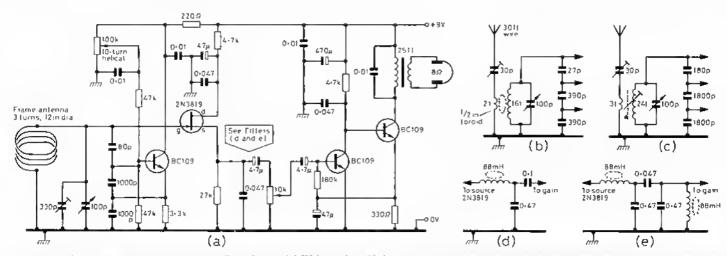


Fig 1. GI3XZM's solid-state regenerative "blooper" receivers. (a) 3-5MHz version with frame antenna mounted about 12th above chassis with miniature coaxial-cable "downlead". (b) Input circuit for 9 to 16MHz version. (c) Conventional Input circuit for 3-5MHz receiver using wire antenna (coll 26swg close-wound on 0-5-in stug-tuned lormer). (d) Audio Illier that repfaces the 4-7µF capacitor shown in (a). (e) CW Ittler for 14MHz "Mark 2" version.

capacitors. On 3-5MHz in daytime it made a perfectly serviceble swl receiver. Even on 7MHz, with a two-turn frame antenna, ssh was clearly resolved despite the presence of the high-power broadcast stations, although at this frequency, the use of a frame antenna affects frequency stability due to body capacitance etc. I am currently constructing a Mk 2 version for 14MHz with an rf stage to provide antenna isolation and gain control."

GI3XZM admits that at nightime with a frame antenna the sensitivity of the 3-5MHz receiver is not sufficient for resolving weak ssb, but this can be overcome by using a coil tuned input circuit with a conventional antenna when it has adequate sensitivity and receives ssb with a pleasing clarity.

Is there sporadic-F propagation?

An extremely interesting result of the availability to UK amateurs of the 50MHz allocation has been the transatlantic contacts made each year since 1985 in June/July despite the sunspot minimum. It is quite clear that these contacts have been made at times related to the summer peak of sporadic-E conditions, but over distances considerably greater than could be expected from a single reflection from the E-region of the ionosphere (about 90 to 130km above earth). One possibility might be some form of layer entrapment or chordal hop but there is little evidence for this. Some amateurs have attributed these contacts to "double-hop sporadic-E" but in view of the restricted areas of intense ionisation associated with sporadic-E the chances of working stations in various parts of the USA on the same day by such paths seems inherently milikely, at least as an annual occurrence.

To me it seems far more likely that the explanation is to be found in the possibility (for which there is some evidence) that there can be sporadic-F sheets of intense ionisation brought about by the same mechanism as sporadic-E, The Fregion of the jonosphere spans heights from 130km to over 500km. (F1 130 to 200km, F2 above 200km J.

TT February 1985, pp112-2 noted the generally accepted explanation of how sporadie-E occurs, as described by Dr E B Dorling in a letter to Wireless World in April 1978, as follows: "Sporadie-E was first seen to occur in the way it does, that is as very thin intense layers of ionisation, by a British Skylark rocket flown from Woomera, Australia, in 1958, By 1966 an association between these layers and sharp reversals in wind direction at high altitude hall become recognised. Wind measurements in the very rarified atmosphere up to 15llkm or so revealed that a surprising pattern of wind reversals with height can occur; what is more the measurements showed that the pattern often descends slowly over a period of hours, with, for example, a sharp wind shear first appearing above 150km height (italies added), then moving downwards to below 100km before fading. The cause of this rather mexpected wind structure appears to be the propagation of atmospheric wayes horizontally over great distances.

"The sharp wind shears are at the root of the sporadie-E layers, though in rather a complicated way. The winds, tenuous though they are at such heights, act to move the ions and electrons in the jonosphere in such a way as to displace the plasma vertically. Where strong wind shears of the appropriate sense exist, the plasma is squeezed into a thin concentrated layer, being moved downwards from above, upwards from below. As the wind pattern descends, the layer descends into an ever denser atmosphere, until finally at a height of about 100km if is brought to a balt...

"Sporadic-E then owes its transient character to interactions between atmaspheric waves, the ionospheric E layer, and magnetic and electric fields. All hut the magnetic field are constantly changing, so that the right conditions for layer formation occur—well, sporadically ... Were the sporadic-E layers to be composed simply of ionised atmospheric gases, they wouldn't persist. They are, in fact, composed of *ionised metallic atoms*, mainly magnesium, silicon and iron, probably the remains of harned-up meteorites. The descending wind shears sweep up the metallic ions and bring them flown as sporadic-E layers out of the thermosphere into the lower regions where atmospheric turbulence then churns them away into oblivion, sporadic-E layers seem to be the product of Nature's vacuum cleaning!"

Sporadic-E. in heing composed of metallic atoms (ions), thus differs inherently from the normal D. E. F1 and F2 ionospheric gaseous layers. At the recent URSI national colloquium, Dr L. Kersley and Dr P J S Williams described some of the current work that is being carried out at the University College of Wales—Aberystwyth on sporadic-E propagation. The aims of this research are to be able to predict the strength of backscatter at the lower end of the whf spectrum (46 and 93MHz) and further investigation of the mechanisms whereby these interesting irregularities are generated in the E region. My ears pricked up when a flecting reference was made to the fact that some evidence has been found of particle reflection from patches of ionisation in the F region correlated to sporadic-E propagation. Such sporadic-F patches would account very neatly for the annual June/July SIIMHz transatlantic confacts and for some of the other anomalous propagation between about 20 and 100MHz.

The useful 4-65A valve

Percy Greenwood, G2BUJ, draws attention to the Eimae 4 65A valve (European equivalent QY3-65]. He finds this a useful valve for home-built high-power linears for use at high rup to £44M11z. With 2,000V on the anode and 400V on the screen-grid he obtains a measured 300W p.e.p on all hi bands from a single valve.

The 4-65A, introduced in the mid-fifties by Eimac, is a small radiation-cooled, radial-beam power-terrode with a maximum anode-dissipation of 65W. Short, licavy internal leads and low inter-electrode capacitances (grid/anode D-08pF, input 8pF, output 2-1pF) contribute, according to the data sheet, to stable, efficient operation at high frequencies. It is suitable for use at maximum ratings up to 150MHz, 15 times higher than the older 813.

The valve is an interesting example of the post-war range of power retrodes, though later largely superseded for professional applications by the ceramic forced-air cooled devices such as the 4CX25tl series. Capable of withstanding anode voltages up to 3kV in some applications, it can deliver relatively high power output at anoth lower anode voltages. The thoriated tangsten filament is rated at 6ftV, 3-5A, and care should be taken to ensure that the voltage measured at the heater pins really is close to 6-0V. It has five base pins (seven-pin type socket) fitting National 11X-29 or Johnson 122-101 sockets (Fig 2). The quick-heating features of these thoriated tangsten filaments may otherwise not prove conducive to long-life. Table I shows typical characteristics.

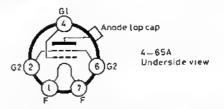


Fig 2. Base diagram of the high-power 4–65A ri power letrode that can provide 300W p.e.p as an ssb linear, and can run at full ratings up to 159MHz

Table 1. Typical operating data for 4-65A valves

For (Class C cw. lak	or im telepho	ony	
DC anode vollage (V)	1,000	1,500	2,000	3,000
DC screen vollage (V)	250	250	250	250
DC grid voltage (V)	-80	-85	-90	-100
DC anode current (mA)	150	150	140	115
DC screen current (mA)*	40	40	40	22
DC grid current (mA)*	17	18	11	LO.
Drive input power (W)*	3.0	3-2	2·1	1.7
Screen dissipation (W)*	10	10	10	5.5
Anode power input (W)	120	180	240	275
Anode dissipation (W)	30	40	45	45
Oulpul power (W)	90	140	195	230
'Approximate values				

1 P P 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
For Class AB	2 ssb linear amp	lillers	
DC anode voltage (V)	1,500	2.000	2,500
DC screen voltage (V)	300	400	500
DC grid vollage (V)*	-55	-80	-105
Zero-sig anode current (mA)	35	25	20
Zero-sig anode current (mA)	35	25	50
Max-sig anode current (mA)	200	270	230
Max-sig screen current (mA)?	45	65	45
Max-sig peak rl grid vollage (V)	150	190	165
Max-sig dc grid current (mA)t	15	20	8
Max-sig driving power (W)†	2.3	3-6	1-3
Max-sig anode power Input (W)	300	540	575
Max-sig anode dissipation (W)	105	190	225
Average anode dissipation (W)	60	65	65
Max-sig useful output [W p.e.p]	150	300	325
'Adjust to stated zero-signal anode	current		
1Approximate values			

Owing to the intermittent nature of the speech waveform, average dissipation is much less than max-signal dissipation. However, if the amplifier is to be tested with a sine-wave signal source (or if a high degree of speech compression and peak limiting is to be used—*G31'A*), arrangements must be made to lower the duty cycle to ensure average anode dissipation does not exceed 65W.

At maximum anode-dissipation the anode operates (correctly) at a cherry red colour. As G2BUJ puts it: "The colour of the anode through the side screen makes it look good!" New, hranded 4-65A valves are still available, though not particularly cheap; a current advertiser in *Electronies & Wireless World* quotes £65, though this is less than some comparable types. For anyone unfamiliar with valve characteristics and rf power amplification, a study of Table 1 will show clearly the differences between anode dissipation and the rf output on ew/fm (Class C) and p.e.p output on *unprocessed* speech on ssb (Class AB2).

Coaxial stub filters reduce rfi from 50MHz transmitters

TT (September 1985) devoted several pages to discussing some of the many reasons why the 50MHz band represents a valuable acquisition and the wide variety of propagation modes and antennas that can be used. But attention was also drawn to two potentially difficult problems, 50MHz remains in use für European television eliannels E-2, E-2A und Fast European R-1, and also in Fire, with little or no likelihand that European countries other than the UK will ever abandon ohf television (there is even talk of a new UK ohf channel though possibly not in the old Band I part of the spectrum). The second problem is bei and the consequent need to ensure that any 50 to 52MHz transmitters have extremely low harmonic ontput. The second harmonic falls entirely within the broadcast Band 2 which will eventually extend from 88 to 108MHz. The section 100 to 102MHz currently continues to be used by the public emergency services, but will later be used for a fifth national vhf/fm service. The section 102 to 104MHz is part of the segment forming the "upper local radio sub-band"; there are already a number of BBC and ILR transmitters in this band, and your next-door neighbour may be listening to one of these only a party-wall away from your 50MHz transmitter!

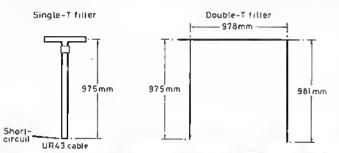


Fig 3. Single and double 100MHz quarier-wave coaxial slub filliers for use with 59MHz transmillers to suppress harmonic interference to Band 2 broadcast or emergency mobile services. Dimensions suitable for cables with a velocity factor of 0-67

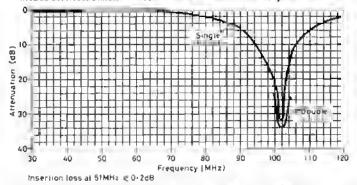


Fig 4. Measured attenuation characteristics of the 100MHz stub titlers. The double filler is stagger-luned to increase noich bandwidth rather than to increase attenuation.

Paul Boyd, G4TUZ, writes: "With the likely upsurge in 50MHz activity following the extension of the band and with Class B operators already moving in, the problem of second harmonic suppression is once again with us. Some measurements I have made recently using shorted quarter-wave coaxial cable stub lifters (Fig 3) may be of interest, especially as many never amateurs seem to have difficulty in helieving just how effective they can be, As may be seen from Fig 4, I final a single quarter-wave stub provides up to about 31dB rejection of the second harmonic, with a similar level achieved at the fourth and subsequent even harmonics. The stubs used UR44 cable fitted to BNC plugs and 'T' pieces. Additional rejection or a wider notelican be achieved using two stubs. These can be stagger-tuned and separated by a quarter-wavelength. The dimensions indicated are for total distance from the centre of the 'T' piece in the shorted end of the cable, and should be valid for any cable with a velocity factor of 0.67, The 'T' piece is an integral part of the stub and must always be present when the stub is used. For anyone

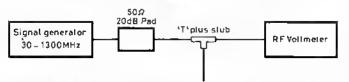


Fig 5. Measurement set-up used by G4TUZ to produce the response curves shown in Fig 9 $\,$

contemplating 50M11z operation this must surely be one of the cheapest and most effective ways of preventing or reducing interference to the broadcast Band 2. The measurements were made using the set-up shown in Fig. 5."

The construction, adjustment and use of single and double open and shorted coaxial cable stub filters have been discussed on several occasions in TT, and details appear in ART (currently out if print but with a new edition planned).

Pocket power

W.H.Jarvis, GSAPX, writes: "The largest (and most expensive) nicad pack for a range of bandheld transceivers allows barely 20min transmitting on high power. A pack of dry cells lasts longer but works out far more expensive. A remarkably simple and cheap solution is a new 12V, 1-1Ah, lead-acid battery sold under the brand name of 'Dryfit' and currently available from many retailers at around £12.

"Tattach a metre of twin flex with a 'power jack' ready to plug straight into the handheld. This way the separate extra battery can easily go into my pocker during /P operation. The easiest way of keeping the Dryfit accumulator charged and ready for immediate use is to keep it wired in parallel with your car battery: Fig 6. I have a 3W 'festoon' lump in series, You can see a glimmer while driving, confirming the Dryfit unit is charging. When starting the car the festoon lamp lights, showing that the accumulator is trying to help power the starter mutur. And if you drup the flylead, so that it short-circuits to earth, the bulb comes on full brightness as a warming.

"These scaled Dryfit batteries are claimed to be maintenance free, do not leak in any position, and never need 'topping up' with distilled water,"

While on the subject of handheld transceivers, and noting that there are now units providing up to about 5W rf on 430MHz to stubby "rinber-dock" antennas that tend to be held only a matter of inches from the user's eyes, a reminder seems needed about the sensitivity of the eyes to rf fields. A few years ago, the USA firm of Motorola investigated this problem using simulated tissue and came to the conclusion that on whi a potential lazard exists when the power output rises to about 7W; 5W output on oth, with the field concentrated by the miniature antenna, must be getting rather near to the hazard threshold. Safe enough perhaps if you recognise the need for care, but getting a little too close for confort of mind!

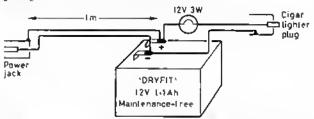


Fig 6. How GSAPX keeps his sealed 12V 1-I Ah "Dzylil" lead-acid beliery charged ready for use with his handheld transcolver

An alternative typeraf rechargeable cell to lead-acid and nickle cadminm is emerging with the marketing of the first commercially-available, high-energy rechargeable lithium cells by Moli Energy Ltd, 3958 Myrtle Street, Burnahy, British Columbia, V5C 4GE, Canada, An article in QST June 1987 sings their praises (the aurbors are linked with Moli Energy Ltd) with a QST sub-heading suggesting that "properly applied Moli Energy's rechargeable lithium cell is superior to its nivad counterparts (for handheld transceivers)". Have stressed "properly applied" since one of the problems surrounding the application of lithium batteries (which have, for example, a much larger shelf life than nicad, more energy per unit of weight etc), both disposable and rechargeable, is the risk of explosion unless there is effective current limiting etc. Even small lithium cells used as non-volatile memory systems have been known to explode and damage equipment and, potentially, the user.

A Moli rechargeable lithium buttery pack suitable for a handheld transceiver is not cheap; QST gives a figure of \$99 for a pack.

Traveller's radio

Five years ago I wrote a two-part article for Window World in which I ascribed the beginnings of portable his communications equipment largely to the warring development of clandestine mains operated transmitter-receivers compact enough to be carried, with all necessary accessories, in an attaché case or suit case. These in turn had drawn, in most countries, on ideas tried out by radio amateurs in the 'twenties and 'thirties.

For instance, I noted that in the mid-flirities, Ted Conk, ZS6BT but then ZT6AQ, had travelled around South Africa with a 30W hf transmitter (double-triode co 6A6 driving an LS5, later B12, power amplifier) built into a Burndept portable radio receiver ease about 18 by 18 by 8in, with an 0-v-2 receiver (ie regenerative detector and two af stages for those who have never used this once universal short-hand) in a second, similar case. As described at

the time in *The T & R Bulletin* (January 1937, p305) he contacted many amateurs over long distances from temporary locations, including his seventh-floor flat in the centre of Johannesburg. One of his main problems was to avoid causing "key clicks" to an estimated 400 hroadcast receivers within a radius of 1,000ft of his makesbift antenna; a problem that later affected clandestine operations in western Europe!

A modern high-performance solidstate "CW Travelradio" capable of providing a useful 12 to 15W rf output between 14-0 and 14-1MHz has been described by Rick Littlefield, K4BQT, in Ham Radio Mugazine (June 1987). This far more compact and of much higher performance than ZS6BT's pioneering efforts, with the transceiver unit a compact 1-5 by 4-5 by 6in and weighing only

1-Slb, making it possible, as K1BQT puls it, to "pack a private dypedition in a very small hag". Unlike the usual QRP rig, this includes a high-performance superhet receiver (9MHz i.l) with crystal filter rather than direct-conversion, and has an MRF479 transistor as a broadband Class C power amplifier (Fig 7) which with 0-7W drive provides up to about 15W rf output on 14MHz, sufficient power to give good dx results with simple antennas.

K1BQT indicates that he runs this rig from a 13-8V psu capable of providing 2-5A intermittently, but does not indicate the size or weight of this unit. In practice, for transminers of more than about 3W output, whether solidstate or valve, it is virtually always the psu or battery that constitutes the heaviest part of a portable rig, despite such improvements as toroidal mains transformers etc. To the bost of my knowledge one of the lightest transmitter-receivers capable of more than 10W output, weighing only about 1-5kg complete with psu, remains the Danish wartime "Telchogen" claudestine set designed by L Danis Hansen, OZ7DU, as noted in TT October 1985, p786.

In an accompanying article (*HR* June 1987] K1BQT describes the 0-52 dipole with an overall span of 21h 4in, inductively loaded in the centre of each section with air-spaced coils of 4-85µH, that he uses with his "CW Travelradio". He provides some useful advice on achieving good performance from simple antennas at temporary sites, as follows:

(1) Lnok for a high and open location. Get above the rooftop if you can but keep directivity and take-off angle in mind.

(2) Keep the antenna at least 5 or 6ft from the building surface. Proximity to electrical wiring, foil insulation and structural metal can detune it. Bending elements outwards may help to decouple the ends from a metal structure.

(3) When you side-mount to a building, try to locate the antenna on the side facing the desired direction of transmission. Better to use the structure as a reflector than as a shield.

(4) If there are horizontal wires close by, vertical polarisation works better (conversely, in or near trees or vertical metal structures, use horizontal polarisation or slope the amenna downwards towards the desired direction —G3VA). When using vertical polarisation for a dipole make sure the bottom end is at least 6ft above ground. Also make sure the amenna is clear of people and pets. Even QRP signals can develop enough rf potential at element tips to cause painful burns and injury.

The rccb-an IEE safety warning

Back in 1981, in the course of some discussions and explanations of the role of the residual current contact breaker (recb), then usually still known as an eleb (earth leakage circuit breaker), TT included a note of warning from Llyr Gruffydd, GW4CFC, that this device is not the complete answer to all mains-safety problems. He felt its value was limited partly because it offers

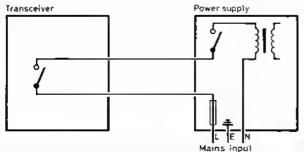


Fig 8. The mains-input arrangement that G3NKS found on his "Corsair" transceiver and which he considers hazardous.

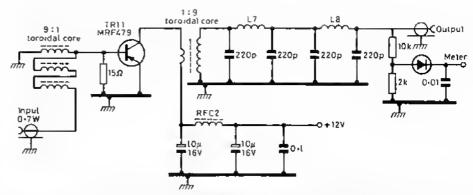


Fig 7, K1BQT's 12W output stage for his 14MHz "CW Travelradio"

radio amateurs no protection against shocks from the secondary side of a double-wound mains transformer, but especially because introducing an recb into a shack can lead to a false feeling of immunity to shock. This conclusion was based on his experiences of a laboratory with many water taps and much electricity. He had found that installing rochs, rather than adding to staff safety, induced a state of euphoric carelessness among at lenst some of the occupants.

Again, in Members' Mailbag (November 1984, p.953), H Dn V Asheroft, G4CCM, also expressed misgivings on reports that seemed to imply ample safety in the use of 30mA rechs in radio shacks and at field day sites, G4CCM's letter was criticised on a number of grounds by several correspondents, so I suspect that he felt some satisfaction in finding in IEE New (June 1987, p8) an item emphasising that while the additional protection of an rech is desirable for all domestic installations, proper care in the use of electricity is the only true saleguard. The writer noted concern over the use by the trade of various names for these devices such as "safety trip" and "safety switch", then adding:

"While fully recognising the important part played by these devices in contributing to electrical safety, those who hold a balanced view are increasingly concerned at some claims which appear to suggest that these devices provide complete safety from electric shock. No device can do this—the aim is always that the shock experienced will not lead to serious physiological effects. The danger arising from such claims is that people may believe that, by using such devices, they can 'take chances'—that there is no need to be concerned about worn or damaged flexible cords and that they can put off to another day the replacement of suspect plugs or other equipment." Mains safety and imported transceivers

Derek Thom, G3NKS, has uncovered two mains-input hazards in his Ten-Tec "Corsair", or, more specifically, in the Model 260 power supply unit. First, the mains input cable enters the rear of the cabinet and "live" (phase, line L) wire is taken straight to the fuse holder mounted adjacent to the entry point. In his unit the wire is connected to the cap end of the fuse holder; hence, when the cap is removed along with the captive fuse, the live cap contact ring is exposed and could easily be touched accidentally.

Second, the "live" (L) wire is routed from the fuse-holder (tip or end connection) to the Corsair transceiver cabinet via connectors and a multiway cable where it connects to the "power on/off" switch mounted on the front panel (part of the rf gain control). The L wire returns from this switch to the psu via the same multiway cable, where it connects to the "power on/off" switch mounted on the psu; see Fig 8. Thus switching "off" at the psu does not remove the mains supply routed to and from the transceiver cabinet. In his view one night reasonably expect that after switching off at the psu, all voltages would be removed from the transceiver cabinet. Clearly this does not happen, and an unwary operator could easily come into contact with mains voltages when working on the transceiver with the covers removed (especially as there are unprotected, ic unsleeved/unsbrouded, terminals at mains potential within the transceiver eabinet).

He adds: "I have overcome both hazards by changing over the connections to the fuse holder, so that the incoming live conductor goes to the tip or end connection, and by linking out of the circuit the live conductors to/from the transceiver cabinet (this is no loss because the 'power on/off' switch on the transceiver cabinet seems to me to be redundant)."

Since the above notes were written. Rowley Shears, G8KW, managing director of KW Ten Tee Ltd, has written to G3NKS as follows:

"Your Corsair M&I must have been quite an early one. We became aware of the mains wiring arrangements, and this has been rectified in a similar way to the action you have taken. We have been receiving Corsairs from Ten-Tee with the parts which are exposed to stray fingers covered with protective sleeves. In the psus which are supplied from Ten-Tee USA stock, we have to change the wiring from 115V to 230/24DV so we decided to go one further: in

addition to putting the fuse holder wiring to rights, we replace the mains cable to conform in EEC standards.

"When we first made enquiries about this problem, we were told that in the USA, 115V is generally thought not to be lethal (this is why it was chosen in the very early days of domestic electricity) and even to this day no provision is made for marking one supply leg "live" and the other "neutral".

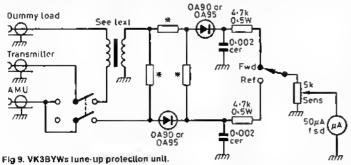
"In my own Corsuir installation I use only the on/off switch in the transceiver hecause my psit is under the table and not easily accessible. Also, the 'field' from the psit transformers affect my Shure 444 microphone if they are close together in the table. It is, we know, common practice for amateurs to have the psu under the table to keep the top clear for log-book, microphone, morse key etc."

It seems worth checking on any imported equipment (ic virtually 100 per cent of transecivers) to check whether the mains wiring etc conforms to British and European standards.

Tune-up protection

With solid state power amplifiers, it is well-recognised that most rf power devices will not sustain, even temporarily, a serious mismatch or no-load conditions at anywhere near full ratings. Most rigs therefore incorporate protection circuits which automatically reduce power output when the output load has a viswr of more than about 2/1. Even so, many amateurs retain, with some reason, a fear of connecting up long-wire and voltage fed antennas that require the correct adjustment of an automa matching unit in order to avoid an extreme mismatch; nor is the adjustment of an atu male casier by the action of the transmitter protection circuit.

Fred Piesse, VK3BYW ("A tune-up protection device", Amatenr Radio (VK) May 1987, pp6-7] became emissioned of the need for tune-up protection some years ago when he lost the final rf transistors of his early-model IC701 transceiver while attempting to match a random length of antenna wire at a camping site. Later he replaced this model with an IC751 but his fear of tune-up ilomage returned when he read in the instruction hook: "As the output is quite high, avoid connecting the antenna connector to open lines and do not transmit under mismatched conditions. Otherwise the final stage could be overloaded and cause a malfunction of the unit" and "The final transistors used in the IC-751 are of good design and are protected to a reasonable extent by circuits incorporated in the set... When in doubt about antenna systems, use the lowest power settings to achieve meaningful readings. Use a good tuner or transmatch when necessary. Always use caution and exercise judgentent when testing rf power generators."



This need to exercise caution is not specific to the IC-751 and sums up the present state-of-the-art; reliable operation of solidstate devices is to be expected when you use antennas that present a reasonable match, but does ant cacourage those who like to experiment with a variety of antennas. To set his fears at rest, VK3BYW has developed a simple hat ingenious unit. This places a matched dimmiy load across the output of his transmitter fluring tune-up but at the same time provides a small amount of rf to actuate a QRP-type swr bridge to determine when his antenna is reasonably well matched. Once this has been achieved output power is cut temporarily, the dunmy load and swr bridge are switched out of circuit and any final ail justifients made. If for any reason the antenna cannot be matched quickly, damage to the transmitter will not occur with it operating into a matched dunning load. Nor will the in-built transmitter protection circuits make it difficult to adjust the antenna matching unit. Other band users will be thankful for the absence of strong signals during tune-up. It is also usable with valve transmitters as the atti can be adjusted independently of the transmitter controls.

The broadband of transformer is wound on a half-inch (12mm) diameter toroid (Amidon T50-6) with primary two turns of 20swg enamel-covered wire, secondary ten turns of 24swg. This is mounted on a small piece of matrix board through which the pigtails can be threaded and coated with epixy result to keep the windings in place. Keep of leads short,

Table 2—Calibration of tune-up protection unit with 50µA fsd meter

Scale reading	VSWR value	Scale reading	VSWR value
0	1.0	12-96	1.7
2.38	1.1	14 28	1.8
4-55	1.2	15:5	1.9
6.52	1.3	16-67	2.0
8.33	1.4	21-4	2.5
10-0	1.5	25	3.0
11:54	1-6		

Note: For swr values exceeding three use formula; vswr = $(50 \pm X)/(50 - X)$ where X is the reverse scale reading.

Accuracy of the swr ineter depends on a good match of the 50Ω resistors. VK3BYW used two 100Ω resistors in parallel selected with the aid of a good obmeter. Calibration of the neter is not linear see Table 2. VK3BYW used a detachable dummy load to save carrying his heavy station unit when operating mobile and houses his unit in a home-made box measuring 160 by 90 by 75 mm (wdh) finished in Auth-Spray touch-up paint. He considers it rasy build, low in cost and dispells any fear of damage to his equipment. Where the swr bridge is used only for initial time-up, accuracy of calibration is probably unimportant.

More on the simple capacitance meter

The July TT (page 498) showed a simple caparitance inder culled from an item by Gabriel Rivat, I'6DQM, in Radio-REF. Unfortunately Fig 5 mitted the essential connections to the range-switch muors and gave only a brief description of the background to this attractive, how-enst device. Thanks to Dave Plumridge, G3KMG, who sent me a copy of the earlier article by Courtney Hall, WASSNZ; in Ham Radio-November 1978 on which F6DQM based his design this in turn led me back to WASSNZ's original version (Han Radio-April 1975) which used a not readily available programmable unijunction transistor plus transistor inverter-amplifier as the trigger source. There was nothing particularly critical about this form of trigger source and WASSNZ in 1978 simply substituted the 555 device.

In Fig 5 (TT July p498) the top rotor of the range switch should be connected to the higher of the two test terminals (ie the one connected to pins 6, 7 of IC2). The lower rotor (switching the zero adjustment resistors) goes to the function of the 380Ω resistor and the ImA meter.

The 1975 version using a type AT6028 "put" as the trigger source used only a single, panel-mounted zero adjustment control which required setting each time the range switch was set to a different range before the capacitor to be measured was connected to the test terminals. The need for the zero adjustment (particularly for lower capacitance ranges) arises from the input capacitance of pins 6 and 7 of the 555 and stray capacitance amounting to about 25pF. This results in an output pulse even when there is no capacitor connected to the test terminals. Without a zero adjustment to null out the voltage from this pulse, the meter would read, on a 100pF range, about 25 per cent of full scale even with no capacitor connected.

The basis of this type of unit is that the average de value of a pulse waveform has a direct linear relationship to the duty cycle (ratio of off-time to pulse-time) of the waveform. The system functions roughly as follows:

The trigger source is simply a free-running pulse generator which has a constant frequency, about 500Hz, and produces a narrow negative output pulse. Each time a trigger pulse occurs, the one-shot multivibrator (IC2) initiates an output pulse whose width is determined by the capacitor undertest. The larger the value of the capacitor, the wider the pulse. Since a demeter reads the average value of the pulse waveform, the meter may be calibrated directly to read capacitance. Care must be taken, however, that the pulse width does not exceed the time between trigger pulses and the frequency of the trigger source must be high enough to prevent jitter of the meter needle. The pulses must be of constant voltage and this is achieved by using a regulated psu (12V regulated to 5V) delivering up to 60mA. Because of the relatively high power consumption and the need for emistant-voltage pulses, a battery supply is not advisable. If field operation is needed use atkaline hatteries. In the 1978 version, WA5SNZ used three 500Ω zero adjustment pre-set potentiometers with one resistor covering the three larger value ranges of his five-range unit, adjusting these before connecting any capacitors (his ranges were 100pF, 1,000pF, 0.01, 0.1 and IµF) calibrated by conjecting a single known 100pF capacitor on the 100pF range and adjusting the gain (calibration) control for full-scale deflection. It should not be necessary to calibrate each range individually. WA5SNZ warns that when the capacitor being measured is too large for the range-switch setting the circuit may be driven out of its linear range of operation. Under these conditions, the meter may read less than full-scale even though the aethal capacitor value is more than the full-scale reading. To avoid such erroneous readings, test an unknown capacitor on the JuF (F6DQM 3µF) range first, then move the range switch to lower settings until a usable reading is obtained. Keep the original calibration capacitor handy for occasional calibration checks.

NEWS BULLETIN

ZEN and the Art of VHF DXing

. . . or how to get the best out of good conditions

Weekend (29-31 August) produced the usual so-so weather but it also produced super conditions on 144 and 430 MHz. There was very widespread propagation from the UK and Eire into Scandinavia, North Germany, East Czechoslovakia, Poland, Austria and Switzerland, and at least one East station worked Yugoslavia and Hungary on 430 MHz. As if that wasn't enough, there were auroras on the 25th, 27th and 31st of August and some very tasty Scandinavian and USSR-type OX was worked on 144 MHz. There was also a good opening down to Italy and Switzerland on the 12th - at the peak of the Perseids, just to make life more interesting.

G8VR's column will no doubt list all the super stuff heard and worked, but we thought that especially as we stagger towards autumn and hopefully some good VHF and UHF propagation - we might have a little look at what to do when suddenly start hearing interesting foreign-sounding stations coming out of your receiver as opposed to the usual white noise. For many new and not-so-new radio amateurs, these openings tend to come as a hit of a surprise and we thought we'd throw a few suggestions on how to make the hest of them into the ring. Most have been distilled from various points made hy the Society's VHF Committee over the years, together with input from various dedicated VHF and UHF operators.

But I hate 144 MHz DX!

Just to start with, let's assume that you're one of those who use the SSB and/or CW end of 144 or 430 MHz for local nattering and who haven't the slightest interest in working DX. Fine - it's a free country, and we've spent more time gassing on 144 MHz about everything under the sun than most. The only thing we would say is that a very

chasing DX on them, and when propagation opens up the 144 MHz hand in particular sounds more like 14 MHz short-skip.

DX working on SSB tends to take place between the bottom of the SSB handplan allocation at 144.150 MHz and something like 144.350 or 144.400 MHz, and the space between during a those frequencies mega-opening tends to get very rapidly filled up. If you want just a local chat in the course of an opening, great - but there are prohably a good hundred other amateurs able to copy you who'd very much appreciate your moving above about 144.400 MHz to have it. We've heard far too many instances in which someone politely asks a station having a local QSO on, say, 144.260 MHz if he would mind moving because there's a weak DX station just underneath him; instead of seeing the point and doing a quick QSY, however, the usual response is to tell the polite questioner not very politely to shove off. What then inevitably happens is that everyone calls the DX and the local QSO gets demolished anyway! Please, please, have a hit of awareness of conditions and he prepared to move up above 144.400 for local SSB contacts. It's rather silly to say "well, we've been here for half an hour and I don't see why we should move" -

- a) because it's anti-social and unintelligent
- h) the odds are that your QSO will shortly get zapped.
- O: By what?
- A: By 400W into two times 17-eles half a mile away.
- Q: Wben?
- When your local DX-er suddenly finds out that A: When your there's some choice DX half a kilohertz from where comparing notes you're how the garden suffered from the lousy summer weather.

The Great British Bank Holiday high proportion of those who use Don't get us wrong - we've had many Weekend (29-31 August) produced the these hands are also interested in wonderful conversations about such matters on 144 and 430 MHz and greatly enjoy them, but when conditions are good - and we're really only talking about 20-odd days each year - please be prepared to have them somewhere different from your favourite frequency.

Same goes for the CW end. Many, including ourselves, love CW ragchews on 144 MHz, but when the hand is open we make a point of having them above about 144.100 MHz - where no DX ever seems to go. In the Bank Holiday opening there were heaps of mega-DX stations - OK portables and Y2 stations, together with the odd OE and SP - all hlazing away on the key between the bottom of the hand and about 144.085, but there was total silence between there and the heginning of the SSB/CW sector at 144.15 MHz. You could have fitted loads of CW ragchews into that part of the hand and left the lower end for the DX QSOs.

Incidentally, if you've just spent twenty minutes on, say, 144.240 MHz heing called by all sorts of DX and your mate then calls you to compare notes and hrag about the square he worked that you didn't hear, it'd also he kind if you both move high up the band to do so. Arguably your mate ought to know hetter, of course, than to call you in the middle of a DX pile-up but if you're such close friends that you forgive him for it, please at least consider a quick move HF to discuss the matter of who's worked what and whether SP3DRT is in J081 or J091. That way, others may also he able to work the DX you've already got in the logbook.

The other no-no during an opening is to use the calling frequency in the same way as you would during flat conditions. The reason is simple - despite years of trying to persuade them otherwise, a few of our Continental cousins (who also count as good DX at VHF and UHF) persist in operating either on the

conditions are good. For instance, during the opening on the 12th an Italian station in a very choice square sat on 144.305 MHz for about three bours solid despite all attempts to get bim to QSY - and it happens every time. We suspect that some overseas stations simply can't believe how husy 144 MHz is in Europe and fondly helieve that 144.300 MHz is a nice quiet frequency.

Now we all know that they sbouldn't and wish they wouldn't, but the fact remains that they do. So please think about this before you go on 144.300 MHz and call CQ, or announce that "....this is G4*** listening for G6***, are you about Sid?". Better still, make a stern resolve not to go anywhere near 144.300 MHz during an opening except to listen for any DX and maybe to work it. Please don't say to yourself, "well, I don't care about all this DX lark, I just want to see if Sid's about or any of the lads so I'm going to call CQ like I usually do" - many new and some - many new and some not-so-new licensees do this and it's selfish and unthinking. It's also selfish and unthinking for DX stations to operate continuously on or near the calling frequency, granted, hut that's no reason for us to be silly as well.

HOW NOT TO WORK DX ON TROPO:

Q: "Zen master, tell me how can I be absolutely certain of NOT working VHF/UHF DX?"

A: "By calling CQ DX"

Unless you're a mega-station living on top of Snowdon and with 400W to a vast array - i.e. unless you're unlike the vast majority of us who enjoy chasing the DX on 144 and 430 MHz - the best way to work DX is to get your money's worth out of your receiver.

In one word - LISTEN!

Here's a brutal fact.

If your 144 or 430 MHz station is of the average urban variety, running somewhat less than the legal limit to a single antenna from a not particularly outstanding site in a not particularly rare locator square, picking a frequency and calling "CQ DX" in the general direction of the good propagation is pretty well quaranteed to be a dead waste of time and electricity. All you are achieving is causing QRM, which isn't wby you have an amateur licence. Also, whilst you're making interminable calls the well-sited DX who might otherwise hear you is almost certainly a few kilobertz up the

calling frequency or a few band working a string of stations kilohertz away from it when like yours. If you have an average $\frac{1}{2}$ station of the sort outlined above, be honest with yourself and count the number of times a tasty DX station has come back to a CQ call. We'd bet the cost of a new 4CX250B that the answer will be pretty close to none.

> To make matters worse, the odds are also that there will he a weak DX station balf a kilohertz from the frequency on Which you're doing your thing, which you can't hear hut which a better-sited station five miles away could copy at S4 if only you'd shut up. He will proceed to curse you fairly comprehensively and you'll go down on his "lid list". This may or may not worry you, but either way it's poor

operating.

It's very tempting to assume that, because you've heard, say, one loud German or French station on the hand, there must be dozens of others who'd he equally loud if only you could raise them therefore the best thing to do must be to call CQ. Not so, alas. The hig guns who would be just as strong as the quy running the pile-up are probably tuning around looking for rare squares - which means that even if they bear a G station calling CQ DX they're unlikely to come back to it. For every loud German station, say, who's working a pile-up of G stations there are prohably twenty or thirty other German stations around who could start a similar pile-up if they so chose. But they won't; they're carefully using their receivers and listening very hard for maybe the last square or two that they need in Britain or Eire. Never mind a new '2508 - we'd bet a couple of 4CX1500As, hases and chimneys and a few pints thrown in as well that if you're in a common UK locator square like 1091, J001 or whatever and you're an average station calling CQ DX, your chances of being called by anything remotely resembling DX are zero tending towards none.

If you're a bit further afield, say in the West Midlands, Manchester, Liverpool or Whatever, we'o quess that your chances are considerably enhanced - i.e. you might get one call every ten openings from a newly-licensed PAO. Dwellers in rarer squares, of course, may do hetter. If course, propagation is good and you happen to he the only active G station in IN69, for instance, you could probably call CQ DX with Dobbs power to a dipole and start a fairly ferocious pile-up in thirty seconds flat.

However, if you are Joe Average in a common square - and unfortunately most of us are - your best het is NEVER to call CQ when conditions are good. Listen, listen and then listen some more, with the headphones on. Check out every interesting-sounding signal you hear and don't move on until you're satisfied that it's either a) someone in a square you don't need or b) not DX. Also, take a careful listen to what Well-sited stations in your vicinity are hearing and working. This will give you some idea of how propagation is going and what chance you have of working DX.

HOW TO WORK TROPO DX:

- Q: "Zeb master, tell me how to work tropo DX".
- A: "By not working it".

Having read the earlier bit, you could be forgiven for thinking that only way for the average VHF/UHF station to work DX in an opening is to get stuck into the pile-ups and rely on hrilliant operating and the QSB (or the Force) being with you at the right time to make it (or alternatively to ask your mate up the hill with mucho ERP to ask the DX to listen for you - it's worth a try). In a way that's true, but it's also important not to fall into the "pile-up trap". This is to assume that because DL6*** in a square you need is \$9+ at your residence and a quick scan around the band suggests that there aren't any other loud and workable German stations about, you've got no option but to join the howling moh and hope you raise him. Result, maybe you work him and maybe you don't but either way you spend 45 minutes trying.

The thing to bear in mind is that many amateurs - even seasoned HF DX-chasers, and some of their pile-ups make the average VHF/UHF affair look like Sunday afternoon tea- with- the- vicar sessions suffer from a little syndrome known as "pile-up fixation". They grit tbeir teeth, determined to work tbe quy however long it takes and keep pounding away even though it might be a square they've already worked six times and got confirmed twice. Well, fine if that's wbat turns you on - all good primitive competitive stuff, get that latent aggression out in the open, good old OE Sigmund had it all sussed a hundred years ago. The sneaky devious operator, however, leaves them to it and goes looking around - and the odds are that he'll hear other stations calling CQ from squares he also needs.

Here's one example from the Bank Holiday epic. OKIKRA in J070 was amazingly strong at one stage on the Sunday evening on about 144.310 MHz and the pile-up was moderately monumental - it sounded rather as

south of Hadrian's Wall was calling him at the same time. On a cursory listen round, 'KRA was the only Czech station on. However, what did we find about thirty seconds after starting a careful look up the band? OK10A in the same square on 144.210 calling CQ, about S5 or 6. Bang - one call (running 25W, incidentally, hecause we'd forgotten to switch the linear on, call yourself a DX operator?) and he was in the log. About five kHz up the hand we found Y25UL in a square we needed just signing with a station not too far away. He was only about S4 hut eminently workable - one quick call as soon as he said "QRZ?" and the deed was done. There wasn't much competition since most of the locals were still locked in mortal combat with each other over OKIKRA, who was still S9 plus any amount of

The upshot was that about twenty minutes later, whilst the howling wolf-pack was still at it elsewhere in the hand, we had five new squares in the loghook! Incidentally, you'll also find this effect very pronounced when 50 MHz opens up to the States. The loudest signal on the hand is almost invariably WAlOUB, and there's always a thundering herd after him thirty seconds after he appears. It's very tempting to join in the fun, hut we'd strongly suspect that you'll work three or four Stateside stations who are also calling CO elsewhere in the hand if you go looking for them. They might he only S5 instead of 'OUB's S9+++ hut so what?

All right. Suppose that one evening when you're watching something on the box the phone rings and your mate says "144 MHz is open and I've just worked HB9CRN". What do you do?

Basically, go into the shack, switch on and then proceed to make your receiver wonder what hit it. You've prohably spent a lot of time and money on your antenna and receiver - well, recoup some of that investment by listening hard and long. Whatever you do, DON'T go tuning the hand like a madman and shouting your head off for the first DX station you hear - or even worse, grabhing an allegedly clear frequency and firing off a string of CO DX calls. The odds are that the frequency isn't at all clear if conditions are good - and anyhow, as we've seen, the chances of anyone coming hack to them are about as good as the chances of getting 400W on 430 MHz out of push-pull BC108s. Listening for DX is an art, and prohably the hest way to learn it is to watch a keen DX-chaser doing it. He or she will

though every 144 MHz G station tune the hand carefully, pausing at signals which sound interesting and maybe swinging the antenna this way and that to maximise their strength. All the time the real DX listener is huilding up a mental picture of which directions sound promising, how good conditions are, what stations are on the band and how well G8***, the local DX king with 225 squares under his belt, is

> Just for fun, let's imagine the conversation you might be having with yourself as you look round the hand (what, you mean I'm the only one who mutters to himself when conditions are good? Better see someone about that....). Let's suppose you're a station somewhere in the south of England: your internal dialogue might go something like this:

"So G1*** worked G4KUX at S9+ twenty minutes ago did he, lucky so-and-so, I need that square... nice of him to give me a hell though. Why don't I move out of this hole-in-the-ground QTH and live on top of a Welsh hill, might work some real DX that way... might also go hankrupt... never did fancy septic tanks anyway. OK, switch on, where did I leave the antenna pointing?... let's see. GB3VHF heacon's up a little, not much... let's look up the heacon hand a hit.... what's that off the back of the heam? Good grief, it's GB3ANG, don't normally hear that at all, let's swing the beam round that way.... oh yes, it's about S6, conditions must be incredible to the north. What about that heacon in North Germany, what's its callsign... where's the Call Book?... oh yes DLOPR on decimal nine-one. Can't hear that... no, not there. Must he good to Scotland though if 'ANG is as loud as that. Let's have a look round the SSB end"

"That's GODAZ in Worcester; he's a hit stronger than usual, which way's he beaming? Who's he Working? GMOEXN, where's he? Hold on, he's put it over..... can't hear him.... no, he's gone.... where's the Call Book? Caithness, can't get much further north than that, must be Yankee Sierra square, that'd be a new one. Must keep an ear open for him. Let's press on oh, here's G3FPK in Surrey, he's a wise old hird, always knows when tropo's around, gets out like crazy to the north... who's he calling? GM4DMA/A. That rings a hell - wait a sec, it's that chap on the oil rig in AS square! Wonder whether I can hear him? Yes there he is, about S3... ouch, my poor front-end's getting a battering, just listen to the pile-up. Have to come back to that one, make a note of the frequency".

"What next? Ah, a GM: "....CQ DX, CQ DX, this is GM4IPK in Yankee Papa square, heaming south and standing by". That's Andy, worked him in the aurora last year - he runs 400 watts to four antennas, he wouldn't be calling CQ DX unless something's up. Wonder whether he thinks 1080 is DX, prohably not. Hold on: "....HB9CRQ from GM4IPK, hello Dan, you're 5 and 7, go abead". OK, Andy's got propagation to Switzerland, wonder whether I have - let's swing the beam... can't hear HB9CRQ, damn, must be a local duct Andy's got hold of. Better not call him if I hear him on, he must be chasing OEs or something and I've got the square confirmed anyway. Check the heacon whilst the antenna's looking this way.... what is it, HB9HB?... that's right... no, can't hear it either. Oh well, keep looking on SSB.... can't hear any DX at all from the south-east, hack to north..... try Angus heacon again, yes, still strong, a hit stronger now come to think of it".

"That sounds like a Scots accent, who is it? GMLMRY portable, Kilsyth Hills - oh yes, just outside Glasgow. Running a 290R plus 25W amplifier. He's about S6.... well, I certainly wouldn't hear him normally. That must be 1076, could do with that one. Hmm, it's the other quy's frequency, never mind, mayhe catch him later. Check GM4DMA/A again, still about S3 hut listen to that pile-up... is he calling anyone?..."GM4DMA/A from G40AE, you're 5 and 9, very strong Lawrence, over". CAE - that's Dave in Reading, he's a meteor scatter king, things must he good if he's on tropo. He's certainly hearing DMA hetter than I am.... oh well, mayhe

it'll get hetter"

"Hmmm: looks like some propagation to the north hut not that good from here at the moment. Let's see who we can work. There's a weak GM calling CQ - oh damn that G4*** calling CO on top of him, what's the point, he's got a worse site than mine and that's saying something.... nasty wide signal too, why doesn't he learn to drive his linear?.... het no-one goes hack to him... no, there's the GM still calling CQ. Who is it? Ah, GMlMRY portable again... he's in the clear, let's give him a hlast.... no, he's down in QSB again, let him keep. Conditions aren't all that stable by the look of it, might need to pick a good time to call people tonight. Hello, here's another one, be's much stronger..."CQ, this is GMOEXN in 1088 calling CQ and listening". Call him, quick: "GMOEXN, this is Golf Nine Zulu Zulu Zulu, G9ZZZ in Yankee Kilo square, over"....."

"Great, another new one. How about GM4DMA/A? Hmm, he's about S4.... people around London seem to be giving him S9+ all the time, quess they've got better propagation to him. Suppose I could try a few calls, could get lucky... wish I lived on top of a bill... mind you, even that doesn't belp if the force isn't with you... looks like it isn't with me to AS square tonight. Oh well, never mind, if the mob in Zulu Lima's concentrating on working DMA that'll leave a bit of piece and quiet for me...."

And so on - our hero spends a bappy evening working some new Scottish squares, although he never quite bears GM4DMA/A well enough to have a shot at cracking the pile-up! The point is that instead of calling CQ DX and achieving precisely nothing, he listens a lot and catches GMOEXN just as the latter's calling CQ and probably just when propagation between them is good. Quite a lot of duct-type openings are like this; five minutes later and the DX has disappeared, probably never to come back. In the course of the evening our man repeats the dose and ends up with some choice squares in his log.

Anyway, we hope that's of some use to those, especially the newly-licensed, who wonder what on earth's going on when the VHF and UHF bands open up. Final thought - if you bear someone fifty miles away in a square or county you happen to need working a string of Czechoslovakian portables, DON'T call him when he says "QRZ DX" unless you have repressed tendencies towards the masochistic or suicidal....

Have fun!

RSGB PRESIDENT 1988:

The Society is pleased to announce that Sir Richard Davies, KCVO, CBE, GZXM, has consented to be the RSGB's President during its 75th Anniversary Year, 1988. As an active amateur, Sir Richard enjoys many of the facets of our hobby and looks forward to bis year in office.



Celebrating his 'belated' Golden Anniversary on the air, Arthur Blackman G5AB/G5FF (first licensed in 1933) entertained a group of well known amateurs at his Cotswold home on 31 July. Around 500 years of amateur radio activity was represented by those present at the gathering, which was blessed with ideal weather. Louis Varney, G5RV recounted some of bis travels and anecdotes of amateur radio, whilst G3BFC and G4PCU provided the inner workings relating to the propagation of radio information and G2HGG showed off his 'fishing rod' antenna with no small amount of interest. As the products of the Loire and Medoc regions were assessed, the group became more loquacious and many ad hoc discussions took place. Arthur would like to extend his thanks to all those who travelled such long distances to attend a very hancy afternoon.

long distances to attend a very happy afternoon.
 In the photo are: (Back Row L-R) G4UPG, BRS ? , G4PCU, G2HGG, G3BFC,
G6DZ (Front L-R) G5BM, G5RV, Arthur G5FF, G6AG, G8BU.

CROSSBAND LADDER

Callsign	Countries	Best DX	Pos
G2ADR	23	*	1
GW1SSQ	19	1957km	2
GOGZI	14	*	3
GISEP	13	*	4=
G4IDE	13	*	4≒
G4TLY	13	*	4⇔
G1KDF	12	*	7=
G4SJG	12	*	7=
G4INL	11	*	9
G1CWP	9	*	10=
G8DKF	9	*	10=
G4GDY	8	*	12=
GM4ULP	8	*	12=
G8PYP	7	1866km	14
GW3WSU	6	*	15
G1AHM	2	*	16=
G4IDF	2	*	16=

We've had a few more entries for the 'Crossband Ladder' item this month - do keep them coming in and don't forget that the ladder is cumulative, so you'll have to keep informed if you manage to work any additional countries. Only two stations so far have sent details of the best DX (in kilometres) so we still have the situation of ties for some positions. To avoid this, please let us have the following information on the back of a postcard:

Callsign/Name
Number of countries worked
(crosshand from 50 MHz to any
other band)
Best DX (in kilometres)

Send the cards to David Gougb, GGEFQ, News & Information Department at RSGB HQ. If you prefer to use the Mailbox facilities, that's fine.

PS: Bev West, GWISSQ - currently 2nd in the ladder - asks if anyone can beat his "worst DX" crossband contact. This was over a distance of - wait for it - 2.98 km with GW4UWR. In fairness, we should mention that both stations were well and truly QRP.

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JOTA SPECIAL STATIONS LIST:

This year's Jamboree On The Air takes place over the weekend of 17/18 October and applications for special event callsigns for JOTA closed on 13 September. Mowever, anyone who would like a list of the special event stations should send a large stamped addressed envelope, marked "JOTA LIST", to the Membership Services Department at RSGB HQ. Please do this as soon as possible so that you can receive the list hefore the event.

The illustration above shows the "Radio Scouting" hadge design adopted for this year's event.

WHEN IN ROME (or anywhere else):

We've all heard the expression "when in Rome, do as the Romans do" and it's particularly apt when considering operation in foreign countries under reciprocal or visitors' licences. Recently we've come across the odd case of UK amateurs operating on 50 MHz When visiting European countries which have no allocation on this hand. We must stress that when you operate in another country you can use only those bands allocated in that country and you must abide hy the rules and regulations issued by its licensing authority. If you are considering applying for a reciprocal licence, you are advised to contact the national society in the country concerned for details of the current licence regulations.

The RSGB has information on its database containing the addresses of the national societies, the licensing authorities and other relevant details in over 150 countries. Reciprocal agreements exist hetween the UK and about 40 other countries but some of the remaining countries issue visitors' licences. This information, together with an application form where available, is sent to members on request. Please remember that applications for reciprocal or visitors' licences should be made as far in advance as possible and at least 6-8 weeks minimum time is required for processing in some countries during peak boliday periods. You're likely to be disappointed if you leave it until the last minute; when you book your boliday remember to apply for your reciprocal licence!



MORSE TESTS

The following list shows the dates and locations of all the available test centres from mid-November to early January, as we went to press. Because of space limitations, we cannot print a complete list of all the test centres notified to us, but these can be found on the application form itself. If you want to take a test and any of the centres shown is within striking distance, send for an application form immediately. Completed applications will be dealt with strictly on a first-come first-served hasis.

Morse tests will be carried out in groups of three and will be of half an hour's duration. Details of the test, the venue and how to get there will be sent to you as soon as your application has been processed and your place confirmed.

COUNTY	TOWN OR LOCATION	DATE
Shropshire	Telford	16/11/87
Strathclyde	Glasgow	16/11/87
South Glamorgan	Penarth	17/11/87
Isle of Man	Onchan, Douglas	17/11/87
Merseyside	Muyton, Liverpool	17/11/87
South Yorkshire	Stocksbridge	19/11/87
Bedfordshire	Luton	19/11/87
Dorset	Dorchester	21/11/87
Norfolk	Norwich	21/11/87
Lincolnshire	Grantham	21/11/87
Hertfordshire	North Watford	27/11/87
West Glamorgan	Port Talbot	27/11/87
West Midlands	Coventry	28/11/87
Lancashire	Fleetwood	28/11/87
Buckinghamshire	Bletchley, Milton Keynes	29/11/87
Greater London	Croydon	30/11/87
Cleveland	Billingham	02/12/87
Guernsey	Guernsey ARS, St.Martins	03/12/87
Dyfed	Maverfordwest	03/12/87
Cambridgeshire	Maslingfield, Cambridge	04/12/87
Cheshire	Macclesfield	05/12/87
Wiltshire	Swindon	05/12/87
Somerset	Burnham-on-Sea	06/12/87
Gwent	Newport	07/12/87
Co.Armagh	Armagh	07/12/87
Fife	Leslie	08/12/87
Derbyshire	Clay Cross	09/12/87
Suffolk	Ipswich	10/12/87
Northamptonshire	Tiffield, Northampton	10/12/87
Lincolnshire	Grimshy	11/12/87
Nottinghamshire	Mapperley	12/12/87
Hampshire	Winchester	12/12/87
Dumfries & Galloway	Stranraer	12/12/87
Cornwall	Liskeard	12/12/87
Strathclyde	Ayr	12/12/87
Leicestershire	Wigston Kagna, Leicester	12/12/87
Humberside	Goole	13/12/87
Staffordshire	Stafford	13/12/87
West Sussex	Morsham	13/12/87
Staffordshire	Uttoxeter	13/12/87
Avon	Redland, Bristol	16/12/87
Greater London	BBC Woodlands, London W12	19/12/87
Greater London	Wood Green, London N22	21/12/87
Dyfed	Carmartben	07/01/88
Tayside	Kirriemuir	09/01/88
North Yorkshire	York	09/01/88
Isle of Wight	Binstead ARS, Ryde	09/01/88

We receive notification of new centres almost daily and the application form gives a full list of those currently taking advance bookings for Morse tests. There are now active test centres in 90% of counties in the UK.

around the Groups

THE RANTS AWARD:

For the past six months, the Mid-Lanark ARS - based in Motherwell, Scotland, have been operating from National Trust for Scotland properties located in Central Scotland using the callsign GB2NTS. A total of five locations were activated for the first time: Culzean Castle, Ayrsbire (twice); Souter Johnnies Cottage (Robert Gardens, Burns): Greenbank Glasgow; and Brodrick Castle, Isle of Arran. During the first four of these events a total of 2557 contacts were made in approx 80 There 36 countries. were 'resident' 12 operators and 'quests' from the local areas. The 'RANTS' award, issued jointly by the National Trust for Scotland and the Mid-Lanark ARS, is being offered to any station in the UK and Eire who has worked four out of the six stations, or three out of the six in the case of overseas stations (the first overseas station to claim the award was John, VP8JY in Bermuda). The award is issued free of charge except for the cost of postage and an envelope.

WAB NEWS:

Being a peak summer month, August invariably sees a high level of WAB activity and this year was no exception. Many station spent some during their holidays activating WAB areas and a mammoth expedition by GISMI/M and GINUS resulted in most of the areas in Devon and Cornwall being activated: some for the first time in several years. This meant that many WABers who made contact with the 'dynamic duo' were able to boost their scores quite substantially.

On the awards front there are two firsts. Paul, GlLSB has been awarded the first 432 MHz Islands Award for working the basic 10 islands. Endorsements are available for 25, 40, 50 and so on in steps of 10 islands for VHF and UHF contacts. The first station to collect 1200 book numbers on 144 MHzwas Laurie, G6XLL. Our congratulations to both stations.

The Decade Award certificate has been redesigned. It is much more attractive than its predecessor and will grace the walls of any shack. The award is available for working 100 of the 2-digit numbers associated with the WAB area (eg SU 12, TQ 13 etc) in any one calendar year, ie working Nos. 00 to 99 with any prefix letters.



The Brodrick Castle team bound for the Isle of Arran on 4/5 July from where a total of 659 contacts were made in 46 countries. (Left to right: Bob, GM4VWV; Bill, GM4UBJ; Paddy, GM3MTH; Ian, GM1XOG; Jim, GM0ARD; and Eddie, GM4XLU).

Sounds a bit complicated, but SUNDERLAND GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY: you'll soon get the hang of it.

Further information on the Worked All Britain awards scheme can be obtained from: -

> Brian Morris, G4KSQ 22 Burdell Avenue Sandhills Estate Headington Oxford OX3 SED

MAURITIUS SPECIAL CALL:

Between now and 5 November, all 3B8 amateur radio stations in Mauritius will use the special prefix '3Bl' to mark the 'Festival International de la Mer¹.

BATTLE OF HASTINGS:

Wednesday 14 October 1.9 anniversary of the Battle of Hastings. To mark the occasion, the Hastings Electronics and Radio Club will be active from 0900Z to 2100Z using the club callsigns G6HH and GlHHH. Operation will be in the 144 MHz band and on the HF bands as appropriate to conditions. In addition to the club stations, as many of the members as possible will operate their own stations, all of which will count towards the '1066 Award'.

GB4SUN is the callsign of a special event station, to be run by the Lough Erne ARC, to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the Shorts Sunderland flying boat. The station will be active from the museum at Castle Archdale Country Park, formerly RAF Castle Archdale - the war-time base of many squadrons of Sunderland and Catalina flyingboats and amphibians.

The Sunderland flying boat first flew on 16 October 1937 and to mark this the special event station will be active in the evenings and all day on Saturday and Sunday from 9 to 16 October. Operation will be mainly in the 80 and 40 metre bands SSB, though some operation may be possible on other bands and other modes including CW and packet. Skeds can be arranged by contacting Corderoy, Cliff GI 4CZW OD 0365 24500. Incidentally, you can see a Sunderland in the RAF Museum at Hendon - well worth a visit if you're in the area.

STUDENTS' UNION:

The Imperial College ARS will be running a special event station during Freshers' Week commencing 6 October. GB2IC will be active in the 80 and 2 metre bands and would

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welcome calls from other college club stations and former students of Imperial College. In addition to this, the College would like to start an inter-College net on 80 metres and anyone interested is asked to contact:-

> Phil Pavelin, G4WWH 60 Elmbridge Old Harlow Essex CM17 OJX

AGCW-DL STRAIGHT KEY PARTY:

The Activity Group Telegraphy of Germany will be holding its annual 'Straight Key Party' on Saturday 3 October from 1300 to 1600 bours UTC. The event is open to all licensed amateurs using a straight key, and short wave listeners. Operation will be in the 40m band between the frequencies 7010 and 7040 kHz CW only. Participants should call "CQ HTF" and exchange RST + serial number, class, name and age (XYLs = XX).

There are four classes:

Class A - 5 W output (max) Class B - 50 W output (max) Class C - 150 W output (max) Class D - SWL

Scoring is a little complicated but is as follows, the points are awarded for the different classes of station (as above) working each other:

> Class A - A = 9 points Class A - B = 7 points Class A - C = 5 points Class B - B = 4 points Class R - C = 3 points Class C - C = 2 points

Logs should be submitted by 31 October and should be sent to: -

> Friedrich Fabri, DF10Y Vor dem Steintor 3 D-3017 Pattensen West Germany

.... and a list of the results is available from the same address on receipt of a self addressed envelope and one IRC.

SORRY:

In last month's GB Calls listing we erroneously moved New Scotland Yard to Buckingham Gate! It bas NOT moved and is still in Broadway, London SW1. We apologise to G4NSY, the New Scotland Yard ARS, for the erior.

Also G4LJU was inadvertently given as the contact callsign for the Special Event Station and we apologise for the error.

RAIBC NEWS:

At the Radio Amateur Invalid & Blind Club's AGM, held in July, Angus McKenzie, G3OSS, was elected Chairman and takes over from Bill Craig, G6JJ, who is continuing as Vice Chairman together with George Jessop, G6JP. The club now has a new 'Audio Aids Manager', Mr Phil Stanley, G3BSN who was also elected at the AGM.

Since July, there have been changes to the club's several committee and by far the most important of these has been the appointment of a new Executive Secretary, Ms Margery Hey of 29 Besthorpe Road, Attleborougb, Norfolk, NR17 2AN. There is new an RAIBC telephone help-line at the office on 0953 454920 which will be manned at most times, otherwise messages can be left on a telephone answering machine. Mrs Cathy Clark, GIGQI, the former Secretary of RAIBC, has been thanked by the Committee for ber services to the Club during her term of office.

were several other There appointments made at the AGM: Chambers is the new Sheila Treasurer and her address is c/o G8HTG (OTHR); the new Editor of Radial, the RAIBC magazine, is Radial, the RAIBC magazine, is Shirley Hesketh, G4HES and she can

Clinch, G3MJK (QTHR) is the new Loan Equipment Manager - all applications for loan equipment and enquiries regarding equipment for the disabled should be addressed to bim. Other Committee members include: Roy Gerrard, G3LAZ, Radial cassette distribution, John Brown, G3DVV, Accountant/Auditor; Hilary Claytonsmith, G4JKS.

is expanding its with the aim of RATEC operations assisting disabled and blind amateurs and short-wave listeners in their enjoyment of the bobby. The club has a long waiting list for the loan of HF and VHF transceivers and HF receivers and would welcome donations equipment in good working order or casb to purchase equipment which would help put more disabled & blind people on the air. If you can help, please contact the club's office or the Equipment Loan Manager.

VERULAM 'CLUBS' CONTEST:

Many readers will remember the Verulam/RSGB Diamond Jubilee Contest held some years ago. Over the last few years the rules for this contest have been changed to encourage participation affiliated clubs and to activate be contacted via the Club's office club callsigns. The contest takes in Norfolk (address above); Johnny place in the 160 and 2 metre bands



A total of over 600 contacts were made in just under 80 hours of operating by two members of the Mirfield ARC. Veronica, GISTP (right) and Katb, G6YQR (left) operated GB6NWY for National Women's' Year between 1 and 28 March. Some of the many QSL cards received can be seen on the board (Kath says they'll have to get a bigger board). Both ladies would like to thank all those who made contact with the station and the other club members who took over operating when they couldn't keep their eyes open any longer!

(cont from previous page)

clubs and individuais running portable, fixed or mobile stations. It is split into two sections on two days:-

Section 1 - (160m) Sat 7 Nov: 2000 - 0000 GMT 1900 - 1990 kHz SSB/CW/AM

Section 2 - (2m) Sun 22 Nov: 0900 - 1300 GMT 144.15 - 144.4 MHz SSB/CW/AM

Copies of the rules will be sent on receipt of a stamped addressed envelope to:-

> Hilary Claytonsmith, G4JKS li5 Marshaiswick Lane St Albans Herts. ALl 4UU

THE WELSH AWARD (3 x 8):

The Carmarthen ARS is offering an award to licensed radio amateurs and short wave listeners who have worked or beard 24 Welsh stations (three in each of eight counties).

Contacts after 1 March 1987 will be valid and may be made on any band using any mode. There is no need to send QSL cards for the award, a log-extract showing the details of the contacts made and certified by two other licensed radio amateurs will be accepted. The fee for the award is £1.50, 8 IRCs or equivalent. Cheques and Postal Orders should be made payable to the Carmarthen ARS. Applications should be sent to:-

> Awards Manager Carmarthen Amateur Radio Soc. PO Box 4 Carmarthen Dyfed SA3i 1AA

ITU NEWS:

On 27 July, the Solomon Islands became the 163rd member of the International Telecommunication Union.

The Solomon Is, situated in the Melanesia Archipelago, obtained independence on 7 July 1978. The group consists of nine main islands (Choiseul, Santa Isabel, Malaita, Vella Lavella, New Georgia, Guadalcanal, Russell, Florida and San Cristobel) together with the smali archipelago of Santa Cruz, several atolls and low-lying islands, and has a total surface area of 30,000 sq km. The estimated population (in 1984) was 259,000 and Honiara, the only large town, has a population of around 15,000.

The ITU was founded in 1865 and as such is the oldest specialised agency of the United Nations. It is -

international organisation responsible for the planning of and is open to all licensed telecommunications world-wide, for amateurs, short wave listeners, the establishment of equipment the establishment of equipment operating standards, coordinating the data required for the planning and operation of telecommunication services and, within the United Nations system, for telecommunications development.



HSC-SCHWEIZ HSC-SCHWEIZ HSC-SCHWEIZ

The 'Amateur-Radio-Telegrafie High Speed Club HSC-Schweiz' has been in existence since 1980 and has seen a very positive growth during the past seven years. The aim of the club is to promote international harmony between ali those interested in amateur radio teiegraphy, which it considers to be one of the basic mainstays of amateur radio. It actively supports the home construction of amateur equipment.

HSC-Schweiz has four grades of membership: Honourable, Regular, Youth and Supporting Members. If you would like to know more about the club and are interested in the Club Rules (printed in five languages), further details can be obtained by sending a self addressed envelope and an IRC to the secretary:-

> Jurgen H Timcke, HB9ANE Friedaustrasse 7 CH-8355 Aadorf Switzerland

CALLING ALL CLUBS:

In last month's Talking Point "Calling Ali Ciubs", we inadvertently omitted the details of how to obtain the nomination forms for the position of RSGB Liaison Officer. The forms can be obtained by writing to RSGB HQ, marking your envelope "RLO" in the top left corner. This information was given in the GB2RS news broadcast on Sunday 13 September and has been on the DataBox/Prestel service since 3 September.

If you have not already obtained a form, please do not delay as the closing date for nominations is first post on - Friday 16 October.

CALLING ALL CLUBS 2:

Any group of 10 or more paid-up members of RSGB may register as an "RSGB Group".

An application form is available from the Secretary's Office at RSGB HQ and registration is free of charge.

Helplines

We're very pleased to hear that many of the items in these columns are receiving a good response from our readers (see Members' Mailbag last month and first item below). If your particular problem is soived through this column, please write to us and let us know. We'd love to hear from you.

The 'Helplines' column (May 1987 issue) carried an item about a French amateur, F6AZC, who was trying to trace an English ham named Stan, whom he had known during WW2. Well, lo and behold, we've just received a letter from Mr Stanley Ingram (yes, THE Stan), G6ZY/EA6, in which he says "...You may like to know that following this (item in Helplines) and due also to some 'detective work' done by F5HS, it has resulted in G62Y/EA6, now retired in Ibiza, getting in touch with Rene, F6AZC and they now have a regular weekly sked on 7 MHz. G6ZY and F6AZC were involved with clandestine radio in German-occupied Tunisia in 1942/43. So Helplines do help!"

..... and we're very pleased to bear it - (ED).

HFCC VACANCIES:

The RSGB's HF Contest Committee currently has vacancies for membership of the committee. The HFCC is responsible to Council for all aspects of the Society's HF contests including the drafting of organisation and rules, adjudication of contests and the writing of reports for Radio Communication.

The HFCC is a working committee which meets in central London about ll times a year, usually on a Thursday evening from 6pm-9pm. An evening meal is provided prior to the meeting and travei expenses are reimbursed by the Society. In addition to the meetings, committee members are required to spend some time adjudicating contests at home, either individually or as a member of a team.

Applicants should have an interest in MF contests, preferably as a regular entrant and because of the need to work with other committee members, should have easy access to central London.

Any member who feels that he/she fits the bill and can contribute to the smooth running of this committee, is asked to contact:-

> Ron Giaisber, G6LX 279 Addiscombe Road Croydon CRO 7HY

NEW CHAIR FOR EMC COMMITTEE:

Group would like to know the wbereabouts of G6RNS and G8RNS. 1t is believed that the callsigns are no longer active and the group would like to investigate the possibility of these callsigns being relinquished with a veiw to them being reissued to North Staffs Raynet. If anyone has any information would they please contact Alian Drake, GIEBD on 0782 612868.

HAMS ACROSS THE OCEAN:

WBOVJB, from Steve Anderson, Northfield, Minnesota, is hoping to find some amateurs in the UK wbo would be interested in corresponding with him with the aim of arranging QSOs and a meeting when be next visits this country. He was in England last year and "bad a great time" but did not get the chance to meet any UK amateurs. If you would like to write to Steve, his address is:-

> 413 West 1st Street Northfield, MN 55057 USA

G4YXF or G4YXG?:

Due to an error made some three years ago at Post Office HQ in Chesterfield, Mr Dungworth-Saxton both our services effective. was issued with the wrong callsign. For the last three years he has been using the callsign G4YXF when be should have been using G4YXG. He bas now been issued with the correct callsign which should appear in the next UK Callbook. He is NOT a pirate!

TYPING AID:

Mr Worthington, GW3COI has a RTTY transceiver model MM4001 KB and is baving problems with the 'touch-type' keyboard supplied with the unit. To belp improve his one-finger typing technique, he asks if anyone has details of how to substitute another keyhoard, such as the Vic 20 hoard or any other with a similar 'key' action. If you can help, please contact GW3COl wbo is QTHR.

NOTE:

"Helplines" is designed to help you to solve problems or find out information from fellow amateurs or SWLs. It is also here to help put people with similar interests in touch with each other. However, if you are looking for spares or equipment, please use the "Members' Ads" facility.

The North Staffordsbire Raynet At its meeting on 11 July 1987, Council appointed Dan Bernard, G4RLE, the new chairman of the EMC Committee. One of Dan's first requests was to be able to publish an occasional column in the Bulletin to keep you abreast of what's happening in the EMC world the editorial arm was duly twisted and bere's Dan's first piece:

> "As the new chairman of the EMC Committee, I am boping to make this column a regular feature of RadCom. It will not necessarily appear every month but certainly on a more regular basis than it has in the past. It will take the form of a very basic and brief progress report in an effort to give you some reassurance that positive progress is being made on EMCrelated topics.

> "I have already been involved in a meeting with the DT1/RIS and am happy to report that an air of mutual cooperation exists. So mucb so that we have agreed, in principle, to compile a joint 'Code of Practice' concerning the way in which breakthrough problems are dealt with. Note, not the technicalities of curing breakthrough but the procedures for dealing with them. It is an attempt to prevent duplication of effort and provide a sensible and reasonable solution thus making

> "Subject to final Council approval and also the response of Society members, the Committee intends to introduce a new scheme in the spring of '88 which will provide an improved EMC service to amateurs and is part of the joint DT1/R1S/RSGB venture mentioned earlier. To a degree this service already exists but it will be greatly expanded. It should also tie in with the new RSGB Liaison Officer scheme announced in the Radio August issue of Communication.

> "I should stress that this new scheme is an interim measure in dealing with EMC problems. The Committee's main thrust is towards obtaining proper and enforceable legislation which leads to manufacturers incorporating built-in suppression into domestic electronic equipment. Amateur radio is not the only radio spectrum user which suffers from the problems we are encountering today and in many ways the Society can contribute greatly towards this campaign.

> "There is another side to the coin, which is the ability of several items of equipment such as computers to radiate an unacceptable amount of RF and

interference. thereby cause Tackling this problem is another major task for the committee.

"None of these problems can be solved in five minutes but I can assure you that every effort is being made towards achieving goals along the lines I have mentioned.

"In the meantime, should you have a TVI, BCl or general EMC problem please do not hesitate to contact me direct at the address below. I will endeavour, wherever possible and by using the resources available, to help in any way I can."

> Dan Bernard, G4RLE EMC Committee Chairman 36 Guildford Road Portsmouth Hants. PO1 5HX

VHF/UHF NEWSLETTER:

As we approach what the poet Keats failed to call the season of lifts and mellow fruitfulness (uurrrgh), it's time to remind those who like chasing DX on 50 MHz and above about the "VHF/UHF Newsletter". Published by the Society, this extremely useful specialist newsletter is aimed at those who operate on 6, 4, 2 and 0.7 metres. It's recently increased in size and now covers 12 pages every month so a large quantity of topical information finds its way into the pages.

Regular features now include band reports and propagation events, solar factual data, meteor scatter, EME, DXpedition information and information on contests and activity periods. In addition, there are occasional articles, propagation technical papers, VHF Committee reports and so on. There's even the odd photograph.

The VHF/UHF Newsletter is edited by David Butler, G4ASR. You can get it from:-

> RSGB Publications (Sales), Lambda House, Cranborne Road, Potters Bar, Herts EN6 3JE.

Price to members is £7.20 pa, to non-members £8.47 pa. This includes delivery to UK and EEC addresses. For rates applicable to other overseas destinations, please contact HQ for a quotation. Don't forget that you can now pay for things like newsletters by credit card over the telephone. Just dial 0707 59015 and we'll do the rest.

Other specialist news letters are available. Please see the "Mail Order Price List" for details.

Council Brief ...

Council Meeting of the year (11 July 1987) by welcoming Sir Richard Davies, KCVO, CBE, G2XM, as an observer. Sir Richard is to be the Society's President during its 75th Anniversary year in 1988.

Budgets for 1987/88 were again discussed in some detail with Mr B. O'Brien giving details of the F & S budget meetings that were shortly to take place. The need for hudgets to be produced a little earlier next year were noted. It was felt possible that this role, traditionally carried out by the Honorary Treasurer, could be transferred to HQ as a staff function, now that a new HQ Accountant had recently been Accountant had recently been employed. The provision of monthly financial reports to Council, to replace the existing three-monthly reports, was also discussed. should now he possible hecause increased mechanisation in the Accounts Section would enable the Accountant to spend more time in this area.

The Secretary also reported that he wished to introduce a hasic scheme for staff time sheets to enable work done hy the Society to he more accurately costed.

Because of rising costs, Mr B. O'Brien expressed the view that the F & S Committee should show a strong lead in quiding the Society and its volunteer helpers towards a approach cautious to expenditure. Mr Barnes reminded Council that Committees accounted for approximately 2% of the Society's turnover.

It was reported that Mr Cornish, G3COR, had Written to the Society indicating his intention to resign as Honorary Treasurer, after ten years, probably at the end of 1987. Council noted the letter and discussed a candidate as a possible replacement.

The Secretary reported that as a result of the recent mailshot, some 900 Class B licensees had joined the Society. However, there had heen a small fall in membership during the 1986/87 financial year of some 1.6%. This had probably heen due to the increase in subscription rates and a lack of new members caused by the falling off in the rate of increase in the number of radio amateurs in the

Two new members of staff had recently heen recruited to the Membership Services Department. The Secretary reported that there

The President opened the 4th were early signs of a faster Council's appreciation of the work response to queries even though undertaken hy committees and to much staff training was still give Council's views on the various required.

The Secretary reported a successful start to the introduction of payments for hooks and other products by credit card. Some 28 orders had been received on the first day of the introduction of this new facility. It is hoped introduce a direct debit to : facility in the first quarter of 1988 now that arrangements with the banks were nearing completion.

The Secretary reported that were a number of areas there involving the Data Protection Act which were under discussion with the Society's solicitors. Much staff time had been devoted to sorting out problems which had arisen hecause of this new Act.

The Secretary reported that the major review of the amateur radio licence was to commence in early September. In addition, the DTI was likely to issue some Press Releases and Gazette Notices concerning third- party messages, log-keeping and packet radio, although it was not known when these releases would he made. It was also reported that the work of the Licensing Advisory Committee on special research permits was now reaching a conclusion after nearly three years of negotiation with the

The Secretary had recently met representatives of the Royal National Institute for the Deaf. The Institute was interested in the use of CW as a possible means of communication hetween deaf people and also generally interested in matters relating to amateur radio licensing for deaf people.

A meeting to discuss a new form of licensing aimed at encouraging more heginners into the hobby of amateur radio was due to take place at the end of September. The Secretary also reported that the Licensing Advisory Committee were discussing the CSP Report on the deregulation of the spectrum between 30 MHz and 1 GHz and would make an appropriate input to the DTI as soon as possible.

Council spent several hours discussing the annual reports of committee chairmen to Council. As part of the discussion on the important work of RSGB committees, hoth hudgets and future activities and projects of committees were discussed. The President would write to each committee chairman personally in order to convey

projects being proposed by each committee. (Reports on the work of each committee during the 1986/87 financial year will he published in the November 1987 issue of Radio Communication as part of the Society's Annual Report).

After a discussion, Council agreed to award the Founders Trophy to Peter Miles, G3KDB, for his extensive work as the Society's Awards Manager from 1980 to 1987. In addition, Council agreed that the Calcutta Key, awarded for contributions to international friendship, he awarded to Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ, for his considerable work in connection with AMSAT - UK. Council agreed unanimously that the proposal concerning the admittance to IARU Region 1 of the Egypt Amateur Radio Society he approved. Further, Council agreed that any group of ten or more members of the Society could register as an RSGB Group and that no affiliation fee would be necessary.

addition to the above, the following items were discussed: the cost in staff time in replying to a few members of the Society who wrote frequently to request detailed information about the Society's activities; the name of the Society's journal; reduced and waived subscriptions; affiliations to the Society; the IARU Region 1 Conference report arising out of which the Secretary was asked to convey Council's thanks to both Tim Hughes, G3GVV, and John Allaway, G3FKM; the re-appointment of RSGB G3FKM; the re-appointment of RSGB Morse Examiners from 1 July 1987 for a period of one year; the Junior Amateur of the Year Award the proposed lottery for the 1988 registration Anniversary Year lottery and the notice which would advise members of those Council members who would retire at the end of 1987.

honorary officers Three were re-appointed: Audio/Visual Library, G2PA; VHF Awards Manager, G5UM, and the Ohservation Service Manager, G4FJN.

The President reported receipt of a letter from Lady Westhury, Superintendent- in-Chief of the St. John Ambulance Brigade. This was in appreciation of assistance given hy the Grafton Radio Society at the recent event in Hyde Park.

DON'T MISS THE MAIL

Did you know that two out of every three RSGB members have a computer in their homes? If you happen to be one of the two and you have a 144 MHz transceiver (or even just an "electronic handbag" handie-talkie), why not link them together and join in the fun on packet radio? In this special feature we look at some of the reasons why more than 2,000 UK radio amateurs have already got going on this fascinating new mode and show you bow to join them.

But what is packet radio?

It's another product of our digital age; what it amounts to is a form of data transmission in which the information is sent out in small bursts. These bursts (called "packets") can be passed on from one station to another. The really significant point is that your packet data messages can be relayed automatically by any other station who happens to be on the frequency - this is unique to packet radio, and as we'll see it's the mechanism by which IW from a 144 MHz hand-beld can get messages to virtually anywhere in the world.

Which is one clue to the phenomenal growth in popularity of packet radio. Traditional forms of amateur radio will always have their devotees and long may it remain so. However - and very regrettably - the vast majority of us will never possess the 10-acre 120' towers, stacked mono-banders, 16 x 19-ele 144 MHz arrays, etc, Which make working almost any DX you care to name relatively simple. And even if you the kind of 144 MHz mege-station most of us dream about (400W to something enormous 3,000' asl and no neighbours for miles), range under ordinary conditions won't be much over, say, 7-800 km on tropo. Packet radio changes all that. To go places on packet, all you need is a modest antenna and low power - from that point of view it's absolutely ideal for the city dweller with limited space for the antenna farm or the quy at the bottom of a valley. Another tremendous point about packet is that it's a lot less likely to call unwelcome attention to itself from the EMC point of

This month we take a look at the appeal of packet radio

view than a conventional high-ERP DX-chasing installation. Because - as you'll see - you only require low power for very long-distance contacts, the risk of things like pointed comments from Mrs Scruggs at No.49 about the size of your antennas or shouting matches with Mr Scruggs on account of your interfering with his viewing of the Miss World contest the other night is considerably reduced.

Anyway - to business.

We said earlier that packet is a form of data transmission in which packets of data are repeated or passed on between one station and another. The automatic relaying of messages from station to station is "digipeating", called and in principle it can carry on as long as you like. Certainly it may take hours or days, but - for example - one member of Headquarters staff bas sent messages to Australia, New Zealand and the USA using a 1W 144 MHz transceiver and a quarter-wave vertical (pause to allow hardened beavy-metal VHF DX-chasers to pick themselves up from the floor, make strong coffee, fall into comfy chair .etc). Many other packet operators have done the same, and every day send messages for hundreds of miles up and down the UK. The really crucial thing to grasp is that very often these are stations who couldn't expect to work any distance at all by direct two-way VHF. How this is done - by means of packet repeaters and "mailboxes" - is described later, but in essence all you need to be able to do is make contact with your local mailbox or packet repeater. In theory at least, from then on the sky's the limit because your message can be forwarded by an amateur satellite or HF link to well, anywhere!

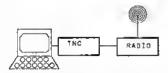
The packet which you send out from your station typically lasts a second or so. It contains all sorts of things, but basically every packet contains the callsign of your station, the callsign of the station you're talking to, the callsigns of any stations in between who are providing the route (up to a maximum of 8) and the message which you've typed into your computer. Your packet is acknowledged by the station you're talking to. If you happen to be working someone via packet and another station decides that you're ideally placed to act as a relay station for him, that's fine - it all happens quite automatically and bas hardly any effect on the contact you're in the middle of. If you need to for any reason, you can cease being a "digipeater" by means of a keyboard command.

Digipeating can obviously take time, and it can also be hindered if there is a large number of stations on frequency at the same time - under these circumstances it takes a bit longer to get the message through. The alternative to digipeating is to use a "mailbox" and we'll look into this in detail later on. Either way, all you need is enough power to access the first station in what may be a very long chain - and the odds are that the first station is quite close. Incidentally, from the licensing point of view digipeating is quite acceptable in the UK - as we went to press the DTI was about to come with a press release to clarify the position.

It all sounds terribly difficult and technical, though, doesn't it? Well, prepare for a pleasant surprise, it isn't. The most difficult series of words in the packet vocabulary are those reserved for the magic box which does most of the work (no, not swear words, fool, the name of the thing). This beast is called a Terminal Node Controller, usually abbreviated by one and all to TNC. If you can get your mind round what the TNC does, you've cracked packet in one go.

The diagram (over) shows where the TNC fits into the packet station. As you can see, it's the

which computer and transceiver to speak to one another. As you sit typing your message to a station on the keyboard, the TNC is automatically turning this into a packet for transmission. A typical packet could contain 80 characters of text. When you type in the 80th character, the TNC automatically switched the transmitter on and sends out the packet. The INC is also connected to the receiver's audio output so that it can decode incoming packets and also so that it can monitor the channel and oot send out a packet if it's hearing any others heing sent. So in practice the TNC is trying all the time to slot your packets in between others it hears - can't do that in a pile-up, can you? Much better than all this primitive and hooraying shouting for DX....he said, living very dangerously.



You've no doubt guessed that because individual packets are of short duration, many stations can be active on one frequency at a particular time - this situation is also guite unique to packet radio.

the TNC Hooking up to only requires three transceiver connections audio t.o the audio transmitter, from the receiver and the 'PTT. The link hetween computer and TNC is normally the dreaded RS232, although some TNCs have provision for TTL connection. In a subsequent Bulletin we'll list currently available and popular TNCs, with prices and other basic details. Incidentally, your TNC comes complete with a comprehensive book which will tell you how to get it all going and make contacts with stations.

That's all there is to it!

Packet radio is in its infancy in the UK, and those taking part in it are well and truly breaking new ground. As more mailboxes become operational and more amateurs become active on packet, horizons will n o doubt extend even further and message handling will become much faster. By the way, messages aren't confined to text - even at

persuades your this early stage in things it's AROUND THE WORLD IN 80 WAYS: possible to send computer programs via packet, or even still pictures in digital form. The scope of packet radio is only limited by your imagination!

Actually, don't tell anyone, but even the VHF DX beavy gang bave started using packet to tell one another when conditions are good.....

POPULAR FREQUENCIES:

The most popular packet frequency in the UK is 144.650 MHz. This is where most of the mailboxes and digipeaters are located at present. The adjacent frequency 144.625 MHz is also recommended for direct station to station packet contacts in order to relieve the pressure in some parts of the country on 144.650 MHz. Depending on where you are you might also hear packets on 432.675 MHz or 50.650 MHz. On HF much packet activity can be beard around 14.10 MHz, but NOT on!

BUZZ-WORDS:

CONNECT - the command to instruct your TNC to link to another station.

DISCOMNECT - when you want to finish a contact.

MYCALL - the command you use to tell your TNC your callsign. Once given your TNC will automatically put your callsign into every packet that transmitted.

MAILBOX - a licensed unattended station with a GB callsign. You can store messages on a mailbox and read messages addressed to you. You can also send messages to friends at other mailboxes in the UK or in theory anywhere in the World. Another name for a mailbox is a Bulletin Board System (BBS).

BUSY - the message sent to your station if the station that you want to contact is already in

COMMON PACKET STANDARDS:

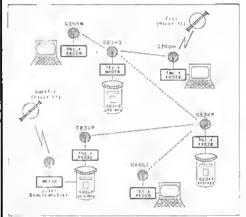
HF - 300 baud, 200 Hz shift, tones normally 1600 & 1800 Hz.

VHF - 1200 haud, tones 1200 and 2200 Hz.

In the beginning:

Back in the early days of packet, it wasn't too easy to get messages beyond the horizon. Digipeating helped, of course, but if there were more than two or three hops in the path it became a long-winded process, especially if lots of other stations were using the same frequency. Nowadays, the only time there isn't much traffic on the packet channels is in the wee small hours of the morning, but there aren't too many people to talk to then either!

There is also the problem of trying to talk to someone who isn't there! For example, G3NRW could try to raise G3RUH in Cambridge (see the diagram), with the TNC command "CONNECT G3RUH VIA GB3HQ", but if G3RUH is not at home, or busy talking to satellites, G3NRW doesn't get very far.



Enter the packet mailbox:

The packet mailbox has changed all that. Now you can leave a message on your local mailbox, which then sends it automatically through the packet network to the mailbox nearest the person you want to contact. The destination mailbox may be in the next town, reached by a couple of digipeater hops on 2m, or it may be on the other side of the world, reached by a combination of VHF, UHF, HF, microwave and satellite links. It doesn't matter if the person you want to contact is busy doing something else when you send the message; it will be waiting for him or her in their local mailbox next time they log-in. Time differences don't more. James in matter алу Cambridge, England, can collect his messages when be has finished his satellite QSOs, and James in (over)

Cambridge, Massachusetts, can go to bed and get up at normal times, knowing that his messages will still be waiting for him.

Mailbox basics:

So what is a mailbox, how does it work and how do you use it? Well, a mailbox (or "packet bulletin board system", PBBS, as it is sometimes known) is simply a combination of a digipeater and a computer system. The computer can be virtually any micro with a disk and suitable mailbox software; for example, the RSG8 HQ system uses an 1BM PC, running one of the world's most popular mailbox packages written by WA7MBL, and there are similar packages available for BBC, Atari and CP/M-based macbines.

Down to business:

To communicate with a mailbox, you simply connect to it in the same way as connecting to an ordinary packet station. For example, to talk to the GB3HQ mailbox, you give the command "CONNECT GB3HQ". The first time you do this, it will respond with something like:

Hello new user.
Please use the N command to log
your name.
You have unread mail.
8,K,L,N,R,S[

It greeted you with a friendly hello, but although it knows your callsign it doesn't know your name yet. So the first thing you could do is to introduce yourself, using the "N" command after the [prompt. For example, you could type "N lan", so that the next time you log in, the box will greet you properly (on most boxes there is a limit of ten or twelve characters for the Nebucbadnezzar, the greeting will not be as fulsome as you might bave expected!).

The box also told you that you have unread mail. In other words, someone has already sent you a message, and it has been saved for you on the mailbox computer. To read your message(s), the command is simply "RM" (Read Mine). The box responds with something like:

Msg E 308 Stat:Y To: G3NRW
From: GOCNR Date: 21-Jul/2122
Subject: Proc. 1EEE, Jan. '87
Ian, How are you - long time no connect! Have you seen the
Proceedings of the 1EEE, January
1987. The good news....(etc).



KEY:

- Mailboxes
- · Digipeaters
- likely sites for future mailboxes/digipeaters

NOTES: Some stations on this map may not have been licensed at the time of publication.

All stations operate on 144.650 MHz vertical polarisation.

A typ	ical	mailb	ox mess	age list	ing.		
Msg£	<u>TS</u>	Size	To	@ BBS	From	Date	Subject
321	N	216	GOCNR		G3NRW	22-Ju1	PROC IEE
319	\$	2281	ALL		G3 RWL	22-Jul	Satellite News £ 0010
318	N	2361	G8GG1	@G83KP	G3NRW	22-Jul	NET/ROM
316	N	535	DCE	@GB3UP	G8NNU	22-Jul	NK6K
295	\$	2959	ALL		GOBSX	21-Jul	BSX TNC Queries
292	N	589	G4UJS	@GB3CD	G6DL _J	21-Jul	ECKY THUMP MK5
279	N	303	G6MEN	@G83CD	G8KBV	20-Jul	NOISY MOBILE
262	8\$	675	ALL	_	G8AMD	20-Jul	ACORN 512 2nd Processor
261	\$	855	ALL		G6MEN	20-Jul	Help please

Talking

What else is on the mailhox?

To find out what messages are stored in the mailhox, you can give the "L" (List) command. A typical response is shown below. At the top of the list you can see the message you have just sent, plus many others. Some of these are addressed to ALL, meaning that they intended for general consumption, so why not take a look? To read any message, you simply give the "R" command, followed by the message numbers of interest. For example, "R 319 295 292".

Notice that the last of these messages (number 292) was addressed to a particular station, not to ALL. You are still allowed to read it, though, as no message is allowed to he "private" on the hox. So you can steam open other people's mail with impunity!

Things that go bleep in the night!

We have seen how to get a message to someone who happens to sbare your own local mailhox, but how do you send a message to someone further away? First of all, you need to know (or guess) the callsign of his/her own local mailhox, and then you address your message to that box. For example, to send a message to G8GGI, who happens to use GB3KP as his local mailbox, the command is "S G8GGI @ GB3KP".

After you have deposited the in your local hox, message automation takes over. At regular times throughout the day and night, your mailhox looks for messages addressed to other boxes, and forwards them on automatically. So, to deliver G8GGI's message, GB3HQ automatically connects to GB3KP and then sends the message, which GB3KP will then store, ready for when G8GGI next logs in.

How does GB3HO know how to GB3KP? Well, each a routing table connect to mailhox has a routing containing the connection routes to all other known mailhoxes. These routing tables are growing all the time as the packet network expands, and within the very near future it should be possible to get a message to almost any part of the country completely automatically. So if you happen to be listening on 144.650 MHz in those wee small hours, you will now hear lots of activity, with the packet mailboxes talking to each other, forwarding their messages from point to point What bappens if you don't have any throughout the UK; messages of the appropriate groundstation

final destination.

Hello world!

If you want to send a message to everyone on your local mailhox, you simply give the command "S ALL" (i.e. send to all readers). Similarly, if you want to send a message to all users on GB3UP, you could give the command "S ALL @ GB3 UP11.

This is fine if you just want to address a particular geographical area, but how do you send a message to all readers everywhere, if you don't know all the mailhox callsigns? No problem. All you do is send a "Bulletin", using a special form of the "S" command; e.g. "S ALL] G3NRW \$G3NRW0001". This tells the mailbox to forward the message from G3NRW to all the other boxes in its routing table. The "\$" part of the command a unique hulletin (which you allocate contains identifier yourself); this identifier 1s cbecked by each mailhox as it receives the message, so that it can check whether it has already heen received from another source. A note of caution - don't flood the country with Bulletins just because you can't find a 10K resistor! In fact, though the system works well, 144.650 MHz is very overloaded. We hope to use other frequencies and hands for mailhoxes and links quite soon, but we are waiting for the OTI to clarify and resolve several matters. While the system is overloaded have regard for how you use it so that everyone can use what at present is a limited resource.

Up, up and away into space:

Let's go further afield. There are two satellites orbiting the earth at present which can store and forward packet messages. One of these is the Japanese satellite Fuji (Oscar 12), which has four 2m uplink channels and one 70cm downlink channel. If you have the right radio equipment, you simply connect to the satellite with the "CONNECT 8J1JAS" command, and use its mailbox in the usual way. So wherever Fuji is visible from the ground, packet messages can he forwarded.

Calling ground control:

literally hop from mailbox to equipment? After all, satellite mailbox until they reach their communication needs a fair amount of equipment and antennas, plus a good helping of band-on experience hefore it becomes reliable. Is it still possible to send packet messages via satellite without getting involved in the nitty gritty of satellite communications?

Yes it is, thanks to the efforts of AMSAT members throughout the world. If you want to send a packet message via the UoSAT-II satellite (Oscar 11), all you have to do is get it to the nearest groundstation, Which in this country happens to be at the University of Surrey in Guildford.

To do this, you send the message with the command "S DCE @ GB3UP" DCE is a special code (meaning Digital Communications Experiment), which tells GB3UP to forward the message onwards to the UoSAT groundstation at the University. At the groundstation the packet system reads the title of your message, which will he something like "VK6ADF @ VK6XYZ". This says that the message is destined for VK6ADF at the VK6XYZ mailbox. In fact, the message will he routed via the VK5AGR groundstation, but the user does not really need to know this.

It's as easy as that! So now you don't need your own satellite system to get packet messages around the world. At present there are four Oscar 11 groundstations to do this for you, in England, California, India and Australia, with two more coming on-line soon, on the east coast of the USA and in New Zealand.

It takes a little time of course to relay a message through the UK network to University of Surrey, up to Oscar 11, down to ground again and through the local network to its eventual destination. Typically, messages can take several days to reach an overseas mailhox. It was interesting to note that in a recent test exchange between RSGB and ARRL staff, the message took longer to be forwarded between California and Connecticut than it took from RSGB HQ to the UoSAT II receiving station in the USA.

CONNECT INTERNATIONAL

Published 15th of each month by RSGB. Deals with all aspects of packet radio. Price for UK/EEC is £7.95 for members. £9.35 for nonmembers. Tel: 0707 59015 for credit card orders or see mailorder price list in this issue.

Events Diary

Mobile Rallies

This is a list of all railles, exhibitlers and conventions rotified to HO (as at press date). Items are given in datall for the rext three months incirsive and in brief thereafter. Please and datalled information, inciraling cortect callsign and triephane numbers direct to HQ and marked "Bullatin".

marked 'BulTatin'.

4 OCIDER

*Welsh Amateur Radio Convartior - Dakdala
Commonity Cantra, Black-wood, Gwent. Gpans 10am,
official opering by RSCB President, Hrs. Joan
Heathershaw, GCHH at Tilam. Trade axhibition,
ronvention station, *RSCB stand*, bring & buy,
refreshmarts. Compraharsive lectrra programme on
HF and VHF topins. Talk-in from 9am or 522. Exit
28 off Mm motorway. Datolis Briaw GWSKYA, tal:
0495 225825 (see p.675 Saptember RadCom).
*Wekefield Mobila Rally - Dutwood Grarga
School, Patawars Lane, Ortwood, Wakefield, Opans
11am (10,30am for disabled visitors), usual
tradars, bring & buy, prize draw, refreshmants,
bar. Talk-in or 522 ord via CBSMU (RDIS) by
CBZWWR. Frae addmission, free carparking. Details
Steve GARCH, tel: 0532 536633. Trada argirfas
Kan C35PX, tal: Wakefield B2B52D.
*Great Lumlay AR & ES Rally - Tha Comunity
Centre, Great Lumlay, Chastar-la-Street, Courty
Durham. Dpans 11am, talk-in en 522 ard 70cm.
Datalis GMSF, tel: 091 469 395S.
10 GCTOGER
*RSCB XIDLANDS VHF CONVENTION - Hadaley Court

OCTOBER

*RSGB HIDLANDS VHF CONVENTION - Hadaley Court Contro, Telford, Shropshire. Opens lbam, comprehersive lacture programme, VHF forum, small trade show, bring 6 buy, bookstall, refreshments. Buffet in evering (advance booking only - see p.68D September RacCom). Telk-in er 522 by CISCR/A. Details Peter GSUBX (OTHR).

GISCAFA. Dotails room.

T1 GCTBER

*Armagh & Drngannen District ARC Mobile Relly Orumshill House Motal, 2 miles from Armagh an Moy
Read. Datells GIOADD.

Ta OCTOBER

ELHOEX (Elactronic Hobbies Exhibition run by ****ELHGEX** (Electronic Hobbies Exhibition run by Mornsea ARC) - Floral Hall, Hernsey. Opens at ITam (eerly entry for disabled visitors). All the rawal treders, bring & buy stell, demonstratiors by ether leeel cirbs. Refreshmant and bor facilities. Cood car parking. Lecated on the sea front so ideal for all the family. Petterles and Nare clase by. Talk-in en 522 by CAEKT. Details Oraran, GSTL1 on 04012-2588.

23/24 OCTOBER
*tolcoster Ameteur Radio Exhibition - Grarby

#1.0lcaster Ameteur Radle Exhibition - Grarby Halls, Leirester. #RSCB stard*, ell the usual treders, lorge bring & buy stell, bar and refrashment facilities. Lecated close to Laicester BR statler and city centre, large car park near by. Oatsils Frank CAPD2, talr D533 553293.

, november *Cormorthan ARS Exhibition & Rolly - Lrisrre Centre, Jehnstown, Garmarthan, Opera et 10.30am, troor stords, flea market, cefe & bar, swimming pool. Talk-in er S22 Datells CW3CUE, tal: 026 783 460.

7 NOVEMBER A7th North Dever Radle Rally · Bradworthy Memorial Hell, near Helsworthy. Dpans at 1D.3Cam, usual traders, bring & bry. Talk-in en S22. Details GBMX1 (GTMR).

7/8 NOVEMBER

*North Wales Radie Rally - Abercenwy Cenlarrace Certra, Llandudro, Gwynedd. Amateur radie & essociated electronics hebblas, larga bring & buy stall, flee market. Datells Derrick Watts, tal: Colwyn Bay S3004T.

15 NOVEMBER
*Bridgand Rally - Bridgard Recreation Centre, Angel Straet, Bridgand. Deens at Tiam 110.3Dam for disablad visitors), usual tradars. Talk-in ar 522. Details CMIOUP, tel: 0656 723508.

*Bishep Auckland ARS 4th Arrual HamDay Rally - Elm Read Working Han's Club, Shilden, Ge.Ourham. Deers Tiam, usual tradars, bring & buy, raffla, rafrashments & bar. Yelk-in en 522. Oetails CADMZ, tel: 0325-314638.

tel: 0325-319536. 22 NOVEMBER *West Manchester RC Winter Rally - Pembreke Halts, Walkdar. Dpens at 10.30am, usual tradars and featres. Talk-in en S22. Datalls GT100, tel: D204-24104.

6 DECEMBER *Varriam Christmas Rally - St Albars City Hall. Details Hilery GAUKS, tal: D727 59318. Treda: Watford 52959.

T3 GECEMBER *Leeds & District ARS Christmas Rally - Pudsey Givic Centra, Dowsons Cornar, Pudsay, or Laeds. Details C4WYD, tel: D274-68SD39. IH BRIEF - More datalls later.

24 JANUARY T988

**Oldham Amstrer Radio Rally · Ouean Elizabeth Mall, Clvic Centre, Oldham. Oatalls Cathy, G4ZEP tal · 061-552 8617. 31 JARJARY

al January

"25th MarSA Exhibition - Norbrock Castle
Exhibition Cartre, Blackpoal. Octalls Peter GGCGF,
tr1; DSI-63D 5790.
27 FEBRUARY

*Rajrham Radio Rajly - Parkmoad Commurity Crrtra, Dearwoad Driva, Rajrham, Gillingham, Xart. Oatalls Bob CilXE, tel: Madway 362154.

b march

*8lua Star Rally - Venre to be announced.

Datalls Tyreside ARS, 13 tothlar Court, Newcastle,
Tyna & Wear NES 372.

6 MARCH

**Molsh Mobile Relly - The Berry Leisma Centre, off Holton Road, Berry. Details Hike GWBCMU, tel: D446-711426.

**South Essex ARS Nablic Rally - The Paddocks Community Centra, Canvry is, Fasex. Datells COBBH, tail 0268-755350.

2D NARCH

*Ponteiract Components Fair - Carlator Community Cantra, Pontafract. Details CCAAO, tal: 0977-431DT.

0977-43101.

T MAY

*RSCB VHF CONVENTION - Sandowr Park Recearrse,
Eshar, Surrey. Details C3F2L. Trada - Les, C5HD
tail 04D 92B-342.

*Sth Arglo-Scottish Relly - leit Nelle, Kelse.
Datails Andra CM3VLB, tair 0573-24864 (avarings).

S JUNE
*Southend Mobile Relly - Rochway Cartre,
Rochford, Essex. Octails GBEFG, tel: 0268-755331.

Rochford, Essex. voter.s
T2 JUNE
*Elvasten Castle Robila Radie Rally - Elvasten
Castle Country Park, or Derby. Details John GVP2Y,
tel: 0332-767994. Trade arquirles, G4HIJ, tel:
D335-4324T.

± 15/16/17 JULY
± =RSCB 75th ANNIVERSARY NATIONAL CONVENTION - ±
± Hatlonal Exhibition Contre, Birmingham, Datolis±
± RSCB HQ. Trado - Norman, C3MVV tol: D277-225563±

24 JULY

*Lircein Hamfest '88 - Lircairshira Showgrernd, 4 milas N of Lincair on ATS. Oatalls John GBVGF, tal: 0522-2576D.

25 SEPTEMBER

*RSCB HF CBMVENTION - Belfry Hotel, rr Oxford.
OctolTs RSCB.

2 OCTOBER 2 DCTOBER

*Great Lumlry AR & ES Relly - Community Centre,
Great Lumley, Chester-le-Streat, Go.Durham.

8 OCTOBER (Provisions)

*Midlands VMF Genvention - Dotalls Pater GSUBX.

OTHER EVENTS

7 NOVEMBER T987

*BARTG Annual Cercrel Merting - The Churchill Room, Lender Morsa, Mecklerbrigh Square, Lorder NCI starting at 2pm. S DECEMBER

*RSGB ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING . Vanir to be

GB Calls

The list below shows ALL the special event stations (axerpt JOTA stations) licensed for operation during Deteber and early Nevember - (es at press date) it is taken direct from the CB Calls file on the HO computer. These realisigns are valid for rose from the data given but the period of operation may very from I to 2B days. There's non no need to send details direct to the editorial effice.

NOTE: This list is taken from the Headquarters' database during the first meek of the month prior to publication. If you have an event which is taking place during the latter part of the manth

of issue, you must sand yorr form in ta Haadquertrrs at lrast 10 werks in advance ta ensure that it can be processed mady for the listing, otherwise it will miss the repy datr.

T OCTOBER
CHOCDE - COASTAL DEFENCE "E": Fart Pribrook.
Locator: 10 90 LU. Datalls COONZ.
GHODOC - (CUIDE) DOG FDR THE BLIND: Clirinalg.
Ballantrae, Ayrablee, Details CHAMEW.
CBICDU - CDASTAL DEFENCE "U" - Fort Cumberland.

Grid: 52 693 992, Oetalls CBINO.
GBIXXI/CB2XXI - 215T AMMIVERSARY CUERNSEY ARS HO:
Oberlands, St.Martins, Guarrsay. Datalls
CUBITE/CUACNS

GB2PP - PLYMOUTH PDLYTECHNIG: SU Brilding, Draka Circus, Plymouth, Devon. Datalls GOGVI. GB4GRS - QUAINTON RAILMAY STATION: Nr Aylrsbury,

CBAORS - QUAINTON RAILWAY STATION: Nr Ayirsbury,
Bucks, Details CAPSH.
CBAUOW - UHIVERSITY OF WARWICK: Coventry,
W.Hidlends, Details GOGMA,
GBBAAW - ACTION AID WEEK: Marsfield, Natts.
Datails GOUYD.
CORRA - RED ROSE AWARD: Boltan, Lancs. Details

CT 100.

2 OCTOBER
CBICOD - COASTAL DEFENCE "O": Southsaa Gastlo CBICDD - COASTAL DEFENCE "O": Southsan Costlo,
Portsmouth, Grld: S2 643 98D. Oatalis CIUMS.
CB2HAW - MOTEL WILLIE WILLIE: York, Oatalis CSFTS.
CB2NK - NORNICH/KDBLEM2: Norwich, Detalis CSGTS.
CB4NSA - 80Y SCOUTS DF AMERICA: Tolmers Mational
Scout Comp, Cuffley, Herts. Detalis CGCSF.
CB6HF - HDUCHTON FEAST: Kapler Hall,
Horghtor-lo-Spring, Tyre & Ware. Oetalis
COABF.
3 Octobee

COABF.
3 OCTOBER
GBOSJC - ST JOHNS CENTENERY: John Radcliffa
Hospital, Dxford. Datalis CDAGJ.
CB4BMR - BOLIDN HOUNTAIN RESCUE: Nam Ovardale
Youth Training Cartre, Bolton. Detalis
CAMRO.
CB41LB - INSHORE LIFEBOAT: Claetherpes Lifeboat

Statler. Detells CAYTQ.
G84NSU - NEURD SURGICAL UNIT: Didham ARC HO,
Heerslda, Oldham. Oetalls CAZEP.

4 OCTOBER

B OCTOBER
CB2COW - COASTAL DEFENCE "W": Grid: SU 589 069. Details COGIA.

9 OCTOBER GROERH - EAST RIOOLESDEN HALL: Kelghley, W.Yerks.

GBUERR - EAST RIDULESDEN TAKELT ROTGINGY, W.FOFKS.
Details COBBE.
GD2CCP - CHATELHERAULT COUNTRY PARK: Hamilton,
Strathelyde. Details CH3HTM.
GB4SUN - SUNDERLAND FLYING BOAT: Costle Archdale
Gortry Pk. Co.Formanagh, N.Ireland. Details
G14CZW (see 'Araurd the Graups').

GBEWMO - WAKEFIELO METROPOLITAM DISTRICT: Dasatt, W.YORKS. Drtalls CAVRY. 12 OCTOBER

G80CDG - COASTAL OFFENCE "G": Fort Gomer, Cospart. Grid: SZ SB7 989, Datalis CDAYZ,

CBSCES - CLUB EIGHTY SEVEN: The Grandstard, Old Recoorse, Carhelme Rd, Linceln. Details CIFKK. re october

GBOCOV - COLHWORTH OUSE VALLEY: Partenhall, Beds.
Details GBUYM.
GB2FEB - FAR EASTERY BROADCASTING (ASSDCIATION): - COLHWORTH OUSE VALLEY: Partenhall, Beds.

Garmurnock, Glarkston, Glasgow. Drtalls CH320H. GB2XAC - KIRRIEMUIR AGE CONCERH: Kirriemir,

CBEARL - KIRKIERO IK ACE CONCERN: KIRTIERIT, Angrs. Deteils GN4BAC. 18 OCTOBER GB2RES - RICHBOROUCH POWER SYATIDH: nr Sandwirh, Kent. Oetaile G3MEB. 21 OCTOBER

2T OCTOBER
GB2CDQ - COASTAL DEFENCE "D": Forc Grange,
Cosport. Grld: SU 591 002. Drtalls GWLIK.
GB2CDR - CDASTAL DEFENCE "R": Fort Rowner,
Gosport. Grld: SU 593 011. Datalls GWLIK.
22 OCTOBER
GB1CDE - COASTAL DEFENCE "E": Fort Prrbrook. Grld:
SU 678 064. Detolls GIXJR.

Events Diary

(22 October cont)
GBICOW - COASTAL OEFENCE "W": Fort Widley, Grid:
\$2 657 065. Details CIXJR.
GBZCN - GRANBY IMALLS: Aylestone Rd, telcestar.

Detalls C4PDZ,

23 OCTOBER CBICOT - COASTAL OFFFNCE "T"; Fort Nelson site.
Grid: SU 607 071, Details GBP00.

24 OCTOBER C82C88 - CLASCOW BOYS' BRIGADE: 88 HO, Glasgow.

Detalls CH4HYF. CB4WHY/CB6WHI - WFST HIDLANDS TRAVEL: Bordesley,

Blemingham, Details GAKOU,
GBEAR - BlH (ARMY) EL ALAMEIN REUNION: Town Hall,
Hova, E. Sussex, Octails GZOHV.
25 OCTOBER

CHOORC - OLNEY RUCBY CLUB: Olney, Bucks, Detalls 29 OCTOBER

ZF UCIUMEN
CB1CDO - COASTAT DEFENCE "O": Southsea Castle,
Portsmouth, Crid: SZ 643 980, Details CIUMB,
CB1CDU - COASTAL DEFENCE "U": Fort Cumberland.
Crid: SZ 683 992, Details C81NO.

30 DCTOBER

GBSRC - ROTHERHAM COLLEGE: Eastwood Lane, Rotherham, S. Yorks. Details CODZX, GBBAER - BIH ARMY EL ALAMEIN: Winter Gerdens, Blackpool, Detalls G2DHV.

GBIGER - INTERNATIONAL BEACH RACES:
Weston-super-Mare, Details C4SIY,
NOVEMBER

CBOCDF - COASTAL OEFENCE "E": Fort Purbrook. Locator: 10 90 LV, Details COOMZ. CB2PMS PRESION MANOR SCHOOL CARLTON AVE EAST WEBLEY MIDOX NAS BNA COCAJ K - ROYAL NAVAL AUXILLARY; Edinburgh, Octalis

CM3HUN.

CBAPMS - PRESION MANOR SCHOOL: Oollis Hill, London NW2, Oatalis GOF2W. 2 HOVEHBER

GBIRGW - RAYNET GROUP OF WICAM: Hindley, Wigan. Detalls CIEFU. A NOVEKRER

GBOCDX - COASTAL DFFFNCE "X": Golden Hill Fort, Freshwater, Isla of Wight, Details G3RJK,

S HOVEKBER GBZCDW - COASTAL DEFENCE "W": Grid: \$1 589 069. Detalls COGIA,

6 NOVEMBER CBONNR - NORTH WALES RALLY: Canolfan Aberconwy
Centre, Llandydno, Gwynedd. Detalls GWALWI.
CBGRBL - ROYAL BRITISH LEGION: Wigston Magna, Lelcester, Details G6PFN,

HOVENBER CBOACF/CBIACF - ARMY CADET FORCE (195 CO): Orill Hall, Leacroft, Staines, Niddx, Datalls G&XFX.

B HOVEKBER CB2PPC - PRIOR PARK COLLEGF: Sath, Avon. Oatalls

9 NOVEMBER 9 MOVEMBER GBOCDG - COASTAL DEFENCE "C": Fort Comer, Gosport. Grid: \$2 587 989. Datalls COAYE.

FOR JOTA tIST SEND LARGE SAE MARKED "JDTA".

L C S 0 D A R R O Т Α L S F E S В Y C N Е U O Е R W R Ν Α Α I 1 A C E Т Α Х М R Ν О Р M R R P S U Α Α D ı Х Т A В S S Р 0 ٧ Е C A S Е R K E Α C D P E D 0 1 D С Ν o Н Т P C D Y O ı Т М G Е В S Α Ν Е Т А R R 0 В Α N D Α Ν Ν Ν A R E м ۱ Х Α В ۱ Ν Н Е D Ε М ı Т Α М Ν Т L Α С М Z Е Е R E R E R S G В R E Α М κ E Α ٧ E A Т Т S Т L R А Ν R Y Т 0 R N Ε Z R G М Α Α Е Е ı Р U Α V Е P Α R R U О О Α 1 Α W С ı R X R Α Y N Е Т О О Т P 0 D S Н S C Y Z М U М I G W G Е R Х D О Y Α Т o Μ Е Т D 0 В E A Т Е R Α 1 D Α R н

RSGR SIGNALSTRENGTH BANDPLAN GAIN ANTENNA AERIAL NARROWBAND CONTEST ARRL RAYNET **FSTV** FM FREQUENCY ELEMENT RIT

RADIO **MOTA PCB** CASE RSARS RNARS BRAID **RAFARS** WHIP CODE EARTH RELAY XRAY NET FET

QRP QRO **METER** TRIQDE DIODE GDQ **QSCILLATOR GMT EMC** LED COAX HEATER RECEIVER COLINEAR BEAM

SWITCH ANQDE DISCONE MQRSE RTTY WIRE QRN ÇQ DTI QUAD AIR AMSAT SEND TIME GRID

The 'Radio Wordsearch' (left) is only for fun - sorry no prizes this time, but we'll be having another crossword soon. All of the words radio abbreviations can be found in the lettered grid. They are placed forwards, backwards, up, down and diagonally. Words can and do overlap and to give you a start, we've ringed the most important one in the list!

- Good luck and good fun.

DON'T USE OUR OLD ADDRESS:

RSGB has been at the Potters Bar address for more than five years. However, the new owners of 35, Doughty Street, London WCl are still receiving mail addressed to us and it's causing them a lot of problems re-directing it to us. If you send mail to the old Doughty Street address, there is no guarantee that it will reach us at all.

The new subcribers of our old telephone number are also getting getting calls for us, which is interfering with their business. Please DO NOT use the old address or telephone number.

DTI NUMBER TO CHANGE:

"275" As from 19 October, the telephone exchange of Department of Trade & Industry, at Waterloo Bridge House will be replaced by the "215" exchange. addition this, to all extensions in the 3000 to 3349 series will become 2000 to 2349 numbers.

Therefore, the main switchboard number for the DTI will become:

2000

NEWS & VIEWS

HF

John Allaway, G3FKM*

LIGHTNING does strike twice in the same place—an apology to Tom G4XTM, whose callsign was mistyped by me as G4TXM in the results of the 1986 CQ WW WPX SSB Contest in the June issue, and again in the results of the phone section of the 1986 SAC contest in August. Hopefully the real G4TXM is not a contester!

Cycle 22

Smithy, G8KG, was mable to supply his usual report last month, but he has made up for this by sending me the following—which is the best hit of hf news. I have read for a long time...

"From the solar data for May-July it is now quite clear that Cycle 21 ended and Cycle 22 began in September 1986, the minimum smoothed sunspot number being just over 12. This means that 21 lasted just 10-25 years, placing it in the family of 'short' cycles along with 17, 18 and 19. Also, lest we forget, it had the second highest peak on record and stayed high for more than the average length of time.

"Over the past four months the new cycle has risen quite steeply, with an average sunspot number over the period of around 30 (solar flux 84 sfu). Furthermore, in a hurst of activity in the second half of July the provisional daily number topped the 100 mark—102 on 23 July with the solar flux at 112 sfu. Whether or not this is a promise of things to come it is interesting to note that achieving these values while only 10 months old puts Cycle 22 way ahead of 18, 19 and 21.

"If the present trend continues we can expect a substantial upturn in conditions on the lif bands in the winter months of 1987-8. Solar activity tends to advance in short bursts lasting a few months and much will depend on the timing of these, but we can reasonably expect some monthly sunspot values in the 35–45 region, with the monthly mean solar flux approaching if not passing the 100 mark—with daily values during peaks of activity being considerably higher. At the same time the 'geomagnetic cycle' is at or near its minimum—probably just beginning to rise. All this means that during the coming months the higher bands, including 28MHz, should begin to produce good dx with increasing reliability, though on the more northerly paths the openings may still be rather short.

"When and how big the peak will prove to be is clearly a question of great interest, particularly now that we have 50MHz. At present SIDC Brussels cantiously predicts it will be between December 1990 and November 1991—past even-numbered cycles tended to have long rise times but they mostly had rather low peaks. On the other hand cycles 8 and 18 were both high peaks and rose in only 3·3 years, so the peak could be as early as December 1989—this should hegin to show more clearly a year from now. The enrrent rather low forecasts of the size of the peak should not cause too much concern, since the methods used involve a starting assumption followed by continuous readjustment as the cycle progresses. As mentioned in my last report, there is a method (Ohl/Sargent) which aims at a delimitive forecast based on past geomagnetic behaviour and was successful for Cycle 21. It is hoped soon to have the data which will confirm or modify the initially encouraging result obtained by applying this method to the new cycle."

Marion Island

After reading the June column, ZS6BBY, SARL dx and awards manager, has sent a letter which makes a number of points in connection with rumours of possible future activity from Marion 1s. The first is that VE3FXT had received no permission to operate from Marion Is in January 1988 at the time the letter was written, nor had a licence been applied for. The supply ship SA Agulax will leave for the Antarctic base in November 1987 and return to Capetown in February 1988, and will not go to Marion 1s until April 1988.

ZS6BBY says that it is interesting to note that in March 1987 VE3FXT had a meeting with officials of the Department of Environmental Affairs (which controls the island and issues the callsign ZS8MI) and verbally requested permission to operate an amateur radio station from the island. The reply 10 Knighthw Road. Intringham B178QB.

was that permission could not be granted at such short notice as the full complement of 96 crew and scientists had been met and the SA Agulas left Capetown on 8 April 1987. No written application had been submitted by Dr Collins or any other radio amateurs to operate an amateur station from Marion 1s. This permission must be sought 18 months to two years before the planned expedition on account of the number of scientists from around the world wishing to make a visit, ZS6BBY says that although VE3FXT knew that permission had been refused for these reasons he didn't seem to try to correct any misunderstanding regarding his intended trip, and continued to tell his worldwide contacts that he was 98 per cent sure of going. He left Johannesburg on 26 March 1987. Finally-the rumours that two Israeli amateurs are on the island assisting with the huilding of an airstrip is incorrect—there are no radio amateurs on the island at present. The planned airstrip construction has been abandoned because it has been decided that such a construction could severely harm the environment, both now and in the future.

However, there is good news because a group of South African amateurs from Johannesburg, under ZS6BBY's organisation, is planning an expedition to Marion in August 1988. Full details will be announced later,



Well-known dxers Lloyd, W6KG, Irls, W6QL, and lan, G4LJF, at the Visalia Convention. Photo: G4LJF

Uruguay DX Group

This group was formed about four years ago with the sole purpose of organising expeditions to different parts of the world. All its members are experienced amateurs who want to promote radio communications and new countries, to "hard test" new equipment, and to give other amateurs worldwide the chance to work otherwise impossible countries, as well as gaining experience in setting up emergency equipment in remote locations. So far the most outstanding expedition has been the visit to the S Shetland Is which took place in February and March of this year, Three members operated CX0XY for 15 days in precarious conditions and made 8,000 contacts. At present, attempts are being made to organise visits to S Sandwich and S Georgia in February and March 1988. Transport has been promised and some financial backing but a US sponsor is being sought. This news has come from Cathy Cheker, CX9CB, who is taking the RAE in December for her UK licence. The group has requested help from the RSGB in getting necessary permission for the venture and I hope that something can be done in this direction.

Lebanon

Radio Amateurs of Lebanon (RAL) has circulated the following letter; "Due to the continued political situation in our country many manuforised persons are using amateur frequencies in the hf, whf and nhf amateur bands. In view of the above and the inability of the anthorities to put an end to this, we address all amateur stations to restrain contacts with these stations. The November 1987 Callbook will carry permitted calls, only these are recognised by our authorities to date, other calls are void and not usable for entry in any worldwide amateur activity such as comests, diplomas etc. The list of legal stations in late July included OD5s, A, AO, AW, AZ, BC, BE, BU, CL, CN, EH, EP, FB, FE, FG, FH, FI, FZ, GB, GC, GI, 1110, 11J, 11O, 11Q, 11U, 1G, 1L, 1N, 1P, 1W, 1Y, 1Z, JD, JE, JU, JZ, KB, KC, KE, K1, KO, KP, KS, KV, MD, MS, and ME, OD5KB was formerly OD5SM."

Expeditions

Vie Copley-May, G3AAG, will be activating Cocos-Keeling Is between 25 November and 7 December using the callsign VK9YV. He will have Hans, F6GVD, with him. Vie will be mostly on ssb on all hands and he will not join any nets. Between the bour and 10min past, calls will only he accepted from scheduled stations. Between 30 and 35min past the hour, calls will only be accepted from QRP stations (less than 50W), from those first licensed for hf operation within the previous year, and members of RA1BC.

At other times the operator will say which area he is listening for, and will not answer anyone calling before a QSO is finished—in other words, wait for the "QRZ?". It is requested that those who have already worked and confirmed VK9Y on a band do not call on that band. Vic intends to announce operating times and QSL details every ID QSOs. He may be on from some Pacific islands and the Far East before or after this operation.

HMS Bloys van Treslong is a Netherlands naval ship based in the Antilles. It has a newly-licensed amateur, PBDAHQ, on board and is making a trip in the Caribbean. The voyage is already under way but calls still to come include Aruba (710 9 October), Curação (1010 16 October), Bahamas (30 October to 2 November], Saba, St Maarten, and Eustatius (20 to 30 November) and a final visit to Curacao from 2 to 8 December,



Carlos and Sophie of TI9W tame in the TI9W tent at Visalia. Photo: G4LJF

Chiltern DX club

The last committee meeting of the CDXC decided that, since considerable time has passed since the GKDJFK operation from the Runnymede Memorial, the event is now considered closed. Every contact was QSLd via the bureau and no cards are left. The club is still anxious to obtain enthusiastic new members. It is especially looking for someone in the Swindon area who could act as a relay between the London area and members in Wales and the west country although it is no longer a requirement that members shall be within 144-525MHz contact of each other. The six-months period of associate membership is also no longer required. More information from club secretary G4LJF, QTHR.

DX news

Radio (the monthly magazine for IJSSR amateur radio enthusiasts) says that the callsign 4KTLPK has been issued to UBSLPK for use from Antarctien until I March 1988, 4KDE is the callsign of the drifting ice-flow station "North Pole-29". The same magazine mentioned that from 10 June until "the end of the summer" UA3DHZ/I, UA3DJE/I, and UV3ACX/I would be active on all bands from Vaygach Is, Navaya Zemlya, and Franz Joseph Eard respectively.

In his DX Report Jim Smith, VK9NS, reports an unsuccessful attempt to get permission to operate from Agalega, Mauritius and St Brandon Is. He applied for a licence to cover October at the time the Manritins government sponsors the "Festival of the Sea", and with the help of the local society approached the Vice-Prime Minister and Ministry of Tourism and Employment. He also applied for a short term beence to cover the actual period of the festival. However, all to no avail as his applications were turned down.

Sue Richardson, J87CD, will remain in St Vincent until about June 1988 but was not able to take back my gear after her UK leave. St Vincent amateurs have the 18 and 24MHz bands as amateur exclusive. She says that the three new classes of licence came into effect on 1 January this year and not in June as previously stated. She wishes to thank many people who have helped her including GW3ANU, GW3CDP, G3ZNC, and GW4FOL

Nick Langmead, ZC4EE, now has a three-element triband beam and intends to be heard a great deal around 14,062, 21,062, and 28,062kHz with occasional exenrsions to 14,200, 21,200, and 28,200kHz for ssb operation. He also has dipoles for 7 and 10MHz and should be on 1-8 and 3-5MHz this winter.

According to DX'press F2)D[ex TR8JD, TR0AB], is working in China. He will be on the air from Shenyang, BY2, if this is possible, XUTSS was still active at the time of writing and reported to be joining the Caribbean Net on 14,165kHz at 1300 and 5R8JD on 14,245kHz between 1600 and 1700. V85NO and V85RM are noted by the Long Island DX Bulletin to work together on 14,195kHz from 1100. The new operator on Amsterdam and St Paul Is will be F6CZB (formerly J28EI) and hopes to be on all nine hf bands from December with his FT8Z call.

Rumours about activity from Bhutan include comments from VU2RBI that she is making little progress with her attempts to get operating permission. A station using the callsign A51PN has allegedly been worked but there is doubt that this is the genuine article. Father Moran, well known as 9N1MM, has been awarded the Humanitarian Award by the board of ARRL for service to the community, JFHST/EP has been worked on 21MHz ssb but nothing was known at the time of writing about the legality of the callsign.

J52UAC is aften to be found near 21,250kHz after 1700. At about the same time ZD9BV on Tristan da Cunha is often on 21,265kHz, and he has plans to be on 3/5MHz, 5H3BA is on the air on Sundays and Thursdays on 14,100 or 14,300kHz. A new station on Ascension Is is ZD8AE, Alex (also G4MBH/ C5AAS/V3D1.

Richard, G3CWI, has been issued a licence to use his own call/CE (and the appropriate call area number) but his chances of being on the air from Juan Fernandez Is are only 50:50. He is prepared to arrange schedules and these may be arranged by writing to Richard Newstead, Casilla 9134, Vina del-Mar, Chile 735. To mark the 25th analyersary of Jamaican independence the prefix 6Y25 is being used during the months of August to October this year. NIGL is hoping to be on the air from Aruha as P40A during the CQWWDX ssh contest.

Club station OY6FRA has been on 14,215kHz from 2200 and inviting the making of schedules on other bands. Another Faroese station is OY9JD who favours 14,160kHz a little later but also makes schedules for 3.5 and 7MHz. Romanian stations now have permission to operate between L8ID and

A major activity from DAOKM is rumoured to be taking place this month. Those looking for zone 2 for WAZ will like to known that VO2AZ is looking for European QSOs on 28MHz, mostly on ew.



Gion, K6NA, (i), with Kan, JA1BK, at Visalia. Photo: G4LJF

Transpolar ski trek USSR/Canada

Brief mention of this was made in the September column. An official notice from CRRL has been released and says: "In February 1988, a joint Soviet-Canadian expedition will leave the Severnaya Zemlya Archipelago to cross the North Pole to Canada by ski. The trip will end at Cape Colombia. on Ellesmere Is, a distance of some 2,000km, which will take 90-100 days. At the request of the organisers the CRRL has agreed to act as the overall co-ordinator for all the amateur radio communications, to and from Canada, in support of this important scientific expedition. It is a unique opportunity for Canadian and Soviet radio amateurs to demonstrate the effectiveness and reliability of amateur radio communications, and, it is understood that this will be the first time that amateur radio bas been used to provide basic radio communications for an undertaking of this magnitude. Chief of the expedition. Dr Dimitry I Shaparo, UA3AJH, and Leonid Labotin, UA3CR, are two of the Soviet radio amateurs involved. The support and active participation of Canadian amateurs will be needed to carry out these communications assignments over a prolonged period of up to three months."

... to the following who joined the Society during July: C6ARC, 1K4GMI, K411QI, PA0RKT, VS6TP, YU4DP, ZC4PW and ZS5ABI1.

Contests

CQ WW DX Contests

0000 24 October to 2400 25 October (phone)

0000 28 November to 2400 29 November (cw)

1-8 to 28MHz. Exchange RS/T plus CQ Magazine zone number (UK is in zone 14). QSOs with own continent count one point, with others three. Own country may only be worked for multiplier credit. The multipliers are one for each DXCC country and zone on each band. There are single-operator single and multi-band, and multi-operator single and multi-transmitter sections as well as a QRP section in which case power output must not exceed 5W. Photocopies of the rules as well as

specimen log sheets and entry forms are available from G3FKM (sase please). Entries must be sent to CO Magazine, 76 North Broadway, Hicksville, NY, 11801, USA, postmarked no later than 1 December 1987 (for the phone section) or 15 January 1988 (for the cw section).

X Concurso Ibero-Americano 2000 10 October—2000 11 October

Object is to work as many stations as possible on the bands 1-8 to 28MHz phone only Exchange RS plus serial OSO number (starting from 001). Stations may be worked once on each band and each QSO with Latin America counts three points and with other countries one. The multipliers are Latin American OXCC countries which are listed as: CE, CO, CP, CR, CT, CX, C3, C9, DU, EA, HC, HI, HK, HP, HR, KP4, LU, OA, PY, TG, TI, XE, YS, YV, ZP, 3C and their DXCC "dependencies". Non Latin American entrants will receive a participation certificate if they make a minimum of 50 OSOs. Logs should show time, station worked, numbers sent and received, if new multiplier, and points claimed. Duplicates must be clearly indicated. Post logs before 30 November 1987 to: "X Concurso Ibero-Americano", Gran Via de les Coris Calalanes, 594, 08007 Barcelona, Spain.

ON Contest 1987

0700 to 1100 4 October (3-5MHz ssb) 0700 to 1100 H. October (3-5MHz cw)

0700 to 1100 IT October (3-5MHz cw)
Only conlacts with ON stations and with DA stations (Belgian Forces in Germany) are allowed. Exchange RS/T plus serial QSO number (from 001). ON and DA stations will indicate their club ag 59007 MCL. Each ON or DA worked counts three points and each club counts as a multiplier. Winners of each section receive an award. Listeners may take part and should log time, callsign of station heard, exchanges and callsign of station being worked. Send logs not faler than three weeks after the contest to: Walters Leon, ONSWL, Borgstraat 80, B-2880 Beerzel, Belgium.

YE Anniversary Party 1400 14 October—0200 16 October (cw) 1400 28 October—0200 30 October (phone)

For yl operators only, Photocopies of rules from G3FKM

WA-Y2 Contest

1500 17 October-1500 18 October

GW and phone. Single-operator multi-band with QRP section for those running less than 10W pulput. Also multi-operator single-transmitter and swi categories, 3:5 to 28MHz in conjest-preferred band segments only (where those have been specified).

Exchange RS/T plus serial from 001.Y2s will also send two letters to indicate their

"kreiskanner". QSOs with Y2 count three points and each station may be worked once per band. The sum of districts worked on each band is the multiplier, Separate logs for each band-together with a detailed summary sheet and signed declaration should be sent to Y2-Contest Bureau, RKDDR, PO Box 30, DDR 1055 Berlin, German Democratic Republic, within 30 days of the contest.

In the UBA SWL Trophy 1987 (Phone) of the 42 entrants RS32525 came first with 155,258 points, other UK fisteners were RS28198 (26,797), and 88825 (18,625). In the cw section RS52686 scored 3,536 points.

Results of the PACC-Conlest 1987 have been received. UK stations fisted and their scores are as follows: G0AEV (8,640 points), G4UPS (8,345), G3ESF (6,669), G4IDM (5,841), GM3KLA (3,726), G4KHM (3,648), G3ZRH (3,317), G3AEZ (2,678), G5LP (2,210), GM4WEW (1,980), G4YEK (1,606), G4IZB (1,364), GW4UZL (1,180) and GM8SQ (1,026). In the listener section RSB7156 scored 4,320 and RSB7865 2,280

In the 1986 OK-DX Contest (all-band section) G3ESF scored 24,048 points, G4ODV 23,680, G4OTV 2,703, G4OKN 2,700, and G601 1,560. G3XWZ/A scored 3,690 points on 8MHz, GB0WK6, 534 on 3-5MHz, and G6NK 1,430 on 14MHz.

Results of the 1986 CQ WW DX Conlest (phone) have arrived from WIWY, UK scores are as follows:

SINGLE-OPERATOR SINGLE-TRANSMITTER

Calision	Bendisi	Points	Calisign	Band	Points
G3SJX	All	669,908	GM4CHX	28MHz	1,300
GM4GPN		319,678	GI4MWA		817
GS6AR	- 4	296,100	G4RKK	21MHz	166,026
GM38CL		276,740	G3RTÉ		137,706
GM4WEW		233,120	G4PCI/P		40.950
G3SNN		217,588	GM0AXY	**	4,756
G4IUF		208,803	GM3MOR	4.4	1,104
G4UDU		184,110	GW4RHW	I 4MHz	155,95B
G3ICG		85,120	GI3KDR	11	45,375
G6QQ		64,827	GM4JFS		27,785
G4BWP		52,731	GB2RIP	4.1	8,668
GB4GWQ		41,008	G3JKY	4 -	8,442
GIGIR		13,230	G4CNY	7MHz	80,200
G6NK		13,164	G1488Y	1.4	22,357
G4JQL		2,395	GW4VEQ	3·5MHz	123,670
GM8SO		1,122	G3XTT	1-8MHz	10,974
GOAEV	28MHz	19,158	G3XWZ	1.6	8,272

In the Multi-operator single-transmitter class, G3NAS scored 2,775,216 points and GMOBRS 1,390,095. In the multi-operator multi-fransmitter class GBSAA scored 997,150 points, and in the QRP section G4MTC scored 41,195 and G3KDB 35,460. Certificate winners are listed in bold type.

HF F-layer propagation predictions for October 1987 The time is presented vertically at two-hour intervals 00(00)gml to 22(00)gml for each band, ie \$=0.000, \$=0.000

The probability of signals being heard is given on a 0 (indicated by a dot) to a 9 scale; the higher the number the greater the probability with 1 meaning 10 to 19 per cent of days, and so on. Additionally, 50MHz F-layer and 1/8MHz openings are Indicated by a plus (+) sign to the 28 and 3/5MHz columns respectively.

	28MK2	24HHz	21HHz	18841	14MHz	10MHz	7HHz	3.SBHz
Tame /	000001111122	00000 111 22	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122
7 BMT	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024690246802	0246B0246B02
** EUROPE						7.1.5555.7017	876433235799	**324**
MOSCOW		2332	56653	1700751	50070041.	311655567863 452765567985	998532235899	44422544
HALTA		23222	665551	1007774	8077883.	231576667883	897753335799	+++52, 24++
GIBRALTAR		21.1	254331	376564	3789861.	76667871	762554345787	***52245*
ICELAND			1321			1111/000/0/1	/8133434816.	
** ASIA		1	32	651	3764211	243334631	11.13667	34 .
HONGKONO	121	343	16661	27772	2665543	33235752	113684	
BANGKEK	222	1444	26772	367751	24656431.	113235762	213686	
SINGAPORE	2221	144431	367763	4677761	23656751.	213235863	113686	
NEW DECHI	2221	14442	34775	467771	33556511.	411.12235675	62.,.,.13688	2341
TEHERAN	3322	255441	577774	4667761	1,1534567621	644211235876	86212689	+3
COLOMBO	,3322,	255441	467774	4567772	224567621	211235877	51.,,.,12689	2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
BAHRAIN	13323	255551	506774	6567771	1.2433567631	7551235887	8612660	+33**
CYPRUS	44342	266564	5088972	7898885	222766678952	876533346898	965211124769	**2******
ADEN	144342	265564	5667872	5556885	2.1322367842	0431135888	0612668	+335+
4 - OCEANIA							-007	
SUVA/S			122	1344	455523	24333451.	321.123	*********
BOAVL			212.	24213.	.1166431.541	264222232.	3123	
WELLINGTON/S			1331	3554	1665532	44333551.	2123	
HELLINGTON/L	*****		**********	12.	.21341241	24323573.	11362.	1
SYDNEY/S	11	,3311	26643	407652	6352	114321.352	12152.	
SYDNEYAL	*********		477621	577753	35554641.	223235874	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
PERTH	331	2553	4//621		111.451.	13222531.	2421.121	2
HONOLULU ** AFRICA	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				***********	***********		
SEYCHELLES	123342	245564	4567872	4457885	211222467842	852135888	642689	*
MAURITIUS	144453	268675	4667882	55578851.	211322567852	852235898	B\$2689	5
NATRODI	,54454	2666761	4667884	55558871.	221422267962	874135B98	872,26BB	44
HARAGE	35565	1567672	3677895	55557892.	231422257973	884225878	873,2669	+435+
CAPETOWN	135762	357884	25678971.	46567893.	221532347983	8853114799	BB411589	±5 25*
LAGOS	566772	777885	18777981.	37556894.	24.6422369B4	796513798	89821589	5 - 5 25 -
ASCENSION IS	343374	665586	0766082.	8655685,	242163223794	7,98531489	BB851279	
DAKAR	255564	477686	7776883.	8655786.	142364224793	7006411489	09851269	***********
LAS PALMAS	144242	376565	6897082.	0888995.	121282992863	787764334798	999631112469	************
** S. AMERICA				~		587743221235	5665112	2332
Sth SHETLAND	2233	24455	1467773.	3677775.	142365554563	6886432135	7885113	4++2
FALKLAND 1s	34454	566761.	1787773.	2865575.	132156322473	788643148	8985226	****
R DE JANEIRO BUENOS ALRES	42234	744561.	865673.	3775565.	132166432353	688543136	896523	5 2
LIMA	3222	53441.	75662.	75554-	.112532232	577223214	698521	4++2,,,,,,,,
BOROTA		5344	75552.	175444.	.114532243	575133214	7985212	4+52
N. AMERICA	***************************************		***************************************					
BARBADOS		253441.	575663.	775555.	.11.16522363	676243237	8875215	**52?
JAMAICA	2111	4333		76554.	2532242	5641232115	7974212	4+52
BERMUDA	2111	4333	165552.	376664.	5543463	564.23211136	BBB42115	***22
NEW YORK	1 1	2322	45541.	.,67663.	2554552	4523221235	78832113	5++2
MEX1CO		321	5541.	17542.	1.453221	352.31232	388321	2112
HONTREAL	11	1221	,45541.	67663.	3555552	452.13222245	78732114	3++2
DENVER			132	3541.	155431	341232112	477311	.3+2
LOS ANGELES	********		32	1541.	3642.	22124322	2563212	2+7
VANCOUVER		*********		231.	1553.	11.132225532	233421.12211	22
FAIRBANKS						111144460000	200-21102214	

The provisional mean sunspot number for July 1987 issued by the Sunspot Index Data Centre, Brussels, was 33. The maximum daily sunspot number was 102 on 23 July, and the minimum was 0 on 1–4, 6 and 11–14 July, The predicted smoothed sunspot numbers for October, November, December 1987 and January 1988, are respectively: (classical method), 27, 28, 29 and 31; (SIDC adjusted values) 33, 34, 35 and 37.

OTH CORNER

PO Box 5304, Shangha), PR of China BY4AY PO Box 707, Furbou, Furban, PR of China via M, Athorion, G32AY, PO Box 146, Cambridge Sue Richardson, PO Box 975, SI Vincent, W, Indies. BYSRT G3CWI/CE JB7CD Sue Richardson, PO Box 973, SI Vincern, W. Modes. Via N5DAS, 12747 Thomas Sumler, San Antonio, Tex. 78233, USA G Meming, PO Box 3794, Khartoum, Sudan. now only via AKIE, Isee 3C2AI via N5DVY, 7390 Lomas Bwd NE, Albuquerque, NM, 87110, USA OH5VD, Paaskunkuja 7, SF-03100 Nummela, Finland Nick Langmead, via ZC4 OSL Bureau, USB, BFPO 53 WY5L/KH3 PA0GAMIST2 TREJLD TU20Z VK9YD ZC4EE Alex, Langmeda, via Zu-4 USL Bureau, 156, BFPU 35 John Alkinson, via Zu-4 USL Bureau, 156, BFPU 35 John Alkinson, via Zu-4 USL Bureau (see above)
Jacques Cnivo, 5-10-5 Shimomeguro, Neguro-ku, Tokyo 153, Japan via AK IE, PO Box 160, Danbury, NH. 03230, USA via F6AJA, 515 Rue du Pelil Hem. Ouvignes, F-59870 Marchiennes, France Shhomo Masali, 2 Shomkan, Tel Aviv 68079, Israel KN9F, JF Lane, 5104 Pilgrim Rd, Memphis, Tenn, 38116, USA ZC4JA 3CI CW 3C2A 3C3CR 4X75TA TU4BR15U7

10MHz COUNTRIES TABLE			28MHz COUNTRIES TABLE (198		
G3PJT G4YWG G4VDX G1OBK G4YSN	All-Ilme 101 63 11 57	1987 71 47 37 36	G4JBR-116 G4XAH - 103 G3XOU - 96 G0AEV - 93 G0DNV - 70 G4MUW - 69 [ssb] GD4XTT - 62 [ssb] GJ4ELY - 60 [ssb] G4VPM - 56 [ssb] G4VPM - 56 [ssb]	G4DXW-42 G4RWP - 39 G0BXO - 35 G4YWG - 30 G4IDF - 25 GW4TEJ - 27 GM4CHX - 22 C4OBK - 22 G5HD - 1010RP cw1 G0FYD - 2	

Those intending to enter the forthcoming VK1ZL/Oceania Contest should note that at the time of writing the September column the correct address to which to send ontrios had not been notified and that it should be to the new WIA contest manager—Brian Beamish, VK4AHD, PO Box 254, Stones Corner, Old 4120, Australia, They must reach time by 15 February 1988.



Sam, Y83JO, and wife Lucia with Brenda, G4SDF, and Andrew, G4OLF on Ball

Band reports

Well-supported this mounth by G2HKU, G5H, G3s GVV, KSH, PJT, YRM, GM4CHX, G4s EAN, EHQ FMO, IDF, GW4KGR, G4s LRS, MUW. NXG/M, OBK, UZN, VPM, XAH, GD4XTf, GIIs AEV, BXQ, GD0ELY and GDI3GA, to rehom many thanks,

Stations listed to italic were using A1A.

1-8MHz 2200 OF0MA.

3-5MHz 0000 3G1CW 0500 ZL4BO, 2200 OFOMA.
7MHz 0000 7R8CW, V31JW, 0400 VP2VM, W6-W7, ZL1-ZL4, 0500 JY5WF, XE, ZD9CC, ZF2BN, ZL7TZ, 3C1CW, 0600 VP2VA, ZL7AA, 1000 QYIOZ3QN, 2000 JAJCRS. UA05. 2200 FG5XC, OYTR, UA0WB, 3C2A, 2300 VK6s HD, LV. 10MHz 0300 W2-W4, 0400 TI2LK, VK2-VK3, 0500 VE7ZG, 0600 VK2,3.5, W7FU, 0800

VK6. 1600 9VITL 1700 OHO/SM7KJH. 2100 WI-W4. 2200 UD6DKW, 7X25AX 2300 SP5EXAIJW, LU2YA

SP5EKAIJW, LUZYA
L4MHz 0500 VUZXX, YILBGD 0700 FP0FB, JT1BT, OK1XCIJT, WY5L/KH3,
WB4KMVIKH3, KH6JEB/KH7, ZK2AR, 3C2A, 5W1FT, 0800 AL7IJ, F05FO, KH6,
V85GA, VR6YL, ZD9CK, ZK1DD, ZK1XV, ZK2DD, 3C2CW, 1000 AP2AU140, JA.
KH6JEBIKH7, WL7AFD, 1100 4U1VIC, 1200 WA4ZFL/JW, 1400 V85BA, W6s, 9M2DF,
1500 VUZNTA, 1800 AP5H0140, HL1XP, JAS, S92LB, TRBSA, TZ6FIC, UALOT, VUS,
XX9TDM, 9V1WP, 1900 SP5EXA/JW, VP8OP, 6T2MG, 2000 VP2MDY, ZD8AE, 2100
A71BH, BT9GA, FY7AN, JAS, PA0GAMISTZ, XE3AAF, 5T5EV, 2200 KNBMISV9, W6s,
V31AB, W37PAX, 3G1MB, 6V25C, 2300 KV0TDCUZ, FS1PA0CRA, M31Z, SM3PAP, V31AB, W87PAX, 3C1MB, \$725IC, 2300 KY0TICUT, FSIPAQCRA, V31TP, 5H3BH 18MHz 2100 VE3ACW 2200 VE3UD. 21MHz 0700 \$79WHW, YC7JWL, 0800 BY8AC, 0900 Y11BGD, 9V1WP, 1100 OF0MA.

TROCW, VK6AY, VU2GI, 3C1MB, 1400 A4XYO, 1500 5Z4WB, 1700 5N9SRC, 1800 TA2L, TR8SA, ZD8MAC, ZS3GB, 1900 PA0GAMIST2, 2000 FM4EBIM, J88BN, TA2D. TRAJLD, VP9LL, 2100 C6AFF, CE, FM, J3, OA8AT, ZD8RP 2200 CEGICD, HH, HK, HP. LU. PY, TI, V2ACH, WI-W4.

24MHz 1800 KV4RO, LU9HBW

28MHz 0800 C30LES, 0900 JY5DX, 9H4R, 1000 CN8DQ, VE1BNN, 1100 5B4T1, 1200 3CSCR. 1300 SVOAH, 7X2SB. 1400 OFOMA, TUZOZ. 1600 CNZAG. 9K2KA 1700 A71BJ, TZ6CVY, 3CZA, 4U1LTU. 1800 TA1E, 7X2SLS. 1900 FE6ILLIFY, LU9DKZ, UL7OB, 3G6SAA, 6W7OG 2000 EA6OK, HB0/DL3MBH, WP4CC. TK1F6BUM, W3HK1, ZP4SQAI P. 905NW. 2100 FG58G, FM5WD, HK1AMW, NP4CC, T77C, ZD8MB, ZY4DY, 9Y4GC. 2200 KP2J, VE2EDK (Zone 2], ZP5RG, 2300 HC6TA.

Thanks also to the following for information: DX Report (VK988), Long Skip (VE3IPR), Lynn DX Group Bullethi (EA2JGO), the DX Family Netrolletter (JHTKRC), DX press (PA3CXC), CQ Magazine (WTWY), DXNI, (DL3RK), Long Island DX Bulletia (W21YX), DX New Sheet (G4DYO) and The Ex-G Rodio Clob Bulletin (GI30EN-W6).

Closing date for receipt of material for the December issue is 15 October—please note that this is an early deadline.

VHF/UHF

Ken Willis, G8VR*

"I CAN'T UNDERSTAND THIS. I have been on six metres for 30 years, and I have never heard anything like this before."-So said W2CAP/I, Cape Cod, Mass, USA, while working G4CV1 in the massive 50MHz opening on 21 July.

This event, which lasted over four laturs, resulted in QRM and pile-ups more appropriate to a lif band contest than a clif opening. With propagation favouring vast areas on both sides of the Atlantic, hundreds of UK operators were able to make contacts with USA, Canadian and Newfoundland stations, some using very low power and simple antennas. VOILO had just 5W into a five-element Yagi-real QRP for a "statesside" station-phile many UK stations used no more than a dipule and a few watts. By the end of the event, around 2300gmt, the logs of several British stations showed lists of transatlantic contacts running into double figures.

Previously, on 17 July, there had been another big opening in 0 high Alex, GM3ZBE, procked 24 VE and W stations, This was the first time he was able to get into the action, as during earlier openings—though he could hear the more southern stations warking "across the pund"-more of the ilx was andible up in Grampian. Alexalso said that in this particular opening. Lefty, RITOL, told him that he could hear stations on the west chast of the USA at the same time that he was working into GM, As Alex remarked: "Makes you wonder just to hat is giving on—are the going to prork W6 by this morde one day!"

That is a good question, of course, but just what is "this mude"! It is generally accepted that sparadic-E propagation is involved, with more than one thop" being required to bridge the distances being covered. Sporadic-E is known to be very selective in the areas at both ends of the path which it covers, with \$9 signals at one location often inaudible at stations just a few miles arroy.

While propagation in these transatlantic openings has also exhibited a certain amount of selectivity in the areas it faroured, this has been on a quite ilifferent scale from anything experienced at, for example, 144MHz, No. 144MHz Ex opening has ever embraced su much of the UK, through those who match European to transmissions in this part of the spectrum are wellaware that Excoverage on 50MHz is very different from that on 144MHz. Be that as it may, the ability of an east enast USA station to hear signals some 3,000 miles both to his east and west simultaneously needs explanation.

Then there is the role played by the sun. It has always been argued that while we cannot say for certain what causes sparadic. It, it has always been assumed that no simple relationship exists between solar conditions and this form of propagation. It is known that this type of event is more likely to occur during the boy point of the sular cycle, but on the evidence of this year's events, there appears to be some correlation between solar activity and transatlantic propagation at 50MHz, In fact, solar forecasts contained in GB2RS newseasts at times made a point of alerting operators to the fact that a major 50MHz opening was possible because an active area on the sun. previously reported, was this around again. So was it just a coincidence that 27,28 days clapsed between the major creats of 49 June and 17 July! Paul, G4DE, was of the apinion that the earlier event was the bigger one, which would be consistent with the reappearance of a solar hot-spot, which, after a further solar rotation by 17 August, had so diminished that no event occurred; for su far none has been reported around that date. There is so much we do not know, If eventually beacons are established which transmit timing signals which enable path lengths to be measured (VHF/UHF March 1987), then some light man be thrown on the subject. Meanwhile we can only marriel at and enjoy such conditions.

We are indebted to several readers who sent logs covering the parious openings, among them GM3ZBE, GM3TSL, G1RST, GDDAZ, G4IZH, G4IJE, GW4BCB, GJ4ICD, G0GZI, G4UPS, G1CWP, E16AS and G2AHU. The rarbius heations show the extent of the openings, and the information in the logs, which will go to the RSGB Propagation Studies Committee, has enabled a picture of the event to be drawn.

Some indication of what this band has to offer is provided by the log of Paul, G4IJE, which he has computerised. The section April to July 1987 is so lengthy that it takes a full half-hour to print out. By early August Paul half worked no fewer than 91 squares, in band, on 50MHz, together with an impressive list of crossband countries and squares.

This summer, Stere, G4JCC, made another of his amnul visits to the south

^{*}Lerryn Gardens, Broadstairs, Rent CT III 5BU.

of France complete with equipment to work crossband 28/50, and provided many with a contact.

50MHz transequatorial tests

Ray Cracknell, G2AHU, wishes to publicise some 50MHz tests scheduled to start at the end of September and to continue through to the first weekend in November. The aim is to investigate transequatorial propagation (tep) over the Europe-Africa circuit, since it it known that during periods of sunspot maximum or minimum, tep coverage is sometimes extended by sporadic E propagation. In the past, extended tep has been observed as far north as fatitude 56°. During the past two equinoctial periods, SVIDH (Athens) noted that ty from Zimbabwe and Zambia could be copied on about 20 per cent of evenings and occasionally during the afternoon. Amateur contacts between Japan and Northern Australia have been possible on several evenings by normal tep, while some extended openings between Japan and Somhern Australia have been recorded. The potentialities of this mode are also illustrated by an amateur contact which took place at 0445gnt on 6 November 1986 when JEIMBJ worked ZL2PTY on 51-11MHz, an extremely long hauf QSO.

The area in the north normally envered by tep encompasses the entire Mediterranean; since there is regular sporadic-E propagation northwards from this region, the possibility of extended tep certainly exists, and October is thought to be the most favourable month for it to occur. In this month in 1964, beacon ZEIAZC was copied as far north as Dundee,

The southern tep zone lies in the belt 15-25° south, and includes Madagascar, southern Mozambique, southern Malawi, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Botswana, southern Aagola, northern Namibia and the northern tip of South Africa, with extensions possible as fur the northern zone.

It is hoped that all available 50MHz beacons, and especially those within the main tep zones, will be beamed across the equator for the duration of the test, and that stations concentrate their activity during weekends, using 50/110MHz as the calling frequency and 28/885MHz as the crossband frequency, maying off as QRM develops. From Hotswana, A22KZ will be a call to listen for, while ZS3AK, who will be active, hopes to have a beacon firing this way, Begeon ZS66SIX will be QRV on 50-1025MHz running 65W to a six-element Yagi from a location near Pretoria. ZS6LN will be operating from just south of the Zimbabwe border, and others to listen for are ZS6WB and ZS6PW. If things happen, no doubt others will soon appear, Quite apart from attempting to make contacts, there is a role for all to play in listening for distant heacons and other signals. Several amateurs have tv equipment covering this part of the spectrum, so their observations will be most useful. Although 50MHz has already sprong some surprises, don't go looking for \$9 signals from remote spots. Ray says that there are two types of tep, the afternoon type which provides strang, clear signals, and the evening type which is subject to severe flutter facing. Early morning tep around #6#Dgmt is also a possibility.

70MHz

Despite the great surge of interest in 50MHz, the 70MHz band still has its adherents. Dave, G4FRE, wrote just as he was packing his expedition gear for a trip to E1, where he planned to operate on the band using callsign E14VCH/P. The previous night from his home QT11 (Felixstowe) he completed a 70MHz meteor scatter contact with E14VBM/P, in which he received 22 hursts and 34 pings, the longest reflection lasting 10s.

Dave pointed out that he had played a major rule in getting the top limit for 70M11z awards reduced from 10 to 8 fattributed to G5UM in the August VHF/UHF), and this is indeed true as readers will have noted from his previously published comments on this subject. This change in the rules did not please everyone, however, Graham Badger, G3OHC (Spitton Coldfield) believes that since the band is now available to Class B operators, working eight countries (eg G, GW, GM, GI, GJ, GU and EI) should not prove to be a very difficult task, and he feels that this is "another example of declining standards in our hobby". Graham says that it is quite possible to work 10 countries on 70MHz, as he and G4BPY both did to claim the 35 squares/10 countries award. He cites occasional operation from 5B4, C31, TF, OY and ON as possibles to swell the totals, though one must be wary of working unauthorised stations when they pop up in unexpected places. Graham is concerned that the 35/10 award will now become extinct, making the two certificates already issued "null and void". This point is in fact dealt with in private correspondence between Malcolin Applehy, G3ZNU, chairman of the VHF Committee, and G4FRE. Malcolin said that the committee's decision was that the top 70MHz award would now he 5tt squares plus eight countries, though an endorsement could be added to an award to anyone claiming more countries than this.

Not everyone is interested in chasing squares and countries for awards, of course, but there is little doubt that the competitive spirit which this engenders has done wonders for vhf/ahf operation in the UK and resulted in

levels of activity and enthusiasm which are envied throughout the world. For this reason, there must surely be merit in maintaining high standards, though the requirements for any award must be realistic. The problem with 70MHz is that it is something of a "maverick" in that being a band not formally recognised by IARU as one available to amateurs, there is not much chance of it being allocated more widely in future, and like 50MHz, it will therefore depend on crossband operation to extend coverage. What about some crossband awards for 70MHz?

Pefer, G41ZH (Tyne & Wear), worked HB9CRQ crossband 28MHz to 70MHz on 18 June using 10W homebrew to a dipole, so here is one for 70MHz operators to look for now that so many seem to have forsaken the band for 50MHz.

Aurora

Listeners on 144MHz have not exactly been deafened lately by the rasping tones of radio auroras, but visual observers of the BAA continue their watches into the night, and Ron Livesey, director of the Auroral Section sends his usual monthly reports. They make interesting reading because of possible connections with other events which have stirred the imagination lately. For instance, take the major 5ttMHz opening to the USA on 19 June. On this day, BAA observer Karl Lewis who lives as far south as Saltash. Cornwall, recorded magnetic activity as being "very unsettled". On only three days in the month was activity so described. On the same day, NOAA, Boulder, Colorado, recorded a major solar storm.

Summer evenings are often too light for visual observers in the UK to see auroras, but they sometimes observe another phenomenon known as merifacent clouds (ale). There are some who believe that the formation of these clouds is related to the appearance of sporadic-E. (see *Dubus* 2/87). Theory suggests that nle are more likely to form if the ionosphere is undisturbed by auroral storms, and on the night of 17/18 Jane, eight BAA observers reported the formation of the risible as far south as Northampton. The following day a major solar storm was recorded. There is a lot more we need to learn about all these matters, not least their effects on the propagation of radio waves. From the riempoint of the 144MHz operator waiting for radio auroras to provide some dx, things can sarely only get better since canditions have been at rock-bottom for some time, but it will probably be some time as we progress along the current solar cycle before any really big auroras occur.

Expeditions

In the July issue, mention was made of a "wet square" expedition by Fleming G4MJC/OZ1EVA, accompanied by Jan, G4XNL, and others. They have now been forced to bring forward the trip by one day to suit ferry sailings across the North Sea, and will now be QRV 8, 9 and 10 October. See the July VIIF/UIIF for details of the squares they hope to activate during the royage. Frequency will be 144-240MHz (with QSY to 432-240 if required) and they will use a five-element antenna and 25W on 144MHz, and a nine-element and 10-15W on 143GHz, callsign OZ1EVA/MM. To reduce pile-ups, they intend to call for replies by areas (eg AK, ZK, etc) with further division by prefix (G1, G2 etc) if the QRM dictates, QSL will be available by sending an sac to G4XNL, QT11R. Stations outside the UK please enclose two ires.

A letter from Mike, G4XHF, arrived too late for inclusion last month. In it he mentioned his plans to operate from the Lizard, IN79 (XJ) again this year, accompanied by G4YPC. They should be there until 3 October, and frequencies where they may be found are 144-265, 432-165 and 1,262-25MHz. From nid-afternoon onwards.

Meteor scatter

After such a bad summer which brought little in the way of good dx conditions, it was just like Murphy to provide a good tropo opening to coincide with the Perseids shower. On the evening of 12 August and well into the early hours of next day, while many were calling on the meteor scatter channels or working skeds, the 144MFIz band remained open for several hours to France. Switzerland and Northern Italy, Propagation was at times a bit fielde, in the words of G4OAE "like looking for a needle in a haystack" with Italians there one minute and gone the next, reminiscent of sporadic-trather than tropo. Stations to the west seemed to have the best of the conditions, with GW4RIB and GW8ELR much in evidence.

As for the Perseids, it is too early as this is being written for a full assessment to be made, but activity seemed to be less than expected, and the 50MHz band and exploited as much as it might have been, though GBSYDZ and EI8EF provided good contacts for many in the south. The night of 11/12 Angust produced little in the way of long or strong reflections, and the general opinion seems to be that the shower, a poor one this year, probably peaked in the early hours of 13 Angust. No doubt I will now get reports from operators who thought it was a great shower, with lots of completed contacts to prove it!

There are a couple of quite useful showers due this month. The Cassinpeids should peak around 13 October (range 10 to 15 October) with a zbr of about 20, and be good for SW-NE paths between 0300 and 0900 guit. For NW-SE paths, tra 1600 to 2200.

The Oriunids, which arise from comet Halley, should be in evidence between 17 and 26 October. This is a broad shower with not just one, but a number of sub-peaks which makes prediction of the date and time of the main activity somewhat difficult. At its height a zhr of 38 has been measured, but the shower will lie below the hirrizon from 1000 and 2200 daily. Nevertheless, E-W propagation should be possible between 0200 and 0600, with NW-SE paths open between 0600 and 0800, and the SW-NE direction gund from midnight until 0200gmt.

Late news; John Matthews, G3WZT, mrate: "Perseids conditions were excellent around the peak (2200-12 August-0300-14 August). Managed several complete skeds, most valuable was OH0NC/OJ0 for a new country. Others mere EA3BTZ, HG7PL/P, HG7RF/P, SK7HW, SK3SN, SK4BX, OE8HWQ, EA3DXU/5, SM5DIC and YU7MJA", Did I say that I thought it was a pour shower?

Repeater news

Kent Repeater Group's latest newsletter announced with some relief that GB3RE (RB11), Chatham, had been finally commissioned. Thanks are the to G4TOG, G3YCN, and G4AKQ and many others who collectively spent limiteds of hours working to achieve this end. Initial tests showed that the enverage was very close to what had been predicted, and the group hopes that this repeater will now be used not only by locals but by those travelling through the area. Prospective members of the group should contact the secretary, G0AMZ or treasurer, G6ZAA, both QT1IR.

Thanks to Peter, G6JNS, I now have a cupy of the latest edition of the ARRI, Repeater Directory which can be obtained through RSGB. It is a compact publication, rather like a thickish pocket diary, packed with USA repenter information. Attyone planning to visit the USA taking with them a hand-held or small wife transceiver should not be without this useful aid. Especially when travelling by car in the USA, repeaters can be of enormous value in the event of vehicle breakdown or an emergency, since a call through one will invariably find someone ready to summon aid by telephone. Also, in that vast country, there is virtually mowhere where one is out of range of a repeater in either the 144 or 430MHz bands, and of course the Americans have the added advantage of repeaters on other baids not uvailable in the UK.

Last month it was mentioned that GB3BM (Duilley, R3) is to be fitted with cross. This is the continuous tone-ended squelch system, and the description of this given in the ARRI, Dimenser states: "The purpose of cross is to reduce co-channel interference during hand uponings. CTCSS-equipped repeaters will respond only to signals having the cross tone required for that repeater. Such repeaters will not respond to weak, distant signals on their inputs and correspondingly not transmit to add to the engestion".

For those who missed the announcements on GB2RS newscasts, here are some items of interest to repeater users; GB3LY (R0) is back on the air following maintenance, reports welcomed by GI4MDD 0504-262413; GB3N1 (Belfast R5) is also back, as § GB3UL (RB2), the latter with reduced power (5Wt: GB3PO (R3) near Peterhorough is en-sited with GB3PB, reports please to GOAFV; a 1-3GHz to repeater GB3HV, is on RMT3 (1,248MHz in and 1,308MHz ont) from High Wycombe, and goes into beacon mode when not in use as a repeater, while another to repeater. GB3GV (Leicester), had to close down following a lightning strike.

Applingies to the Galloway Repeater Group for inferring last amount that their repeaters GB3AB and GB3BA beforg to the Central Scotland FM Group. The Galloway group also points out that GB3BA has not yet been licensed.

From the postbag

Harry Wilson, 1:12W, has prepared a fascinating booklet describing his 50MHz activities during Solar Cycle 19, which peaked in International Geophysical Year 1957/8, and Cycle 21 (peak 1979/80). He was not active during Cycle 20. The text deals mainly with F2 propagation, and it is interesting to note that with just 25W to a three-element antenna Harry myrked 35 US states and two Canadian provinces in Cycle 19. His receiver was an all-valve Job (6J6-6AM6-6BQ7 converter into a Collins 75A-4), while the transmitter was crystal-controlled on 50-016MHz with an 829B in the "final". You have to be somewhat elderly to appreciate what a juy it was in those days to operate using all home-brew equipment, with relative freedom from splatter, pile-tips, prima-flormas and the like. The booklet will find its way into the hands of Ray, G2AHU, but if there is sufficient demand we can look into the possibility of a wider circulation.

Angie Sitton, GOHGA (Stevenage), says she is perturbed by a G1 station she often hears who sends a lot of fast computerised coron the calling

frequency who, when called, apparently cannot understand even the slowest morse sent to him. She says: "Class Bannist give their call on telephony first, and at all times, when practicing morse or sending ew." However, she is sympathetic to the needs of the Class B operator trying to learn the code, since it is not all that long since she was in that position herself. She says: "Maybe Class As do not want Class Bs down at the excellent of the band, and I do not fairly the many very show contacts, but they need the practice, so I do what I can for them because I know that when I was a G1 I could call for ages on about 144-155MHz and get no replies." She is an example to all of us because "doing what she can for them" is taking the time to give slow morse practice over the air when requested by another station. Angic also asks how she can indicate on ew transmissions during sporadic. E that she can work full break-in and would welcome being interrupted by a calling station. The only sure way I know is to send the letters BK every five or ten seconds followed by a brief panse to listen for replies.

Dave, G4IDF, has eards left over from the days when he operated as G8DXD (Worcester), and says that anyone needing a card from him under that callsign should send an sac plus details of the relevant contact, when he will be glad to ublige, G4IDF/G8DXD QTHR.

144MHz sporadic-E

Sporadic-E on 50MHz was an prevalent this summer following the general release of the band, that one might assume that interest in this type of propagation on 144MHz mould have lessened. This is by no means the case; in fact with an army stations equipped these days for the lower frequency bands, there is a tendency to monitor it to indicate when similar propagation might be intuition to 50MHz. This technique is useful, but sometimes misleading, since several cases have becarred when the direction from which the Ex was observed was quite different between the two bands, and at least one opening this year produced Ex on 144MHz when 50MHz was to all intents and purposes dead.

I am inclehted to several readers, some of whom are listed below, who sent in reports on the 144MHz Enseason this year, though at the time of writing me may still not have come to its end. By the end of June, Colin. GODAZ, (Worcester) had concluded that "sporadic-E openings on 144MHz bave been more selective than I have heard before, We all seem to be commenting on this and many times stations a few nifles apart have been hearing the datal different times". Must of us suffer this frustrating experience at one time or another. On 20 July 1 sat for an hour listening to G4ASR (Hereford) working strings of YU, YO, HG and OE stations, giving S9 plus reports, with unit a trace of signal from the stations he was working audible at my location, and no stations much south of the Midlands apparently hearing the dx either.

A first impression was that Exthis year had and been very frequent nor the events of long duration, but a summary of reports received indicates that things were not all bad. Between 28 May and 5 August there were no fewer than 12 days when Exappeared on 144M11z, sometimes necurring more than once in the same day. The fullowing list gives the dates and times of some of the major events reported. The callsights in parenthesis are those of the stations reporting, giving a clue to the area where the Ex was effective. This is by no means a full list. There will have been other openings of course, some of them very brief, but unlike the early days of vlif, band occupancy is such that probably very few go unmitteed these days.

28 May	1650	9HI,I USSA	(GODAZ, G4MJC, G4XNL, G1CWP) (GW4FRX, G4RUW)
	1730	9H1, YU, OK, HG, UC2, UP, SP	(G4RUW)
6 Juna	2000	haly	(G0DAZ)
7 June	1100	lialy & 4N2	(GJ4(CD)
	1200	liely	(GODAZ, G1CWP)
		SV8	(G3W2T, G4JCC)
	1700	YU, LZ, HG, UB5, YO	[GODAZ, G4ASR, G8VR, G4SWX, GJ4ICD]
I I dune	1600	9H1	(GODAZ)
	1845	YU, SV, OD5 (hid)	(GJ4ICD)
13 June		EA7	(GICWP)
16 June	0850	9HI.I	IGODAZ)
IB June	1320	SP, Vu, OE, HG, OK	IGM3VFB, G0DAZI
10 July	1650	RB5. RA3	(G4NJC)
20 July	1715	YU. I.	(GI40MK)
,		EA7, TV6	(G4NJC)
		YO, YU, HG, OE	(G4ASR)
		SP	(GJ4(CD)
		Italy	(CTIWW)
21 July	1730	OE, HG, YU	(G6GWX)
		Italy, YU	(GMOMK)
Aug	0500	CT	(Vatious in south)
	1615	EA3, EA6	(G8VR)

The halo net

Late time afternoon recently 1 happened upon some ninhiles on the Kent/Sussex horder working one another on 144MHz ssb during their journeys home from work. Tuny G1LZE/M was working mobile to mobile with his namesake G4KLF/M, with G1HLX/M also very audible, G0F1O of Burwash Communivas getting good copy from all mobiles at his home QTH, as I was near Broadstairs, some 60 plus miles from the action. This group

calls itself the "Hahr Net" because they use 444MHz halo antennas in their vehicles, and they come up on or about 144-330MHz. The mirral is, that if you use ssb from a rehicle, and want to have good contacts with fixed stations, then horizontal polarisation is much to be preferred and the halo, not seen so frequently inoradays, is a good antenna for the purpose. Years ago I had very good results from a horizontal centre-fed dipole on top of my ear and for some reason was constantly asked if I had television in the earl hicidentally using his halo while sitting in his car on the front at Hastings. Tony G4KLF worked 9H1ES during a brief Exapening.

Midlands VHF Convention

Dun't furget that this is the month for the popular Midlands VHF Convention, scheduled for Ham on Saturday Rt October at the Madeley Court Centre, Telford, Shropshire, See Rad Conforful details, There will be the usual afternoon lecture programme followed by an evening buffer, offering the apportunity to rag-chem with many well-known the operators.

SATELLITES

Bob Phillips, G4IQQ*

AMSAT-UK colloquium

The cullinquium was the second on the subject of amateur satellites organised jointly by AMSAT-UK and the University of Surrey. The event was attended by more than 180 delegates including representation from a large number of overseas AMSAT groups. The programme started formally at 1000 on 18 July with various opening addresses and presentations of awards; these were reported in the Neur Bulleton last mouth. A comprehensive series of lectures followed which covered many aspects of amateur satellite operation. All levels of interest were catered for including absolute beginners right through to some of the detailed considerations of modulation schemes for satellite transmission links.

One of the highlights of the oreckend was a very interesting and most entertaining talk by Genff Perry (late of Rettering Grammar School) on the subject of the USSR space programme. Genff described how he and a few colleagues established themselves as a reengalised authority on many issues concerning the lanneh and operation of USSR satellites. He described the techniques used in identify particular satellites and to decipher the various digitally ended information. With earful observation over many weeks and months it became possible to anticipate when a new satellite would be brought into operation. Genff's talk made it clear that while a great deal can be achieved with computers you can also carry out some extremely useful work trased on hard work and a lut of communications.

Two speakers gave their ideas on the possible next developments for amateur satellites. Vern Riportella described the AMSAT-NA proposals for the Phase 4 satellite programme which would utilise satellites in genstatiomany orbit, A siminewhat different approach was intlined by Karl Meinzer. DJ4ZC, who suggested that a more suitable development would be tocontinue with the highly inclined elliptical orbit similar to that of Oscar ID but where the inclination of the orbital plane was cluser to the desired value of 63-4*. This subject turned into the most significant issue of the weekend with emutions running very high. There was some, but little support for the North Agreerieur parsition; not so much from the point of view of the choice of the orbit but rather the strong links that were foreseen with the various public service praviders, bideed it appeared from some of the points made that the only way to preserve the integrity of the existing amateur satellite hands was to stimulate much greater use of the frequencies by "lowering the entry requirements". This was seen by many as undermining the whole basis of amateur radio since one of the basic objectives of self-education would become secondary to the idea of ease of operation and guaranteed communications. One important point that was made by several of the many speakers on the subject was that the amateur satellite community probably cannot afford to find two large programmes. The issue was certainly not resulved but there was a good expression of views. It is now up to the decision makers on the satellite construction scene to get tagether and agree what would really be in the best interests of the annateur satellite service,

Another of the activities of the weekend was the again of AMSAT-UK. The main purpose of the meeting is of course to receive reports from the various officers of the committee. The chairman, Dr Arthur Gee, G2UK, described many of the significant activities that had taken place during the previous year, and in particular commended the efforts of Ron Broadbent. G3AAJ, whose continuing efforts had done so much to create a healthy financial

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situation for the organisation. The election of the committee for the next 12 months followed. The outgoing committee was re-elected for a further period, and an additional member, Fred Southmell, G6ZRU, was elected.

RS10/11

Last month 1 provided a brief description of the transponder characteristics of this new satellite. Information has now become available on the telemetry system of twhich a summary is given below.

The telemetry is sent as cw and represents various status indicators and parameter values. A total of 16 channels are sent, each channel containing two alpha characters and two numeric characters. For example, Channel 4 contains the two elements 4A (alpha) and 4N (numeric), 4A can have one of two alternative pairs of characters "IG" or "NG", the meaning of which is indicated in the table below. 4N is a numeric value which in this case is a function of the age college of the 21MHz receiver.

Channel	Paramoler	Equations
IA	TLM sampling period	IS = 90min, NS = 10mili
IN	Power supply vollage:	V ≈ n/4V
2A	144MHz receive 20dB allenuator:	IR = "IN", NR = "OUT"
2N	144MHz (ransmi) oulpu) power.	W = n/10W
3A	21MHz receive 10dB allemuator.	ID = "IN", ND = "OUT"
3N	29MHz fransmit output powor:	W = n/10
4A	21MHz uplink	IG = "ON"; NG = "OFF"
4N	21MHz receive ago voltago	V ≈ n/SV
5A	144MHz receiver,	IU - "OFF", NU = "ON"
5N	1-14MHz receiver ago vollage:	V = nI5V
6A	Special command channel:	IW = "OFF", NIV = "ON"
BM	Special command channel ago.	V = n/5V
7A	29MHz beacon bulpul powor.	IK = IW, $NK = 300 mW$
7N	Service command parameter, 29MHz	
BA	144MHz beacon output power:	IO = IW, NO = 300 mW
BN	Service command paramater, 144MHz	
9A	Isl memory board slatus.	AS = "OFF", MS = "ON"
9N	29MHz Iransmil lemperature.	1 = 0 - 10, C
IOA	2nd mamory board status:	AB = "OFF", MB = "ON"
HA	Special channel for loading montory	AD = "OPEN", MD = "CLOSED"
12A	Code state memory status:	AG = "OPEN", MG = "CLOSED"
I3A	Memory onlpul:	AU = "29MHz beacon",
	,	MU = "144MHz beacon"
14A	21 MHz Robot receive attenuator	AW = 10dB, MW = 0dB
14N	21 MHz flobol receive 1 vollage:	V = n/5V
15A	144MHz Robol receive alleguator.	AK = 10dB, $MK = 0dB$
15N	144MHz Robot receive LL voltage;	V = n/5V
16a	144MHz spacial channel output	AO = 1W, MO = 300mW
16N	Robol QSQ count.	n = 0, OSOs = 0 to 32
		n = 80-99, OSOs = 33 to 126

Part of a typical telemetry frame might limk as fullnivs: NS49 FR45 ND00 NG08 1U00 IW00 NK01

I should stress that the parameter equations are grobably based on pre-lameh date and it may be that corrections will be required after the transpointers have been checked and fully in space. There has been considerable activity on the transponders though there is increasing emeron over the interference that is caused to the 144MHz uplink when the 150MHz signal of the navigation grayhead is in operation. Clearly when the primary grayhead comes into operation it is gossible that 144MHz operation may have to be alrandaned.

AMSAT Phase 3D

Intentioned above the talk given by DJ4ZC at the AMSAT-UR colloquium. The proposed satellite would provide a considerably enhanced capability over Oscar 10, particularly in terms of total cirp and uplink sensitivity. The major characteristics are summarised below:

Transponders	
Mode J	Upłink 144MHz, downilnk 435MHz
Mode L	Uplink 1,269MHz, downlink 435MHz
Output power	250W p.e.p
Bandwidth	500kHz
Mass	400kg
Lilatime	Elghi years
Orbit	
Inclination	63-4'
Apogee	35,000km
Perigee	1,500km
Period	12h

When the satellite is breated at close to apagee it is proposed to employ a high-gain (15,20dB) antenna; however, this causes problems away from apagee as the antenna beam would no larger be directed towards the earth. To avereome this problem it is proposed to carry a second, hower-gain antenna which would be switched into operation as the satellite moved away from the apogee. If all goes well it is hoped that the satellite will be launched in 1990-91.

UoSat Oscar 9's birthday

At 1127 are an 6 October, UoSat Oscar 9 celebrates the end of six eventful years in orbit. In spite of the odd operational difficulty, the satellite is probably providing better service now than an any other time in its life.

RAYNET

Geoff Griffiths, G3STG*

Old times—new times

Followers of the Raynet Column over the years will remember with affection the monthly and bi-monthly contributions from Sid Law, G3PAZ, the last appearing almost a decade ago. It was indeed very sad to learn of Sid's death recently, and although bis service to the Raynet Committee pre-dates my own, I still remember as a "ynung" member of the network, seanning the pages of the Bull and Rad Com for his concise reporting of so much good work done by members. For instance, the support given to the UK fire brigades during the drought year, and in the notes which now provide an insight into the buttles with authority leading to the granting of the talkthrough privileges which are nowadays regarded as an essential part of our everyday operations.

While going through some of his columns, I realise that the total membership some 10 years ago seas around 2,000. How good to remember that the membership nowadays stands not far short of two and a half times as many, with traditions of service in Raynet that he would have applauded being maintained week hy week. RIP,

Decisions, decisions

One thing that the original members of RAEN had to cope with was the chnice between ew and phone as the most appropriate mode for emergency communications. Not so now, when there is very little use made of ew in our operations. Indeed, the only time that I recall ew being used in anger in the last five years was during the long-distance links for the RAC/Lombard Rally between Wales and Nottinghamshire, when night-time operations were only sustainable on top-band ew.

In 1987, however, once again the situation has changed dramatically, with an entirely new string to our bow. If we were to be faced with the same situation, the shortage of skilled operaturs on the key would no longer prose an embarrassment, since operators on the keys can adequately take their places. Hundreds of operators regularly chat on the 144MHz band by the use of AX.25 packet transmissions, with a network of well-sited digipeaters providing the necessary links. Medivae I demonstrated that many groups are enpable of this mode, and indeed in some cases packet provided the only viable means of taking part in the traffic.

However, groups should not lose sight of the "kiss" principle, and try to remember that the more suphisticated and complex a station set up for emergency communications is, the more Murphy's Law is likely to strike just at the wrong time. There is still a great need for phone message procedures to be kept well rehearsed, and floor thought that old brass pounder's skill either. Meanwhile, less affluent members, or those to whom computer communications seems somehow to be not what real amateur radio is a hourt, will be wondering how packet operations is relevant to supporting the local St John unit at a public event! Good question.

Medivac

All group controllers will have received same time ago a full report on the Medivae I exercise, and indeed many groups will have taken part in the second in the series which was planned to encourage groups to look at a different set of problems. This operation, once again organised by the National Raynet Committee, was designed to encourage groups to operate from hill-tup sites, and examine the paths between widely separated groups in whi and nhil. By now the reports will be coming in, and I hope that there were not too many late summer storms around to spoil your enjayment on the afternoon of 20 September. The third in the series is expected to take place in the spring of 1988, and I hope that we find yet another set of problems for you to grapple with.

Statistics

1986 was the first year when a serious attempt was made to collect detailed accounts of the number of manhours devoted to Raynet operations by its members, and the results were pretty astronding. Approximately 8 per cent of all licensed amateurs were involved, and records of some 63,000 manhours of work were reported. Fortunately only 13 of the network's operations were live emergency operations, but real contributions to public safety were mulnubtedly made. Of work for the user services, 56 per cent of events involved the SJAB, 27 per cent cepo, 20 per cent BRCS and 15 per cent the

police. And before you add the figures up, let me say that quite a number of events involved providing service to more than one of the users,

CMX

Many groups will have been able to look at the operation of the new county message switch systems which are being introduced into the county emergency planning officers' service from this autumn onwards, or will soon have the opportunity.

New technology should not come as a surprise to members, but they should bear in mind that these introductions in no way diminish the importance of Raynet's role in serving the cepo service. In fact, I guess that we are going to be even busier as they are introduced countrywide than we were before!

Caravan towers beware

Can I suggest that all groups who make use of caravans as centres for their activities in the field look very enrefully at the small print in their members' insurance policies, or in the caravan policy which they hold. The many policies appear to give little cover for damage to the caravan itself if involved in an accident while being towed by a member's car, and may not be insured in transit at all unless the member is insured to tow by his vehicle insurance policy. Forewarded is forcarmed.

Recruits needed

The county controller for Oxfordshire, G6NPP, has been looking at his commitments for the coming year with some dismay! Like many groups, the increasing workhaal on the horizon means that he needs to recruit additional members to the teams in his county, and train them so that they form an effective part of the team.

Any amateurs who are convinced that they should be putting their communications skills to the service of the emmunity in Oxfordshire, with no financial reward for many hours of horedom, frustration and hard work, but with a great deal of enjoyment, and the necasional opportunity to be indispensable to someone in real trouble should contact; Mr R Willis, G6NPP, 24 Elizabeth Avenue, Abingdon, Oxfordshire OX14 2NS.

You don't live in Oxfonishire, but would still like to help your local group? Then ask on air, or drop me a line for the name and address of your local group. Members are expected to give up around one evening a month for training, to volunteer to assist at events for user services, and work as part of the team. In return, the knowledge of a job well done,

Group activities

It's always difficult to report activities from groups in this column, since so many are received that it seems unfair to pick individual events for reporting, but here are just a few from the mailbag late in August.

The Isle of Man Group worked very successfully in the early summer to provide emmunications for safety cover during the island's TT races. Stan Ellis, their controller, took over the management of all the safety emmunications provided to support the police and enouty emergency authorities, and in fact managed to get a helicopter to one serious crash very rapidly by telling the pilot to get his rotors moving before hearing of the incident officially! As a result of the excellent work thone, the group is involved in similar operations in support of the maturcycle races in August/September, and for the Tudor Webusto Rally in September,

The groups in Norfolk have to be particularly vigilant on the Lord Mayor's procession in Norwich in order to watch out for the children who attempt to "liberate" coins intended for the charity collectors which iton't always get quite that far. A quick dart into the road to do sucan prove quite hazardous for the youngsters. This time round, a broken arm and an eye injury needed treatment at the local hospital. Fortunately the Linns' Raft Race went off without injury.

When the Breckland Group provided cover for a carnival from three Raynet Landrovers, they had to cope with a uside variety of problems ranging from spinal injuries to blisters and heat exhaustion.

Sadly, this year will see the retirement of Doug Willis, G3HRK, as county controller of Norfolk, and I know that all members will wish to join me in wishing Doug well. Norfolk Raynet will not seem quite the same without this long-serving and extremely bard-working member.

Gloucestershire Raynet got a call from the county constabulary at 4.15 one morning in July which meant deploying a team to the bank of the River Wye where a party of cavers was overdue. Fortunately the team emerged safely in time for the team in get home for a late breakfast.

The North East Kent Group was able to make good use of a member's hime QTH to provide good coverage for the control station for the Canterbury Triathlor this year.

In September, members of Raynet in Northumberland were setting off on a series of exercises which were to take them around the circuit of old castles

^{*11} The Grove, Asfordby, Melton Mowbray, Leirs,

in their area. I don't think that many of the group members realised how many there are!

The West Midlands West Group was as usual having an extremely busy summer season, with shows at Walsall and Sandwell forming but a small part of the programme. The August Bank Holiday in the Birmingham area was expected to he very husy once more, hopefully with the Birmingham Superprix attracting better weather this year. The Birmingham and Midlands groups always have to prepare very carefully for this mammoth operation, and a great deal of frequency planning and co-operation is vital if all the weekend's activities are in gn off without problems.

A special note of thanks appears in the W Mills West newsletter (one of several excellent newsletters which I receive) to a couple of Leicester members who travelled over to assist with the Sandwell Marathon. I think that I will give away no secrets if I reveal that they learned a lot from that experience, and some of those lessons are being put into action back at the LE/071 home ground. How long since you volunteered to assist another group one weekend? You might learn something.

October plans

I'm looking forward to joining some of the members of Scottish Raynet groups in October and taking part in safety cover for the Isle of Mull Rally. I'm told that it is quite an experience, and perhaps I may be able to share some news of this remote enruer of our enverage with you next time round. Until then, 73.

SWL

Bob Treacher, BRS32525*

OCTOBER TRADITIONALLY brings the first of the winter conditions, and the contest season gets off the ground in cornest. We join in the fim with the HF Challenge, the rules of which are reproduced below. The event normally hrings a good crop of logs, but the number of G logs is disappointingly low. In general, swl participation in enitests is on the increase, but it would be a real bnost for one swl activity to be blessed with a flood of logs from G land. Why not start with the HF Challenge, you will be surprised how easy contesting really is.

HF Challenge 1987

Time to publicise my challenge again. The rules are a little different this year. so please strily them carefully.

- I. When, SSB—24/25 October 1987 CW—28/29 November 1987
- 2. Tlmos: 0000-2359 on both weekends.

3. Calegories, Single-band or multi-band entries will be accepted.
4. Frequencies. All bands 1-8-28MHz may be used.
5. Scorting, Only one station from each DXCC country may be logged on each band. Each stellon logged will count two points on each band. Your score should be computed by adding together the points scored on each band and multiplying by the total number of DXCC countries heard on each band.

6. Speciel rules. (a) All stallons logged must be in OSO. (b) Stallons hoard calling "CQ" or "QRZ" shall not count for points. (c) Standard-sized log sheets must be used. (d) Logs should be legible and written in lnk. (e) A list of all the multipliers heard on each band must be provided. (f) Entries should show-date, time, station heard, station worked, multiplier [If appropriate], and points claimed. (g) Any log entry of less than 3 × 3 on ssb, or 339 cw will be defered from the log.

7. Entries, Logs should be sent to Bob Treacher, BRS32525, 93 Elibank Road, Eliham,

London SE9 (QJ, England, to be postmarked no later than Monday I 6 November for the ssb leg, and Monday 21 December for the cw leg.

LF Challenge results

The 1987 event attracted eight entries and two check logs. Enough has already been said about conditions on the lower frequency hands during January, so I shall not dwell on conditions. It is worth reporting that much ifx was available on both 7 and 3.5MHz without losing too much sleep. Many entrants managed to log 100 countries on both bands. I-8MHz was rather poor, with little from the Caribhean to arouse interest. Some managed to log the 3Y expedition and this counted as a new DXCC country, not Anteretica, so credit has been given where it was not claimed. A few strange prefixes were noted and some have been deleted. Others were given the benefit of the doubt.

Some logs showed unrealistic signal reports, especially on 3.5MHz. As the noise level on the band is normally quite high, it is unrealistic to log a station as 5 × 1. A far more acceptable entry would be 4 × 7. However, I am aware that some listeners diligently give reports from their S-meter, and this is prohably where the discrepancy occurs.

The rule wherehy stations lugged had to be in QSO upset some, and entries have had to be rescored in places, It is unusual for contests to allow stations to be logged if not in QSO. The rule change for 1987 was to bring the event in line with standard practice. Most entrants commented that the Challenge was a superh way of collecting new countries on the bunds. As many swls now have more than 100 countries on both 3.5 and 7MHz, and more than 50 on I-8MHz, this was the main intention of holding the Challenge in January when lower frequency conditions are normally so good.

The logs show what is possible at lower frequencies. Congratulations to Jean-Jacques, ONL383, for submitting a faultless log, It is hoped that participation in 1988 will be greater than this year.

Posa	Station	7MHz	Countries 3-5MH2	1-8MHz	Total Points
1	ONL383	125	102	54	938
2	BRS50134	122	107	47	874
3	BR\$31879	115	60	46	711
4	BRS52543	77	91	36	624
5	BNS87156	86	90	33	588
6	BR\$8841	93	86	34	543
7	BRS88617	26	31	26	233
8	BR\$87985	0	71	0	123
Check logs					
	BRS32525	114	102	46	
-	BRS25429	102	110	39	

VHF news

Things at viif continue to stir, especially where spotadic fi propagation is concerned. There are hound to be reports of 50MHz states side openings elsewhere in the magazine, so I will not dwell longer than to say that I was aniazed to hear VE1, W1,2 and 3 on 21 July with just a simple dipole in the

Elsewhere on 50MHz, it is well worth reporting that thiring sparadic E activity the hand is superh. Es openings to either EA, CT or LA occurred ou at least 11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28 July and 2, 4 and 5 August. Few swis have yet taken the plunge and purchased receive equipment for the hand. My message is: go and hny a converter in readiness for the 1988 Ex season. Signals have been 50 + 20dB on many occasions. The joy of the band is that it npens up far more than 144MHz and distances have been quite amazing, for example 2,084km to 911. By next year we can hope that there will be a few more European countries on the hand, and we will be a little nearer getting some real dx on the hand. On 144MHz there have been several good openings and a few short affairs. In July, only one brief opening was caught, but 18KBJ, IT9SGO and 9H1FL were heard on 26 July front 1724 to 1739.

Other vhl news is scarce this month. Mick Toms, BRS31976, caught some of the Expending on 7 June, logging some good its from YU, YO and LZ. The last two countries being new and several new squares in YU were heard, tion. Mick had produced a fine analysis of Es activity over the last 16 years. Hopefully, I can find sufficient space to reproduce it next year.

David Whitaker, BR\$25429, was off to CT1 when he wrote. He has not been top active lint also caught some Er on 7 June from 1T9, 14, 10 and 1C8. Although David had resolved not to get on 50MHz this year, he is wavering somewhat with all the news of Ws and 59 + CTs and LAs!

Hardly anything to report on the tropo scene. My last tropo entry in the 144MHz log was during VHF NFD. Further afield, Culin Watson, BR\$46598, (Combernauld) logged LATBM, LASAW and OZTWT on 22 July.

HF news

A few interesting reports this month to prove that sommer conditions can be rewarding, Robert Small, BRS8841, had loggert KH6LW/KH7, AH6EQ, ZK1XV, KX6QR and CE0G110 all on 14M11z, BY9GA was also heard on the band at 2338. On the "new" bands UD6DKW and KP4BJ had been heard on 10MHz, while 24MHz provided G6ZY/EA6 and LU1DOW. Much tinic lind also been spent on 28MHz, with many strong European Exsignals and a few openings to Africa which brought in TJIDE, 7X25LS and ZDSTM, and one to the USA. Another to monitor 28MHz was Mick Toms who had 53 countries heard when he wrote. Included in that total are several South American countries, namely CE, CX, LU, PY, PZ and ZP, David Whitaker boasted a 28MHz score of 70, including J37, TA and TR8, 3-5MHz had produced SZ4EV and ZS3ZBZ. On the QSL front a eard from TA2BK had arrived, taking the confirmed total to 108 on 1/8MHz-all ssh. Colin Watson mentioned some 7MHz dx in the shape of CP6XH, 8P6SG, HR1KHK, XEIOH, 6Y5RP, A22BW and a few VKs and ZLs. Most of these entailed some very early mornings?

From Africa, some news from Stan Porter, ORS45992, in Malawi, Fle had heard FR5ES/J and FH4EC/FR/G earlier in the year on 14MHz, Locals to Stan, but exotic stuff for us up in Gland! Stan is expected to be in Britain this month on holiday. Last time he was over here, I was lucky enough to meet

^{*93} Elibank Road, Elibam, London SE9 IQJ.

him with a few other swls from the London area. I know he is hoping to meet a few more swis on his trip home this time.

More news

P.L.C. Riley, BRS41542, sent a photostat of a letter he had received from Richard Branson following his balloon ride across the Atlantic, I'm sure we all followed his progress with great interest. BRS41542 went one better and actually heard the intrepid halloonists on 5,680kHz from 1730 to 1906gnt on 3 July, which was pre, during and post air sea rescue. Richard's signals were 59 + using an R1000 receiver, an HF5 with radials and his famous "Tripute Sloper". Richard Branson wrote: "Thank you very much for senting me your cassette-it's very valuable indeed for my archives . . .

G3ZPF remarked about my comments on the CQ VPX Award and drew my attention to the GW4OXB Award for the same achievement which is free. GW4OXB runs the International Listeners Association and writes for another magazine. A number of listeners have mentioned the fine work which he devotes to the listener movement.

QSL list

I mentioned a few months ago that I had obtained the DL8BL QSL manager list. I still have a few copies left if any reader would like information of over 2,500 QSL routes. Cost is £1.

Finale

Just the usual note for news, views and comments to reach me by 10 October in time for the Christmas issue.

COMPUTING John Morris, GM4ANB*

Buying a computer

"What sort of computer should I buy for the shack?" is a question that regularly appears in my mail. Another is "I have just bought an XYZ computer. What aniatem radio programs are there available for it?" There is no single answer to the first question, but I can usually give a few hints.

Whenever I get asked the seemed, my heart sinks. It generally indicates that somebody has just gone out and spent several hundred pounds on a computer without first making sure that it really can do what they want it to do. This is a bit like buying a satellite tv system, then finding it will only receive USSR weather forecasts. The technology may be excellent, but unless the right programs are available, what you have is about as useful as a stuffed giraffe.

If you are contemplating buying a computer for the first time, you should think about what you want to do with it. Do you want to learn about computing? To use it in amateur radio? To play games? A mixture of all three? Or do you just want a status symbol?

If your reasons are any but the last, at least for a first computer, I would recommend staying well away from the latest technology and new models.

There are two ways to use a computer in amatem radio. One is to buy the basic computer, and write your own programs or adapt them from books and magazines. This is a stimulating exercise in itself, and many amateurs get as much enjoyment from writing computer programs as they do from using them. The satisfaction is much the same as that derived from home construction. But he wan ned-you will have to learn some new skills!

The splittge of new computers on the market in recent months means that there has never been a better time to buy an old model. They are being discounted all over the place to clear stocks. For example, G4LRX uses a Tandy TRS80 CC, and was recently able to bify a new space for just £10, and ridienlously clienp Dragons, Electrons, VICs and others can be seen here and there. Admittedly, you won't have all the latest in technology, but you will lose a zero or two off the price. Look in the small ads of your local paper ton-there are frequently hargnins to be had there.

There is often little or no amateur radio software (or any other sort) available for these computers, but most of the programs published in ampteur hooks and magazines can be got going on them with a little patience, This is, incidentally, an excellent way to learn about computing,

Sn if you want a computer to program for yourself, look for the bargains. At the worst, you will have wasted a few tens of pounds. At best, the time and effort you expend will give you the knowledge and experience to make the right choice if and when you decide to go for the latest technology.

* 26 Main St. Hilland, by Dunfermline, Fife KYTL 51.E. Prestol 383824456.

The other way to use a computer in the shack is to buy everything in, and use the computer to do a job, hopefully enhancing your enjoyment of amateur radio. There are several amateur radio oriented programs available eommercially, but the market is quite small, so the selection tends to be somewhat limited. If you are intending to buy a computer as a ready to use black box, make sure that the software you need is available before you part with your money.

If I were going out with a limited budget today to look for a computer to run commercial amateur radio programs I would give the Spectrum series it good look. They are the cheapest of the high-street machines, and they have been around for so long that there are lots of programs available. The keyboards are not high quality, but unless you are intending to type in long programs this is not too serious. Despite their old technology they are quite capable of running most amateur radio applications.

For a few pounds more the Amstrad CPC series are good value. The range of software is less extensive than for the Spectrum, but this situation is rapidly changing. Going up the market there is a lot of software about for the BBC computers, but these are expensive for what you get. They are nice machines

to program though.

Whatever sort of computer you buy, new or second-hand, latest technology or five year old design, remember one thing; all you have bought is a computer, not an amateur radio computing system. The computer is only one part of that system. You will need programs, and there are only three ways to get these; type them in, buy them, or get them from other amateurs.

If you are intending to buy in any programs, make sure they are available before you buy the computer. And don't necessarily believe the shop assistant cither!

SWR calculations

In a less-than-perfect antenna system, how much of the power coming out of the transmitter actually gets thrown into the sky? Program 1 will give you an estimate. It asks for the swr reading at the timismitter and the cable loss, which you will have to calculate according to cable length and the loss per metre at the working frequency. It displays the swr at the antenna, assuming there are no other mismatches on the way, the percentage of transmitter power being radiated, and the net signal loss due to eable and mismatch

The results of the program can be interesting, and occasionally quite enlightening. However, they are only as meaningful as swr itself, Before taking the output of the program too seriously I recommend that your read Pai Hawker's words on the subject of swr in Amateur Radio Techniques. Remember also that a high swr at the antenna in a supposedly matched system indicates that the rf is probably not going where you think it is, so the real signal loss could be even greater.

Program 1

```
10 INPUT "VSWR at transmitter "iST
  20 INPUT "Cable loss (dB)"; CL
  30 CL=10+(CL/10): RT=(ST-1)/(ST+1)
  40 SA=(1+RT*CL)/(1-RT*CL):EF=1/CL - RT*RT*CL
  45 PL=10*FNR(-LOG(EF)/LOG(10))
  50 IF EF(0 THEN PRINT "Impossible!: GOTO 100
  EØ PRINT "Antenna VSWR = ":FNR(SA)
  20 PRINT " Efficiency = ":INT(EF*:100+0.5);"X"
  90 PRINT " Power loss = ":PL:"dB"
  100 PRINT: GOTO 10
  110 DEF FNR(X)=INT(X*100+0.5)/100
3 RUN
VSWR at transmitter 71.8
Cable loss (dB) 72. 6
Antenna VSWR = 3, 17
 Efficiency = 40%
  Power loss = 4dB
```

Oddbits

Syd Ponle, G31MP has a problem with using his dupe-checking program on the BBC. When the power fails an open file is left on the disc. Does anybody know how to close it?

Brian Hancock, G4NPM, has cleared all hf computer QRM from his Amstrad 664 and 6128 computers by winding the dc input lead 10 times round the ferrite rod from a defunct inw/lw radio. There is still a problem on 144MHz, where the QRM appears to be radiated rather than mains borne. Tests with a handheld suggest that the source is very near the keyboard l.e.d. as well as the monitor. G4NPM would like to hear from anyone with information on this. He would also like to hear from anyone who has tried nickel screening the Amstrad.

A new edition of the Software Exchange Register is now out. Copies are

available by post from RSGB HQ at £1 cach. The Register has to o parts: the first is a list of amateurs who have programs for various computers, and are prepared to make them available to others; the second lists all of the commercial amateur radio software of which I have details. New register entries are always preleone, especially for programs and computers and already on the list. If you have unritten or adapted any program for a particular computer and are prepared to make cupies furthers, or if you sell amateur radio software and ovant to be included on the register, please sand the details to me at the address at the bottom of page 778.

Final

This is my last contribution of Computing. I have recently started my own computer consultancy business (advert), and the ragaries of that keep me moving around the country and away from the shack for two long for me to be able to prepare programs on a regular basis. However, you have no heard the last of me. Three have been several topics which I would have liked to have entered in Computing, but which or tulid have taken much more than the single page to deal with properly. I hape to be able to find time to explore some of these in depth more, and to write up any useful results.

Finally, I would like to thank the many amateurs ofthe have written to me with encouragement, suggestions, comments, programs, and even pointing out the occasional bug.

We are very sorry to lose the services of John Morris, GM4ANB who has been a contributor to our operating feature pages for over seven years; first as contributor of 4.2.70 (now VHF/UHF) from July 1980 to July 1982, and of Computing since its inception in October 1984 to the present day. I know that his many readers (and he had an enviable tottowing) would wish me to record their graftitude for his stalwart efforts on their behalf, and I must also record my own appreciation for his untailing regularity in supplying clear and accurate "copy" which was a joy to handle.

We wish him success and lortune in his new field of endeavour.

AWA

The departure of GM4ANB at short notice leaves a gap to be litted, and anyone wishing to take on the manite of regular contributor of the Computing column in invited to write to: The Editor, Radio Communication, Lambda House, Cremborne Road, Pollera Bar, Herts EN6 3JE, giving details of releavert qualifications or experience.

MICROWAVES

Mike Dixon, G3PFR*

News from IARU Region 2

A brief hut releage and "nerrsy" letter was received from Joe Reisert, WIJR, a well-known and enthusiastic whf/nhf aperatur, which I hope will be the beginning of apdates on the microwave scene in the USA. Joe said: "Many things are happening on whf/nhf and microwaves on this side of the Atlantic" and that he seldom seems to get time to send our individual leners to folk who might be interested in what is happening or enthere, I know that feeling only too well, Joe, so you are not alone!

Here's what has been happening: the first-ever claimed amateur one QSO on 3:456GHz took place on 6 April 1987 between KD5RO/5 (EM L3PA) and W7CNK/5 (EMISFJ), mer a distance of 273km (Linake this 275km, using a computer pringram!). KD5RO used a 3m dish, 130W output aml a 1:4dB receive noise figure mounted at the feed. W7CNK used a 5m dish, 82W and a receive noise figure of 0:5dB; the consignals were a few decibels about noise.

Six days later W7CNK/5, using the same set up, worked K0KE/0 (DM79NO) at 802km (I make it 797km) with signals, this fine, at "speaker strength in the 2-5kHz receive bandwidth" — K0KE had "borrowed" a 10m dish and run 12W with a receive mise figure of 1-9dB.

Thelve slays after this, W7CNK/5 had the first claimed 5:7b0GHz one QSO with WA5TNY (EM13PA) at 274km. This time W7CNK, using the same dish as before, ran 100W, receive noise figure 1:6dB, while WA5TNY used a 3m dish, 25W and a 1:4dB mise figure. The em signals were reported as being 3:6dB above imise.

As if this were not enough, during June, W7CNK reported hearing his num (weak) 10-368GHz signals off the moun while running 4W to the 5m dish and

*"Woodstock", Gaze Bank, Nortey, Warrington, Cheshire WA6 8LL

using a receive noise figure of 2-8dB. This is also claimed as "a first at 3cm, at least using all amateur-owned equipment".

Things are stirring on the higher bands too! WA3RMN/7 (CN93IQ) had a 186km two-may ssb QSO on 24-192GHz with WB7UNU (CN95DH) in August last year which, while not constituting a world record, is still a notable achievement. The stations used 73cm dishes and 20 and 5mW respectively. Another notable achievement was a 22-6km ssb turo-may on 47-040GHz between WA3RMX (CN85PL) and WB7UNU and W7TYR (CN85NH) on 8 March this year. The former station used a 75cm dish and 3-5mW and the latter stations a 24cm dish and 44µW? The world record on this band, held by HB9MIN and HB9AMH, will stands at a little over 50km using fin. However, with narrourband signals available it blocks as if it may not stand for the much longer!

News and views from nearer home

Two things to note from Joe's letter; first the universal use of Locator by the American operators, which makes reporting and checking distances so easy. Second, the effective use of narrowband modes to arrive some quite remarkable results, which of course could be predicted, given the equipment parameters, by means of any simple systems analysis program run on a modest home micro! I shouldn't have to say in, but the Michardame Committee have been "preaching" for years the advantages of narrowband, and at the same time bermanning the decline in narrowband hubbling and operating at 5.7GHz and above. Indeed, one of the reasons for resurrecting the Rouse Memorial Trophy was to encourage micromate constructors/operators to come forward with narrow hand equipment designs using the never technologies, rather than the "standard" and often somewhat disappointing prareguide based designs frequently used in the UK. So far the response has been, as our American consins would say, "zileh"! High time we looked to our lamels, chaps!

Incidentally, a means to generate narrowband signals has folly described by G3BNI, in a recent issue of the Minimums Newsletter, and simable components are stocked by the components service, so traders have no excuse for not having a go at the distance award (150km plus) which we recognise to be difficult on mideband but much easier on narrowband. If there is interest, ne do have track layouts for the BNL narrowband design and could, perhaps have some boards made for this project.

Maybe 10GHz narromband activity nill take something of an upturn shorth, as Lumlerstand that orders have been placed for several of the Piper Communications (imported German) IBGHz transporters recently mentioned in the Microwave Secoletter and based an a design published in Dubio, For those who prefer to "rull their awa", it might be timely to remind them that up to several hundred milliorans of ubfur (or fsk enr) can be generated from hower-order unthipliers than those usually used with the JVI. transperter and mixing. If we could get away from the apparently overwhelming desire to use sch at BIGHz, the 'JVL design can, as I know, easily generate 5 to 10mW of narrow band signal when used as a "straight" multiplier rather than a mixer. And that sort of power, narrow band, empled with the use of cw, is far, far more effective than the average whim station. G3PYB, for instance, is producing some 20th (Why tripling from 3:456G11z) to produce either ubfm or wbfm, both crystal rounrolled, while G3BNL is reported to have produced upwards of 750 800mW by similar means, Enough sermonising - the message is quite clear!

The 10/24GHz operating labler stands as follows (as a) July):

		10GHz			
Posn	Callsign	Stations worked	Best dx (km)	Multiplied score	
1	G8KQWIP	34	143	4,862	
2	G3PHOIP	19	244	4,636	
3	G3ZMEIP	19	135	2,565	
4	G3NKLIP	В	160	1,280	
5	GOBTAIP	7	113	791	
6	G00JA/P	10	76	760	
7	GW6MEN*P	4	120	480	
		24GHz			
Posn	Calisign	Stallons worked	Bosi dx (km)	Multiplied score	
T.	G3NKLIP	3	40	120	
2	G8KQWIP	T T	12	12	

Talking of portable operating on the higher bands. Dave, G8VZT, gave me an inid photograph of 10GHz portable operating from the summin of Snowdon. It was taken on the occasion, in 1980, of what was believed to be the first GW/EI on 10GHz, and shows Martyn, G3UKV and Pete, G4AUY manning the wideband station used for the QSO. It also shows that the mx is sometimes kind at 1,085m on this peak! (Unfortunately, the photograph was not suitable for reproduction—Eth.

The next Martlesham round table will be out 8 Notember, details from G4FRE or G4DDK (QTHR); tickets arailable from G4FRE in due course. The date for Sheffield, also in November, is not yet known.

DATA COMMS

Ian Wade, G3NRW*

NET/ROM revolutionises long-haul packet

NET/ROM is a firmmare mackage developed by Ron Raikes, WASDED, and Mike Busch. WolXU, providing a Level 3/4 packet service which has many advantages over conventional disjocating for long-haul routes. The package runs on a TNC-2, and is supplied as a 27C256 eprum, replacing the standard AX.25 rom in the tuc.

A NET/ROM node provides the normal functions of an ordinary AX.25 digipeater, plus a set of high level networking capabilities. A user may enuncer to a local NET/ROM node, establish a transport level circuit to a distant node, then connect to another end user or mailbox in the vicinity of the distant mode. Ronting between the local and distant NET/ROM undes is handled automatically, and may involve setting up crosslinks between a whole series of intermediate NET/ROM nodes on the way.

One of NET/ROM's most important features is that if there is any QRM interrupting traffic between any two undes on a route, the NET/ROM software will automatically try again to transfer the data between the affected undes. In other words, NET/ROM takes mer the responsibility of cusuring that the data gets from unde to node in one piece, with each unde sending back its own acknowledgement of successful receipt of data. This is quite different from conventional digipeating, where there is only one acknowledgement, sent by the receiving station at the far end of the link; even if the transmitted data arrives intact, the acknowledgement may be lost anywhere on the return journey, and so the data has to be sent again.

Another important feature of NET/ROM is that it dynamically bandles changes in routing. This may be necessary if a particular mute becomes unavailable (perhaps because of equipment failure, or channel congestion), or if a new route becomes available (when a new NET/ROM node breomes active). The actual routing may even change during a QSO - this is quite invisible to the rad user - so that individual packets may traverse different ranges on their may to the destination, Because of different time delays through different rantes, it is even possible for packets to arrive at the destination node in the wrong order. This doesn't matter, however, because NET/ROM will automatically resurrange them into the correct order before presenting them to the old user.

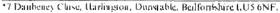
The old map: digipenting

To see the advantages of NET/ROM, it's useful to look first at the problems of conventional digipeating (Fig.1). If GIDIL in the Midlands wants to make contact with G8GGI in Surrey, G1D1L could set up a digipeat path with the the command "CONNECT G8GG1 VIA GB3AP, G1XYZ, G2XYZ, GB3XP", looping that the channel is fairly quiet all the way along the mute. Assuming that all is well and that a connection is established (the dotted line in the diagram), information packets from GIDIL will then be digiperted in turn by GB3AP, GTXYZ, G2XYZ and GB3XP on their way to G8GGL and the acknowledgements from G8GGI will follow the same mute in reverse. erentually arriving back at G1D1L.

But if there is any QRM en-mate (say, between GTXYZ and G2XYZ), the story is quite different. Perhaps a southbound information packet from GIDIE is corrupted, and hence ignored by G2XYZ. Or perhaps the information arrives successfully at G8GGI, but the northbound acknowledgement is corrupted, and hence ignored by GTXYZ. Either way, GTDIL's the floes not receive the acknowledgement, and has no option but to send the information packet again. This may happen time and time again, and creatinally GIDIL's the gires up. The result is no QSO, and frustration all round.

The new way: with NET/ROM

The alternative way for GIDIL to make contact with G8GGI is to make a connection between nodes equipped with NET/ROM (the solid lines in the diagram). To do this, GIDIL first connects to his local NET/ROM node. GB3AP, with the normal the command "CONNECT GB3AP", Once connected with NET/ROM on GB3AP, he then types a new connect command, "CONNECT GB3XP", telling his local node to establish a NET/ROM muite to GB3XP, which happens to be the nearest node to G8GGI.



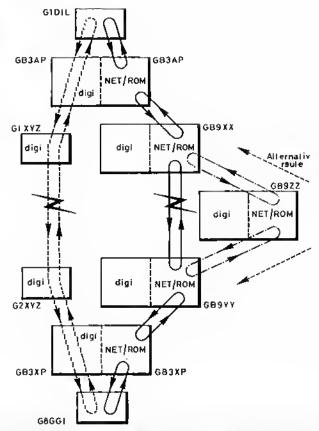


Fig 1, Digipeating versus NET/ROM, When cammunicating via canventianel digipeaters, there is only one connection (between the end points). QRM anywhere along the peth will juicily disrupt the flaw of data, making it necessary for the stellans allha end paintala sand the sema information egain. With NET/ROM, each nade sate up a separate cannection with the next nade on the route; each nade is only respansible for handling the transfer of dete end ecknowledgements with its Immadials neighbours. The effects of QRM or chennel congestion ere thus localised. Alsa, if QRM is as severe their peri of the raute is impossible to treverse, or if a particular nade la shul dawn, NET/ROM will autamatically set up en altamative raute around the effected area

To establish the nume, NET/ROM automatically ennucets with GB9XX, which in turn connects with GB9YY, which finally connects with GB3XP. In other words, there is effectively a separate connection between each node in the route (in contrast to conventional digipeating, where there is only one connection between one end and the other).

When the NET/ROM route has thus been set up, G1DIL receives a message saving that he is connected to NET/ROM on GB3XP. He can then give the command "CONNECT G8GGI", and, all being well, he can start the QSO. From now on, all packets are individually nekantwiedged between each node in the raute, and if there is any QRM on the way, only the affected undes have to keep re-trying to pass the data.

So G1DIL needs only to have a good path to his local NET/ROM node GB3AP, and likewise G8GGI needs only to communicate successfully with his local node GB3XP. If there are any communication problems between GB3AP and GB3XP, the NET/ROM software will automatically attempt to get the data through, either by retries between the affected undes, or if this fails, by re-routing around them. Thus, for example, if the link between GB9XX and GB9YY becomes transable, the NET/ROM routing softmare could set up an alternative path through GB9ZZ to circumvent the problem.

The net effect

NET/ROM has been installed in several hundred thes around the world, and has had a major impact on reducing channel congestion and improving performance over long paths with several digipeaters. Calculations have shown that NET/ROM will give an 800 per cent improvement in throughput compared with an ordinary five-digipeater path, and for longer paths, the benefit is even more marked.

NET/ROM can be installed on an unmodified TNC-2 (or clone), although to improve performance a comple of changes are recommended. The first of these is to increase the ram from 16k to 32k, to provide more message buffering, and the second is to change the clock frequency to 4-9152MHz. Both of these modifications require only minor surgery on the the board, and are fully described in the user's manual.

Contest News

HF NATIONAL FIELD DAY 1987 RESULTS

WHILE radio conditions were excellent, the 1987 NFD, the 47th in the series (taking account of the war years), was maired for many groups by some of the worst weather ever reported for this event. Gate force winds, forcential rain, thunderstorms, floods and a host of other problams beset a large number of entrants. On the North Downs (Kenl/Surray border), wind gusts of over 100mph waterecorded and force 10 storms were reported by many weathur stations along the south, southwest and west coasts. Thu problem was caused by an intense low pressure area centred south of Ireland logothor with the associated Ironts rusulting in a roally nasty weekend for groups located in thu south and west of the country. Such is the resilence of the dedicated NFD groups, that 122 groups out of those that registured (54 open and 68 restricted), managed to get a station on the air and sent in logs for cliecking. There were a number of groups which for one reason or another were unable to complete the event, and 14 of these sent in part logs for information.

Stations located buther north generally laced better, and some of the Scottish and northern entrants even managed to complain of sunburn and had Saturday evening

opun-air "cock-ups"

The good side to the story is that the propagation favoured inter-Europaan contacts, with some excellent overall and band scores. As has happuned in previous yarrs, those conditions act as a great leveller between the two sections, as is evidenced by the small differences in the linal scores achieved by the section

winners and runners-up.

Much to the surprisu of those groups which checked 28MHz during the Sunday alternoon, there was an opening to North America which enabled the lucky ones to make some unexpocled quick-lire contacts. Apart from this the west of tho UK was lavoured with long periods of sporadic E on 28MHz, which gave them a pipeline into lavoured with long periods of spot adic-E on 28MHz, which gave them a pipeline into DL and IIB, much follie envy of those in other parts, who for much of the contest could only hear one end of the contacts on scattur-back. On 21MHz, there were very lew intor-UK contacts, with Europe taking most of the traffic. Some good dx was worked, with several groups managing to achieve WAC, although the openings were of limited duration. There was a similar pattern on 14MHz, although both the short-skip and the dx (when stations look advantage of it) was available for much longer than on 21MHz, As itsual 3-5 and 7MHz look a heavy hammering with European /P and thad fixed traffic. Additionally there were uxcultent openings on 7MHz for dx working during Saturday night. At long last the German stations made their promised appearance on 19MHz and work most welcome. There were 90 different ones this year, nearly as many as the total of the UKP stations that used the band. many as the total of the UK/P stations that used the band

The DARC has been working hard to obtain the agreement of its authorities to relax the regulations for 1-8MHz working in this portable event, and it was a last-minute decision for thum to include operation on this band. Our thanks go to all Iho German groups which came on the band, and we are assured that the number will increase in future cw field days. As usual there was good support from the HB/P groups, and the portables from fially and the USSR. A number of other EU/P stations were active, and now that the IARU Region 1 policy for this event has been settled, wo can look forward to a much wider participation than has been the case in the past.

Since the publication of thurrules, the RSGB has been presented with a new trophy

by the widow of the late Charles Ponting, G6ZR. To bulknown as the G6ZR Memorial Trophy, it will complement the Gravesend Trophy, as it is to be awarded to the runners up of the section with the loast number of entrants. The committee have decided to award it immediately, so this year it will go to thu second placed group in The Open Section

NFD Shield: We always expect to see the Verulam club somewhere near the top of the NFD tables, and this year is no exception as their "A" learn of G3JKS and G4DJX managed to achieve the best overall score to win the premier award. They were no Ilie Opon Section and although they did not have as many contacts as some of the other leaders. They made more use of the two bonus bands which gave thum a 62 points advantage over the overall second placed group, GOAAA/P, The equipment used by G3VER/P was a TS930S transculver leading a mix of bearts and dipoles. Bristof Trophy: Oncu again the Three As Group G0AAA/P, were the leaders in the Restricted Section and while they were not able to top the 1,000 QSOs made last year. G3SXW, G3TXF and G3WVG at a to be congratulated for their excellent performance. They were another TS930S user and their antenna was a 256li centre-led wire. While thay had 11 more contacts than G3VER/P, they had 19 less contacts on 1:8MHz, lour tower on 3:5MHz and were 24 down on 7MHz. They made up some of the difference on 14 and 2IMHz where their totals were up on G3VER/P by 22 and 36 OSOs. On 28MHz both groups fied with 154 contacts each G6ZR Memortal Trophy: The tirst winners of this new trophy are the Gravesend RS.

G3GRS/P who achieved the remarkable lead of coming second in both the Open and Restricted sections. They originally planned to enter the Open section, but after managing to crect a single-band beam on a lower, a sacond Yagi on a 60ll pipe mast and a c/l wire entenna under awful conditions, just as they were roady for the oll at

1500gnil, the pipe mast bluw down.

As there seemed no hope of them being able to rapair the damage, they erected another c/l wire antenna at 35ft and decided to change to the Restricted section. lesing an hour of contest time in the process. Using this one antenna, they made enough points to secure a very good second place in the Restricted section, however, they had left the first tower and yagi in position, albeit with the feeder coiled however, they had fell the first lower and yagi in position, after with the feeder coiled in pall the base. While there is no question that this "open" antenna was used, the inspector's report recommended that they should be reclassified in the Open section, where their score, even with first hour lost, was good enough to give them an attennative second place. G3GRS/P had a Ten-Tec Omni-D transceiver and was operated by G4BUO and G4FAM a leam that has been regular winners of the NFD Shield in recent years. While they are naturally unhappy about not winning their namesake trophy, it is troped they will be compensated by receiving the RSGB's removed.

Gravesend Trophy: Awarded to the runnors-up of the section with thu most entries,

the 1987 winners are the Marplu CG "B", G4MCC/P, with their team of G3WPF, GBCMM and GW3YDX. The Marple Icam aru very experienced in this type of contest and Iheir Total of 876 contacts was spruad across the six bands, Their only disappointment being on 28MHz where they lound it hard going. They were also a TS930s user and their antenna was a 270ff c/f wire.

Scottish NFD Trophy: Glenrothes "A", GM4GRC/P, who did not enter the Open section last year, returned in this year's NFD with a bang and once again win the trophy. Aberdeen, GM3BSO/P, last year's winners aru in second place.

Frank Hoosen G3YF Memorial Trophy: Awarded for the highest score on 14MHz irrespective of section, this has also been won by Glenrothus "A", GM4GRC/P, who were the clear leaders on thu band.

Certificate winners: The committee award merit certificates to the stations placed Ihird in each section, to the section leaders on each band and to the overseas station in each continent providing the most points for UK portables. This year the third place certificates go to the Torbay ARS "A" station, G3NJA/P for their Open unity and to Stockport RS, G6DO/P in the Restricted. The other certificate winners are listed later in this report.

Check logs

We normally expect to receive a number of checklogs from overseas fixed and portable stations. This year several of the IARU Region 1 societies sent us lists of Their parlicipaling portables and we thank ARI, DARC, UBA and USKA for their holp. In addition, logs were received from C30CCA/P, G6ZY/EA6, GW3WWN, I1HAG/P, CN5VL/P, W4YN, YU7FS, YU7FT/P, YU7KM together with a number of partial logs from UK/P stations who were unable to complete the event because of the weather. The merit certificates go to THAG/P for Europu and to W4YN for North Amurica.

Conditions on this band were very good comparatively speaking, willi certificate winners G08VV/P (Open section) and GU3HFN/P in the Restricted working 183 and [49 stations respectively. As mentioned to the opening runtarks, the south-west and west were the places to be for the best sporadic Elopenings with G4CRC (Cornwall), GD3RFH and GI3YRO capitalising on the conditions. Early alternoon on Sunday brought an opening to the USA with 10 groups being in thu right place at the right time. Other dx worked including Astatic USSR, Israel, Brazil and Cyprus As reported by the other band adjudicators, the accuracy of the band logs was very

mixed. Not only were there callsign/report errors, but there was also one or two logs

containing unmarked duplicates. An expensive error on this bonus band whore each duplicates are contact with a UK or EU/P.

Comments from the field includud, "Prefly good, but long periods of white netse. Some South Americans to brighten things up" (G3LRS/P), "Plenty of octivity for most of the time" (G4CRC/P), "... nice to see 10 open for good periods ... could only get our antennas up 15tf due to high winds" (G4RSE/P), "Silver rod antenna better than beam for Europeans!" (G4UHI/P). G4JKS

A combination of short-skip with some dx propagation, coupled with the band being open for virtually the whole of thu 24h produced some uscullent scores. Maldenhoad "A", G3WKX/P with a single-band entry lopped the Open section by making 293 contacts to win the section certificote. Loicester Poly "A", who mixed 21 and 1 8MHz for a two band entry linished only a few points behind from 273 contacts. If only they had pushed a little harder, they could have collected two band winner certificates! In

hid placu in the Open section was the sky-band entry from Torbay "A".

In the Restricted section, Aburdaen "A", GM3BSO/P, receive the curtification by just piping Central Lancs ARC Into second place by just three points with Swansea ARS third, again only alew points less. All the leading stations in belli sections lost points. as did many other groups who used the band. Most of the deductions related to errors in recording (or franscribing) callsigns, although a few, who had become accustomed to recording 599, failed to enter a 559 or 579 report when sent.

While the majority of groups praised conditions and their results, a lew found it hard going. One group commented that whenever they checked the band there seemed to be no UK portables to work and the Europeans were down in the "mud", Another went as lar as suggesting their prusence on the band warranted an X2 bonus, while yet another complained that it was hardly worth spending timu working 21 MHz as conditions were so poor at their location. These comments are surprising as a master check-list prepared by the adjudicator shows that over 260 different Europuan portable stations and 61 different dx stations appear in the band logs,

Short skip dominated the contest traffic on the band with long openings to Europe, particularly bulween 1500-1930, 2100-2330 and during most of Sunday. There were no single-band entries this year, possibly due to thu bad wuathur and/or the prevailing propagation.
The Open section leaders (and winners of the Frank Hoosun trophy), GM4GRC/P.

visited the band five times to make 311 OSOs, of which only 16 were outside of Europe. The Restricted certificate winner, G4MCC/P, also concentrated on Europe and only seven of their 234 contacts were with dx.

The technique of rapid band changing to maintain a high average OSO rate was demonstrated effectively by the overall winners, G3VER/P, who made 193 European and 10 dx contacts from 15 excursions on the band. G0AAA/P, the Restricted section leaders, also made a number of quick visits to thu band collecting 225 contacts, including 15 with North America.

There are three major areas of activity during a contest such as NFD. Thuse are pre-contest planning and organisation; operating; and post-contest administration. Some groups pay far too little attention to the last of these and submit un-rewritten

entries containing obvious errors and unmarked duplicates. As well as causing exira work for the adjudication learn, the groups' efforts are negated by a large loss of points. This year, there were a number of badly prepared logs, including those from G4AYM/P, GM0AYR/P, G4JS/P and G3YRC/P. Dupe sheets submitted with entries are helpful, both as a check for the person who is preparing the entry logs and for the adjudicator, The HFCC is considering making them mandatory for all RSGB ht contests

Finally, many operators commented on contacts with ZB2/GB0SWR/MA and it was suggested that a callsign like that deserve extra points it copied correctly (and only a few did manage to soil out that mouthful?)

A total of 112 groups submitted logs for 7MHz this year, an increase of seven over 1986, however, there were other UK/P stations active that did not send in entries. The increase in support is all the more pleasing in view of the appalling weather conditions experienced by most groups

Comments on radio conditions ranged from "super" to "nall", thus proving the old adago about not being able to please everybody. Most of the contest traffic was with Europe and an astounding 16,000 OSOs were made with portable and fixed stations. in our continent. Despite the high levels of QRM and the simpler antennas used this year, there was plenty of dx to be worked by those sufficiently determined. Over 50 dillorent W/VE callsigns appear in the logs, together with PY, ZS, TI, VK, ZL and othors. Congratulations are in order for the group that made WAC, and our commiserations to the operation who worked ZL3GO, but logged him as a Dt.31 This band always seems to all ract a number of single-band entries and as might be

expected all the leading stations were in this category. The certificate winners are the Sulton & Cheam "A" RS Open section entry, G4ADM/P, and the G3XRO CG, G3XRO/P Restricted section entry. Monition should be made of the Guildford & DRS station, G5RS/P who used battery power without the benefit of floar charging Logs in general were well presented and neal, although there were the usual lew

groups who submitted cut and paste photocopies of the original sheets, scribbled in the heat of the moment with a blunt 68 pencil or a dying felt-tip, and full of crossings out and overwriting. For a contact to count for points, it must be possible for the adjudicator to read the details and some of these groups will find that their scores have been reduced because of the fillogibility of their log entries. Soveral groups submitted computer derived logs and white these were a delight to check, not all were in the correct format of 40 entries to an A4 page, or with the same column

formal as the RSGB log sheet, (see comments later in this report).

It is requelled that so many groups do not clieck their logs carefully enough for duplicate contacts and over 10 per cent of the entries had one or more unmarked. dupes with some logs having as many as three! Almos; every entry lost points during checking, the principle cause being inaccurate logging of callsigns. Problems were posed by the USSR stations as will their changed call formal, the second letter of the prefix is the clife and it is no longer safe to assume that a 9 or 0 in the callsign means the station is located in Asia.

3-5MHz
Conditions on the band were good for European portable contracts, although with 14MHz staying open and the increased activity on I-8MHz, some groups did not have sufficient time to run up a good score on 3.5MHz. There was alrenzy of activity during the Institute of the event when many groups strived to mop up the UK/P stations missed earlier. The band certificates for the highest scores go to Echellord, G3UES/P, who were in the Open section and to Leicester Poly "8", G3RIP/P, who lod the Restricted entrants.

Few groups worked any dx, although a number were hoard (and called) from both VK2 and VK3 during the early morning long-path opening! Several complaints were received about a UA contest on Saturday evening, which along with the regular 3:5MHz QRM reduced the number of frequencies available for use. (Note: this is surprising as RSF of USSR now officially support NFD. It has been suggested that the QRM might have originated from fixed USSR stations supporting their own portables-G6LX1

Few entrants escaped without losing points in the checking. To be precise only 13 groups Italia cloan sheet, but this included most of the leaders, who seem to pay more allegation to the accuracy of thoir entires to ensure a minimal loss of points. (Perhaps IIIIs is why liney are on the leader board,—G6LX). Many lost points were clearly due to transcription errors and the average points lost overall was 26, with a higher average loss noted for the Open section entrants—38. So please don't throw away the dupe sheets because you have more than one antenna! As noted later in this NFD report, there was one nasty incident, when a group tried to take over another frequency that was in use, and when challenged, responded with foul

language.

Comments on 3:5MHz: "Little trouble with static"—G8GG/P, "Noisy band, lots of static"—G4UH/P, "Too much hard work, except in the middle of the night"—GMTOO/P, "Produced some nice pileups, so we must have been getting out"—G4HFT/P, "Why did everyone go elsewhere when we came on to the band?"—G3PDL/P, "Bread and builer from the small hours to dawn"—G0AAA/P, "Our £1,500 rig packed up on this band"—G4HRC/P, "As the wx worsened we wondeted whether to sign /MM, /MA or /AM"—G4FNL/P, "Discovered on Sunday that our 266li doublet had become a 133ll zepp"—G3WAS/P, "Deal Russians in their contest refused to work us—does that make us Refusentks?"—G3LRS/P.

G48UO

With DL/P stations using this band in NFD for the first time, there was a further increase in popularity and many groups commented on the stimulation they have created Exactly 100 G/P stations sent a tog recording operation on 160 during the 24h, which added to the 90 German stations that appeared in the logs, considerably lengthened the time in which the band was used. In past NFDs this period has been sharply defined but this year the first contacts were made as early as 2000, with some groups still going strong at 0400.

Certificate winners in the Open section are the Leicester Poly ARS, G3SDC/P, who were nearly 250 points ahead of second placed Gravesend, G3GRS/P, In the Restricted section, Southgate "B", G4KZD/P, were the certificate winners with Marple "B", G4MCC/P, in second place.

Several groups commented on the lack of static and suggested it had been washed or blown away by the rain and wind. The lack of QRN generally helped groups to make contacts that would have been difficult under normal mid-summer conditions. and a number of groups worked VE, W and UA9, while a report via G6LX during a contact with VK records that 11 different UK/P stations had been heard and called on

the band with no avail! Added to this, there was a wide variety of EU prefixes available for the taking to make this an interesting and very competitive band.

As has been noted elsewhere, the presentation of most logs is good, but a minority leave much to be desired; unmarked duplicates, log alterations, indeciphorable willing and other careless errors can add up to a lot of points lost. The adjudicator for this band has no hesitation in detering a contact, particularly if he is not sure what the callsign is supposed to be. There is no time to spate to indulgating guossing games. All this could be avoided by spending a little more time before submilling the entry. BRS20249

Equipment and antennas

This year There were 32 different types of transceivers in use including the usual Trio/Kenwood, Yaesu, Tentec and ICOM (in order of popularity). Additionally there was a home-brew transceiver, the usual Drake twins and a lew other makes of commercial equipment listed on the cover sheets.

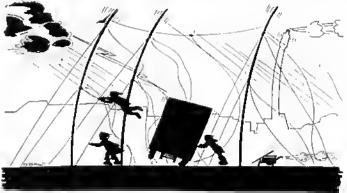
As a direct result of the high winds, the aniennas used by the Open section this year included many more simple wires than has been the ease in recent NFD evants and only a relatively lew groups managed to erect "aerial larms", the larger TH6 or TH7 multiband beams or the big single-banders that normally feature on the entitles. While some groups did manage to erect the smaller tribanders, tho scopa of the antennas listed on the cover sheets clearly show the difficulties experienced by many groups. Typical of these; "a doublet at 2011", "loop 3211 high", "Inverted-vee at 2211", "crossed dipotes", "bent della loop with bottom 611 oil ground", "Irap dipote at 2511" etc. Only one group reported that they had managed to arect at 7MHz Yagi using a mobile lower, but were unable to crank it up, several who had laboured to make 7MHz guads decided to leave tham on the ground and use wires instead

In the Restricted section, the centre led wire was again predominant, albeit with wide variations in the exact length of the "lep" ranging from 120 to 600tt. Very little antenna damage was reported by entrants in this section, although a number of groups mentioned that they reduced the height of their masts or had provided extra sets of guys. (A ladder used as a strengthener seems to have been popular!) Generators were once again the weak link with a number of reported failures due

to mechanical troubla or because rain was sucked into the air Intake. Why is It that these NFO problems always seem to occur in the middle of the night when there is only a minimum number of people on the site and nobody can find a forch!

As previously mentioned in these NFD reports, the committee try to randomise the spread of groups to be inspected and this year 26 were visited, including a number who had not previously been on the list. The HFCC thank those members who gave Their Time to visit the nominated sites and inspect the stations in the atroclous weather. No problems were reported other than with one group who could not be located by the inspector and the recommendation about a change in section for G3GRS/P, mentioned earlier in this report,

The co-ordinator apologises to any groups trying to contact him during the tale Friday evening and Saturday morning, his telephona had bacome a victim of the bad weather and was out of order!



"Usual Held day wx here!"

Many groups complained about the adverse weather conditions which sooms to have been the worst during an NFD for many years and caused some structural damage to masts, antennas, tents, caravans and generators. Apart from the Gravesend group, a number of others lost masts and antennas. One group in east Kent had their un-guyed mobile tower blown over. They were able to re-cred II, but later they had their tent blown away and finished the contest operating from the back ol a station wagon. Plymouth also reported wind problems with thoir mobile lower as did a number of other groups. A group in Sussex suffered three separate mast lattures, first one of them broke at a mast joint during erection, then a second one got badly bent due to insufficient guys, and a third made from the wreckage of the first two, came to griel when there was a problem with the gin-pole. They did not say how they overcame their adversity, but as they submitted an entry, it must have come right in the end! If was an expensive weekend for tent owners; Cornish had two blown away, Racal had lent damage and Echellord also lost one and a number were damaged. Many groups reported on a cloudburst that hit the Midlands, causing tlash floods and dead generators which had to be dried out. Lichtield went to their usual elevaled sile in Wales but beal a hasly refreat to lower ground nearer their club OTH. Croydon SRCC at 850lt ast were unable to erect the beam and arrays for their "A" station and had great difficulties keeping up the shortened masts for their Restricted entry. The comment from Cornwall and the eartoon from Grimsby probably says it

"We consider that we are all totally insane to work under such conditions and we can only congratulate all the groups that took part and feel that every learn that actually got started deserves a certificate of ment".

There were the usual sad and sorry tales about equipment failures, shortago of operators and other difficulties that seem to beset even the best organisod groups.

		REST	RICTE	D SEC	TION					
					BA	IND (MI	(2)			Final
Posn	Sprinty or group	Collsign	1.8	3.2	7	14	21	28	0S0a	Score
1	Three As CG	G0AAA/P	982	635	707	734	396	860	892	4,414
2	Marple CG B	G4MCC/P	1,056	546	626	808	435	384	878	3.855
3 4 5	Stackpart RS	G&UD/P G4FNL/P	866 044	585 608	661 861	624 714	360 67	660 314	840 876	3.786 3.408
2	Downs CG Lichliold ARS	G3WAS/P	768	850	571	704	363	238	779	3.294
6	Central Lancs ARC	G9F0X/P	824	456	472	662	537	300	765	3.251
ž	Western ARC	GD3RFH/P	470	504	418	091	480	562	705	3,1 23
á	Mid Beds Contost Assn	G4MBC/P	840	558	898	315	1 72	304	742	3,083
ä	Abordeen ARS A	GM3850/P	848	258	552	545	540	324	688	3.007
10	Chelleuham ARA	G58K/P	852	380	538	505	303	078	708	3,060
II	Crawley ARC	G8RC/P	968	456	598	685	259	180	609	3,046
12	Horaloid ARS	G3YDD/P	712	389	467	704 878	347	400	729 607	3.019
13	Oxford & DARS	G5L0/P G4ECT/P	658 812	418 470	562 564	542	253 184	346 304	700	3.0[1 2.976
15	Cheshoni & DARC Laicester Pely ARS 8	GJRIR/P	830	671	474	677	351	154	784	2.957
iš	Chair Gloin CG	G4HFT/P	720	402	475	605	314	278	684	2.914
17	South Monthester RC	G3FVA/P	872	485	453	667	377	228	594	2.902
18	West of Seatland ARS B	GM4T00/P	504	336	\$57	614	513	308	699	2,832
19	Control CG	G4WQN/P	808	360	601	258	284	482	615	2.831
20	Tolloid & DARS	G3ZME/P	746	508	488	485	224	370	538	2,819
21	Rod Oingon CG	GW8GT/P	688	354	409	543	309	510	677	2,807
22 23	Marple CG A	G4MUL/P GM4TFF/P	842 528	470 340	579 349	636 837	174 474	132 254	829 842	2,733 2,580
24	Aboidoon ARS B Surrey Radio CC	G3SRC/P	536	179	470	469	264	620	548	2,532
25	TVARTS	G3I V5/P	684	382	444	438	328	186	604	2.462
20	Colchester RA	G4CRA/P	784	510	531	244	124	348	534	2.481
27	White Rose ARC	G3XEP/P	598	450	558	315	217	286	537	2,431
28	West Kant AR5	G3WK\$/P	440	484	574	447	132	312	552	2.389
29	Guernsoy ARS	GU3HFN/P	434	88	271	266	319	988	530	2,300
30	G4GZD CG	G4GZO/P	650	438	807	288	III	252	533	2,348
31	Mollon Mowbioy ARS	G4FDX/P	452	300	749	374	211	132	968	2,218
32	Glaucester ARS	G4AYM/P GM3UIG/P	960 864	236 234	902 185	475 023	181 140	170 52	544 484	2.204
33 34	Gloricilios ARC B Presion ARS	G3KUE/P	840	398	437	385	144	112	469	2,114
35	Blackpool & Fylda RC	G8GG/P	998	268	296	367	180	302	432	2.109
38	Scanihorpo ARC	G4FUH/P	474	570	501	370	ΪĬ	144	530	2.070
37	Swonsen ARS	GW4CC/P	_	104	171	417	528	660	500	1,958
38	Ensington AR5	G4APN/P	598	72	425	579	80	80	430	1.842
39	Shellord & DARS	G3FJE/P	996	348	378	84	84	250	395	1.840
49	South Hampshite ITS	G3DIT/P	298	240	347	408	127	418	405	1.034
41	N Bristol ARC	G4GCT/P	340 260	178 346	381 528	734 351	164 134	28 178	470 473	1.823
42 43	Brodhurst RX & TX Assn WOSARS A	GOBRC/P GM4AGG/P	722	130	255	321	293	124	396	1,755
44	Norfolk ARC B	G4RKI/P	390	210	438	392	184	204	497	1.747
45	Weston-super-Mare RC	G4WSM/P	420	250	372	212	112	284	350	1.664
48	Maidstone ARS CG	G3TRF/P	542	108	285	402	117	180	382	1.844
47	Chillein ARC B	G3NCI /P	840	36	949	_	_	_	452	1,631
48	Stirling & DARS	GM4TMS/P	308	88	144	291	348	432	389	1,611
49	Eden Volo RS	GOANT/P	378	184	450	452	_	140	389	1.602
50	Choshom & DARS	G3MDG/P	564	72	150	407	170	210	342	1,570
51	Windy Yol CG	GM3NIG/P G3GRT/P	320 274	226 228	244 290	273 199	170 156	322 404	391 342	1,571
52 53	Braintrae & DARC Mrd Chashita ARS	G3ZTT/P	304	202	289	350	207	184	389	1,544
54	Edgworn & DARS B	G4IUZ/P	204	582	430	194	185	156	395	1.527
55	Hastings Elec & RC	GBHH/P	574	258	133	165	148	244	347	1.520
50	Torboy ARS B	G3HR/P	_	234	829	374	128	40	402	1.403
57	Dynamics Halfield Club ARS	GOAER/P	358	100	441	200	44	152	303	1,383
58	G3XRD CG	G3XRD/P		***	1,292	_	-	-	424	1,292
59	Southgate ARC B	G4KZD/P	1.218			-		-	170	1,218
60	Crystol Pologo & DRC	G2LW/P	52	185	265 279	312	120	244	300	1,210
61	Abordonn ARS G	GM4AZZ/P	-	130		518 430	240 126	18 196	372 302	1,183
62 83	Moirion ARS Dorwon ARC	GW4LZP/P G4JS/P		88	280 300	397	133	108	337	1,084
64	Hovering & DARC	G4US/F		68	483	246	74	200	318	1,071
65	Сипонадното & DARC	GM3U5L/P		38	57	336	224	156	231	814
06	Wasi Monehesioi RC	G4MWC/P	_	236	253	176	126	4	236	205
67	Goola Radio & Lloc Spc	GOGLE/P	50	184	67	154	10	0	174	479

As mentioned earlier in this report, petrol driven generators still seem to give the most heedaches, but perhaps this is not too surprising when meny of those owned by groups are only used once or twice a year and spend another 10 or 11 months in store. Two groups queried why it had been necessary to change the rule about the use of a second receiver in the Open section. We thought we had made it clear in the 1986 NFD report as to the roesons for benning the second raceiver, Under the original rules, there was nothing to slop a group selling up two separate operating positions, each with its own operator. While they both keyed the same trensceiver there were complaints that some groups had gone even further and had erranged that the check receiver provided an alternative violdrive which could be switched in and out of circuit as required. The HFCC decided that this bending of rules was onlaide the spirit of the contest and certainly gave an notair advantage over the majorily of groups that played it square. We could have tightened the rules, but es only a lew groups reported that they were using a second receiver, it seemed latrer to ban them ellogether.

Another comment about the present rules stems from the 1500gml start. This has been debaled belore and while a lew gronps still complain, most prefer the earlier start and thish. The UK would be out of step with the rest of Europe if we reverted back to the original 1700/1700gml formal and the last two horrs would be without

The committee was disappointed to note that there has been a substantial increase in the number of unmarked duplicate contacts in this year's logs. The rules for this event, end most other ASGB hi contests, provide for penalties to be imposed on entrants who have not taken enough trouble to ensure that all duplicate QSOs are so marked. These penellies range from a deduction of 10 times the claimed score for the contact to outright disqualification should the log contain live or more of these unmarked duplicates. As shown in the linal labulation, two groups were over the limit and their entries have been excluded. In the tuture it will be a requirement for every entrant to include a llst of every station worked on each band. This will serve two phrposes, liret the entrant will be able to more accurately check their logs for dnplicales, the main reason for requiring this, and secondly the list will be of great help to the adjudicator. Earlier in this report there was mention about computer derived logs. While the committee does not object to these, we have made it clear that these must be formalled to correspond with the standard RSGB log sheet with 40 entries spread over an A4 sized sheet and with the correct column size and spacings.

		0	PEN S	ECTIO	N						
		BAND (MI)z)									
Posn	Socially or group	Callsign	1.8	3.5	7	14	"", 21	28	2GDs	Final Score	
1	Vorulam ARC A	GIVERIP	1.100	628	784	681	287	000	OBI	4,476	
2	Graves and RS	G3GRS/P	1,118	609	716	577	237	612	851	3,959	
3	Torbay ARS A	G3NJA/P	870	591	524	530	474	708	835	3,607	
4	Rosel ARS	G3RAC/P	1.082	528	891	577	140	420	827	3,636	
5	Addiscombo ARC	G4ALE/P	874	573	494	691	382	538	836	3,550	
š	Glanial has ARC A	GM4GRC/P	886	366	436	998	404	358	891	3,511	
7	Eosi Notis CG	G3TBK/P	884	523	506	501	252	410	743	3,342	
á	Hall CG	G3ZRS/P	1.068	4D1	784	009	220	210	789	3,202	
š	Scumphorps ARC	G3POL/P	808	488	630	563	733	454	756	3,176	
ıű	Chillein ARC A	G3CAR/P	1.036	278	529	608	197	516	690	3,154	
iĭ	Plymonth RC	G3PRC/P	526	352	355	458	201	1,214	695	3,106	
iż	Cornish RC	G4CRC/P	456	295	227	654	400	1,652	699	3,584	
i3	Southgale ARC A	G3SFGIP	828	532	546	484	238	420	717	3.051	
i š	Liverpool & DARS	GJAHDIP	846	378	431	675	411	294	712	3.035	
15	Reading & DARC	G3ULT/P	1.020	384	537	705	230	98	711	2,583	
iã	Verylom ARC B	G4DUS/P	828	414	585	566	217	328	677	2.938	
17	Faiabolough RS	G4FRS/P	716	470	587	610	253	250	679	2.895	
iá	Worthing & D ARC	G3WOR/P	624	420	778	531	191	234	684		
19	Strothmore Strikers	GM40AD/P	786	368	712	725	58			2,776	
20	Laicostar RS	G3LRS/P	924	316	501	405	142	88 447	704 504	2,735	
21	Winol ARS	G3NWR/P	502	488	472					2.730	
22	Kilmarnock & Londoun ARC	GMOADX/P	506	300	308	626 388	432	146	692	2,564	
23	Notfolk ARC A						400	740	631	2,848	
24		G4ARN/P	230 628	462 398	721	369	114	100	660	2.588	
25	Scarberongh ARS Southdown ARS	G4BP/P G3WDK/P	972	356	305 417	592	269	184	578	2,378	
20	Worenston & DARC					387	34	188	494	2,362	
27	Edawsin & DARS	GBJC/P	552	342 338	252 784	608	01	464	562	2,278	
20		G3ASR/P	040	320	723	459 270	231	462	825	2,274	
20 29	Humborsion CG Largesian Paly ARS	G3IYT/P G3SOC/P	848				38	58	504	2.253	
30			1,364	470	447	270	870		470	2.234	
31	Wolveyn & Hollield ARC	G3WGC/P	550	439	442	228	24	502	497	2,191	
32	Hornseo ARC	B4EXT/P	808	386	440	459	152	144	585	2.189	
	Escholloid ARS	G3UE5/P	648	232	240	134	26	169	408	2,140	
33 34	Shirthompton ARC	G4AHG/P	480	398	474	490	108	162	513	2,088	
	Button on Tient & ORS	GINFC/P	772	188	286	168	100	534	437	2.054	
35	Mard ASG8 Group	G3XRT/P	708	374	428	387	83	48	489	2,028	
36 37	Chalmstand ARS	G4CUT/P	832	320	414	330	32	268	417	1,904	
38	Wyin ARS	G4UHI/P	520	238	289	364	264	292	433	1.947	
	Grimsby ARS	G3CNX/P	620	453	898		20		518	1.801	
39	Grennock & DARC	GM3ZRC/P	179	20	300	520	250	436	473	1,752	
40	Leyland Handled ARG	G4I LH/P	776	164	160	248	130	200	323	1.878	
41	Sullan & Cheam ARS B	G0BVV/P	-			-	-	1.574	149	1.574	
42	Bengor & DARS	GI3XHO/P	24	133	99	220	150	806	360	1,544	
43	Stamford & DARS	G4FPO/P	518	182	358	384	14	104	380	1,538	
44	Sullon & Cheom ARS A	G4ADM/P	_	_	1,218		***		385	1.218	
45	Soors CG	G4R5E/P	-	200	214	475	140	124	383	1,213	
40	Goddlard & DRS	G5AS/P	_		1,141	_	_	_	417	1,141	
47	Cirlian ARS B	G3JKY/P	_		1.139		-		245	1,130	
48	Biomsgiovo & DARS	G3VGG _i P	-	92	261	312	52	228	256	845	
49	Maidonhand & DARC A	G3WKX/P	_				008	_	233	890	
50	Maidenhead & DARC 8	GM0AYA/P	-	-	_	622	\rightarrow	32	197	854	
51	Cillian ARS A	G3GHN/P	-	588	_	_	_	_	245	580	

Disqualified, Role 8 triil, GM0AYR/P, G3YRC/P

Some of the logs received this year did not meet this cittoria and although we accepted them, entrante should take heed that in future only correctly formalled computer logs will be regarded as entries, and those that do not comply will be treated as checklogs.

As reported in the 3-5MHz snmmary, the committee were concorned about complaints of an incident, where it was alleged that the operator of an entrant group sent obscene remerks to, or about another group. As these remerks were heard by nine different operators who reported on them, the committee ruled that this was contrary to the splitted the event end imposed a penalty by deducting 50 per cent of the band points made by that perticular operator.

There were several late entries and two logs that were returned to the scriding groups undolivered, even though they were correctly addressed and stamped. After deliberation, the committee decided to accept all these logs in this instance, even though the reasons given for the late entries were due to lack of organisation and edministration by the entering groups, The two logs that went missing in the mall were properly postmarked and no blame can be attached to these groups. The committee serve notice that in the future logs postmerked after the due date will not be accepted as entries but will be used as checklogs. While this may seem hard, the checking of NFD is geered to a very light schedule in order to meet the October deedline for Radio Communication and there is no extre time evaliable to deat with

The luture

For the first time in a number of these NFD reports, it is a pleasure to be able to report that there is no threat to the present NFD format. As detailed in the Conference Report in the July issue of Rad Com, the contest representatives of the IARU Region 1 societies that participate in FD agreed that there were too many differences to be able to harmonise the rules, Apart from agreeing dates and start/finish times, the only common leature will be a European league table based on the number of contacts made by the leading 10 stations in each section from each country. In the UK, the June cw field-day will confinue under the present NFO rules, a decision that the will be supported to DK2Bi and others, has been working for since the unfortunate decisions that were made at the 1984 IARU Region 1 conference in Cetalu.

The 1987 NFD event was organised and adjudicated by eleem of volunteers from the HF Contests Committee, G4JKS dealt with the entry procedures and prepared the linal tabulations white G4BUO and G3SJJ arranged the inspections. The individual band adjudication and summaries were handled by RS20249, G4BUO, G3UFY, G3SJJ, G4RWW and G4JKS. The checking was co-ordinated by G6LX, who also wrote This report and edited the band snmmarles. The total men-hours expended by the leam for this NFD was quite substantial as over 50,000 separate contacts had to be adjudiceled, logs cross-checked for call errors, displicates, wrong points claims, page and log totals and other details. The next NFD event will be on 4/5 June 1988. with a 1500gml start and linish and from now on, the first full weekend in June will be the standard, so the old difficulty of having to adjust the dates to avoid a clash with the continental Whitson weekend will no longer apply. See you next yeer?

VHF NATIONAL FIELD DAY 1987 RESULTS

Winnar Runner-up Band lasders 70MH2 432MHz Micraways Lasding Gi Leeding GJ Leading GM Leading GW

Lasding swi

OPEN SECTION Sheppey Western CG

S of Scolland VHF/UHF CG The Hillbillies Sheppey Wastern CG Sheppey Western CG Lame & District ARS Jersay Amaleur EC S or Scolland VHF/UHF CG Albright & Wilson ARC Bob Traacher BRS32525

RESTRICTED SECTION Marilesham Radio Society

Wastmarland VHF Group Witral & District ARC Martlesham RS Marifesham RS

West of Scalland ARC Witral & District ARC

This year VHF NFO was hald on a waekend blassed with excollent weather over nearly the whole country, and with vary good conditions particularly in the eastern hall of the country. As always there were exceptions to the rule, and members of the Lerwick Radio Club lound thamselves on the wrong side of the weathar fronts with rain, mist and poor conditions for their first foray in VHF NFD. Stations in the south wasi wara able to make good contacts to the south, but the north west was generally not so fortunata. The bast conditions in the east were on the higher bands, with some good Scandinavian dx worked. Some groups must be wailing for the opening to end all openings, judging by commants of "Ital" or "avarago" made by some with dx over 1,000km in their 432MHz logs.

The inspactors visited 34 groups this year, including several of the leaders in each saction. No breach of the rules was found on any occasion, but some comments were made that groups were not always in a position to demonstrate compliance with the power limits. The onus is on the entrants to convince the inspector that their station is

OVERALL RESULTS - OPEN SECTION

		Total	7.000-		Poaltion	
Posn 1	Group Tha Hillbillies	Scere 3,641	70MHs 2	144MHs	434mex 2	Microweve 3
2	Sheppey Western CG	3,483	10	ŝ	ĩ	ĭ
3	Parallel Linas CG	3,267	12	3	3	2
4	HAORASS & TARTS CG	2,888	9	2	4	4
5	Norfolk VRE/Une CG	2,615	11	4	5	5
6	\$ Scotlend VHF/UHF CG	2,134	1	6	17	29
7	Warringtan CG	1,969	30	12	6	8
8	Senntharpe Vnr CG	1,942	20	20	7	6
. 9	Crewley & Ralgate	1,893	13	17	10	10
10	Flight Refuelling ARS	1.775	. 0	18	. 0	24
11	Windmill CG	1.658	16 14	10 13	23	14 16
13	Victory CG & CRA CG Cll(ton AR5	1,645	42	23	20 11	10
14	Ridgeway CG	1,523	32	22	12	12
15	Nawbury 4 o ARS	1,496	26	33	13	11
16	Hull & Hornsea	1,482	16	31	24	- 9
17	Hersham ABC	1,424	28	- 9	21	22
18	Aberdeen VHT Graup	1.378	3	16	36	39
19	Dastings E & RC	1,375	15	14	15	-
20	Reeding & O ARC	1,367	25	2.4	25	15
21	Sauthdown ARS	1,308	22	. 7	19	0
22	Leicester Pely ARS	1,250	2.4	19	32	25
23	Exmoor RC	1,248	19	-	9	17
24	Surrey Radio Contact C	1.183	38	29	18	18
25 26	S Hanchester SC	1,165	21	38	26 35	20
27	Albright 4 Wilson ARS Edinburgh & O ARC	1,124	27 5	28	59	
28	H Cornwall CG	1,080	ž	26	49	
29	N Beds Gentlemena CG	1,056	33	51	14	23
30	Gallowsy CG	1,006	45	15	16	
31	Fernberough & O ARS	981	41	36	28	21
32	Sutton & Cheam RS	932	31	32	27	35
33	Prestan ARS	907	4	62	48	-
3.4	Plymouth RC	890	6	5.3	60	-
35	Saffran Welden & O ARS	864	36	30	31	36
36	Harlow & O ARS	786	29	27	61	
37	Crosswaya CG	772		25	30	19
38 39	Verulam ARC	765	44	21	47	-
40	Coveniry ARS Sonthosta ARC	754 737	43 37	45 52	29 50	32 26
41	Dunstable gowns RC	711	31	37	38	13
4.2	S tekeland ARS	710	17	64	41	33
43	Pembroke & O ARC	700	34	41	39	-
44	Mld Chechire ARS	671	23	56	44	_
4.5	Nerthern Helghta ARS	666	35	5.4	58	30
46	Salop ARS	653	40	4.4	40	_
47	Jersey Ameteur E C	625	-	11	43	37
48	Mld Snasex ARS	620		34	2.2	28
49	Liverpool (O ARS	518	39	59	56	_
50	Clwyd County Raynet G	441	-	46	34	27
51 52	Greet Yermouth RC Yaovil CG	372 359	-	4.2	46 33	31
53	SEARS CG	347	_	43 35	37	-
54		345	48		55	38
55	Anglasay Radio Group Graftan RS	294	47	39 50	51	-
56		287	46		62	_
57	Grimsby ARS	280	40	56	53	_
56	Walwyn Satfiald ARC	254		40	42	_
59	Bredhurat RX (TX S Bulwell ARC	238	-	48	45	_
60			_	49	52	_
61	Stirling & O ARS	235 21 6	-	47	-	34
62	Bury St Edwinds RS Lerne & D ARS	171		55	54	34
63	N Bristol ARC	154	-	57	57	_
64		92	_	60	63	_
65		56	_	61	64	_
66		24		63	65	_
.00	Larwick RC	44	-	65	0.5	_

being operated in accordance with the rules, so power measuring equipment of known accuracy should always be available on site. In a couple of cases site access Instructions were inadequate, and late changes by entrants also caused problems. Maps are bellar than written instructions, but should be clearly marked up. Last-minute site changes should be notllied to the adjudicator by phone, and clear Instructions for the new sita laft in a prominent position at the registered location. Wasted journeys by the Inspectors can be avoided if the adjudicator is informed that a group will not be taking part after all.

Last year's crop of bad signal complaints was not repeated this year, with only ona or two isolated instances of poor quality signals. No disqualifications resulted on this occasion. One group made strong comments about the close proximity of another group which cansed them some problems. The Code of Practice published in Jannary Rad Commissible adhered to, and it is good sense to their with other groups il is known that you will be on adjacent sites.

The formal of the contest attracted some commanis. A number of groups asked for tha re-introduction of 2-3GHz in the Restricted Section, Others toll that the Restricted Section was better for the reduction of complexity this year. With the ramoval of tha restrictions on portablo oporation, 50MHz may be included next year, but tha prospect of running six stations does not appeal to many. Options under consideration include running 50MHz overnight between the two 70MHz sections, allowing entrants to choose, say, four bands from alx, and limiting VHF NFD to the lower frequency bands only. The rules will be decided early in 1988, so please let the committee have your views on the evolution of the premior vhi contost of the year.

Thanks go to all the RSGB regional representativas who underlood inspections on behalf of the VHF Contests Committee, who offen spend most of the weekend driving up cart-tracks and hiking across the hills.

A new name appears on the Snrrey Trophy this year, with Tha Hillbillies making Iuli use of the good conditions to score a convincing victory in the Open Section over the Sheppey Westorn Contest Group, In the Restricted Section East Kent Radio Society repealed their success of tast year to take the Arthur Walls Trophy again, beating Marjesham Radio Society, who have emerged from refirament this year to take the runner-up spot. The Tartan Trophy for the leading Scotlish entrant goes once again to the South of Scotland VKF/UHF Contest Group, with Aberdeen VHF Group moving up the tables to challenge them. Congratulations also go to Bob Treacher, BRS32525, as ovarall swi winner this year, and to all the band leaders and runners up, who will receive certificates. The leading groups in each UK call area will also receive certilicales.

G3XQY

OVERALL RESULTS - RESTRICTED SECTION

		Tatal			Paaltlo:	
Raan	Group	Scara	70MBz	144MHs	432MRz	micrawava
1	East Kent RS	Scara 3,157 3,123 2,966	5	3	3	2
2	Martlesham R5	3,123	10	7	1	1
3	Wirrel 4 D ARC	2,966	2	1	4	7
4	Bracknell ARC	2,340	3	19	6	4
5	LRS 4 RATS	2,178	9	14	10	3
6	Univ of Surrey EARS	2.067	A	9	5	14
7	Five Bells Group	1.977	28	10	2	9
8	Five Bells Greup Basingstoks ARC S Birelngham RS	1,959	11	11	18	6
9	S Birmingham RS	1.913	16	23	9	5
10				- 6	22	11
11	Westmorlend Vnz CG	1,840	i	46	12	13
12	Westmorlend Vn? CG Blackwead RS	1 719	16	12	28	23
13	North Kent RS	1,595	13	28	13	12
14	Shefford 4 G ARC		23	17		10
15	Bristol & Shirehampton			21	8	25
16	X1dderminster 4 QARC	1,473	15	16	24	16
	Chlitarn ARC	1 407	24	32	11	15
17	Lichfield ARS	1.407	- 4	34		13
19	Cambridge & O ARC	1.361	29	13	21	17
20	Edgware 4 O ARS	1,304	17	18	26	19
21	Vele of Eveshsm RAC	1.301	20	20	25	18
22	W af Scatland ARS	1,229		22		
23		1.148		37	30 16	22
24	Concaster ARS		21 22			24
25	Nunsfield Konse ARG	1.107	22	24	32	20
26	S BLIBCOL AKC	1.087	_	12	7	-
27	Asidemneed & U ARC	1.062	18	38	-	8
28	S Bristol ARC Haldenheed & G ARC W C CG Geele R 4 ES	1,060	-	5	14	-
29	Coole H 4 E2	964		В	15	
	Cultofeta f O %2	921	12	27		21
30	Therfiten Cleveleys ARS	910	25	29	3.4	27
31	Ellesmera Port & O ARS			15	42	26
32	Weat Kent ARS	828		39	37	-
33	Blshops Stortford ARS		30	30	31	-
34	Edenbridge ARS	746	32	26	20	-
35		712	3.2	3.3	23	-
36	Breintree 4 O ARC	595	-	40	17	-
37	Nene Valley RC	530	Aur.	31	27	-
3.8	Miltan Keynes & O ARS Oertmoor RC	494	-	25	33	-
39			-	34	29	**
40	Oerking & O.RS	367 357	-	42	35	-
41	Coulades ATS	357	**	41	36	-
42	Bronsgreve Llds	330	3.3	64	38	-
4.3	Gtr Peterboreugh ARC	318	-	35	40	-
44	Ripon & O ARS	291	-	43	39	-
45	Kelse ARS	267	-	45	41	-
46	English China Clays RC	219	**	36	43	_
	,					

OVERALL RESULTS - SWL SECTION

		Tetal		Bend Positions					
Poan	Callsign	Scere	7 OH8 s	144EHs	432mHs	Microwava			
1	BRS32525	2,445	2	1	1	_			
2	BRS52543	2.073	2	3	3	_			
3	BRS25429	1.525	-	2	2	_			
4	BRS28198	627	3	4	4	-			

70MHz

70MHz
Activity on the "Irriendly" bend was slightly up on last year, with lour or live Class B
licenseas swelling the numbers in most of the logs. The hot, sunny weather was
welcomed by all, although II caused the odd equipment problem such as for
G4HON/P whose rig would only work upside down! Most entrants described
conditions as somewhere believen above average and very good, only SW England
expressing diseppointment. There was little avidence of QRM from sporadic E, and
that only report of QRN was from GM4PHG/P who had trouble with a bonded whisky warohouse! There were lew bad signal complaints, except where groups were operating too close together, and no mention was made of cw operators refusing to ORS when required.

Several entrants were unhappy with the length of the sessions, particularly in view of the low levels of activity after that first couple of hours, a six-hour period being lavoured by most. Afternalively, GW3UVR/P suggested that the first session be used

for 70MHz cw and ssb, and the second for 50MHz cw and ssb.

A number of participants lost points because the QTH information on the cover and log sheats was either missing or did not felly with what was actually sent over the air. In one case, the information sent was insufficiently accurate, the group concerned appearing to operate in one town for the first session and another about 8km away for the second. A couple of groups misread the rules and sent the same OTH in both eessions.

Thenks to all who made the adjudication easier by submitting separate cover sheets for each mode. The 70MHz contest is being summed up by G3FDW/P; "Great Jun!".

EQUIPMENT USED BY LEADING STATIONS ON 70MHz

	O	PEN SECTION	
	Transmitter	Receivar	Antenne
GM3WQJ/P	4CX250B pa, 130W	1st rel: 3N204	14cl NBS Yaqı,
	sst oulpul	Mixer: 3N204	40ti ngi, 450ft nsi
G3ZTZ/P	4LCX250B pa, 130W	fall rf; BFT66	12 el NBS Yeqi.
	ssb oulpul	Mixer: lour iglets	50ti agi, 850ti asi
	REST	RIGTED SECTION	
G3FDW/P	QQV03-20A pa.	1st rf; 3N204	6el long Yagi.
	25W sab output	Mixer, 40673	22ft agi, 2,220ft as1
GW3UVR/P	QQV06-40A pa.	1st it: fet	6el Yagı, 30fl agl,
	25W #Sb oulpul	Mixer; diodo ring	1,830ft asi
	25W #Sb oulput	Mixei; diòdo i îng	1.830ft asi

SSB Section

70MER RESULTS - OPEN SECTION

CW Section

Posn	Callsign[/P]	Points	Q30a	Points	Q30a	Log	Best dx	K.m
1	CH3MO1	1,315	91	1,608	114	74HP	G4MEL/P	567
2	G3ZTZ	921	8.3	1,414	135	94RJ	G4AOV/P	502
3	GK4ZUK	1,129	59	1,169	61	NESS	G3ZYY/P	708
4	G 3S YA	918	86	1,345	3 3 1	#48A	GINEL/F	502
5	GH3RFO	1,072	7.3	1,075	80	85DJ		-
6	G3ZYY	733	8.2	1,336	122	QAQB	GM4ZUK/P	7D0
7	G4ADV	786	65	1,189	101	70PP	GM4HLO	572
8	G3PFM	743	84	1,178	96.1	BOWF	GM4ZUK/P	699
9	G48UW	799	79	1,106	112	8000	GH4PHG/P	576
10	G4BVY	709	81	1,142	3 2 8	OIKK	GM4ZUK/P	129
11	G3HPN	704	82	1,129	120	8200	E19ED	561
12	G4NHS	684	8.6	1,008	125	03BF	GH4ZUK/F	445
13	G4REL	661	7.3	166	100	01ec	GR4ZUK/P	692
14	G4ZYA	652	8.2	959	124	90KX	GM4ZUK/P	671
15	G3YYF	673	93	895	105	ODKU	-	_
16	G4ZRS	767	86	785	97	GILD	GM3RFO/P	564
17	G3ZFZ	525	49	1024	95	8 4 RIG	G3SJV/F	457
18	G4EKT	706	80	827	101	9 3 R S	G4ADV/P	449
19	G4RVJ	719	78	801	92	8100	GH4ZUK/P	653
20	G4ERG	628	79	815	103	9 30 K	G4ADV/P	4 3 3
21	G4HON	621	8.5	810	115	9387	GH4ZUK/P	414
22	G3SJV	549	71	860	104	00om	GH3RFQ/P	583
23	G4CAX	549	68	842	106	#3PF	GU2FRO	422
24	GBORY	570	8.9	816	129	92HF	GM4ZUK/P	489
25	G 3WGV	492	93	865	0.51	911H	GM4ZUK/P	631
26	G3UAX	559	81	796	118	9161	GM4ZUK/P	624
27	GW3USY	544	70	783	107	8 2JG	GM4ZUK/P	520
28	G3SWC	611	78	656	1D9	9DSV	GM4ZUR/P	685
29	G 3WUX	709	76	550	85	0188		-
30	G4HG1	496	67	761	107	93A0	GM4ZUK/P	423
31	G480X	528	75	716	108	9 3AC	GR3RFO/P	453
32	G4VWH	518	8.0	652	\$01	91 FH	GM4ZUK/P	600
33	G4FOH	424	66	717	105	9 2WE	GM4ZUK/F	550
34	GW4VRO	519	52	610	75	710N	G3SJV/P	432
35	G4GAK	452	54	667	8.3	9385	G4ADV/P	398
36	G4KP	486	68	589	88	OZDA	GH4ZUK/P	576
37	G3KTZ	559	79	515	107	91MA	GM3RFQ/P	519
38	G4FUU	521	70	544	77	Oljp	GM3WOJ/P	504
39	G3KSN	460	54	597	70	83MJ	G4MEL/P	381
40	G3NSY	4D7	81	646	113	8200	GM4ZUK/P	454
41	GIDKN	448	82	578	1D7	910F	GM4ZUK/P	644
4.2	G3JKY	338	52	632	97	01bH	GM4ZUK/P	652
43	G2ASF	457	72	464	85	92HD	GH4ZUK/P	5 3 7
44	G3VER	342	75	545	96	915R	GM4ZUK/P	594
45	CHOBON	125	14	560	49	84AT	G3YYF/P	536
46	G4KAL	190	28	284	4.3	93VJ	GM4ZUK/P	420
4.7	G4RPK	15	3	193	42	01EW	G3PDW/P	357
48	GW4BZD	15	3	13D	18	73UJ	G4BVY/P	412

7DMHz RESULTS - RESTRICTED SECTION

		CW Se	ctlon	SSB Sc	ctlon			
Posn	Callalen[/P]	Points	050s	Points	050s	Loc	Best dx	F, ph
1	G3FDW	815	69	1,286	121	84 UR	G4ADV/F	482
2	GW 3UVR	678	86	1.137	141	83JA	GH4ZUK/P	436
3	G4 DDN	700	8.2	879	105	SOST	GH4ZUK/P	681
4	GN3WAS	617	86	897	120	82JU	GH42UK/P	446
5	G3LTY	592	70	802	86	0101	GM4ZUK/P	657
6	G3LHJ	616	66	657	66	80FN	G3ZTZ/P	472
7	GH4 PHG	567	39	621	5.3	7505	G3YYE/P	648
В	G4CWH	435	69	739	108	91KG	GH4ZUK/P	650
9	G3KYH	503	ei	660	112	9280	GH4ZUK/P	494
16	CACHE	563	6.4	600	777	0104	CI ELLE CO	621

		CW Se	ctlon	550 Se	ctlon			
Posn	Callaigni/P)	Points	0S0a	Points	050s	Loc	Best dr	Km
11	63201	420	70	706	105	91KF	GM4ZUK/P	641
12	G3PJX	515	7.6	590	95	91 TF	GN3RFO/P	513
13	G3WMR	498	68	606	93	018H	GM4ZUK/P	649
14	GARRL	456	71	646	92	81 TK	-	- 4
15	G4GXP	494	76	607	99	82RJ	GM4ZUK/P	504
16	G4ORM	424	72	616	100	82XJ	GN4ZUK/P	649
17	G41UZ	502	79	528	8.3	91 VR	GM4ZUR/P	598
18	GRING	400	78	625	102	9105	GM4ZUK/P	585
19	G3WKS	425	63	573	8.7	01 CF	GM 3WOJ /P	509
20	G4WET	452	74	501	87	92CA	GM4ZUK/P	548
21	GOGT1	354	51	590	6.4	93JK	-	-
22	GREO	483	7.7	455	76	938A	GM4ZUK/P	438
23	G3WRJ	419	67	501	8.3	92VB	GM4ZUK/P	563
24	G4P1E	378	71	493	88	91 PQ	GM3NOJ/P	455
25	G4YVQ	303	44	536	68	83HT	G3YYF/P	411
26	GN4Z8N	324	16	709	96	SINV	GM4ZUK/P	561
27	GW4WSE	348	51	449	64	8330	GH4ZUK/P	409
28	G4EHK	293	4.6	390	57	92TR	EISWAR/P	387
29	G2XV	264	4.8	363	66	02AO	E1 SWAR/P	429
30	G3TVW	352	54	283	49	01bW	GM3WOJ/P	456
31	G4ZYU	8.6	19	257	43	928V	O4MEL/P	291
32	GOEID	-	-	231	01	01AH	G3FDW/P	410
33	G4XQW	-	-	55	11	82VJ	G48VY/P	237

Checklogs gratefully schnovisiged from: G4ARI, G2DHV, G4FHC, G3SLI, G3DPM, G3NKS, G6VK/P, G3VIP, and G40ZM.

Disqualified: G4TZM/P, G4ANF/P | VHF NFD Rule 21 | VMF NFD Rulo 10) G4MSF/P

70MHz RESULTS - SWL SECTION

		CW Se	ctlon	288 Bo	ctlon			
Foan	Callsign[/P]	Points	QS0a	Points	Q50a	Loc	Best dx	K.≤
1	88852543	-	-	454	54	03LT	G3YYF/P	412
2	BRS 3 2 5 2 5	-	-	202	47	Olal	G3ZTZ/P	327
3	##\$28198	_	-	135	23	CORX	G3FDW/P	450

144MHz

This year's event saw some very good conditions especially in coastal areas; most stations worked some choice dx, with many contacts over 1,000km, Weather conditions seemed almost universally good, with the usual crop of overheated amplifiers and burnt out transformers. One group lound its tridge couldn't keep up with the damand, what fuxury! Another group, which porhaps should remain anonymous but could be found north of the border, dired on freshly caught and prapared rabbit!

Everyone had a good time, with no bad quality signal complaints this year. The emphiliers in the open section wora almost universally based on 4CX250 tubes, aither singles or pairs. As these can be very linear indeed using a few simple power supply components, it is impossible to justify using larger valves except to produce powers in excess of 1kW. It was nice to see only two groups using a very large valve pathis year; hopefully this frond will continue to move downward in vhi contests.

Congratulations to G4APA/P with a well deserved and clear win in the open section after many years of olders and to GW4MGR/P in the Restricted Section showing that a good high sits with good operators can produce the goods G8TF/

144MRE RESULTS - OPEN SECTION

		144KHE RESUL	TS - OPE	N SECTION		
Poen	Callslgn(/P)	Polnts	QSOs	Loc	aest dx	(km)
1	G4APA	16,329	1,111	94RJ	1,009	
2	G4PvB	15,400	979	8000	2,695	
3	G4L3P	15,207	1,137	03BF	1,137	
4	G323G	13,446	1,034	0200	992	
5	G42AP	13,141	1,040	Q1KK	946	
6	GM 3WCS	12,297	953	74NP	1,045	
7	G3WQK	9,510	703	00DR	870	
8	GM30XD	9,365	790	82JG	1,043	
9	G4HRS	9,259	771	905V	1,109	
10	GOFBB	8,940	727	01LD	971	
11	GJ1TJP	8,804	680	89WG	852	
12	G4CDA	8,763	711	93AD	1,127	
13	G8LNC	8,683	788	90MX	904	
14	Сенн	8,576	646	0080	932	
15	GMOCLN	8,324	708	84AT	1,088	
16	GM4CAN	8,089	506	86RW	1,000	
17	G3WSC	7,927	609	0100	975	
18	G4RFR	7,781	635	80WP	983	
19	G3SDC	7,542	699	92NP	995	
20	G4CDC	7,222	546	93UK	907	
21	G4VER	6,501	484	915R	923	
22	G3P1A	6,138	618	91FN	1,098	
23	G3GHN	6,110	548	01pH	1,015	
24	G4CCC	5,903	537	911H	922	
25	G3GAF	5,894	535	01 RR	835	
26	G4WVD	5,662	430	70PP	1,054	
27	G6UT	5,573	574	01BR	931	
26	СМ4НАМ	5,526	452	850J	867	
29	G4DOY	5,210	461	01JP	632	
30	G3TXC	5,164	484	02DA	680	
31	G8G8Y	4,525	450	93R5	697	
32	G4ADH	4,306	554	93AC	907	
33	G3NVO	4,224	494	9161	927	
34	G3ZMS	4,208	414	90WV	924	
35	G4RSE	4,359	421	Olen	802	
36	GOFRS	4,123	456	910F	1,075	
37	G40DC	4,050	474	91RU		
38	GBSMR	3,942	511	9 3BF	916	
39	GM6DOK	3,878	449	73UJ	968 831	
40	G3WGC	3,717	434	91UT		
41	GW20P	3,658	336 298	710₩	1,030	
42	G3YRC	3,599	298	02UM	761	
43	G4JBH	3,401	439	80LV	1,006	
44	GISRT	3,343	439	82QU	900	

Posn 45 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 60 61 62 63 64 65	CallBign(/P) G41EV GWOCCR GWOCCR GMATMS GOBRC GSART G4VHF G33FG G3FRC G3FRC G3FRC G3FRC G3ET G14UUC G3CNX G5ARD G6PNB G4SSD G5RNB G4SSD G6RNB G4SSD G3RUE GMBSVB G4RWO GM32ET	PointB 3,072 3,078 2,974 2,978 2,775 2,696 2,616 2,421 2,379 1,963 1,763 1,751 1,494	QSOB 397 402 259 326 320 270 366 273 311 237 208 214 226 137 148 110 50	Loc 92H0 83LB 75XA 01GH 93UB 01EW 92WE 91MA 80AQ 93BS 02HF 74BS 93WJ 81TL 80FJ 84KG 90HM	826 590 887 889 882 760 795 - 809 929 960 1,011 806 919 945 587 601 561 686	(氏血)	ister R A wo station and co EXCHA as the i Pleat it is not but it is As to east ar directic found it column wholo 2 Final	ed Com in its previous and in its previous and in its previous and in its previous and its	d was the number of yworking a third private was said lest years was the was said the second of the was the wa	ol "conla arty, Conla it I is Es LSIGNS (lors, lake every Con elly you I re mostly lgh erp. Those lur ntheir dir or GM8PN ners and s helped	cis" mode of irary to opin SENTIAL. Sincluding so more care of interesting the superby per with the better north of ection. While who only runners-up to brighten to STATIONS C	with a station vition, these precion BOTH PAR Illixes etc) as edin the contest etc. Illisign es one state working. It cularly in the sind open in alrevere dented the you paruse the heard one station, and thonks it provides the contest with the contest etc.	while Ihelinol velid TIES TO couralely schange. Alion did, could end nost eny e dx end e besidx on In Ihe
	144MHz	RESULTS	- RESTRIC	TED SECTI			G4EZT/		ensmitter 1901 plus Iransverier		2 preamp	Anlanna 7e MET	
Posn 1	Callsign(/P) GW4HGR	Points 6,407	QSOs 714	Loc 83JA	Best dx 934	(Xm)	G4YHF/	е н	pmabrew Iransverler		2 ргеатр	2101	
2	GW6GW	6,084	635	BIHV	1,036		G0EKR/	P IC	475	FET mix		2161	
3	G6EKR GW0DAY	5,082 4,394	476 526	010Y 82JU	905		G8TF1/P	Be	OPI elcom LS707	MGF120	N 0 presmp	8 × 19el at 1-	4m
. 6	G3VRE . G3NJA	3,859	472 276	91CL BOFN	942 971		G4THB/		× 4CX250 5780	FT726 MGF140	2 ргеатр	252ol grgay	al 17m
7 8	G4SWX G0GLE	3,653	349 340	01QX 93PW	721 696		G4CLA/	2 2	× 4CX250 5770	T\$780 MGF 140	00 preamp	8 × 2 lel at 1.	2rn
9	G4KSK	3,241	367	91XG	1,034		0.10271		× 4CX250	TS770			
10 11	G8NWM G3TCR	3,220	270 403	92TR 91KF	961 889								
12	G4WAW G8EVY	2,895	343 376	81QJ 02AD	982 789				432MRz RESULTS	- RESTRIC	TED SECTION	ON	
14	G6XRS	2,376	340	92MD	771		Poen 1	Callalgn), G4EZT	/P Points 2,060	QSO: 236	Loc 010X	Best dx OZBSMA/P	Hm 810
15 16	GW3CBA G4CTU	2,338	318 282	83JG 82RJ	876 1,048		2 3	G4YHF G0EKR	1,553 1,462	133	92TR 0101	OZ9FW LAIYCA	877 862
17 18	G3FJE G3ASR	2,215	272 276	92VB 91VR	809 764		4	GMODAA	1,439	204 191	83JA	OZZZDR/P SH6HYG	923 1,154
19	G4BRA	2,186	198 318	805T 92CA	948		5 6	G4WGE G4TDL	1,419 1,343	144	91XG 80ST	DZ7TOM/P	986
51 30	GOERA G4AHG	2,184 1,994	231	81TK	940		7	GOBCG G3TAD	1,309 1,100	171 155	810J	FBCH FBHTJ/P	913 1,055
22 23	GH4AGG G10HM	1,962	170 227	75QS 82XJ	924 874		10	GBOHH G3LRS	1,147 1,139	173 221	82XJ 92HQ	OZ SHY OZ 1 PKZ	834 817
2 4	G3ZB1 G3KIU	1,707	231 239	938A 92PE	789 780		11 12	GBCAR G4HCD	975 973	155	91PQ 64UR	OZZEDR/P DH4L1	861 780
25	G1DMO	1,700	235	01AR	824		13 14	G4CW G0DAS	946 943	135 134	Olbh 91CL	OZIFKZ OZ7TOM/P	847 899
27 28	G6GS G8TNK	1,677 1,660	218 224	91TF 018H	876 844		15 16	G811\$G	940 909	94 142	93JK 93JW	OZ9FW	897
30	G4ATR G5ZG	1,660	181 185	83MT 01DW	845 842		17 18	G3OLU G4XIP	867 840	109 122	01GV 91KF	OZIFKZ OZIFKZ	782 919
31 32	G4NWZ G1HDG	1,469	188 227	92PG 91PO	821 884		19 20	G8PTP G8FPQ	816 764	126 112	92VB OLAH	OZIFAZ OZIFAZ	811 851
33	G3NFC	1,325	185	92BV	901		21 22	GIALF GBHJA	745 724	113	02AD 80fH	OZZEDR/P IIB9PG	789 985
34 35	G1RCD G4EIIW	1,323	104 166	70XN 92TN	942 710		23	G4SKE	705 689	117 125	928V 82NJ	PAGGUS/P F1KL1/P	492 877
36 37	G0ECC G1IUQ	1,219	104 149	70HI 93JK	885 745		25	G3LZT G8EHS	643	112	92CA	DP1VW/P	837
38	G3WXX	1,141	181	9105	585		26 27	G3SHY G0GBB	627 620	98 114	91VH 92PG	OZ1FKZ OZ2EDR/P	821
39 40	GOCRW G6BRH	1,126	178 143	01CF 01GV	781 774		28 29	GW6BK G1RCD	594 520	105 55	8 1 N V 7 O K N	GHOFRT/P DF1VW/P	561 799
41 42	G4FUR G3CZU ,	1,096	148 169	91VG 91UG	866 745		30 31	GROETC GEGOL	519 510	44 81	75QS 01D₩	FF6KBF/P O21FKZ	753 793
43	G4SJM	996	131 126	9 4DD	509		32 33	G8 KGC	49.4 471	102 76	93BA 92PB	PAGGUS/P DZ7TOM/P	541 791
44	G4XOT GM3VLB	938 938	94	82VJ 85SP	863 593		3 4 3 5	G6GHW G6KVW	437 410	65 94	83HT 91UG	OZZEDR/P F3A3/P	871 689
46	G3JYP	100	14	84UR	523		36 37	G6HC G1WKS	384 365	88 113	91VG 01CF	GH4TXX/P	488
Chack	loga gratefully ackr	nowledged	from: G1L	KA, GÖHAC,	GONGA, GHOR	CFT/P,	3 8 3 9	G1SEW G1WCY	325 280	60 35	82VJ 94DD	PAGGUS/P GZ2EDR/F	5 2 2 E 6 3
	,. ,		G6 D1	ZH, GOZRE,	G3NKS/P, G6 /P, and YU31	SVX/P	40 41	G4DXW GH4KIIS	256 250	51 45	92TH 85SP	PAOEHE	420
Dlagu	ollfied: G4CRA/P, G	GFYO/P. G6		F HFD Rule			42 43	GH4VPC G4HKB	280	35	83JG 70M1	HB9AOF/P	810
	GIAMX GSHW/P, G30		VH	r HFD Rule F HFD Rule	e 2,3,5		13	OTHE	00	,	, 01(1	ii a y kok y i	•••
	G4EUZ/P		(VH	F HFD Rule	10)								
	144	MIX RESULT	5 - SWL SE	CTION					432MDz REŚUĮ				
Fosa i	Callsign BRS32525	Points 1,604		Loc I Olal	8est dx (Am) 833		Poen 1	Callelgn(G8TFI	7,621	9 506 547	DIKK	Best dx SM4KYN	1,207
2	BRS25429 BRS52543	720		93FX 83LT	667 520		2 3	G4TNB G4CLA	6,846 6,153	432 475	94RJ 03BF	FIKLI/P SH4KYN	1,079
4	BRS20190	311		0011K	650		4 5	G4JAR G4LOJ	4,702 4, 5 05	335 364	80ca 02 00	EABBEK OZ4HAM/P	2,759 927
432MH	z						6 7	G8XVJ G6TJW	3,549 3,493	369 320	93AD 93UK	DK7ZB OZ4NAK/P	977 1,005
	ar's good woalher mad onditions (hal we had :						8	GOFRR G4HGU	3,445 3,333	316 298	8 0 W P 8 1 C C	OZIFKZ PCIDLL	1,013
less of	an annoyance for mos	I, so may b	e somebody	does read	the results ell	ler all.	10 11	G5LK G0DCG	2.972 2.829	270 293	010C 01DH	SM6HYG SM6HYG	1,032
	er, judging by the ep ents weren't read by th			aros, I s usp	eci ihel lesi	year's	12	G3SEK	2,487	298	91FN	LABAK	946
Once	e agein the Restricted	Section wa	is decided t				13 14	G2CPM G1HHK	2,438 2,348	283 239	91G1 00HU	OZ8SMA/P OZ7TOM/P	848
operal scores	ing, with half of the cla . Under the General Ru	imed (op 10 les (19) (he:	riosing al le se could be	ası zu per d Nable lor dis	eni di ineir ci qualification,	bul es	15 16	G3WTP GM6TKS	2,312 1,993	250 198	92WE 84AT	OZ 2EDR/P OZ 6ARC/P	796 855
almosi	a lhird of all logs su standards must impro-	bmilled we	re as bad,	no action t	as been lake		17 18	GM4TXX G32PB	1,897 1,872	169 219	74NP 01JP	PAGGUS/F SM6DYG	697 989
Alm	ost all the errors were	e Irom mis	sing or sup	perlluous si	Illixes and pr	elixes	19 20	G1KAR G8HEN	1,858 1,803	100 223	00DR 90KK	OZ7TOM/P OZ1FKZ	903 929
leading	g to numerous unmark	ed duplical	es in logs li	naisimply h	adn'i Deen ch	ecked	21	G3WZT	1,725	214	90SV	OZZEDR/P	906
706									0404	$\alpha \wedge \alpha \wedge M$	***********	7/OM Octob	AV 1027

RADIO COMMUNICATION October 1987

Posn	Callsign(/P)	Poi nts	QSOs	Loc	Bast dx	X=
22	G6LPZ	1.663	214	90WV	OZIFKZ	893
23	G3GRS	1,622	203	OllD	WVEAL	966
2.4	GIANN	1,556	140	93RS	OZSERA/P	856
25	GOCCC	1,534	216	9 1	FRCFQ	691
26	G3FVA	1,490	230	93BF	F6G2C/P	947
27	G4COR	1,454	224	93AC	OZ1FKZ	647
26	G6FRS	1,343	184	91 OF	FIKL1/P	730
29	G4OSF	1,134	214	92HD	OZIFKZ	869
30	G4TNB	1,270	152	01HR	#89\$G	740
31	G3PGN	1,207	170	02 DA	OZ1FK2	786
32	G61FU	1,186	170	92NP	OZSFW	911
33	G4PJ0	1,153	128	BOLV	OZ7TOH/P	1,006
34	GW1 RCC	621	145	Bits	PELENA	480
35	GN8A81	735	122	82JG	PA30EA	582
36	GH0FRT	722	62	66RW	G4JAR/P	709
37	G6RSE	704	116	OLEN	F3AS/P	699
36	GBDDC	693	141	91RU	OJBDZU	486
39	GW4WMK	686	71	71 OW	PF6K0F/P	940
40	G0E1Y	670	149	62QU	PEOMAR/P	5 4 7
4.1	G6LXB	617	7.4	B4KG	PAOGUS/P	578
42	GIPHD	569	1.57	01 GH	O22EDR/P	823
43	GJ6THM	560	56	89WG	GM6TKS/P	6 2 B
44	G8ZTT	533	108	63PF	OZZEDR/P	883
45	CIRZR	522	109	9338	DATUR	635
46	GBVPE	490	60	030M	OZIFKZ	677
47	GBVER	486	124	91 SR	OZIFKZ	847
48	GBRIP	462	63	645A	FF6XBF/P	587
49	G6CEP	437	4.7	70PP	F3AS/P	836
50	G3ZVW	416	79	91 HA	P KL1/P	753
51	GBOML	402	118	01EW	OZZEOR/P	786
52	GM0GDL	401	. 43	76XA	PEOMAR/P	696 770
5 3	G4WVM	4 0 0	107	91 UT	OZIKLU	
54	G1 4PBA	388	45	7485	G6LP2/P	648
5.5	GW6 ODB	375	77	73UJ	PA0GUS/P	
56	GBWCL	361	60	6 3HJ	FF6KBF/P	472 928
5.7	G4GCT	359	92	BITL	OZ7TOM/P	
58	G4 EAW	351	108	93as	OZIFRZ	810
59	GHOHLK	333	73	65OJ	PADGUS/P	644
60	G4RTD	224	39	BOAQ	PEOMAR/P	579
61	GEBUT	109	45	01BR	-	
62	G4EBK	107	23	93VJ	PI 4YRC	339
6.3	GOCDB	0	6	80FJ		-
64	GH1CBZ	7	3	675P	GH3JFG	94
65	GM8PNP	1	1	9 OHB	-	-

Checklogs grotefully acknowledged from: G410F, G40SJ/P, C4FPQ, G6D2H, GR8XFT/P, G8PH, G8HAC, YU3DGO ond G18NEW/F

Disquolified: G4WPR/P, G6FUH/P, G8PHN/P | IVNF NFD Rule 2| (VNF NFD Rule 10)

432MHz RESULTS - SWL SECTION

Poon I 2 3	Calleign /P} BRS32525 BRS25429 BRS52543	Pointo 512 431 330	QSO# 65 46 44	Loc 01AL 937X 83LT	80st dx F6GZC/P OZ2EOR/P PAOGUS/P	721 779 565
- i	BRS 281 98	7.4	16	00HX	G4HGU/P	305

Microwave

WHE NED 1987 has proved to be the bost ever for the microwavo bands, with the loading scores some three times up on 1986. The reason for this was a prominent duct over the North Sca which was accoasible to stations in the eastern part of the country. Stations in the west and in Scotland did not, however, enjoy the superb conditions, as the ductionly seemed to penetrate some tens of mites inland, although there were a tew fortunate exceptions. The layer bounding the duct was clearly visible from the North Downs at the start of the contest, some 100 miles from the east coast. The result was that 1,296MHz sounded more like I 44MHz, and 2,320MHz was even better than 1,296MHz although there were fair lewer stations to work.

Logging standards were excellent, with lew exceptions, making the adjudicator's lesk manageable in apile of the tevel of activity. There were no disqualifications, but a few ontrants were careless in recording time, and some points have been lost because of this.

This year the Restricted Section was limited to the 1,296MHz band, and this has caused a lot of controversy with opinions fairly evenly divided. Your viows will be extracted from the logs for enalysts, and those who have not yet registered an opinion are asked to write to the VHF Contests Committee well before the end of the year when rules for 1987 come under scrutiny, in one extrome it has been suggested that both 1,296 and 2,320MHz should stend on their own for both Open and Restricted sections.

Overall, all participants enjoyed themselves, thanks to both the weather and conditions.

EQUIPMENT USED BY THE LEADING STATIONS IN THE MICROWAVE SECTION

EGOIPME	NI USED B	OPEN SECTION
GOFRE/P	(23)	FT225 - Ironsverior + 2 × 2C39A pB
		Receiver II; MGF1412-08
		Anienna: 4 × 55el F9FT slacked Yagis
	(13)	FT221 + Ironsverior + 2C39A pa
		Receiver if. MGF1412-08
		Antenna: I=2m dish
G4CBW/P	[23)	T\$700 + nansvoilei + 2 × 2C39BA pa
		Receiver II: NE72089
		Antenna: 16 × 23el
	[13)	TS700 - Iransverter - 2C39BA po
		Receiver II, MGF 1412
		Antenna. 2-5m dish
		RESTRICTED SECTION—1,296MNZ ONLY
G4DDK/P		HB transverter + 2C39 po
		Receiver rl: MGF1202
		Antenna: 1-8m dish
G4ICM/P		IC271 + MM transverter = 2C39 pa
		Receiver it; no intormation given
		Anlenna: I-Sm dish

	1	. 3/2.3GHz	BANO	RESULTS	- OPEN	SECTION			
					1.3GB=			2. 1GNz	
Poso	Colleign(/)	P) Total	Loc	Points	QS0s	Pwr	Points	QS0s	Pwr
1	GOFRE	3,053	DIKK	2,463	209	150	590	5.0	35
2	G4CBH	2,699	0388	2,180	176	300	719	56	70
3	GHRWA	2,683	94 RJ	2,262	158	400	621	44	65
4	GOALE	2,065	8000	1,697	132	400	368	25	40
5	G4ANT	1.751	0200	1,522	146	150	229	26	20
6	G4CCII	1.672	93UK	1,672	145	100	-	-	-
7	G36SN	1,668	OIDH	1,668	170	100	-	-	-
6	G3CXR	1,637	93AD	1,261	136	250	376	32	50
9	GBZTR	1,455	93RS	1,214	102	40	241	19	2.0
10	G3GRO	1,415	0100	1,053	126	1.5	362	32	58
11	C3MOI	1,361	91 G1	1.055	123	150	327	33	6
12	G 3NNG	1,286	SIFN	1,154	129	150	132	30	30
1.3	G3YXI	1,137	91 80	1,137	31	40	-	-	-
14	GBX1R	1,119	DILO	1,119	134	240	-	-	-
1.5	G3ULT	1,039	9118	614	100	10	225	25	2.5
16	GBVQ1	992	20MX	901	112	30	91	13	3
17	G4JXN	986	8100	888	67	100	-	-	-
10	GETB	774	1610	627	59	10	147	17	1
19	G4 PWA	746	81I I O	746	1.01	150	4	-	-
20	G3UNF	727	93BF	707	90	90	2.0	2	0.1
21	G4FRS	617	9lor	617	8.6	100	-	-	-
2.2	GINPE	606	905V	606	00	50	-	-	-
23	G4JTJ	509	92ME	589	90	60	-	-	-
24	G4WHO	576	8 0 W P	563	66	300	1.3	3	4
25	G40QR	489	92NP	489	71	0.6	-	-	-
26	G4AEZ	472	91MA	472	6.4	5	-	-	-
27	CWBACG	449	GILD	419	68	70	-	-	-
2.0	GI OYU	440	9 0 W V	440	62	2	-	-	-
29	GM4BYF	402	7 4NP	402	40	200	-	-	-
30	G4ENR	271	930\$	271	40	35	-	+	-
31	G4GGT	268	02 UN	268	33	2	-	-	-
3.2	G4HRY	232	92110	232	39	30	-	-	-
33	GIOOX	222	6 4KS	222	32	250	-	-	-
34	G4UCW	220	02 HE	220	34	2	-	-	-
35	G3OCZ	156	93AC	156	39	10	-	-	-
36	CAFQE	68	02 DA	68	1.7	1	-	-	-
37	GUBRCY	41	894G	41	7	- 1	-	-	-
36	GW 4UKW	26	73UJ	26	7	0.5	-	-	-
39	GM6NGS	6	8684	6	2	6	-	-	-

1.3GHz	BAND	RESULTS	_	RESTRICTED	SECTION
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Posn	Callsign(/P)	Points	Loc	QSO _B	Pwc
1	G4DDK	1,475	01QX	162	20
2	G41CN	1,475	0101	158	25
2 3	G4JD1	1,035	92MO	114	25
4	G0FCT	877	805T	88	25
4 5 6 7	GBOHN	875	82XJ	108	20
5	GBAPB	766	91KF	94	25
7	GW6SNO	594	83JA	81	25
В	G3VCT	584	9105	98	20
B 9	G4ODA	583	92TR	65	25
10	GIATO	533	92VB	79	23
11	G4ELZ '	525	80F21	46	10
12	G8BRD	519	01BH	81	10
13	G4RCE	518	84UR	47	22
14	G31G0	461	91XG	72	0.7
15	G3COJ	452	91PQ	71	10
16	G6 KRC	393	82RJ	67	25
17	G6 KWA	379	02AD	53	0.1
18	G4UXC	286	92CA	50	2
19	G4RND	247	91VR	4.4	10
20	G6KUI	229	93BA	43	2
21	G4XYW	196	9177	48	25
22	GNOCCG	156	75QS	12	25
23	GW4JKV	125	BINV	25	1
24	G6XVV	113	93JK	17	0.5
25	G3ZKI	95	81TK	21	1
26	GW10CA	72	83JA	18	-
27	GØKBII	71	8 3MT	13	1.8

Checklogs gratefully acknowledged from: GIBNBW/P, YU3DGO Disqualified: GOHEG/P (VHP NFD Rule 2)

1,296 MHz Trophy Contest 1987 results

This year's 1,296MHz Trophy saw fairly average conditions but at lenst the weather was generally good effer mist and rain reported at most locations during the previous hight's 432MHz contust. Surprisingly the portable entry was at little disappointing this year. Most entraits enjoyed the event and generally activity was very high although it was apparent that far too many stations simply call CQ and rarely tune. This may work on the lower bands but some tuning, calling and rotating is essential to maximise the strike rate on the microwave bands especially in these lairly short events.

The log keeping standards were generally good but all operators must be more careful with the copying and recording of serial numbors; cross checking is straightforward as most entrants worked each other; don't guess—"If in doubt send recers" should not apply in contests.

rogers' should not apply in contests.

Lille dx was worked, only nine QSOs being over 500kms, seven by G0FRE/P located in Devon! Two groups used large arrays of sixteen Yagis, although these produced good results filled the was captured. Was most of the power sent out in side lobes due to phasing errors?

side-lobes due to phasing errors?

Geographical location and system quality proved a linely balanced equation as usual in these events with everage points/contact and quantity of QSOs just working in layour of GW4LIP/P in the portable section. The fixed station section provided a close lought balllo between G3JXN and G0ALE, the latter just making enough extra contacts to win the section.

Congrafulations to the winners and runners-up in both sociions. Many thanks to all contrarts and the Paratlet Lines CG will be awarded the VHFCC Trophy subject to approved by Council. G8TF!

FIXED STATIONS

					Beal dx		
Posn	Callaign	Points	QSQs	Loc	(kms)	Pwr	Ani
1	GOALE	367	75	GIVH	399	400	4 × 23
2	G3JXN	361	69	9IUM	398	100	4 = 23
ā	G8IFT	329	61	82XJ	322	150	4×23
4	G8XIR	318	56	DIEJ	385	230	6ft DISH
5	G4SIV	252	42	92TFI	379	100	6h DISH
6	GBOHM	243	49	92AJ	317	100	4×23
7	G4NBS	226	40	02AF	330	10	4 × 23
8	G4LU	225	37	82LT	326	110	4 × 23
9	G4ZTR	198	43	OILV	366	80	55
10	G4VHF	165	40	92QB	218	25	2 × 23
ii	GBHHI	153	34	9108	282	50	15/15
12	G4PMK	150	28	93GT	386	50	23
13	G6HKM.	145	27	OIFT	332	10	23
14	GIKDE	131	23	BINN	327	10	4 × 23
15	G8CHW	122	32	DTIE	273	1-0	48
16	G3XBY	103	23	92DG	234	6	55
17	G8NEY	97	15	8IVK	262	100	15/15
18	GIPPY	76	19	92NF	180	1	23
19	G6LOH	37	9	92IC	187	1.3	4 × 23
			OTHERS	(DODTAG	LEC1		

ALL OTHERS (PORTABLES)

Poars	Callaion	Points	Q\$Os	Loc	Beal dx	Pwr	Ani
1	GW4LIP	728	93	63KB	549	300	16 × 23
2	GOFAE	708	56	BOAG	662	150	2 × 55
3	G3CKR	653	91	93AD	486	200	16 × 23
4	GBEKR	349	50	0101	369	120	6tt DI\$H
5	GW4MGR	240	36	83JA	352	40	4 × 23
-6	G3UHF	239	46	938F	316	50	2m DISH
7	GOAWP	235	31	940A	428	30	23
8	GW4GFX	75	13	82JG	247	2	23
9	G4RGK	69	17	910N	240	1.5	23
10	G6CSY-	38	10	01BH	295	0.8	23
H	GM0GCG	13	1	75OR	316	20	2 - 23

CW Cumulative Contests 1988 (1-8, 3-5 and 7MHz) rules Will entrants please note that there are some changes to the rules and swards from previous cumulative avents. 1. Dates and limes.

1-8MHz, Menday 4 January, Tuesday 12 January, Wednesday 20 January and Thursday 28 January. All sessions from 2000 to 2200gmi

3-5MHz, Sunday 3 January, Salurday 9 January, Sunday 17 January and Salurday 23 January, All sessions from 1000 to 1200gml.

7MHz, Salurday 2 January, Sunday 10 January, Salurday 16 January and Sunday

24 January, All sessions from 1000 to 1200gml.
2. Frequencies. All contacts must be believed 1,835 and 1,865kHz, 3,520 and 3,550kHz, and 7,015 and 7,040kHz, cw (ALA) only.

Eligible entrants. All entrants must be members of the RSG8.

4. Sections. Single-operator and SWL. All stations must operate from the same location for all sessions. Entrants may enter any number of sessions they wish, but only the threa bast sessions on any one band will count and the others (if entered) will be Irealed as checklogs. The sessions on each Irequency band will be Irealed as a separate contest from those on another band,

(a) Transmitting Section. Stations may be contacted worldwide. Stations may only be contacted once in each session, but may be worked again in other sessions. The contest exchange is RST and serial number (starting at 001 for each session). Roport and sorial number (when sent) must be logged.

(b) SWL Section, Stations may only be logged once in each session. The cellsign of the station logged together with the RST and serial number sent and the call of the station being worked constitute a log entry. The callsigns of the stations being worked may only repeal in every three contacts logged.

 Scoring, Three points may be claimed for each completed contact or swi complete entry. The total contest score is the sum of the best three sessions on each band. 7. Logs should be sent to: RSG8 HF Contests Committee, c/o G4RWW, 279 Addiscombe Road, Croydon CR0 7HY, to arrive not later than 8 February 1988. A coversheet showing the name, address and callsign of the entrant together with a signed declaration that the entrant has observed the rules and spirit of the contest is roquirad. All claimed scores must be totalled for each band (untotalled entries will be Irealed as checklogs).

8. Awards.

(a) The leading transmilling station having the highest aggregate score for the litree best sessions will receive a certificate. (Separate certificates will be awarded for each of the three bands.)

(b) Subject to there being a minimum of live swl entrants, a certificate will be awarded to the entrant with the best log (separate certificate for each of the three bends). If there are less than live ontraits, swi awards are at the discretion of the committee.

(c) To encourage newly-licensed entrants, a certificate will be awarded to the best log from a linsi-time entrant, as defined in the general rules for hi contests to be published in Rad Com January 1988.

(d) A certificate will be awarded to the longest-licensed entrant. To be considered for this award, entrents must state the date they received their first full (not AA) Irensmilling licence.

Affiliated Societies Team Contest 1988 rules

1. General. The 1988 rules follow the general pattern established in earlier events. Apart from e minor change to the operating frequencies to fall in line with egreed IARU Region I policy (Rulo 5), the retention of the experimental "ORS CORRAL" and the addition of a "dupe" sheet (Rule 8) and some alterations to the award at corlilicates, there are no other changes to the rules.

 When. 1300 to 1700gml Sunday 10 January 1988.
 Teama, This is a competition between learns of up to live stations, with each learn reprosenting an RSGB ellitteled society. Eech alliliated society may enter as many learns as they wish. The composition of a learn is determined by the society entering the event, and no change will be made to the composition by the HF Contests Committee during adjudication. The learn placing will be determined by the aggregate of the checked points echieved by each of the stations in the team. Club secrolaries are responsible for the entry and must include a summery which shows the calls, individual claimed scores for each station in the leam, and the

total claimed aggregate leam score. Il a club enters more than one team, a summary is required for each of the leams.

4. Eligible entrants.

(a) Each entering club must be allillated to the RSGB.

(b) Each operator of a learn station must be e member of the club he/she represents (he/she need not be a member of RSGB).

(c) All stations representing a club must be located and operated within a radius of 50 miles of the normal club meeting place. In the case of a "national society" such as RNARS, each learn may deline its local separate meeting place (eg, a naval base), but in such cases, other than the indication of allitiation, each such team will be considered to be entirely separate.

(d) Each entrent mey be single or multiple operator, but no station may

represent more than one allitiated society.

5. Contacts. CW (ATA) only in the band 3,510 to 3,560kHz, with the recommendation that 3,550 to 3,560kHz be reserved for slower spaed contacts. (Note: this is a change from previous rules.)

 Exchange RST and serial number commencing with 001.
 Scoring. 10 points per contact. Entrants are reminded that each unmarked duplicate for which points are claimed will be penalised at 10 times the points. claimed (viz 100 points). Stations having more than live unmarked duplicates will be excluded from the contest.

8. Entries.

(a) Each individual entry must conform to the general rules for RSGB hi contests to

(b) Each log must be accompanied by an hi contest summary shael (Form HFC2).
(c) Each log must be accompanied by an hi contest summary shael (Form HFC2).
(d) Each log must be accompanied by a "dupe" sheel listing all the callsigns worked in alphabetical order. Ouplicate contacts must be so marked. (Note: this is a change from previous rules.)

(d) Each leem entry must be eccompenied by the team summary sheet as defined in Rule 3, and a declaration signed by an officer of the allifiated society that each entrant operator is a member of that society. The normal meating place of the society must be stated on this declaration.

(e) All entries from each compeling society are to be sent in one package to RSGB HF Contests Committee (AFS), PO Box 73, Lichtleid, Stalls WS13 6UJ. Packages underpaid and bearing postage due stamps will be refused and returned to the sender. Packages must be postmarked not later then Mondey 25 January 1988. Entrants must ensure that logs are well packed to avoid damage or loss in transit.

Awards.
 The Edgware Trophy will be awarded to the leading AFS.

(b) A certificate of merit will be awarded to the second and third placad AFS. (Note: this is e change from previous rules.) (c) A certificate of merit will be awarded to the station having the highest individual

May 1987 432 MHz-24GHz Contest results

In contrast to last October's UHF contest this one saw the weather and radio conditions at their worst. Almost every entrant commented on how bed things were and as a result activity in the UK was significantly down on provious events. At one time or another the whole of the country suffered cold, alread winds with horizontal rain, bail or snow.

It is interesting to note therefore that some reasonable dx was still worked by many stations showing just what can be achieved when there is activity even under poor conditions. If was also nice to see activity from the more remota areas of the UK, with EI, GM and the West Country all activo on 432MHz providing many points for those that chose to look for them. Stations in the south east hed reasonable conditions to the east before the rain front hit them and enjoyed the enhancement it brought before sullering the consequences for the rest of the contest. Those in the Midlands had poor conditions to begin with but those up early enough caught the "dawn lill" as the weather improved

Generally the log keeping was good but several points were lost by caroless errers in callsigns and sulfixes. The rule allowing crossband contacts was well received and seems to be achieving its alm as more stations are now giving the

higher frequencies a try even when the peth looks unlikely.

The only complaints received were about stations not beaming around the UK; with G1GEY convinced that he had heard a new beacon beaming south-east from Kenl and G6MXL only reising 5 stellions. Several commented that they were glad they were not out portable and those that were found keeping dishes aligned on the higher frequencies almost impossible. With this in mind congratulations to all the band winners and in particular to the Overall Winners, Hadrabs and Addiscombe CG for being the only group to out stations on all bands while their rivals were too busy holding their equipment down to operate It. Thanks also to everyone for thair support in this event.

G4NBS

OVERALL TABLE (MULTI-OPERATOR SECTION)

			Band position						
Posn	Group	Points	432 MHz	GHz	2·3 GHz	3·4 GHz	5·7 GHz	GHz	24 GHz
1	Hadrabs & Addiscombe CG	5.866	3	3	2	2	- 1	2	
2	Shappey Western CG	4,000	1		1	- 1	-	-	-
3	The Windbreakers	2,507	8	5	4	_	-	- 1	2
4	The Hillbillies	2.272	4	2	3	-	-	-	-
5	Warfington CG	1,941	2	4	5	-	-	_	_
6	S. Mancheslei RC	1.012	5	6	6	-	-	-	-
7	Luton VHF Group	200	7	-	-	-	-	_	_

	OVERA	LL TABLE (S	INGLE-OPERA	TOR SECTION	ONI	
Posn	Callston	Points	432MHz	1-3GHz	2-3GHz	3-4GHz
1	GEDER	2,295	7	6	4	1
2	G4DDK	2,000	-	1	1	-
3	G3JXN	1.932	3	3	2	***
4	GBIFT	1,309	11	2	3	-
5	G6XVV	1.154	1	10	_	_
6	G8GDZ	1,019	-	4	5	-
7	GILSB	839	2	_	_	_
8	G4PMK	604	-	7	7	-
9	G6CSY/P	595	Б	8	_	_
10	GBZQB	573	10	ġ	5	-
11	G4FOH	474	4	_	_	_
12	G4LU	461	_	5	_	_
13	G6MXL	98	11	_	_	_

			132MH2	MULTI	OPERATOR			
Poen	Calleign (/P)	Loc	Points.	QSO:	Boel dx	Km	Pwi (W)	Anj
I.	GBTFI	OIKK	2.445	255	OZIKLU	741	400	8 × I 9ele
3	G4RNL G4PUB	DAE9 IQI0	2,393	255 238	DF9ZP/P	787	400 350	252ole 4 × 21ele
4	GATHE	94RJ	2,048	168	DF9ZPIP	766	400	252ele
5	G3FVA	93AF	869	156	DF0AP	745	150	4 × 23elo
6 7	G4ZTR G4L8H	OIPU 9IRU	865 488	101	H89RD8/P	673	300 150	4 × 21 of 0 2 × 46Mbm
	41227							
Poen	Celleign	Loc 4	32MHz 8 Points		OPERATOR Beel dx	Km	Pwr (W)	Ani
I	G6XVV	93JK	559	73	DK9VD/A	707	60	2I ele
2	G1LS8	02CT	469	63	OF0AP	601	60	21 ele
3	G3JXN G4FOH	91UM 92XI	305 265	43 39	OKOVS/P	564	120	4 × 21810 21816
5	GIENJ	92KI	203	57	PAOGUSIP	479	. ĕ	19elo
6	G6CSYIP	HBID	201	43	G4THBIP	346	50	19el0
7	G6DER	93GN	171	24	OK3FB/P	692	60	21elo
8	G6HLL G1GEY	83RE 94FW	138	36 22	GM0DGL G4JCC	338 464	100	196lo 2.×17elo
ıõ	G8ZQB	92JN	59	ΪĨ	PEOMAR/P	358	40	190le
11	G8IFT	82XJ	55	13	G4PUB/P	260	25	21 ple
12	G6MXL G3ILO	80XR 81VQ	55 50	5 6	PEOMAR/P G4KUX	449 325	30 10	48Mbm 19ole
_					OPERATOR		B . 448	
Poen	Gelieign (/P)	Loc 01KK	Points 486	68	Beel dx HB9SAX/P	Km 642	Pwr (W) 180	Ani 2m dish
2	G4HWA	94RJ	480	51	PAGWMX	516	350	202ele
3	GOALE .	0101	461	73			400	2m dish
4 5	GJCKR	93AO 01PU	361 328	57 46	PA0WMX OL4EBB	537 418	150 50	368elo 2 6m dish
6	G4BCH G3UHF	93AF	257	36	GOALE/P	307	90	2m dish
_			Lacu- c	INCLE	OPERATOR			
Poen	Celleign	Loc	Points		Beel ds	Km	Pwr (W)	Ani
1	G4DDK	02PA	228	32	DUIEBR	333	50	4 × 23eto
2	G8IFT	82XJ	124	28	FI COW/P	379	150	4 × 23ale
3 4	G3JXN G8GDZ	91UM 92AK	114	24 23	GOALEIP	257	100	4 × 23ele 4 × 23ele
5	G4LU	82LT	105	25	GOALEIP	336	110	4 × 23elo
6	G6DER	93GN	86-5	25 5	G4ZAP/P	284	100	1.4m dish
7	G4PMK G6C\$Y/P	93GT 018H	81 53-5	23 8 5	G4ZAP/P G3UHF/P	307 256	50 0.8	23ele 23ole
9	G8ZOB	92JN	40-5	95	G0ALE/P	222	40	27elo OLY
10	G6XVV	93JK	35	- 11	G4BCHIP	240	0 25	I 4m dish
			2-3GHz	MULTI	OPERATOR			
Poen	Celleign (IP)	Loc	Pointe	QSDe		Km	Pwr (W)	Oleh
2	GOFRE	OLKK	5,421 5,032	30·5 26	G4XUMIP	362	45 °	1 2m 1 6m
ž	G4ALE G4XUM	94RJ	2,417	12	PEIALA	413	35	2m
4	G4VIX	OIPU	2,223	17	-	-	4	2m
5	G4CDA	93AD	1.189	13	GOFREIP	277	40	2m
6	G8SMR	93AF	696	8.5	GUPREIP	211	0.2	0 9m
					OPERATOR			
Posn	Cellsign G4DDk	Loc 02PA	Pointe 1,847	QSQ:	Beel dx PACEZ	Km 268	Pwr W)	Ani
2	G3JXN	PIUM	1,636	12	- AUEZ	200	2 25	44ele OLY 1-2m dish
3	G8IFT	82XJ	1,232	11	G4ALE/P	251	20	44ole OLY
4 5	G6DER G8GDZ	93GN 92AK	1,126	12	G4ALE/P	258	20	1-4m dish
6	G8ZQB	92JN	533	6	G4ALE/P	222	25 I	I 2m dish I 5m dish
7	G4PMK	93GT	459	7	G4CBW	100	ė	0 6m dish
			3-4GH+	MIN TO	OPERATOR			
Poen	Celleign (IP)	Loc	Points		Besi da	Km	Pwi (W)	Dish
- 1	GOFRE	OIKK	536	35	PAOPLY	302	1.5	0 9m
2	G4FUF	01.01	200	3	PE0MAR/P	202	06	0 5m
		3	-4GHz S	INGLE	OPERATOR			
Poen	Callaign	Lec	Pointe	Q50e	Beel dx	Km	Pwz (W)	Dieh
ı	G8DER	93GN	94	0.5	G4BYV	189	Q-3	0-6m
			5-7GHz	MULTI	OPERATOR			
Poen	Callaign (/P)	Loc	Po	inte (QSDe ' Beel		Pwr (W)	Dieh
'	G4EZP	0101	1	2	I G8KE	IVIP	2mW	0.5m
			10GHz I		OPERATOR			
Poen	Cellsign (/P)	Loc	Points	QSO	Beel dx	Km	Pwr (W)	Dish
2	G6CMS G4EZP	01PU	349 238	5	PAOPLY G6PAE/P	268 57	40mW	0.75m
~	M4EZP	VIOI	238	3	GDPAE/P	\$1	_	© 7m
			24GHz I	MULTI-	OPERATOR			
Posn	Cellsign (/P)	Loc	Painte	QSQe	Beel dx	Km	Pwr (W)	Oleh
2	G4EZP G6CMS	OI QI OI PU	132	3 2	G6PAE/P	57	7mW 7mW	0.3m 0.4m
4	Orania	VIFO	7	-		_	11114	0 4(1)

South Manchester DF Qualifying Event results.

Ton leams assembled at the start near Crewe, in line weather, and good signals were received from both hidden stations. Most competitors docided to locate transmitter "A" lirst.

Station A. G3FVA/P was hidden some 10 miles no of the start on Congleton Edgo

which, being considerably higher than the start, enabled line of sight signals to be received. This deceived many competitors into believing that the station was fairly close to the start! The operators, Dave Holland and John Morrison, had hidden in a small cave hallway up the Edge and had added a disguiso of chicken wire with shrubbery allached to it. 1km of antennes added to the lun! First arrival was Brian Bristow at 1426. Some locals picking Bilberries soon became used to being approached by desperale competitors asking if they were the hidden station. The B transmitter G3UHF/P, operated by Dave Yorks and John McNail, was located 17 miles see of the start in a large area of woods, canals and the odd take or

Iwo. Pinpoinling the exact location was obviously a problem to some teams. The nearest lootpath to the site meant a one mile run and incorporated 150 or so steps, much to the dismay of those encountering them! Some leams ran over two miles along the canal bank, obviously putting in extra training in preparation for the National Final The transmitter was sited above a disused quarry which had been

suitably wired with antennas into terocious nettlas! The operators were betriended by a stray dog which developed a consuming passion for Dave Yorke's nose! First arrival was George Whenham at 1457.

Alter the event, lea was provided at Jodnell Bank where the usual plethora of excuses were produced by unsuccessful competitors. Brian Bristow, G4KBB, was then awarded the South Manchester Club's DF Cup for achieving first place, is no one able to nobble "The Prolessional"?

The South Manchester club would like to thank all who took part and especially those who ran the event.

			Time of entival		
Posn	Neme	Club .	\$In A	Stn B	
	8 Buslew	Mid-Themos	1426	1539	
,	C Plummer	Mid-Thames	1455	1603	
3	C Wells	S Manchoster	1502	1623	
ă.	G Whenham	Covenity	1624	1457	
5	T Gago	Mid-Thamos	1502	1629	
6	J Armilage	S Manchesler	1518		
7	K Chan	S Manchesler	1520		
ė	D Nawman	Northampion	1525		
9	A Collett	Daifford Healft		1544	
10	C Molcalle	Mid-Thames		1627	
	or and C Wells quality I				

Marconi Memorial Contest 1986 results

The following table has been extracted from results supplied by I4LCK. Full listings can be obtained from G3FZL, QTHR, on receipt of an A4 size SAE. The 1987 Marconi Mamorial Contest takas placo on 7, 8 Novamber 1400 to 1400gmt.

			SING	GLE-OPER/	TOR S	ECTION			
Posn	Calleign	Loc	050	Score	Posn	Calisign	Loc	DSO	Seare
- 1	DK8ZB/P	JO40	402	131,608	199	G4YFN	1091	54	9,162
2	MXCC	JN63	267	123,711	208	G4NBS	JO02	47	8,658
3	DJ5AR	JO51	317	106,018	210	G40UT	1092	44	8,228
79	G3XBY	1092	105	25,987	211	G3ILO	1801	41	8,220
93	G4WFR	3001	84	21,822	239	G4BZPIP	1084	30	6,492
101	GM4CANIP	1066	48	20,122	241	G4ZVS	1092	48	6,333
115	G30GY	1091	79	18,400	242	G4HZF/A	1093	4.1	6,276
125	G4ARI	1092	65	16,239	261	G5UNI	1092	46	4,877
129	G4XEN	1092	75	15,931	284	GOATR	1092	30	3,503
137	G4AG0	1091	91	14,939	298	G2DHV	JOGI	31	2,694
145	G4NDG	1080	63	13.618	302	G4WVDIP	1070	8	2,201
160	G4UZN	1093	57	12,187	332	GOEOQ	1071	8	844
161	G3VIP	1093	54	12.134					
162	G4HVC	1093	63	12,026					
163	G3UKV	1082	55	12.006		MULTI-OPE	ERATOR	SECTION	NC NC
164	G3LET	1090	52	11,957	Poen	Colleign	Loc	QSO	Score
167	G4WUS/P	1094	48	11.860	- 1	DIJIOMEK	JN59	399	148,812
170	G40TV	1001	62	11,656	2	T4KLY/4	JN63	293	102,286
173	GOCLP	1092	64	11.292	3	HG8KCP/3	JN96	353	114,899
175	G4EZA	J001	50	11.071	45	G4NUT/A	1091	207	53,518
181	G3ISL	1094	36	10.573	93	G4VXE/P	1081	114	27,064
189	G4NSE/P	1094	46	9,648	95	G4UJS	1083	123	24.489
198	G4ULS	1082	48	9,170	109	G4BLX	1090	87	18,518
					118	G6GSIP	1091	81	14.139

7MHz Contest 1988 rules

- 1. The general rules for RSGB MF contests, as published in the "Operating Guide" supplement, Aad Com January 1988, will apply.
 2. Onle and Ilme. Phona: 1200gml 6 February to 0900gml 7 February 1988.

- CW: 1200gml 20 February to 0900gml 21 February 1988.
 3. Sections, Single-operator entries only. British Isles entrants must also be members of RSGB. (a) Brilish Istes. (b) European. (C) non-European
- Band and mode. SSB: 7-04-7-19MHz, CW: 7-7-03MHz. Entrants in the cw section are requested not to operate above 7-03MHz.
- 5. Exchange, RS(T) plus serial number starting 001.
- (a)-British Isles section: live points for each completed contact with European stations, litteen points for each completed contact with non-European stations. British Isles stations may not work each other.

 (b)—European section: live points for each completed contact with British Isles
- stations.
- (c)-Non-European section: 15 points for each completed contact with British Isles stations.
- (d)-Contacts with GB5CC will count as a country multiplier and 50 points for all
- 6.2 Mulliplier
- (a)-British Isles section: one for each ARRL DXCC country. In addition VE, VK, W and ZL call aleas each count as a separate country.
- GM6, GM8, GU0, GU2, GU3, GU4, GU5, GU6, GU8, GW0, GW2, GW3, GW4, GW5, GW6, GW8 (maximum ol 49)
- 6.3 Final Score. Total contact points multiplied by total of multipliers.
 7. Occumentation. Logs to be headed; date/gml; callsign; R\$(T)/number scot; R\$(T)/number received; multiplier; points. A summary shoet showing the multipliers worked must be included. Duplicates must be clearly marked without claim for points. Unmarked duplicates will be penalised at the rate of 10 times number of points claimed; logs containing more than tive unmarked duplicates, for which points have been claimed, would normally result in disqualification. Each entry must be accompanied by a cover sheel and the following signed declaration: I declare that this station was operated strictly in accordance with the rules and spirit of the contest and agree that the decision of the Council of the RSGB shall be final in all cases of
- 8. Name and address for entries. Address logs to G3HCT, HF Contests Committee, Brooklands, Ullenhall, Nr Henley In Arden, Warks B95 5NW, England
- Oale for entries. SSB logs must be received by 30 March 1988, and cw logs must be received by 23 April 1988.
- 10. Awards. The Thomas (G6OB) Memorial Trophy will be awarded to the leading

British isies entrant in the cw contest. Certificates of merit will be awarded to the entrants placed lirst, second and third in the British Isles, European and non-European sections of each contest.

11. Receiving Section.

(1) Transmilling section rules 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 will apply.
(2) A station may appear once only in the column headed "Station heard". The callsigns of the stations being worked may only repeat once in every three contacts loggod. Logs to be headed date/gml; callsign of station heard; RS(T)/serial number;

callsign of station being worked.
(3) Holders of British Class 8 liconces may enter the receiving section.

(a)—Brilish Isles listeners should log only overseas stations in contact with British Isles stations. European stations loggad, live points; others, 15 points.
(b)—Overseas listeners should log only British Isles stations perticipating in the

contest. European listeners claim live points, other 15 points. (5) Multiplier as per rule 6 2.

12. HF Canlest Chemptonship. Perticipants in this contest by British Isles stations will count towards the HF Contest Championship for 1988/89

13. Dela Prolection Act. Entrants should note that the contest adjudicator may enter Information from their logs into a micro-computer for the sole purpose of checking for duplicate contacts and preparing contest labulations. If any entrant objects to this, they must clearly state their objection on the cover-sheet so that the adjudicator can hand-process their information.

The Golden Anniversary Commonwealth Contest 1987 results

The golden anniversary of the Commonwealth Contest proved to allred more entrants then ever below, some 150, and although band conditions were only jair soma respeciable scores were made. Il is remarkable and a tribule to the contest That contacts being made between stations over 50 years ago are still being made lodey, and the strength of triendship which has resulted and continues to form between participants is surely an essential part of our hobby. The contest also tests an amaleur's station end operating skill to the meximum, demanding a good knowledge of band conditions, and the ingenuity to construct oven better aniennas to weedlo out those telnt but crucial signals from the noise. The Commonwealth is a dignitied contest where manners and experimentation are set against a compatitive SDIFIL.

The results

The winner of the Golden Jubilee contest is Lee Sawkins, VE7CC, making this his lifth outright victory in the past to years. Loe used a combination of TSB20 and L48 driving 3-5MHz, inv-V, 7MHz, two-element Yagi at 105h, 14MHz livo-elemont KLM at 100h, 21MHz loui-element Yagi et 85ll. He was closely chellenged by John Sluymer, VE60U/3 who made over 100 extra OSOs but just lost out on bonus points. Nigol Hoyow, 6Y5HN, drops to third pleco this year, but I have a looting we have not heard the last of Nigol II his new QTH is as promising as it sounds. Doug Renwick, VE5RA, made a galiant effort from Barbados as 8P9HG, and must have fall ha was in with a chance up until the last low hours when hings went quiet from there. Perhaps the biggest improvement has come from Kevin Smith, VK6LW, who ends up in fourth place. This was a clever place of operation and Kevin made good uso of all bands to pick up over 130 bonus points. Could we have a future VK6 winner here? I am beginning to loose count of the number of limps Al Stater has wen the Coi Thomas Rose Bowl. He wins it yet again, but not allor a severe losting from lirst time entrant. Ron Slona, GW3YDX. As Ron said on his ontry, "liad the contest ended at 0900 I probably would have beaten their old """ Slater. However I am sure he has done it again on bonuses". Only just Ron, 161 to your i 58--not much of a difference after 24

DRAWA	WINNERS	SINGLE-BAND WINNERS						
Sonior Rose Bowl	L Sawkins, VE7CC	3·5MHz	UK	G3KSK				
Junior Rose Bowl	J Sluymer, VE8OU/3	7MHz	UK	G40DV				
Col Thomos Rose Bow	1 A Stater, G3FXB	14MHz	ŲK	G3HZP				
Recolving Rose Bowl	C Bradbury, BRS 1066	3 5MHz	O/a	VK7ZO				
		7MHz	O/s	VK4BRF				
		14MHz	O/s	ZL3AGI				
		2 I M 11z	O/s	VUZUR				

	- 1	чои	/ THE	LEA	DEI	RS M	ADE	THE	IR S	CORE	S					
Celleign	Celleign 3-5 MHz		7	7 MHz		1	4 Mi	fz	2	21 MHz			28 MHz			
	Q	В	A	Q	В	A	Q	В	Α	a	В	Α.	a a	В	A	
VE7CC	57	37	17	86	46	21	225	64	33	33	24	10	_	_		
ENUO33V	60	30	18	175	52	26	257	44	33	5	5	3				
6Y5HN	71	20	10	138	41	19	254	53	25	ΗĬ	10	7				
VX6LW	25	20	13	98	37	16	151	49	23	97	28	1.5	1	- 1	- 1	
G3FXB	37	20	12	88	50	25	131	72	37	17	17	13	2	ż	ż	
GW3YQX	39	21	13	87	49	26	134	69	36	17	17	13	ž	ž	2	
G4BUO	34	24	15	62	44	25	1.10	65	34	19	19	15	2	5	5	
	Q =	QSC	25			a	≃ Bon						≃ Are:	99	-	

TOTALS INFORMATION								
Band	QSOs	Bonusoa	Pointe					
3-5	1,882	1.252	34,316					
7	4,507	2,518	72.495					
14	9,127	4.085	126,140					
21	1,417	798	22,983					
28	56	46	1,200					
Totals	16.989	6.699	257,135					

Special awards

The special awards given to celebrate the Golden Anniversary have been allocated as lollows:

Dud Charman, G6CJ Lee Sawkins, VE7CC Al Stater, G3FXB C Bradbury, BRS1066 Spacial Award Oversees winner UK winner UK receiving winner

The committee discussed at length who should receive the award for giving the most to the contest throughout its history. There were many candidates—some of whom are monitoned taler, but it was decided unanimously to present the award to Dud Charman, G6CJ for the length of time he has participated in the contest, and for the skill in operating he has shown over the years. Oud entered his jirst BERU contest in 1936, and has been present ever since. Many of the OTs will ramomber the time when Dud lied the list of entrants in 1952, but could not accept the Sentor Rose Bowl because he was chaliman of the HFCC at that time. This reflects his ability in operating since this leaf has only been accomplished by two other UK amateurs in the history of the event. Many thanks Dud, for all you have done for the Commonwealth contest and I am sure I speak for all emaleurs when I wish you good luck for the luture.

The commillee also recognised, the outstanding contribution mede by Mel Geddes, G2SO/Z23JO, Snow Campbell, VK3MR, Frank Cooper, G2OT, John Tullon, VK3ZC and Victor Williams, VE3KE/VE7UZ. In order to thank them for their participation, they will be receiving a special certificate for their ellorts over the

The GBSCC slarv

Don Bealile, G30ZF and mysell made the journey over to Wokingham for the weekend to operate special event stallon GB5CC from the OTH of Captain lan Sheppard, G4LJF. II you think you have a decent station take a look at this one—a four element tri bander for 14,21,28 MHz, a three element 40m beam, and live 80m stopers all over 100th up!! We arrived at 10am, began preparing the shack, and by 1130am put out a lew tentative CQs. Since this was to be the first ever use of e GB5 prefix we were expecting a certain amount of Intarest, but fortunately this was minimal and we were able to concontrate on working Commonwealth stations once the contest began. With the levourable site and callsign we were hoping to prove that the contest can be won agein from the UK, and indeed if you include the 300 odd UK OSOs also made, this was the case. However, although we obviously lost out on some of the other Commonwealth call areas due to UK treffic, there is still a mighty some of the other Commonwealth call areas due to UK treffic, thore is still a mighty dilieronce between the top UK entrant, Al Stater, and the overall winner Lee Sewkins. Maybe next year? We tried to make the bost use of all bands, making skeds and OSYing where appropriate. The big disappointment to us was 28MHz, it was only in the dying minutes of the contest that we got through to Mal Geddes, Z23JC. Allempts with ZB2EO, ZC4AP and 9J2BO gave no results. Things may be different next year when openings to VE from the UK may occur. The operation by Commonwealth stations was exemplary and it is a plly other operators tailed to take notice of this. One station, who would only give his call as UATAA, continually lammed us repealing that we were on a dx frequency. If he had leken the trouble to jammed us repealing that we were on a dx irequency. If he had lekon the trouble to listen to our operation he would have heard the dx and us working it. It is a shame that a perfect exemple of communication between amaleurs throughout the world should be spollt by a lew. This apart, Don and mysoli enjoyed ourselves tramendously, and hed given a reasonable opportunity for other stations to work GB5CC.

GB5CC results									
Band (MHz)	050e	Banugas	Areas	Points					
3.5	102	24	13	990					
7	174	50	26	1,870					
14	186	57	27	2,070					
21	72	24	16	840					
28	18	4	2	170					
Yolal	552	159	38	5,940					

Activity and conditions

Compered to lest year the biggest improvement was in the number of different cell areas activo. Although conditions were not markedly dilierent this increase in call erees makes the contest much more enjoyable and interesting. This year a total of 60 ereas were worked at one time or another and again it is the UK emelaurs who soom le be in the best location for working the majority of creas, with G3FXB contacting 41 out of the 60. With increased publicity and improved conditions (i) there could be over

3:5MHz held out to the oast coast of VE and ZL but propagation to VK and Airica was disappointing. Many stations were pleased to work VU2LAM who provided the only signeds from Asia, white G3MXJ, G4FAM, G3PEK, G4BUO, GD3AHV, and GB5CC wore the only ones to contact 9J2BO on this band. North America is the place to be for 3-5MHz, with 27 call areas being worked and the only absonce being Asian signals from that perfort howorld. No doubt strong cest European signals wipe out Commonwoalth signels for the Asian stations on 3-5 and 7MHz, but it meds a pleasant change to have a good level of activity from them on the ht bands, 7MHz would cartainty supply more if it opened to VE4,5,6,7 from the UK, Signals to Oceania are always good at his time of the year and quite often more relieble than 14MHz. 14MHz was egain the "bread end butter" band supplying 54 per cent of the total number of OSOs. The biggest change in propagation is shown on 21 MHz where there was a substantial oponing to VK/ZL end also VE which did not happen last year. Porhaps this sheds some light on the change in propagation due to our shill through The sun spot cycle, it was a shame for the Asian stations that 21MHz island to open to VE, otherwise they would have had a share of all the activity present on that band,

28MHz has still to show any appreciable sign of improvement. If it hadn't have been for the presence of GB5CC and Z23JO there would have been no contacts made from the UK. Elsewhere there was minimal use of the band with most traffic taking place between VK2/3 and ZL1/2. Surely things can only improve,

The RSGB would like to thank everyone who has helped to publicise this event. Hopefully, there will not be a clash between the Commonwealth and VK/ZL field day for next year. We hope for run GBSCC again as this seems to have had only positive comments from ontrarts, see you on 12-13 March 1988. Finally, thanks to those who sent in check logs; VK3VO, GW3HCL, G3VDL, VK3KF, G4HMD, G4CP, VS6UO, ZL0AKB, GM3ITN, G2OY, G3WP, VE3OAT, G15TK and again to John Tullon VK3ZC for help with publicity in VK land,

										Ç	i4DJX
				TP	ANSMI	T SECT	ION				
Posn	Callsign	Area	Bonns	Q\$0s	Yolol		Callsign	Area	Sonns	QS0s	Yolal
1	VE7CC	33	171	398	5.391		VE7UZ	24	102	214	3.099
2	VE60U/3	31	131	505	5.123		ZL2BR	20	102	212	3,083
3	6Y5HN	26	124	474	4.794		VK3MB	25	105	191	3.050
4	VK6LW	25	135	372	4.548		G4WQN	34	108	165	2.972
5	G3FXB	41	161	275	4,536		G4BWP	34	106	143	2,823
6	GW3YDX	40	158	279	4,488		9J2BO	29	85	224	2.790
7	G4BUO	37	154	227	4.213		VK2BQQ	22	100	169	2.788
e	VESCRG	31	103	433	4,199	28	VK7RO	22	98	176	2,783
9	G4EDG	38	142	250	4.066	29	VO1HP	20	55	352	2.757
10	G4CNY	36	144	239	4.058	30	G2QT	30	105	132	2.755
- 11	VK2APK	30	132	290	4,055	31	VK5AGX	23	94	175	2,738
12	6P9HG	23	88	452	4.005	32	VK3ZC	25	98	141	2,660
13		38	140	210	3,840	33	9V ITL	23	75	196	2,455
	VK4XA	23	125	244	3,703	34	G3JKS	31	91	121	2,420
	ZB2EO	17	61	483	3,605	35	VESJKZ	21	58	249	2.393
	G3PEK	37	129	194	3.541	36	VK4XW	19	89	120	2,375
17	ZLI A 1Z	25	120	217	3,468	37	VK6RU	23	79	162	2,367
	ZC4AP	21	51	435	3,170	38	ZLIHV	21	85	116	2.272
19	VE3ST	29	84	304	3.165	39	ZO8CW	17	54	218	2,165
20	G3LET	35	117	159	3.118	40	VK3DO	24	83	97	2.140

Posn C	allalas	Ārga	Bonus	QSQs	Total	0	Calta		Panus	050-	Yotal
	K3XB	19	76	126	2,138	96	Galfsign G4WYG	Area 19	Bonus 41	52	1,080
	3IGW	30	80	108	2,135	97	VE2AEJ/3	13	29	112	1,078
43 0	33MIR	31	81	105	2,128	98	[Z23J0	10	23	113	1.025
	S6LX	34 29	85 76	90 110	2,115	100	ZL3AGI***	18	33 17	75	1,025 950
45 C	36CJ 34OBK	31	77	108	2,063	t01	SB4UK VE31R	6 18	36	124	930
47 \	/K5GZ	18	69	134	2,045	102	G3GOJ	20	36	40	918
	K5BN	21	79	91	2,030	103	VK4TT***	17	29	53	845
	/K3MJ	19 18	74 72	118 105	2,020 1,960	104	VX3FC (VE3NBE	13	32	39 92	835 630
	KSUM K2DID	20	73	99	1.945	105	GSHAL	14	21 33	35	830
52 \	/U2LAM	18	49	181	1,680	107	G2DLJ	13	31	39	808
53 (35MY	30	72	87	1,868	108	∫ZL2ALJ	14	31	37	805
	/P2MOY /K2EL	13 19	43 68	202 95	1,649	110	VK3DOV VK2SU	13	31 32	37	805 800
56 (33RZP***	31	61	117	1,780	111	VK4BRF"	16	31	35	795
57 N	/K3BOH	27	67	88	1,775	112	G3DOT	13	27	48	780
	K5RG	18	61	97	1.698	113	G3JKY	16	30	35	771
	S3SWH	30 24	83 62	87 83	1,665	114	VK3KS GeLZB	16 15	30 27	31 36	755 720
	339W/1	25	64	75	1.643	116	G4IJW	14	27	33	703
	/K3CGG	16	61	83	1.630	117	GM3ITN	18	26	36	698
63 V	/E3IY	20	47	140	1,627	118	G3UYM'''	18	27	31	695
	S3JJG	28	61	74	1,585	l 19	VOLAW VK6EO	9	25 25	40 33	693 665
	NOBRJ /KZAQF	19 18	44 58	143 79	1,550	120	ANSOED	11 15	23	41	665
	SW3WOJ	33	58	78	1,545	122	G400V**	18	28	20	660
	GOTMA	28	57	80	1,535	123	G5LP"	21	26	29	659
69 (33TKK	27	59	71	1,530	124	G3ICH	19	25	29	645
70 (33VW	25	57	76 67	1.515	125 126	G4ZOB'' G8QZ	18 12	25 25	29 28	643 640
	G3SJX G3TXF	28 28	59 58	67	1,495	127	G3HJF	11	24	33	636
	SONOM	29	55	78	1.478) VK6RZ	i3	24	29	625
	ЗЗКОВ	27	57	62	1.448	128	VYXED {	13	23	33	625
	G3NKS	25	55	69	1,440		VK3XF	13	23	33	625
	G3EBH	27	55	67 73	1,433	131	VO2AC VK2AIC	10	17 24	52 24	600 600
	G3OLU G3KSH	26 25	54 56	61	1,431	133	VK7CH	12	24	24	568
	/K6AJ	22	44	108	1,408	134	G2BLA	11	22	27	575
80 1	VK7RY	12	54	67	1,403	135	(VEIEP	16	21	24	540
81 1	VKBHA	16	44	104	1.395		[VK3JI'''	15	17	40	540 520
83 1	VO1CA	18	35	150	1,387	137	VK2AZR IG6NK	7	20 19	25 27	515
83 1	GM3CIX	23	52 41	67 123	1,373 1,368	138	G3WRR	12	20		515
0.4 1	VEACOLL									24	
84 1	VE3CPU G3SJJ	18 23	50	64	1.315	140	5N2KRC	8	12	24 63	505
64 1 65 (G3SJJ G3ESF	23 22	50 48	64 69	1,315	141	G4HPS***	. B	12 19	63 23	505 495
64 1 65 (66)	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV	23 22 28	50 48 48	64 69 72	1,315 1,305 1,275	141	G4HPS*** G3YBH	8 18 8	12 19 18	63 23 20	505 495 460
84 1 85 8 86 8 87 8	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL	23 22 28 19	50 48 48 49	64 69 72 54	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245	141 142 143	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ	8 18 8	12 19 18 14	63 23 20 19	505 495 460 375
84 1 85 8 86 9 86 9	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP	23 22 28 19	50 48 48 49 48	64 69 72 54 57	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200	141 142 143 144	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ VK7ZO* VK2GT***	8 18 8 8 7	12 19 18 14 13	63 23 20 19	505 495 460 375 335
64 1 65 6 66 6 69 6	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK	23 22 28 19	50 48 48 49	64 69 72 54	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165	141 142 143 144 145 146	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ VK7ZO* VK2GT*** VK5BS**	8 8 8 7 7	12 19 18 14 13 12	63 23 20 19 15 13	505 495 460 375 335 305 300
84 1 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 1	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE***	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29	50 48 48 49 46 46 45	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115	141 142 143 144 145 146 147	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ VK7ZO* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK*	8 8 8 7 7 8 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12	63 23 20 19 15 13	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265
84 1 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE''' GW3MPB/A	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21	50 48 48 49 46 46 45 42 43	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110	141 142 143 144 145 146 147	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ VK7ZO* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK* VK3VO	8 8 8 7 7 8 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11	63 23 20 19 15 13 12	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255
84 1 85 8 87 8 88 9 90 91 92 93 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE*** GW3MPB/A G3OYY***	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146	G4HPS*** G3YBH VE1ALJ VK72O* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK* VK3VO VE7OAV	8 18 8 7 8 7 8 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6	63 23 20 19 15 13	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 155
84 1 85 88 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE*** GW3MPB/A G3OYY**** VK4BKM	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090	141 142 143 144 145 146 147	G4HPS*** G3YBH VE1ALJ VK72O* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK* VK3VO VE7OAV	8 8 8 7 7 8 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11	63 23 20 19 15 13 12 13	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 155 1,725
84 1 85 88 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE*** GW3MPB/A G3OYY***	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,098 1,098 21MHz	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Aver	G4HPS*** G3YBH VE1ALJ VK72O* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK* VK3VO VE7OAV age	8 18 8 7 8 7 8 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6	63 23 20 49 15 13 12 13 11 7	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 155 1,725
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 88 1 90 1 91 1 92 1 93 1 95 5	G35JJ G31SF G31GLL G30EP G31IK VK3AUO G31FE''' G30YY''' VK4BKM MHz'' = 7M	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz ***	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 42 42 41 42	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 Avery Total	G4HPS*** G3YBH VE1ALJ VK72O* VK2GT*** VK2GT*** VK3VO VE7DAV G0* A ON	8 8 8 7 7 8 7 8 2 35	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 39 15 13 12 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 306 300 265 255 155 1,725 257,135
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 88 1 90 1 91 1 92 1 93 1 95 1 95 1	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LK VK3AUO G3RTE''' GW3MPB/A G3OYY''' VK4BKM MHz'' = 7M	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 42 14Mh	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Aver- Total	G4HPS*** G3YBH VETALJ VK7ZO* VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK* VK3VO VK3VO ON Station	8 18 8 8 7 8 7 8 2 35	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 39 15 13 12 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 155 1,725 257,135
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 8 88 9 90 91 1 92 1 93 93 1 95 5	G35JJ G31SF G31GLL G30EP G31IK VK3AUO G31FE''' G30YY''' VK4BKM MHz'' = 7M	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz ***	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 42 42 41 42	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Aver- Total SECYI Pose 3	G4PPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK7ZO' VK2GT'** VK5BS'* G3KSK' VK3VO VE7OAV age CON Surton BR\$52858	8 8 8 7 7 8 7 8 2 35	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 19 15 13 12 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 8 88 9 90 91 1 92 1 93 93 1 95 5	G3SJJ G3SESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE'' GW3MPB/A G3OYY''' VK4BKM MHz'' = 7M Station BRIS1066	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz ************************************	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 42 41 42 42 43 42 43 42 42 43 44 42 43 44 45 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 2	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Aver- Total SECTI Poen 3	G4PPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK7ZO' VK2GT'** VK5BS'* G3KSK' VK3VO VE7OAV age CON Surton BR\$52858	8 18 8 8 7 7 8 7 8 2 35 Area 31	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 19 15 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 155 1,725 257,135
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 8 88 9 90 91 1 92 1 93 93 1 95 5	G3SJJ G3SESF G3YOV G3GLL G3OEP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE'' GW3MPB/A G3OYY''' VK4BKM MHz'' = 7M Station BRIS1066	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz ************************************	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 42 41 42 42 43 42 43 42 42 43 44 42 43 44 45 46 46 47 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 12	1,315 1,325 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385 1,955	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avar- Total SECYI Poen 3 Avar	GAMPS*** GAYBH VETALJ VK72O** VK5BS*** GAKSK** VK3VO VETOAV ege ON Startion BRS52858 lie	8 18 8 8 7 7 8 7 8 2 35 Area 31	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 19 15 13 12 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890
84 1 85 1 86 6 87 6 88 6 90 1 92 1 93 1 95 5 1 95 5	G35JJ G31ESF G3YOV G36LL G30EP G3LIK VK3AUO G3RTE*** G30YY*** VK4BKM MHz **= 7M B1811068 BCRS195	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 43 42 14MH 89 75	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 12 92	1,315 1,327 1,275 1,245 1,265 1,165 1,165 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385 1,955	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avar- Total SECYI Poen 3 Avar Total	GAMPS*** GAYBH VETALJ VK72G** VK2GT*** VK5BS** GAKSK** VK3VO VETADAV age a ION Suition BRS52868 lage IERATION	6 6 6 6 7 7 8 7 6 2 3 5 4 9 4 9 4 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 460 375 305 305 300 265 255 155 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 86 1 90 1 91 1 93 1 94 1 95 1 2	G3SJJ G3ESF G3YOV G3GLL G3GLEP G3UEP G3UEP G3HPEN G3BYEN G3BYEN W4 4BKM MHZ '' = 7M B6HION BFS1068 BCRS195	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 = 14MH Benut 89 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	1,315 1,325 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz Total 2,385 1,955 YSIS OF	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 147 15 147 146 147 Total SECYI Poen 3 Avar Total	G4PPST G4PPST G3YBH VK72GT VK72GT VK5BST G3KSKT VK3VO VE7DAV age age age age age age age age age age	6 8 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 2 3 5 4 9 1 9 1 9	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 Concus 51 71 215	63 23 20 19 15 13 12 13 11 7 114 16,969	505 495 460 375 335 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,390 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 88 1 89 1 91 1 93 1 93 1 93 1 94 1 2 Posn 1 2	G3SJJJ G3GLF G31VOV G3GLL G3GLF G3LF G3LF G3LF G3LF G3DP G3RF VK4BKM MHz '' = 7M Batlon BRS1066 BCRS195	23 22 26 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 43 42 14MH 89 75	64 69 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 12 92	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,290 1,165 1,150 1,110 1,098 1,990 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385 1,955 YSIS OF: Total 5	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 Averr Total SECYI Poen 3 Averr Total	G4HPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK** VK3VO VE7DAV age ON Surion BRSS2858 lage IRATION 3-5 7	6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 2 35 Arrisa 31 49 14 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 6 6 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 375 335 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 86 1 90 1 93 1 93 1 94 1 95 1 2 Area GB J7	335JJ 3315V 3316LI 330EP 331LI 330EP 331LI 331LI 331LI 331LI 331LI 331LI 341LI 3	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 17 39 21	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 42 42 42 42 75 89 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	1,315 1,305 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,200 1,165 1,150 1,115 1,110 1,098 1,090 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385 1,955 YSIS OF: Total 5	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avar- Total SECTI Poen 3 Avar- Total	G4PPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72G** VK2GT*** VK5BS*** G3KSK** VK3VO VE7DAV age a ON Surfon BR\$52868 rage le CRATION 3-5 7 1 1 1 1	6 8 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 2 3 5 4 9 1 9 1 9	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 Concus 51 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 460 375 335 305 305 306 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,890 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 1 88 1 90 1 91 1 92 1 93 1 94 1 2 Posh I 2	335JJ 335LJ 336LP 336LP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 34	23 22 28 19 19 21 29 21 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 43 42 = 14MH Benut 89 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,245 1,290 1,165 1,150 1,110 1,098 1,990 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2,385 1,955 YSIS OF: Total 5	14 1 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avarr Total SECYI Poon 3 Avar Total C OPE Area 204 208 2F	G4HPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK** VK3VO VE7DAV age ON Surion BRSS2858 lage IRATION 3-5 7	6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 2 35 Arrisa 31 49 14 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 6 6 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 375 335 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 6 86 1 90 1 92 1 93 1 95 1 95 1 2 Area GB J7 VE2	33SJJ 33SJJ 33SLL 33SLL 33OEP 33LK W33AUO G3RTE*** W4ABKM MHZ ** = 7M BBS1056 BCRS195	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 46 45 42 43 42 42 14MH B9 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	1,315 1,305 1,275 1,275 1,240 1,165 1,165 1,110 1,090 21MHz Total 2,385 1,955 YSIS OF: Total 5 1,64	14 1 142 143 144 145 147 146 149 Avarr Total S SECY! Point 3 Avar Total C OPE Aran 2C4 208 2F 2K1	G4PPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72G** VK2GT*** VK5BS*** G3KSK** VK3VO VE7DAV age a ON Surfon BR\$52868 rage le CRATION 3-5 7 1 1 1 1	6 6 8 7 7 8 7 7	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 6 6 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 335 305 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 6 89 1 90 1 92 1 93 1 95 5 7 7 8 8 95 7 95 7 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8	335JJ 335LJ 336LP 336LP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 331EP 34	23 22 28 19 19 21 29 21 21 28 16 Hz	50 48 48 49 46 45 42 42 = 14Mh 89 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	I.315 1.305 1.275 1.275 1.280 1.165 1.150 1.115 1.115 1.115 1.119 2IMHz 2385 1.955 YSIS OF Total 5 1 64 42 185	14 1 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avarr Total SECYI Poon 3 Avar Total C OPE Area 204 208 2F	G4HPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK** VK3VO VE7OAV 80e 8 ON Suition BRSS2858 lie RATION 1 1 1 1 1	8 18 8 7 7 8 7 8 2 35 Area 31 49 14 1 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 6 6 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 480 375 335 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670
84 4 85 86 86 87 88 89 90 0 91 92 93 1 94 95 5 8 8 8 8 9 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 9	33SJJ 33SJJ 33SLL 33SLL 33OEP 33LK W33AUO G3RTE*** W4ABKM MHZ ** = 7M BBS1056 BCRS195	23 22 28 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 16 17 33 21	50 48 48 48 49 46 45 42 42 42 42 42 14MH 89 75	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	I.315 1.305 1.305 1.275 1.275 1.280 1.165 1.150 1.115 1.110 1.098 1.090 21MHz RECEIVE Total 2.385 1,955 YSIS OF: Total 5 1 64 42	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avent Total Poen 3 Avent Total COPE Area 204 208 2F 2K1 2L0	G4PPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72G*** VK2GT*** VK5BS*** G3KSK** VK3VO VE70AV age a FON Surfon BR\$52858 rage le FRATION 1 1 1	8 8 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 2 3 5 3 4 9 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,899 Wenus 71 215	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 460 375 335 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670
84 1 85 1 86 1 87 6 89 1 90 1 92 1 93 1 95 5 7 7 8 8 95 7 95 7 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8 95 8	33SJJ 33SJJ 33SLL 33SLL 33OEP 33LK W33AUO G3RTE*** W4ABKM MHZ ** = 7M BBS1056 BCRS195	23 22 28 19 19 21 21 28 16 16 17 28 33 21 14 1 23 23 81 81 8	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 42 42 41 48 89 75 21 1 9 8 31	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	I.315 1.305 1.275 1.275 1.285 1.200 1.165 1.115 1.115 1.115 1.110 1.098 I.098	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 149 Avarr Total SECYI Poen 3 Aval Tota G OPE Area 2C4 2C08 2F 2K1 ZL0 2L1	Q4PPS*** Q3YBH VETALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK5BS*** Q3KSK** VK3VO VETALA QBE QBE QBE QBE QBE QBE QBE QBE QBE QB	8 18 8 7 7 8 8 7 7 8 2 35 35 Area 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 5	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 0 0 0 0 0 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 375 335 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 5,670
84 4 85 86 88 87 7 86 89 90 0 91 92 93 94 4 8 7 8 8 8 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95	33SJJ 33SJJ 33SLL 33SLL 33OEP 33LK W33AUO G3RTE*** W4ABKM MHZ ** = 7M BBS1056 BCRS195	23 22 28 19 19 19 21 12 29 21 28 16 Hz 33 21 44 1 41 2 33 8 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	50 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 42 42 41 48 89 75 21 1 9 8 31	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	I.315 1.305 1.275 1.275 1.285 1.200 1.165 1.115 1.115 1.115 1.119 1.098 2.385 1.955 YSIS OF: Total 2.385 1.955 1.955	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 146 147 146 149 Avarr Total SECYI Poin 3 Aval Tota COPE Area 2C4 208 2F 2K1 2L0 2L1 2L2	G4HPS*** G3YBH VEIALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK5BS** G3KSK** VK3YO VE7DAV age ION Surdon BRSS52868 lage IRATION 1 1 1 4 8 6 6 6	8 18 8 8 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 2 35 35 49 49 11 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 12 11 10 6 8,699 6 6 6 6 7 2 15 2 15 2 15 2 15 2 15 2 15 2 15 2	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 480 375 335 305 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 5,670 **Total 4 4 1 1 1 30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
84 4 85 86 88 77 86 8 89 90 91 92 1 93 3 94 4 95 5 2 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	33SJJ 33ESF 33YOV 33OEP 33LIK 33OEP 33LIK 33OEP 33LIK 33OEP 33UEP 34SI 3	23 22 28 19 19 21 112 29 21 28 16 Hz 33 21 14 1 23 23 81 89 910	50 48 48 48 49 48 46 45 42 42 42 14 42 14 42 15 16 89 75 21 1 1 9 8 3 3 1	84 89 72 54 57 49 50 56 50 54 60 122 92 ANAL	I.315 1.305 1.305 1.275 1.245 1.250 1.165 1.150 1.115 1.115 1.110 1.098 1.090 21MHz Tetal 2.385 1.955 YSIS OF Total 5 1 64 42 185 8 9 10	141 142 143 144 145 146 147 147 146 147 147 146 147 208 208 2F 2K1 2L0 2L1 ZL2 ZL3	Q4PPS*** Q3YBH VEIALJ VK72O** VK2GT*** VK2BS*** Q3KSK** VK3VO VE7DAV ege a CON Surfon BRS52868 rage la 1 1 1 4 8 6 2 3	8 18 8 8 7 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 2 35 35 49 49 11 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 19 18 14 13 12 12 11 10 6 58 8,699 8 6000 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	63 23 20 39 15 13 11 7 114 16,969 0\$0s 63 92 277	505 495 495 496 375 335 300 265 255 1,725 257,135 Total 1,330 1,890 5,670 * Total 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

					ANALYSIS OF	G OPER	ATIO	N				
Area	3.5	7	14	21	ZEMHz Total	Ares	3.5	7	14	21	28MHz	Total
ĠВ	i i	- 1	1	- 1	1 5	ZC4		1	1	2		4
J7		- 1			1	208	1	1	1	1		4
VE1	15	17	23	9	64	ZF		- 1				1
VE2	5	В	23	6	42	ZK1			1			1
VE3	23	50	61	31	185	ZLO		1				- 1
VE4	-		8		8	ZLi	4	8	11	7		30
VE5			9		9	ZL2		6	2	2		10
/E8			10		10	ZL3	2	3	7	2		14
VE7		- 1	18	1	20	ZL4	- 1	2		2		- 5
/KI			i i		i	306		1		1		2
VK2		13	- [1	- 11	35	4\$			2			2
VK3	2	14	19	10	45	5B4		1	3	2		6
/K4		ß	10	5	21	SH			1			- 1
VK5		3	8	3	14	SN		2	3	2		7
VK8	2	3	4	6	15	5Z			- 1	- 1		2
VK7		3	3	2	8	6Y	1	3	3	2		9
/K8		i i	i i	- 1	3	8P	- 1	1	- 1	- 1		4
/K0		1			i	8R		- 1				1
/O1	- 7	- 7	9	6	29	9H			2	1		3
/02			i		1	9H4				1		- 1
VP2M	2	2	2	2	В	9.1	1	- 1	1	- 1	1	5
/P2V			ī		1	91.		1		1		2
VP5			i		1	9M2			- 1			1
/P9			1		1	97		- 1	- 1	I		3
VS6		2	4	2	6	9Y		- 1		1		2
/U	- 1	4	4	8	17							
22			1	1	1 3	Areas	17	37	43	36	3	
ZB2	1	- 1	i i	i	4	Stxs	70	174	297	137	3	

					UK RE	SULTS					
Posn	Cattsign	Area	Bonu #	QS0:	Total	Poen	Calisign	Area	Bonus	QSOs	Total
- 1	G3FXB	41	161	275	4,536	12	G3JKS	31	91	121	2,420
2	GW3YDX	40	158	279	4,488	13	G3IGW	30	60	108	2,135
3	G4BUO	37	154	227	4,213	14	G3M1R	31	81	105	2,129
4	G4EDG	38	142	250	4,066	75	G6LX	34	85	90	2.115
5	G4CNY	36	144	239	4,058	16	G6CJ	29	76	110	2,066
- 6	G3MXJ	38	140	210	3,640	17	G40BK	31	77	108	2.063
7	G3PEK	37	129	194	3,541	16	G5MY	30	72	67	1,858
8	G3LET	35	117	159	3,118	19	G3RZP***	31	61	117	1,780
9	G4WON	34	108	165	2,972	20	G3JYP	30	63	87	1,683
10	G4BWP	34	106	143	2,823	21	G3SWH	24	62	63	1,653
11	G2QT	30	105	132	2,755	22	G2HLU	25	64	75	1.643

53 call areas worked

Posn	Califsion	Area	Bonus	Q\$0s	Total	Posn	Callsign	Area	Bonue	QSQs	Total
23	G3LJG	26	61	7.4	1,585	47	G3COJ	20	36	40	916
24	GW3WOJ""	33	58	76	1.545	48	G3HAL	14	33	35	830
25	G3TMA	28	57	80	1,535	49	G2OLJ	13	31	39	808
26	G3TKK	27	59	71	1,530	50	G3DOT	13	27	48	780
27	G3VW	25	57	76	1,515	51	G3JKY	16	30	35	771
28	G3SJX	28	59	67	1,503	52	G4LZB	15	27	36	720
29	G3TXF	28	56	67	1,495	53	G41JW	14	27	33	703
30	G3NOM	29	55	7.9	1,478	54	GM3HN	18	26	36	698
31	G3KDB	27	57	62	1,448	55	G3UYM***	18	27	31	695
32	G3NKS	25	55	69	1,440	56	G4QDV"	16	28	20	660
33	G3EBH	27	55	67	1,433	57	G5LP"	21	26	29	659
34	G3OLU	26	54	73	1,431	58	G31CH	19	25	29	645
35	G3KSH	25	56	- 61	1,420	59	G4Z08''	18	25	29	643
36	GM3C1X	23	52	67	1,373	60	G8DZ	12	25	28	640
37	G3SJJ	23	50	64	1.315	61	G3HJF	11	24	33	636
38	G3ESF	22	48	69	1,305	62	G3XYV	13	23	33	825
39	G3YDV	28	46	72	1,275	63	G2BLA	11	22	27	575
40	G3GLL	19	49	54	1,245		(G3WRR	12	20	24	515
41	G30EP	19	46	57	1,200	64	G6NK	11	19	27	515
42	63L1K	21	46	49	1,165	66	G4HPS***	16	19	23	495
43	G3RTE'''	29	42	56	1,115	67	G3YBH	В	18	20	460
44	GW3MPB/A	21	43	50	1,110	68	G3K5K*	7	11	13	265
45	G3DYY'''	28	42	54	1,098	Ave		40	59	82	1.601
46	G4WYG	19	41	52	1,080	Total		_	4,071	5,599	108,679
. = 3	5MHz " = 7M	HE	= 14Mi	₹Z =	21MHz		-				

Listener Championship 1986 results
The commiltee was pleased to see such a large increase in listener participation in Society contests last yeer. For many years there had been half a dozen swis who would give their support. In 1986, there were a very healthy 34 listeners who entored contests organised by the Society, of which 25 scored points for the SWI. Champtonship. The committee hopes that this trend will continue.

Tony Blackburn, BRS87156, gelned most points during the year by winning two contests and being wall placed in a further three. There was a two-way lie for second place and the listeners placed fourth and fifth scored over 100 points. In recognition of this, certificates of marit have been awarded to these leading live listeners.

									_		BRS	32525
Posn	Stellen	SSB	Hz CW	1-8 T&C	RAU	SSB	F CW	21/28 SSB	21 CW	28A cum SSB	dHz cum CW	Tolai
1	BR\$87156	50	_	25	_	80	-	85	-	40	_	260
2	BRS1066	_	70	_	50	_	_		60	_	_	200
-	BRS32525	70	_	50	_	_	-	60	-	_	_	
4	GIGMZ	45	-	35	_	25	_	15	_	35	_	155
5	BRS20249	_	_	30	_	_	_	35	40-0	30	40	135
5 6 7	BRS28198	55	_	4-4	-	-	_	45	_	_	_	100
7	BR\$31879	_	_	_	_	_	80	-	-	444		80
	BR\$48176	_		-	_	-	65	-	-	_	_	1
8 4	BR\$52543	_	_	_	_	65	_	_	-	_	_	- 65
	BR\$87665	_	_	10	_	55	-	_	_	_	_	
11	BR\$26407	-	_	-	_	_	_	55	_	-	-	55
1.5	BRS87139	_	_	_	_	_	55	-	_	_	_	1
13	BRS25429	_	_	_	-000	45	_	_	_	_	_	45
13	BRS88617	_	_	_	_	_	45	_	_	_	_	1 40
	BRS31976	35	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	1
15 4	BRS52568	_	_	_	35	_	_	-	_	_	_	> 35
	BR\$68917	_	_	-	-	35	april 1	_	_	_	_	
	RS44984	25	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		25
16	1BRS87677	_	_	_	_	_	_	25	_	-	_	
20	G6GWR	_	-	20	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	20
	(G1JJA	_	_	15	_	_	-	-	_	_	-) 15
21	BR\$88568	_	_	_	_	15	-	_	_	_	_	1 13
	BR\$62088	_	_	5	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	1
23 -	BRS88825	_		-	-	0-0	_	5	_	_	_	> 5
	GIPUS	-	_	_	_	5	_	_	_	-	-	J

Town & County Contest 1987 results

The entry for this event was substantially higher than in racent years, which is an encouragement to the committee who were considering dropping the event through tack of anirants. Even so, there were many more stations active than the 52 who sent In logs: 198 different UK, 2 El and 1 DL appeared in the entries and check logs. Conditions were generally thought to be below par and a number of stations complained about QSB and static but this did not seem to worry the leading stations. who managed to achieve some excellent scores

GAWON is once again at the top of the results table having made 148 contacts with 53 different counties and countries. He used a 330ft end-ted stopor (but omitted to say how high a support was used!). In second placa, G49WP, had 50 dillarent bonus areas and I 49 valid QSOs with an invaried yea (again no hoight stated). Third placad G3BPM used a low dipole and a 0-2 wave vertical to make his 120 contacts with 50 bonus areas. These three entrents each receive a certificate of merit. There was an bonus areas, Trese three entrents agent receive a certificate of ment. There was an excellent check log from EI9FX who managed to work over 40 UK counties giving an extra bonus to a large number of UK entrants. The committee fall that his efforts deserved recognition and are awarding him a cartificate. There were a number of excellent swillogs, particularly those from R\$20249 and R\$87156. White there were insufficient antries in this section for awards under the rules, the committee arc awarding cartilicales to both these entrants.

There was a strong plea from many entrants that the contest remain in the calender end that there should be no changes to the format or rulos. The committee will arrange for the 1988 evont and provided the level of entries remains high, it will

The committee apologise to all entrants for the dolay in publishing the results of the contest that was held in March. The delay results from a number of complaints made against one particular entrant and the need for these complaints to be Investigated before the adjudication could be completed.

							G4RWW
		Т	RANSMITTI	NG SE	CTION		
Posn	Cattalon	County	Score	Posn	Cattetgn	County	Score
1	G4WON'	NOT	709	10	G4PDO	GLR	507
2	G4BWP'	SFK	549	- 11	G3NKC	SFD	487
3	G3BPM*	SOM	622	12	G4NIF	GLR	453
4	GW4UZL	DFD	612	13	GW4GNY	PWS	451
5	GW4101	GNW	591	14	G3TBK	LCN	437
6	G31GW	YSW	557	15	G4YCA	CHS	413
7	G3JFH	GLR	547	16	G4MID	SFK	408
В	G4NAV	MCH	544	17	G4UMS	LDN	406
9	G3IZD/P	CBA	531	16	GM3XOO	SLD	370

Posn	Calisign	County	Score	Posn	Calision	County	Scora	Posn	Callsign	Valid QSQs	Bonusss	Points
40	GW4CQZ	CWD	363	31	G4SND	HWR	234	В	G3SXW	129	55	682
19	G4WYG	KNT	354	32	G3GMM	CHS	226	ä	GM4AZZI	134	51	
20		YSW	353	33	G3ZRZ	LNH	222	ıŭ	G4ODV	107	56	661 597
21	G4YDG							14	G3SWH			548
22	G3VYI	SRY	337	34	GWOODK	DFD	193	11		102	48 47	
23	G4EBK	HBS	328	35	G0BVZ	DYS	187	12	G2MJ	103		544
24	GW3RGL	GNW	304	36	G4VVM	WKS	186	13	G5MY_	98	49	539
25	GM3UM	LTH	300	37	G4ZFO	IOW	172	14	G4OGB	97	41	496
26	G3VG8	LNH	295	38	G4BYA	OFE	170	15	G3VYI	90	44	490
27	GM4EWM	GRN	284	39	G08VW	BFD	164	18	G3VRE	94	41	473
28	G3MCX	LDN	275	40	G3WQC	8KS	159	17	G3YLC	82	45	471
29	G40YY	DVN	257	41	GG4VXT	BFD	137	18	G4LPK/A	83	44	469
30	G3UHU	ESX	246	42	GUCUQ	ESX	110	19	GM3CFS	72	45	441
	ck logs: G5LR (2.10					20	G3MCX	68	44	424
0114	an loga. Gotti c	POEN CISTR						21	G3SOX	68	38	391
								22	G4EBK	69	36	387
								23	G3YLA	62	37	371
			RECEIVING	3 SECT	ION			24	GAUZN	60	38	370
Posn	Sistion		Score	Post	Slallon		Score	25	GAICP	70	31	365
Ĺ	BS202491		363	5	RS32525		268					
2	RS871561		362	ē	RS587949		242	26	G3GMS	54	37	345
3	RS87865		335	7	RS87363		137	27	GM3UM	51	34	323
ă	RS28198		333	B	GIVDW		94	28	G3ZRZ	50	34	320
100			433	u	GIVDI		2-4	29	G3GMN	46	29	283
COL	lilicale winners	i						30	G4HSD	44	28	289
								31	G4NFX	30	25	213

432MHz Trophy and SWL Contest 1987 results
Entries for this event were down over 20 per cont on last year with lower scoring rates to match. Widespread adverse weather was associated with below average rates to match. Widespread adverso woalhor was associated with below average conditions and low activity, only eastern England reporting anything near normal, although an Improvement all round was noted lowards the end of the contest. G4UEM/P summed if up as "very poor, very well, very muddy and very dark!" GD8EXI commented that high power appeared essential and many stations worked were only just out of the notes. This may account for the large number of logging errors in the entries, with several stations losing their best dx. The timing of the contest caused some comment, particularly the tale linish, but no consensus of opinion was forthcoming. Subject to Council approval, the 1951 Council Cup is awarded to the Shoppey Western Contest Group G8TFI/P, operated by G8TFI, G4VXE, G4FRE and G0DAZ. Congratulations and certificates go to G8TFI/P, GW4LIP/P, GD8EXI, G8ZHP and BRS32525. and BRS32525.

osn	Cattalan	Points	Q50s	Loc	Pwr	Ani	Bosl dx	Kı
i	G8TFI/P	1.800	163	80AO	400	8 × 19Y	PAGWMX	66
2	GW4LIP/P	1.774	214	63KB	400	4 × 21 Y	PELACE	67
,	G4BNL/P	1.640	207	93 AO	400	252BS	DG9YN	71
í	GW4MGR/P	1.389	187	83JA	400	4 × 19Y	PAGEZ	57
5	GW48VY/P	1.354	176	82JG	400	4 × 21 Y	ON5FF	55
,	G3EFX/P	1.108	164	90XV	250	2×21Y	GM4TXX	63
	GW6GW/P	779	126	SINV	100	4×21Y	-	-
3	G4NOK/P	626	90	9388	100	2 × 2 Y	PAGZM	60
,	G3FVA/P	604	113	938F	150	4 × 23Y	PAORDY	46
í	GIDOX/P	545	82	84IH	100	1 × 24Y	7701121	-
·	G4UEM/P	498	86	9ISX	400	1 × 21 Y	PAOZM	49
•	G6EKE/P	483	63	DIO	25	4 % 19Y	- 7102191	-
	GISATZ/P	480	43	74CN	100	2 × 17Y	_	
i	G6CSY/P	317	69	DIBH	50	1×19Y		
5	GMUGCG/P	138	17	75OR	40	BovorBY	GW6GW/P	44
ì	GIBHA/P	97	23	92LJ	10	48MB	GD8EXI	-4-
,	G4XOM/P	91	31	82RJ	10	4 × 24Y	GBTFI/P	2
	GHAOMIP	3-1	31	02NJ	10	9 ^ 241	GOTTIVE	4
		SE	CTION F-	-FIXED S	TATK	ONS		
эяп	Calisign	Points	QSO:	Loc	PWI	Ani	Besi dx	K
	GD6EXI	1,029	97	7-IPC	400	88MB	-	-
?	G8ZHP	781	97	92TR	300	8 × 21Y	DG9YN	86
)	G3JXN	674	122	9IUM	120	4 × 21 Y	GM4TXX	54
	G6IAT	556	102	9117	100	2 × 2 Y	PAOWMX	4
)	G4NBS	444	65	02AF	100	1 × 21 Y	GM4NPH/P	4
	G6HKM	342	57	OIFT	50	I × 21Y	GI8ATZ/P	5
	GIKDÉ	327	57	BONN	100	1 × 21Y	G6EKR/P	3
	GIGEY	272	30	94FW	100	2 × 17Y	G8TFI/P	5
1	∫G4VHF	269 '	64	9208	120	1 × 19Y	_	-
'	G6LOH	269	58	92IC	10	2 × 21Y	GM4TXX	4
	GIEHA	258	50	92EÔ	8	1 × 19Y	EI5FK	5
	G4ZNM	171	29	DOBS	100	48MB	G4NOK/P	3
1	G4IDF	135	35	82VE	20	I × HY	GD8EXI	2
,	GLOMP	64	17	82XN	30	I × 21Y	G8TFI/P	24
i	G3ILO	49	- 11	8IVQ	10	1 × 19 Y	GW4LIP/P	- 10
		SI	ECTION S	WL—LIS	TENE	RS		
osn	Station	Pls	080s	Loc		Ani	Basi dx	К
	GRS32525	263	81	DIAL		I ⊀ [9Y		-
2	BRS25429	156	26	93FX		1 × 19Y	G8TFI/P	31
3	BR\$28198	41	5	XHOO		48MB	GW4LIP/P	3

Summer 1987 1-8MHz Contest results

No Irouble Irom Hundorstorms this year according to G4ODV who had to give up last lime to avoid going into competition with the fried bacon for breakfast! The support Irom overseas was gratifying and possibly aided by the increased number of countries now active on the band but UK entries were down one on 1986. Once again VETZZ provided a "tx" interest as did stations in DL, EA, F, HB, LA, LZ, OE, DH, OK, ON, OZ, PA, SP, UA3, U85, UC, UL, UO, UP, UQ, Y2 and YU. The standard of logs was high with few errors but nearly overy OSO logged was 599 both ways!

G3FKM

		UK SECTION		
Ровп	Caliston	Valid QSQs	Bonuses	Points
1	G4BWP'	161	58	770
2	GM3ZSP*	152	58	745
3	GW4IOI	151	56	733
4	G3TXF	139	60	716
5	G4VER/P	144	55	705
6	G4BUO	141	58	701
7	G4TBK	136	54	678

'Certificate	winner, l'Undar-18 Award	winner.		
	0'	VERSEAS SECTION		
Posn	Calision	Valid Q9Qs	Bonusos	Points
1	UQ2GKL'	65	35	370
2	OLIBEN.	62	30	336
3	OZIW	55	31	320
4	SPIPEA	52	30	296
5	YU3MM	47	30	291
6	LA2UA	48	29	289
7	SP5GH	41	29	266
8	OL4BNJ	44	27	264
9	OLSBPH	42	26	258
10	OKIDAU	35	25	228
H	LZIKOZ	32	25	221
12	OKIGR/P	30	26	220
13	OL4BRP	33	24	219
14	ON6TJ	31	24	213
15	RB5EX	29	22	197
16	ON4XG	29	21	192
17	OKSTAE	23	20	159
	(LATIE	22	20	165
18	EAZCR	24	19	185
50	OK2BOU	24	18	162
21	UO5OG9	22	18	156
22	FEIJDG	21	16	143
23	EA7MDF	19	17	139
24	OH2PM	13	12	99
25	UA4NEV	8	6	64
26	ULTIBO	3	3	24
'Carillicala	winner, Chack logs receiv	ad with thanks from G3UFY, (OKIKAY/P, and BA	3AUU.

	Contests Calendar
Oct 11 Oct 18 Oct 24 Oct Nov-Dec 14, 15 Nov	RSGB HF CONTESTS 28MHz CW Comulativo (Rules in July issue) 21/28MHz SS8 (Rules in May issue) 21MHz CW (Rules in June issue) DF Treble Night, Mid-Thames 28MHz Phone Cymulative (Rules in July issue) 2nd 1-8MHz (Rules in Soptembor issue)
3. 4 Oct 3, 4 Oct 8 Oct 16 Oct 24 Oct 25 Oct 1 Nov 7, 8 Nov 9 Nov 17 Nov 25 Nov 3 Dec 6 Dec 11 Dec 13 Dec	RSG8 VHF CONTESTS IARU UHF/SHF & SWL (Rules in June issue) 432-24GHz & SWL (Rules in August issue) 432MHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 432MHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 70MHz Fixed (Rules in August issue) 1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-44MHz CW (Rules in August issue) 432MHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 432MHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) 1-44MHz Fixed & AFS 432MHz Cumufative (Rules in August issue) 70MHz CW
19 Dec 3, 4 Oct	1·3/2·3GHz Cumulative (Rules in August issue) OTHER CONTESTS Columbus (Rulos in September HF)
3, 4 Oct 3, 4 Oct	International DX-HC Middlo of the World (Rules in Septembor <i>HF</i>)
3, 4 Oct 4 Oct 10, 11 Oct	VK/ZL/Oceania Phone (Rules in September HF) ON 3-5MHz SS8 (Rules in October HF) X Concurso Ibero-Americano
11 Oct 10, 11 Oct 14-16 Oct 17, 18 Oct 24, 25 Oct	(Rules in Octobor HF) ON 3-5MHz CW (Rules in Octobor HF) VK/ZL/Oceania CW (Rules in Septentber HF) YL Anniversary CW (Rules in October HF) WA-Y2 (Rules in October HF) CO WW DX Phone (Rules in October HF)
28-30 Oct 14, 15 Nov 28, 29 Nov 1988 Jan	YL Anniversary Phone (Rules in October HF) European DX RTTY (Rules in August HF) CO WW DX CW (Rules in October HF) 1-8, 3-5 and 7MHz Comulative
6, 7 Feb 20, 21 Feb	(Rules in October issue) 7MHz Phone (Rules in October issue) 7MHz CW (Rulos in October issue)

1985 IARU	Reaion 1								GHz SINGI				
VHF/UHF/S		est res	ults			Posn 1	Calisign OKTVC	0S0s 122	Score 17,797	Posn 7	G3XDY	O\$Os 55	Score 12,480
The following results Swodish radio ama	lis have been ex ileurs' national	kiracled Iro society. Pa	om the full resuits tab articular congratulat	ions go to	GJ4ICD	2 3	DJ6JJ PA0EZ	117 102	17,737 17,454 153 c	39 72 milles	GIDOX	43 26	5,759 3,320
as winner ol Ihe Si on 144MHz.	ngle-Operator s	ection on I	144MHz, and BRS32	525 as lea	ding swl			2.3	GH2 MULT	I-OPER	ATOR		
UII 144MITZ.						Posn		0\$0s 56	Scora 10,682	Posn 23	Callsign	0506	Scorn
	OVERALL	UHF SINGL	E-OPERATOR			2	OLOHC/P PEGMAR/P	44	7,226	28	G3NNG/P G4CDA/P	13 15	1,957 1,572
Posn Calleign	5	Scora P	osn Calleign		Scorn	3 5	PA3BPC/P G4FRE/P	51 26	6.124 4.680	33 37	G4ALE/P G8FEZ/A	8	852 678
PA0EZ 2 DC9XO			41 G3JXN 96 G1DOX		58,352 19,899	10	G32IG/P	18	3,844	38	G4NVA/P	7	558
3 OJBJJ	15	51,235 4	07 G4TAW 34 G3FYX/P		3,980	20	G30HM/P	17	2.535 43 er	nliies			
10 G3XDY	10	509 entre			3,100								
	OVERALL	UHF MULT	TI-OPERATOR			Posn	Cellsign	050s	GHz MULT	II-OPE1 Posn		e020	Score
Post Calisign I PA38PC/P			Posn Calisign 107 G4APA/P		Score 35,445	1	OLOHC/P	161	31,601	31	G4NVA/P	51	8,657
2 OKBVR/A	28	36,487 I	IQ G3PIA/P		34,690	2	OK8VR/A PAGGUS/P	141 113	28,022 24,067	33 40	G0ALE/P G3PIA/P	40 41	8,565 6,938
3 DL0HC/P 29 G8TFI/P			22 G8LQO/P 37 G3OHN/P		38,910 25,350	13	G4NXO/P G3CKR/P	75 79	14,885	4.5 58	G8LQQ/P G6EKR/A	47 19	6,182 3,963
33 G4RNL/P	8	89,518	55 G6EKR/A		19,815	18	G4ANT/P	60	13,650	93	G4TAW	5	549
37 G4PUB/P 40 G4NXO/P			57 G3NNG/P 69 G5LK/P		19,570 17,434	26	G8OHM/P	73	10,273 97 e	nilios			
42 G3CKR/P 46 G4ANT/P			74 G4CDA/P 84 G3FVA/P		15.720 13.482								
49 G4FRE/P	8	63,520 I	97 G6CSY		9,940	Posn	Calision	2·3	GHz SING	LE-OPE Past		080a	Scoro
52 G4LQJ/P 68 G8OHM/P			200 G4P2Z/P 203 G4ALE/P		9,640 8,520	1	PAOEZ	56	8.622	22	G3XDY	16	1,855
75 G4NVA/P 76 G6YLO/A			PII GBFEZ/A P3I G4TAW		6,780 2,745	2	DC9XQ	32 40	6,767 6,255	25 45	G3JXN G4TAW	15	1,817 398
91 GOALE/P	4	42,825 2	38 G3JOC/P		580					nliles			
ID2 G3ZIG/P	3	38.440 239 ontrie	06				3-4GHz SING	LE-OPERAT	OR		SWLC	ONTEST 1-3GH:	z
	144MH	z SINGLE:	OPERATOR			Posn	Calleign	020a	Scoro	Post	Callaign	OSOs	Scora
Poen Callsign	0206	Scoro I	Posn Calisign	0S0s	Score	2	DJ5AP:P DLHEBR	5 9	989 855	1	NL213	21 Lonlly	3,230
I GJ4ICO 2 HB9MMM/P			170 G8ABI/A 201 G8UOV/P	152 67	30,543 26,929	15	G3FYX/P	1	53			,	
3 HO9AEN/P 55 GAAGO	479 2 224		222 GGHXU 227 G1YEN	111	24.627 23.636		176	entitos					
63 G4PIQ	220	60,978	240 G8ZRE	120	22,408	Post	Calisign	3·4	4GHz MUL Score		RATOR Callsign	0020	Scoro
148 G0CLP/P 163 G6CSY/P			404 G8GFF 478 G6NMQ/EA2/P	54 11	9,222 5,380	1	OKOHT/P	9	1,319	3	G4FRE/P	5	760
100 000277		581 onli			-,	2	PA38PC/P	9	1.160 8 e	tilies	G4PZZ/P	3	482
			OPERATOR				F 70 U- 0000				F-7C H×	MULTI-OPERAT	r00
Posn Calleign HB9SAX/P		Scara 1 16,115	Pown Calleign 34 G4NUT/P	050s	\$coro 171,755	Posn	5-7GHz SING Colfeign	1 A 2 O 2 O	Score	Posr		OSOs	5cara
2 ON4ASL/A	1,056 3	41,450	39 G8MBI/P	739	166,725	1 2	I3ZVN/IN3	5 6	995 884	1	IWLASJ/1 12AV/4	5	798 568
3 HB9S/P 4 GW4NXO/P		23,768	45 G4WET/P 46 G4SIV	634 469	152,695 151,934	~	12FUM/2	nniiles	004	ΙÍ	G3JOC/P	ì	29
5 G4LIP/P 7 G8LNC/P		118,810 103,870	55 G3ZNS/P 56 G2XV/P	439 521	133,000 131,816							12 entires	
9 GW8KOW/P	924 2	99,617	57 G8ZKE/P	535	130,723		10GHz SING	LE-OPERAT	OR .		10GHz M	ULTI-OPERATO	A
10 G3NJA/P 13 G11IIII/P		83.242 61,354	81 G4LUA/P 93 G3PIA	400 484	109,494	Posn	Celleign	0506	5coro 3 682	Ровп	Callsign IW280X/4	Q\$Os	\$corn 3,330
14 G4PUB/P	832 2	58,087	134 GM3BSO/P	265	92.992	2	12MUT/3 13DRE/3	25 22	3:638	2	I4CHY/4	25	2,715
18 G4APA/P 19 G4CDA/P	804 2	35,162	166 G4SNX/P 214 G1DWI/P	372 239	76,697 57,426	48	G3FYX/P	enjues	53	26	G4FRE/P	33 entries	78
23 GW6GW/P 24 G4SWX			243 GW6JXR/P 245 GM6FPX/P	169 191	48,592 48,720								
26 G3WOI/P	830 2	08,720	271 GIMOG/P	139	40,850		24GHz SING			Posn	24GHz M Calisign	OTARBOO-ITJU OSOs	
31 GD4IQM	571	77,309 437 online	08			Posn	I2MOT/3	050e	Score 466	1	IOSNY/O	2	Scoro 208
	азоми		OPERATOR			2	I4QIG/4 G3FYX/P	3	221 53	2	I4CHY/4	5 antities	168
Posn Callsign	090s		Poen Calleign	QSOs	Score	-		inities	33			3 dollines	
I DK2GR 2 DC5NA/P		77,683 77,396	79 G3XDY 167 G3JXN	68 92	22,095		47GHz SING	F-OPERATI	OB.		47GHz M	ULTI-OPERATO:	0
3 PAOPLY/A		73,419	323 GIDOX	34	3,299	Ровп		0203	Score	Рояп	Calleign	QSQs	Score
		391 entil				1	HE9AGE/P	onli y	51	I	HB9CVC/P	l entry	81
Posn Colleign	432MF QSO ₁		OPERATOR Pasn Calisian	050s	Scoro								
I DK8VA/A	618 I	46.377	21 G4LOJ/P	197	61.812	Pasn		TEST 144MH; OSOs	2 Scoro	Posn	SWL CO	NTEST 432MHz OSOs	Scolo
2 DK0VS/P 3 PA3BPC/P		24.005 12.509	35 G6YLO/A 56 G4APA/P	166 176	48,724 36,445	ï	BRS32525	210	53,189	1	NL5184	83	13.654
6 G8TFI/P	343	93.231	137 G3FVA/P	134	13,482	2	Y2-14521/H46 NL8722	176 160	50.321 42,300	5	NL213	9 2 antries	2,073
II G4RNL/P		89.518	ISI G6Ç\$Y	63	9,940	4		anti ios	-E,UVW				

DBITUARIES

79,819

185 onli ios

1995 IARII Region 1

The Society rocords with regret the deaths of the following radio amateurs:

Mr H Brislin, G3FRY

G4PU8/P

Harry Brislin died on 18 April 1987. He had been a member of the RSGB for over 40 years and was founder member of the Chellenham RSGB Group. Formerly a keen cw operator, in recent years he was only occasionally on 3-5 and 144MHz Im.

Mr G Jaasup, G4HG

George Jessup died on 16 June 1987, He was licensed pre-war, was one of the "secret-listeners", and was nel controller for G5OT, the old-timers nel on 144MHz. Mr R G E Lamb, G3GLM

Ray Lamb died on 24 June 1987, aged 65. He was active on all hi bands, mainly cw. ssb and 1-8MHz a.m.

Mr Bob Malhieson, G6UNO

Bob Malhieson died on 16 June 1987 aged 44. He was a member of the Bredhurst R&TS, and a mamber of the GB3KN and GB3RE working groups. As an engineer working on X25 packet switch systems, he had recently taken up packet radio.

Mr L Parker, ex-G5LP

Lionel Parker (Snr) died on 13 June 1987 aged 80. He was Iirsl licensed in 1935 and held the AA licence as 2BVJ. A keen cw operator, he was well-known on the dx bands. During the war, he was active as a voluntary interceptor and was mentioned in despatches. In later years he was active on the lower frequency bands until ill-health led him to give up the hobby and pass his callsign to his son, Lionel inr, in 1984. He was a lounder member of the Wellingborough T&RS. Mr E Shapton, G3JMS

Eric Shapion died suddenly on 15 June 1987. He had only recently recovered his old callsign 63.3MS. In the mid-lillies, when he lived in Heritordshire, he was an active member of the RSGB Mid-Herts Group and a pioneer of whi construction.

Mr RJ Toby, G2CDN Rex Toby died on 6 June at the age of 74. He also held

callsigns El5B, ZS6XC and ZS2RJ, and was one of the pioneers of mobile operating in the UK.

Mr J P P Tyndafi, G2OI

1:3GHz SINGLE-OPERATOR

John Tyndall died on 24 March 1987, With the help of his wile, he compiled the lirst RSGB Amalout Radio Calibook.

Disqualified, 144MHz, G3CNX/P

Mr R Andrews, G2BSO, on 19 May 1987. Mr D A Burlon, RS90137, on 2 May 1987. Mr R (Bob) Calder, G3UNR, on 28 March 1987.

Mr D H Calon, G3WVX, on 13 May 1987. Mr R Cavill, G3AOI, on 6 March 1987.

Mr R B Cokar, G4TZU.

Mr R V Court, G3SBO, on 10 May 1987, Mr S C Edeling, PACCML, on 17 June 1987. Mr P D Elsom, G1KEE, in March 1987.

Mr D F Halliday, GM2AHD, on 30 May 1987.

Mr L B Johnston, RS15690. Mr T Jones, RS34513.

Mr R G Kimpion, G3YHX, on 15 June 1987, Mr Lembert, FE2XO, In September 1986. Mr W C Lesile, GM4VUO, on 2 April 1987. Mr E A Margerlson, RS90067, on 8 April 1987.

Mr F C Price, G3YNL, on 27 May 1987.

RADIO COMMUNICATION October 1987

Club News

The following is the latest information received by RRs from the RSGB affiliated societies, clubs and groups in time for inclusion in this issue. Basic unchanged information on other allittated organisations will be

published again in July 1987.

RSGB allilleted organisations are requested to report all programmes and new items to their regional representatives regularly, information for inclusion in the December issue should reach them by 12 Dolober, and for the January Issue by 9 November.

Club programmes are given in order of date, subject, time and place of meeting. All callsigns of club secretaries and other contacts are QTHR journed in the current RSGB Call Book) unless otherwise stated.

All clubs welcomu visitors and would be pleased to hear from potential new members.

REGION 1—RR B Donn, G3XSN, 7 Thurne Way, Livernool L25 4SO. Tel 051-722 3644. Liverpool L25 4SO. Bury (BRS, G3BRS)-13 Oct (Construction compe-Illion). 8pm. Mosses Community Centre, Cecil St. Bury. Details G1VOE, lei 061-796 5296.

Cheslor (C&DARS, G3GIZ/G8GIZ) -6 Oct (Committee meelingi, 13 ("Esperanto in redio communications" G4MOU), 20 (Constructional project, G8DJD), 27 (Faroes dx Irip), 3 Nov (Committee meeting), 8pm. Choster RUFC, Hare La, Vicars Cross, Chester, Detalls G6IFA, lel Cheslur 336639.

Crosion (The Leyland Hundred ARG)-New venue. Second Monday of the month, 7.30pm. The Grepes ph, Town Road, Croslon, Soc G4YSU, lol 0772 612815. Darwen (DARC, G4JS)—14 Dci (Talk by G3SYA), 17/18 (JDTA, Scoul Hul, Manor Road, Darwen), 7,30pm, Highfield WMC, Ratclill St, Darwen, Sec G2AKK, lul

0254 73767

0254 73767, Fyldo (FARS)—6 Oct ("Computer planning", Steve Williamson), 20 (Informal), 7.45pm. The Kite Club, Blackpool Alrport. Sec G8GG, 1ot 725717, Leylend (Central Lence ARC)—5 Dct (Junk sale), 12 (Commillios meeling), 19 (Noegin and natior), 2 Nov (Duiz night), 8.15pm. The Priory Club, Brondlield Orive, Leyland, Details G4ZYN, 1ot 0257 452287,

Liverpool (L&DARS, G3AHD/G8WCL)—6 Oct (AGM), 8pm, The Churchill Conservative Club, Church Road, Liverpool 15, Sec Lynn, let 061-728 8811.

Manchesler (South MRC G3VFA/G3UHF)—2 Dcl ("Microwave Modules equipment", G4EFO), 9 ("Fast scan Iv", G8YKL), 16 ("Eluctronics In Litts", G0/ VK2CFC), 23 ("Solar studies", G4SSN), 30 (Haloween dl), 6 Nov (Annual dinner al The Belmore Hotel, Sale, 7,30pm for 8pm, Tickels available oarly Dcl), 8pm, Sale Moor Community Centre, Norris Rd, Sale, Details

Morecambe (MBARS)—27 Oct (Visit by G3XSN, RR1), Tuesdays, 7.30pm. Trimpell Sports & Social Club. Outmoss Le, Morecambe. Morse classes alternate Tuesdays, Details G4ZJL, lel 0524 52042.

Penrilh (Eden Valley RS)—15 Dcl (Guest speaker, G3BA). 7.30pm. Ullswater Centre, Sec G4FUI, let Penrith 66728

Rossendalu (RARS)—21 Dol (Surplus equipment sele). 8pm. The Huntsman, Burnley Rd, Loveclough. Rossendale, Sec G4VVK, rel 0706 214076.

Thornion Cleveleys (TCARS)—5 Dcl (Judging of construction competition), 12 (Informal), 19 (AGM), 26 (Informal), 7.45pm, 1st Norbreck Scoul HD, Cetr Rd. Bispham, Blackpool, Club nel Sundays I 1am, G4ATH on 1-865MHz, Delalls G4BFH, lel 0253 853554.

Warrington (WARC G4CDA/G6WRC)-6 Oct (Novice construction awards), 8pm. Grappenhall Community Centre, Bell House La, Grappenhall, Warrington. Details G0BCN, let 0925 444317.

Wigan (Dougles Velley ARS, G3BPK-8 Dcl (Annual hat put support details from the chairmen), 15 (Finalising arrangements for JOTA weekend), 8pm, Stand-Ish Conservative Club, School La, Slandish, nr Wigan. Delaits G4GWG, let Wigan 211397, New club chairman G0FIR, let 0942 213325.
Wirral (WARS)—7 Dct (AGM), 21 (Surplus equipment

sale), 30 (Dinner dance at Heatherlands), 4 Nov ("An antenna juning unit", G3CSG), 8pm. Club Room, Ivy Farm, Arrowu Perk, Sec G3VEB.

Wirral (W&DARC)-14 Oct (Oulz nlght), 28 (Equipment display), 8pm, Irby Crickel Club, Mill Hill Rd. Details G1VHO, rel 051-625 5490.

Wyro (WARS)-17/18 Oct (JOTA, GB4FS, Fleelwood Scouls, Defails GITTD), 8pm, Breck Squash Club, Breck Rd, Poulion, Sec G4UHI, lel 0253 854745.

I would like to thank Central Lenos ARC and NARC to: the hospitality shown to me during my visits in July. Also to the clubs who have sent me their magazines and newsheets. A most enjoyable Sunday was spent at the Rolls Royce Rally and I wish to thank them for

REGIDN 2—RR P Sheppard, G4EJP, 9 Elvingion Cresceni, Leconfiold, Beverley, N Humberside, HU17 71 X Tel 0401 50397

Goolo (GR&ES GDGLE)—2 Oct (Natter night), 9 (Junk sale), 16 (Video evening end JQTA planning), 23 (Visit and talk from Hull ARC), 30 (Societ ovening at the Black Swan), 8pm. The Pavillion, West Park, Details GOGLZ. rel 0405 69968.

Haillex (H&DARS, G2UG)—20 Oct ("Eveluellon of wire antennas", G3DTE). Running Man ph. Detalls G0DLM, rel 0422 202306.

Haillax (Northorn Holghis ARS G4NDK)—7 Dcj (Talk Egypl on 2), 21 ("28MHz fm", G3SDY), Bredshaw Tavern, Haillax, Dejells G3Ul, jel 0422 60574.

Kelghley (KARS RS84851)-10/11 Oct (Spocial event, GB0ERH), 13 (Informal meeting), 27 (Junk sale). Victoria Hotol. Details G1IGH, tel 0274 496222. Leconlield (RCTARS G4GGD)—15 Oct (Monthly meet-

Ing and Raynel gul logelher), Normandy Barracks. Details G4EJP, tel 0401 50397.

Sheffleld (SARC)—5 Oct ("Christien eld), 12 (AGM), 8pm, Flith Park Pavillion, Sheffield, Details G8ZHG, let 0742 395287.

Todmerdan (T&DARS, G4WYT)—5 Dcl (Surplus equipment sele), 19 (Netter night). Oueen Hotol. Detells G1GZB, ret 0706 817572.

Wakelleld (North Wakelleld RC G4NOK)—1 Dcl (Rally meeting), 4 (Wakelield Mobile Rally), 8 ("Microwaves", G3PYB), 22 ("Space trevel and setollites"), 29 (Monthly meeting). White Horse ph. Details G4RCH, tel 0532 536633

Wakelleld (W&DRS G3WRS)-6 Oct (Members on the air conlest), 13 (Great egg race 2), 17/18 (JOTA), 20 (On thu air), 24 (Jumble sale), 27 (Novelly project introduc-tion). Dssell Community Centre. Details G4VRY, 101 0532 820198.

York (YACA G4YAC)—13 Oci (Club nighi vidoo), 22 (Photography with G4YXZ), Ashcroli Hotel, York, Dotalls G3WDM, 1et 0904 793672.

REGIDN 3—RR G Ross, G9MWR, 81 Alngwood Highwey, Coveniry, CV2 2GT.

Tel 0203 616941
Alhersione (AARC)—12 Oct ("50 years of ameliour

radio", G3BA), 26 (Iniormal night at the Buil). Uppor School, Long St. Atherstone, Sec G4IWA, let 0827 713670/393518.

Birmingham (Midland ARS)—20 Dci (AGM). Unil 5. Henslead House, Henslead SI (oll Bromsgrove SI), Sec G88HE, lel 021-422 9787.

Birmingham (Mirfleld ARC)-14 Oct (Natter night). Mondays, hl and construction. Tuesdays, cw fullion, G3MRP/G4SPY. Wednesday, chal night. Thursdays, RAE fullion. Fridays, morse cless, 7pm, Mirfield Centre, Lea Villege, Birminghem. Sec Ms K Fleld, let 021-783 5898

Coveniry (CARS)—2 Dcl (AGM), 9, 23 (Morse Iulilon and night on the air), 16 (Duiz night), 30 (Indoor di game), 8pm, Scoul HO, 121 St Nicholas St, Redlord, Coveniry, Sec G3UDL, let 414684.

Evesham (ERAC)-1 Dcl (Visit to BBC Pebble MIII), 30 ("The weather men", G3LYA). Deleils G4UXC, let Evesham 831508.

Helesowen (Midiand ES&SC, G4MEB)-13 Dcl ("50 years of ameleur redio", G3BA), 27 (General moeiling). 8pm. MEB Social Club, Mucklow Hill, Halesowen. Sec G4RWH, 1el 021-747 8784.

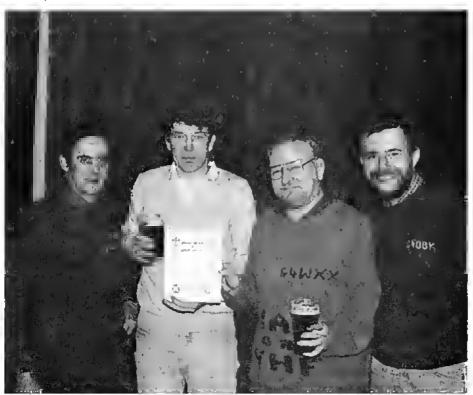
Herelord (Hars)—2 Oct ("Digital hl-li", Ken Clegg), 16 (Audio-visual night). 8pm. All format lectures take place at the Three Counties Training Centre, 12a The Callie Merket. All other meetings are held at the Civil Delence HO, Gaol SI, Herelord, Sec G3WRO, lei 0432 54064.

Malvern Hills (MHARC)---13 Dcl ("Bermuda contests", G4CNY). 8pm. Red Lion Inn, SI Anne's Rd, Melvern. Sec G4BVY. lel 06845 66822. Rugby (RATS)—13 Dcl (BBC Ialk), 20 (Construction night). 7.30pm. Crickel Pavilion, B Entrance, Rugby

radio station. Sec GRTWH.

Shrewsbury (Salop ARS)—1 Dcl ("Russian amaleurs", G4CVU), 15 (Cilme prevention), 22 (AGM), 29 (HF night on the air), 8pm. Dld Bucks Head. Frankwell, Shrewsbury. Sec G0EIY, let 0743 67799.

Solthull (SARS)—15 Dcl (AGM) The Shirley Centre,



Zone Å of the 1986 144MHz RSGB AFS contest was won by Central Lancashire ARC seen here showing off their certificate. Litor: Alan, G1AHM; Larry, G1PKE, Jack, G4WXX; Phil, G4DBK

Stretford Rd, Shirley, Sec G8AYY, lei 021-783 2996. Stratford-upon-Avon (SuA&DRC)—12 Oct (Visil to BBC Pabble Mill), 26 (Technical Iopies: Nicads), 7.30pm. Seplisi Church, Paylon St. Stratford upon Avon, Sec GBOVC, let S.u. A 750584.

Tellord (T&DARS)—7 Oct (Construction and night on the air), 14 ("PCB menulacture", G8UPF), 21 (Club equipment displey), 28 ("Fuses and fusing", Bill Crosbie), 8pm. Dawlay Bank Community Centre. Dawley, Tallord, Sec G1JNZ, let 0952 592317,

Warwick (Mid WARS)—13 Oct ("Tha Eagla radio company"), 27 ("Amtor", G4DF), 8pm, St John Ambulenca HO, 61 Emscole Rd, Werwick, Sac G0HlH, iel Marion 632370.

Willenhall (W&DARS)—7 Oct ("Genealogy", G4TVA), 14 (CW workshop), 16–18 (JOTA special event station), 28 (Project and natter night), 8.15pm, Cross Keys,

Willenhall, Sec G0EGG, Ial 0902 734475.

Wylhall (WARC)—6 Oct (Committee meeting), 13 & 27 (Night on the air), 20 ("Operation Raleigh"), 7,30pm. Community Cantre, Silver St, Wythall, Sec G0EYO, let 021 - 430 7267.

REGION 4-RR M Shardlow, G3SZJ, 19 Portreath Orlve, Darley Abbay, Derby DE3 2BJ, Tel 0332 555875.

Derby (DADARS)—7 Oct (Junk sale), 14 (Visit by Birkeits of Lincoln), 21 ("Airband monitoring, Ihe jargon explained", G3VGW), 28 ("Beautiful VE7", G3BHT), 4 Nov (Junk sale), 7,30pm, 119 Grean La. Darby, Sac G3KOF, lel Derby 772361,

Darby, Sac GaROF, let Geray 772361, Letcealer (LRS)—5 Oct (Quarterly prograss, opan meeting), 12 (Commiliteo maaling), 19 (Final prap for Letcostor exhibition), 26 (RSGB video), 7.30pm. Gil-roes Collage, Groby Rd, Letcester, Sec G4PDZ, tal Leicester 871086.

Loughborough (LADARC)—6 Oct (AGM, 8pm), 13 (Audia visual with G0FTT), 20 (Direction linding), 3 Nov (Night on the air), 7,30pm, Hind Leys Cammunity Colloga, Forest St. Loughborough, Sec G0FTT,

Mansileid (MARS)—2 Oci ("Antennas for small gardens", G3BA), 20 ("Practical Trequency measurement,", G4GNC), 6Nov (RSGB video), Victoria Social Club, Princes SI, Mansilaid, Sac G4AAH, tel Manslield 642719.

Mallock (Tor ARA)-6 Oct (Night on the air), 13 ("My visil to China", G4MHB), 20 (Ouiz night), 27 (Talk and demo by Microwavo Modules), 7,35pm, Greyhound Holat, Cromlord, nr Mallock, See G0FWI, tel Mallock

Spalding (SADARS)—9 Oct ("Waather predictions", G3LYA), 7,30pm. The Ship Albion, Albion St, Spalding. Sec G4NBR.

REGION S—RR J S Allen, G3DOT, 77 Rossiyn Creeconl, Lulon LU3 2AT. Tel 0582 508515.

Cambridge (C&DARC)-16 Oct ("Communications and navigation aids of the modern litaboat". Cmdr Kan Wollan, RN rid. The club invites members from other clubs to this talk, hopafully lifeboat models will be on show and a small donation will be made to the RNLI), 23 ("Propagation basics and ht prediction", G3LTP), 7.45pm. Colaridge Community Collage (visual arts room), Radagund Rd, Cambridge, Sec G4TR0, lei 0223 353664.

Dunslabla (DDRC)-2 Oct ("Arran expadition", DPARG), 3,4 (1-3GHz contest), 16 ("Satellite tv equipmani¹), 30 (Junk sale), 8pm, Room 3, Chews House, High St, South Dunstable, Sec G0COO, 1et 0582 508259.

Million Keynes (MK&DARS)---12 Oct (AGM). The Meet-Ing Place, Hodgelea, North Millon Keynes, Sec GOERE, lel 0234 750629.

Northamplon (NRC)—I Oct ("Moonbounce", G0EME), 15 ("Cadcam", G4YJP), 22 (AGM), 8pm, Kingsthorpe Community Centre, Northemplon, Sec G8EUX, let 0327

Pelerborough (GPARC)-22 Oct (Visit by G3DCJ. RR5), 7.30pm. Southlield Junior School, Sac GTUGA, lal 07332 30088.

REGION 6—RR N P Taylor, G4HLX, 87 Hunlers Field, Stanford in the Vale, Faringdon, Oxon SN7 8ND. Tel 03677 503

Harwell (HARS)—20 Oct ("Weather satellite reception", by Maurice Brown and GBDVK), 7.30pm. Harwell Lab. Social Club. Sec G6LNU, Ial Wantage 68453.

High Wycombe (Chillern ARC)—28 Oci (Ouiz nighl), 8pm. Sir William Ramsay School, Rose Ave, Hazelmere, Delails G4XVP, lel 0494 35275.

Maldenhead (M&DARS)—1 Oci (Annual junk sale), 7,30pm. Red Cross Hall. The Crescent, Maldenhead.

Sec G8RYW.

Oxlord (O&DARS)—14 Oct (Natter night), 28 ("Computers in amateur radio", G4HLX), 7.45pm. Oxlord Civil Service Sports Association Club, Govl Buildings, Marston Rd, Oxlord, Sec G4PUU, 1et Oxlord capes.

Reading (R&DARC)-13 Oct ("Trunked radio systems", GBCOR), 27 (Inter-club quiz), 8pm. Clubroom,



Radio Club of Thene; members operating GB2MLB from Margale Lileboat house on 26 July in support of the fileboat's open day. Lior: Doug, BR\$87288; Derek, GODFI; Kan, G4RNJ; Dave G1NLQ; Don, G0HMA; John, G4SBD. At the mic Is Butch, GOCBY, with John, GOCHN, looking on. Photo: Isle of Thenel Gazelle

While Horse ph, Emmer Green, Reading, Oelai's

Slough (Burnham Beechea RC) — 5 Oct (Surplus equipmeni sale), 19 ("PASCAL language". Tony Walson), 8pm. Haymill Community Centre, I 12 Burnham Lane,

Slough, Oalails G6EIL, jel Maidonhaad 25720. Oxlordshire RAYNET Group always wolcomes naw members: contact them on the weekly net, 144 825 MHz, Friday 8pm or contact G6NPP, jel 0235 35106.

REGION 7-RR R Sykes G3NFV, 16 The Ridgeway, Felchem, Laalherhead, Surrey, KT22 9AZ

Tel 0372 372587 Ashlord (Echellord ARS)—12 Oct (Natter night), 29 (Morsa practice), 8pm. The Hall, SI Martins Court, Kingston Crascent, Ashlord, Middx, Sec G4VAZ, tel

Sunbury 783823. Coulsdon (CATS)—12 Oct ("Sussax Repealer Group Roadshow"), 29 (Informal), 8pm, St. Swithuns Church Hall, Grovelands Road, Purley, Surrey Sec G6HC, lel

01-684-0610 Cray Vallay (CVRS)-1 Oct (Surplus safe), 8pm. Progress Hall, Admiral Seymour Road, Ellham SE9.

Calalls G3TAA Craydon (SRCC)-5 Oct (Surplus sale), 8pm, Mullard Social Club, Milcham. Sec G8IYS lel 01-657 0454.

Crystal Palace (CP & DRS)—17 Oct (Surplus sale). 8pm. All Saints Parish Room, Upper Nerwood, SE19, Sec G3FZL tel 01-699-6940.

Dorking (D & DRS)—13 Oct (Informal at The Falklend Arms), 27 (Iba at Ashcombe School), Sec G3AEZ, Iel 0366 77236

Farnham (VHF Group)—12 Oct (Discussion evening), 26 (Naller night), 8pm, Farnham Central Club, Farn-

ham, Surrey, Oelails G4EPX.
Guildlord (G&DRS)—23 Oct ("Modern advancements
In hI commercial radio"), 8pm, Model Engineers HO,

Sloke Park, Guildlord, Sec G4VRN.
Kingston (KDARS)—21 Oct ("Computing", G3LFX),
"Allriston", 3 Berrylands Road, Surbiton. Details
G3IMK, tel 01-397 6924.

Sullon and Cheam (S & CRS)—16 Oct (Surplus sale). 8pm, Downs Lawn Tennis Club, Holland Avenue. Cheem. Sec G0BWV.

Thames Valley (TVARTS)-6 Oct (ATU construction project Judging), 8pm. Thames Dillon Library, Walls Road, Giggs Hill, Thames Dillon Sec G3ENI.

Wimbledon (W&DRS)-9 Oct (AGM), 30 ("DX lechniques", G3TXF). 8pm. St. Andrews Church Hall, Herbert Road, Wimbledon SW19. Sec G3DWW, tel 01-540 2180.

REGION 8—RR M Ellioli, G4VEC, 20 Haysel, Sittingbourne, Kenl ME10 4QE, Tel 0795 70132. Burgesa Hill (Mid-Sussex ARS)—1 Oct (Operating evening), 8 ("Conlesis", G3FXB), 11 (21/2MHz conlesl), 15 (Operering evening), 29 (Visit to Royal Observer Corps), 7.45pm, Marte Place, Leylands Rd. Burgess Hill. Oelails GOGNV, lel 04446 41407.

Dartford (DDFC)—2 Oct |Station night hunt), 13 (Pre-hunt meeting), 31 (Station night hunt, Mid-Thames), 3 Nov (Pre-hunt meeting), Pre-hunt meeting at Horse & Groom ph Leylon Cross, alter 9pm. Delails GBDYF, Iel Greenhithe 844467.

Oover (SE Kent YMCA ARC)-7 Oct (Natter night), 14 ("Cell-Call", by Phillip Smyc-Rumsby), 21 (Natler right), 28 ("144MHz lox hunting, G0BPS). Dever YMCA, Godwynehuisi, Leyburna Road, Dover, Delalis John Dobson, Flat 3, 145 Snargale St. Dover CT17 982.

Eastbourne (Southdown ARS)—5 Oct (Junk sale),
2 Nov (Construction evening) 7.30pm. Chaseloy
Homo, Southcill, Bolsover Rd, Eastbourne. Classas
and maelings also hold every Tuesday and Wednesday, 7.30pm. Haitsham Laisure Centre, Vicarage Lane, Hailsham, Sec G1UTH, Jel Crowborough 63061.

GHIlngham (Bredhursi R&TS)—I Oci ("Home con-struction", G4VSZ), 8 (Construction and nattar night), 15 (Construction contest), 22 (Infor club quiz), 29 "Simple sideband", G3ROD) 7.30pm. Parkwood Com-munity Centro, Parkwood Green, Wigmoro, Gill-ingham. Dotalis G0AMZ, tel Medway 376991.

Hastings (HEC)—21 Oct ("Junk auction), 7,30pm, West Hill Community Centre, Croll Road, Hastings, Details

GANVO, let Hastings 420508.

Horshem (HARC)—I Oct ("VHF and the history of 50MHz", G8VR). 8pm. Guide Hall, Denne Road, Horsham. Sec G4UDU, let Hassocks 5517.

Keni (Keni Repealer Group)-Responsible GB3CK, GB3EK, GB3KN, GB3KS, GB3NK, GB3RE, GB3SK, New sec G0AMZ, Iel 0634 30544.

Margale (Radio Club of Thanel)-13 Oct (AGM and naller night), 7,30pm, Grosvenor Club, Grosvenor Place, Margala, Sec GTHWG, Ict 0843 42480.

Worthing (W&DARC)—7 Oct (AGM), 14 (Ragchew evening), 21 [Workshop evening), 28 (Guest spoaker tba), 7.30pm. Lancing Parish Hall, South Stroot. Lancing Details G4GPX, tot 0903 743893.

REGIDN 9—RR A H Hammett, G3VWK, Rosabill, Ladock, Truro, Cornwall, TR2 4PQ. Tel 0726 882 758 Axminster (Axe Velc (ARC)—2 Oct (AGM). Deleits G3VW, ret Lyme Regis 5282.

Barnslaple (North Devon RC) - First Wednesday of the month, 7.30pm. Please note new venue. The Microcon-Ire, Unii 1, Barbican Industrial Est, Barnstaple, Octails G4LST.

Exeler (EARS)—12 Oct (AGM), 7,30pm, Community Centre, St David's Hill, Exeler, Defalls G3YBK, tel 0392

Exmouth (EARC)-7 Oct ("Experiences of a BBC engineer"), 21 ("Interforence", G8GON). Details

Redrulh (CRAC)—1 Oct ("Transistors for the not so young", G1AJB), 12 ("Fibre optics to computing", G4RVP and G3VWK), 15 (Activity aventing), 5 Not Sturplus equipment sale), 7,30pm, Church Hall, Treleigh, Redruth Details G4ZUI, let Stithiens 860 572.

Sallash (S&DARC)—16 Oct (Construction night), 6 Nov |AGM|, 7.30pm, Toc B Hall, Warraton Rd, Sallash, Deleils GOAKH, lel Sallesh 3277.

REGION 10-D H Phillips, GW4KQ, 17 Penire Gardens, Grangelown, Cardiff S Glam, CF1 70J, Tel 0222 35648 Cardiff (British Telecom S Wales District ARC)—II is Cardin (critish Telecom & Wales District ARC)—It is proposed to start en amateur redio club as part of "Leisure and Sports Telecom". It is anticipated that the club will meet every second Wednesday. An invitation is extended to all, stell and non-stall, to tha

Inaugural meeting which will be held on 14 Oct at the BT South Wales District HO, Corylon, Cardlll, starting at 7.30pm. Further details can be obtained from GW4ZVY, let Cardill 379732 weekdays 8am-4pm.

Cardill (CRSGBG GW58I)—12 Oct (AGM, Sec GW0CUM, let 04463 3212,

Cardiff (Highlield ARC GW4LFO, GW1LFO)-I Oci (Technical lecture with GW4HWB), 8 (Natier night), 15 ("BC's bils, local repaaler logic", GW4HWR), 22 ("Brain of Highfields" quiz), 29 (Technical lecture with GW4HWR), 5 Nov (Bonlire night natter), Sec GW6ZHM, lel 0222 750315.

Carmerthen (CARS GW4YCT)—New venue. From 1 Sept CARS will meet at The Communication Rooms. c/o Goler Glas, Maesybent, nr Llanelli, Dyled. Meeting cro goler glas, Maesybenl, nr Llanelli, Dyled. Meeting Ilmes remain the same. Sec GW4ZXL, 1el 0267 231359. Llanelli (LARS RS87700)—26 Oct ("Aims and objectives of the RSGB", GW4KO, RR10). Soc GW1MGW. Newport (NARS GW4EZW, GW1NRS)—19 Oct (AGM), 2 Nov (Eisleddlod meeting hopefully with a talk from a member of the Eisleddlod organising committee. We would like to Invite members from all radio clubs in would like to Invite membars from all radio clubs in Gwent te attend as help will be eppreciated in running the special event station at the Newport National Eisleddlod, Summer 1988). Sec GW4/ED, let 0633 280958.

Powys (PARC GW4HVN)—8 Oct (Homo construction contest), 7.15pm, Sec GW4DWX, let 0938 2068.

Rhondda (RARS GW2F0F)—1 Oct ("Aerial circus"), 15 (General meeting), 7.30pm, Sec GW4BUZ, let 0443

Swanses (SARS GW4CC)-24 Oct (Coach trip to Leicester exhibition). 7.30pm. Room 303, Applied Sciences Bidg, University College of Swansea. Oetalls GW0BBO, Jel 0792 818100

REGION 11-RR B H Green, GW2FLZ, 1 Clwyd Courl, Tan-y-Bryn Roed, Colwyn Bay, Clwyd LL28 4AH. Tel 0492 49288

Colwyn Bay (Conwy Valley ARC GW6TM)—8 Oct (Visil to Electronics dept, University of North Wales, Moel 7pm in leyer, Dean St, Bangor), 8pm, Green Lawns Holol, Bay View Rd, Colwyn Bay, New sec GW0DSL, let Restatur 6600. Presialyn 5529.

Deeside (Alyn & DARS)—6 Oct (Surplus gear sale), 20 ("North America", Ken Senar), 3 Nov (Construction contest), 17 ("Glass blowing", GW IMIK), 8pm, Shotton

Secial Club, Shollon La, Deesido, Sec GW IILZ. First North Weles Radio Rally is to be held in the Aborconwy Conterence Centra, Llandudno Promenade on the 7 and 8 Nov. Opens at 11am each day (10.30am for disabled visitors).

Will club socretaries please send or phone details of their future events for December enwards. These are the only new reports received.

REGION 12—RR M R Hobson, 17 Well Brae, Pillochry, Perihahire PH18 SHH. Tel 0796 2140, Presiel 10796

Abardean (AARC)—2 Oct (Junk salo), 9 ("My oxperiences in the USA", GM4TEF), 16 (Beginners' night with GM3VEY), 23 (RSGB video night), 30 (Haloween party

for all the lamily), 6 Nov (Junk sale), 7.30pm, 35 Thislle La, Aberdoen, Sec GM4GXD, lel Pitcaple 251, Callhnees (CARS)—14 Oct (Silde show "Aura con-lact"), 7.30pm, Loch Wallen Holol, Wellen, Sec GM1VGZ, lei 0847 82632.

Some club naws is arriving too late for inclusion. Please draw your club sec's allention to the new deadlines.

REGION 13-RR Alex J Scott, 2 Manderston Grove, Duns, Berwickshire TD11 3PR. Tel 0361 83221. Berwick-upon-Tweed (Border ARS GM0BRS)—2 Oct (Discussion on CO contest), 16 (AGM), 7,30pm. Church SI, Borwick upon Tweed, Sec GM IRN, tel 0289 82491. Edinburgh (Loihlen RS GM3HAM)—14 Oci ("History of communications", Mr Malthews), 28 ("Mall Whisky", P Dryburgh). 7.30pm. Royal Eltrick Holel, Eltrick Rd. Edinburgh. New Sec GM4DTH.

Any secretaries in Region 13 please contact me II you can participate in a club news net on hi/vhi twice month for updates etc and save on postage.

REGION 18-RR Alan Owen, G4HMF, 102 Constable Roed, Ipswich, Sutfolk IP4 2XA.

Bury S Edmunds (BSI EARS)—20 Oct (Junk sale), 7.30pm. Counly Upper School, Beelens Way, Bury St Edmunds. Details G1FUU, let 0359 50271.

Chelmslord (CARS)—6 Oci (AGM), 3 Nov (Junk sale). 7.30pm. Marconi College, Arbour Lane, Chelmslord. Details G4KOE, lel 0376 83094.

Clacion (CARS)-14 Oct (BNOS visit), 7,30pm. Eldorado Club, The Broadway, Jaywick, Sec R\$430466. Colchester (CRA)—1 Oct (AGM), 15 (Equipment clinic, Marcont Instruments), 29 ("Shortwaves and beams", J Slanley Ward), 7.30pm. Colchester Institute,



Some of the operators and helpers for the Farnborough and District Radio Society cheering the and of VHF National Field Day 1987. Photo Gerry Smith

Sheepen Road, Colchester, CO33LL, Details G3FIJ, tel

Fell'xslowe (F&DARS)—5 Oct ("Knot tying for the radio amale ur"), 19 (Social), 8pm. The Scout Hut, Bath Road, Felixslowe, Details G4YOC, tel 0473 642595 (daytime). Ipswitch (IRC)—14 (Iba), 28 ("Steam locos", J James). 8pm. Rose and Crown ph, Norwich Road, Ipswich. Delails G4IFF, lel 0473 44047.

Lelsion (LARC)—6 Oct ("Valve linears", G3HYA), 3 Nov (AGM and surplus salo).7.30pm, Sizewell Sports & Social Club, King George's Ave, Leislon, Delails G0CJX, lel Saxmundham 3222.

Loughion (L&DARS)—9 ("Home brew ale", G8AB), 8pm. Debden Community Centre, Loughton Hall, Rectory Lane, Loughton, Details G4FKI,

Norwich (NARS)—14 Oct (Anniversary celebrations at Norlolk Dumpling ph), 7,30pm, New Callle Market, Norwich, Details G4RKK, let 606979.

Vange (VARS)—I Oct (Junk sale), 8 ("VLF", G6PAE), 15 (Home brew), 22 ("Oscilloscopes", G3ASH), 29 (MinI lectures). Dotails Mrs O Thompson, tol 0268 552606.

Essex Repealer Group-5 Oct (AGM), 8pm, Danbury VIIIage Hall,

REGION 17-RR TM Emery, G3KWU, "Wilverley", Old Lyndhursi Road, Cadnam Southsmpton SQ4 2NL, Tel 0703 812435

Besingsloke (BARC)-5 Oct (AGM), 7.30pm, Forest Ring Community Centre, Sycamore Way, Basingsleke. Sec G100U, let 0256 59644.

Bournemouth (BARS)—2 Oct ("Old Maps", G3CPN), 16 (AGM), 8pm. Kinson Community Centre, Kinson, Bournemouth, Sec G4DJG, tol 0202 526793.

Chrisichurch (Plessey ARS)—Results of recent AGM; Chairman G6WPU, Treasurer G8RXA, Plessey Social Club, Grange Road, Christchurch, Sec Barry

Drinkwaler, let (wks) 0202 486344, East Dorsel UHF Repealer Group (GB3DT)—Please note new location of GB3DT at Bulbarrow Hill. For

nole new location of GB3DT at Bulbarrow Hill. For information or to join the group and help support the repealer, pleaso contact G1VIP, let 0202 735005.

Eastleigh (Ilchen Valley ARC)—9 Oct ("Equipment reliability", G0GFD), 23 ("Early days of radio", G3ABA), 7.30pm, The Scout Hul, Bricklield Lane, Chandlers Ford, Eastleigh, Soc G1IPO, let 0703 736784.

Fareham (F&DARC)—14, 28 Oct (Natter night), 7 ("TM 1000 ATU", G4JEV), 21 ("Wartime experience in the RSS", G3AUV), 7.30pm, Porchester Community Centre, Portchester, Hants, Sec G3CCB, let Fareham 288139 288139

Farnborough (F&DARS)-14 Oct (Film night to be held al the Farmborough 6th Form College (opposite the RAE)). 28 (Surplus equipment sale). 8pm. Railway Enthusiasis' Club, Access Road, olf Hawley Lane, Farnborough. Details M C Grallius, The Paddock, Diamond Ridge, Camberley, Surrey, GUI5 4LB. Horndeen (H&DARS)—1 Oct (AGM), 7.30pm, Mur-

chislon Hall, London Road, Horndean, Sec G4RLE, lel 0705 755274.

Liphook (Three Countles ARC)-14 Oct (On air night), 28 ("Brewing", Friary Meux). 8pm. The Railway Holel, Liphook, Contact G4VKC, tel Liphook 723415. New Forest Repealer Group (GB3NF)—For informa

Hon or to join the group and help support the repeater,

please contact G6DLJ, let 0703 847754.
Portlend (SDRS)—6 Oct (Preparations for JDTA).
7,30pm. The Pensylvania Castio, Portland, Dorset. Please note new meeting place, Sec. G0FIT, tel Dorchester 67596.

Porisdown Hill Repealer Group (GB3PH)-For Information or to join the group and help suppert the repealer, please contact Mr A L G Prico, let 0329 281852.

South Dorsel Repealer Group (GB3SD end GB3DP)-For information or to join the group and help support the repeaters, please contact G3VPF,

Southempton (SARS)—Results of recent AGM; Chairman G8WBN, Troasuror G3VSL, 7 30pm, Millbrook Community School, Green La, Seuthampton, Sec G4VKB, lot 0703 737892.

Trowbridge (T&DARC)-14 Oct (Natier night), 28 Oct (Junk sala), 8pm, Territorial Army Centre, Blythsea Rd, Trowbridge, Sec GOGRI, rel 0380 830383.

UK FM Southern Repeater Holding Group (GB3SN)-

For Information or to join the group and help support the repoator, pleaso contact G3KWU.

Winchester (WARC)—16 Oct ("ORP", G2PS). 8pm.

Durngate House, Winchester. Soc G1XCT, let Winchester 880605.

I hope all clubs that are providing JOTA stations this your have an anjoyable weekend on 17/18 October and that lots of young people will be attracted to the hebby as a result of your elloris.

Congrelulations to Filight Refuelling ARS for the fine ellort in organising Hamlest '87, Congretulations also to Plessey Club on their splendid new club

REGION 18—RR Ian Gibbs, G4GWB, 61 The Gables, Widdrington, Morpelh NE61 50Z. Tel 0670 790090. Hetton le Hole (Houghlon le Spring ARC G1NMD, G3NMD)—2-11 Dci (Spocial eveni, GB6HF, operaling from Hughlon Kepier Hall, celebrating the Houghton Feast. The station will operate on 3-5-144MHz). 21 ("Film; "Computers, tirst goneration and projection

hrough to fully generation"). Hellondowns Helel, Hellon. Sec G0ABF, lel 091-584 4673.

Hewcasile (Tyneside ARS G3ZDM)—7 Oct (Informal), 14 ("Direct conversion receivers"), 21 ("Making a crystal set"), 28 (Iba). Scoul Centre, Harbolile St. Byker, Newcasile. Sec G4KOT, lel 091-234 1148.

Washington (W&DARC G4YGW)—The club will hold a video evening on the lirst Sunday of each month. Oval Community Centro, District 12, Washington, New sec G4GYF, lel 091-417 3483.

REGION 19—R J C Broedbeni, G3AAJ, 94 Herongele Road, London E12 SEQ. Tel 01-989 6741. Cheshuni (C&DARC G4MGC)—7 Oct ("Ballerlos and Iheir uses and abuses"). 14, 28 (Naller night), 21 ("Emergency network", County council). 8pm. Church Rooms, Church Lane, Wormley, Herts, Sec G3OJI, Iel

Ware 4316. Morse classes held. Chlswick (ABCARC)—20 Oct ("Demo et medern rily", G4JUL), 7,30pm, Chiswick Town Hall, High Rd, Chis-

wick, W4. Sec G3GEH, Jel 01-992 3778.

Edgware (E&ORS)—17 Oct | Golden anniversary dinner at Finchley Goll Club). Community Centre, 145 Orange Hill Rd, Burnt Oak, Edgware. Sec G4IUZ, let Hallield 65707.

Southgale (SARC)—8 Oct ("Industrial Archeology", G3XMV), 22 (Informal), 7.45pm, Holy Trinity Church Hall (upper), Green Lanes, Winchmote Hill N21. Oetails G4YLL, let 0992 30051.

Stevenage (S&OARC)—6 Oct [RAE classes start, Carter of the Ca

7.30pm. Also construction evening), 20 (Talk by local authority planning officer). 8pm Silec Ltd. Ridgemond Park, Telloid Ave, Sievenago, Details GOGTE, let Slevonage 724991.

SIAlbans | Verulam ARC}—13 Oct | The great urgrace), 27 ("DX working dx edge", G3DZF), 7,45pm, RAFA HO, New Keni Rd, SI Albans, Club nets held on Wednesdays 7,30pm on 145-350MHz, Sundays 10,30ant on 3-522MHz. Details G4JKS, let St. Albans 59318

Uxbridge (Brunel University ARS)—5 Oct (Special event station, GB2UBR, on virt/uhl). 6 (Open day), 15 (AGM), Octails from Students Union, Brunel Universlly, Uxbridge.

Westminster (Civil Service ARS)-5 Oct ["RTTY", G3WMQ), 19 [Natter ops session), 12.30pm. Opera-

tional lunch-times on GTCSR and G3CSR, Civil Service Rec Centre, Monck St, Westminster SWI. Sec G6IMM, lel 01-698 4437. Members whose subsiare overdue are asked to contact the treasurer, G8KIO, at club address.

In the July "Club News" the entry for Paddington should have read Paddington College ARS. We apologise for this error.

REGION 28-C R Hollister, 34 Battersby Way, Henbury, Brisioi BS10 7\$U. Tel 0272 508451. Balh (B&OARS)—14 Oct (Video evening), 28 [Censtruction Competition), 7.45pm. The Englishcombe Inn, Englishcombe Lane, Balh, Avon, Oelails G3FlH, tel Bath 837539.

Brisiof (BRSGBG)—26 Oct (AGM), 7.30pm, Small Lecture Theatre, Queens Building, University of Brislol, University Walk, Clillon, Bristol, Octails G4SOO, lef 0272 508451.

Bristol (South Bristol ARC)-7 Oct [HF activity evening), 14 VHF activity evening), 21 HF activity evening), 28 [RTTY/packet evening), 7,30pm. Whitchurch Folk House, East Oundry Road, Bristol, Avon. Details G4RZY, lel 0272 834282.

Chellenham (CARA)-2 Oct |Visit to BBC Wood Norion), 16 (Joint meeting with other clubs on cellular radio), 7.30pm, Stanton Room, Charlton Kings Library, Chellenham, Glos. Oetalls G4VXE, Tel 0242 36723.

Gloucester (GARS)—7 Oct | Films by Gloucester Cine Club), 7,30pm, Wednesdays, St John Ambulance HQ, 2 Heathville Road, Glos, Oelails G6AWT, Ie10452504515. Gordano (GARG)—22 Oct ("Microwave Radio", G8MWR), 8pm. The Ship, Redclille Bay, Portishead, nr Bristol, Octails G6ETL, lel Nallsea 855316.

Shepton Mailel [Mid-Somersel ARC G0BYW) club has recently been retained by G0BKU. The club meets on the second and (ourth Friday of the month, 7pm, Whitstone School Community Education Oept, 11 Charlion Rd, Shepion Mallel, Oetalls G1WQV, tel 0749 73520.

-Area Representative Mr F Fleld G0CEF, 19 The Maples, Nailsea, Bristol, rel 0272 856045

Yeovil (Y&OARC)—8 Oct ("Trans match I", G3AIK), 15 ["Trans match 2", G3AIK), 22 ("Antenna radiation patterns, how & why", G3GC), 29 [Natter night), 5 Nov ["Simple bl antennas", G3GC), 7,30pm. The Recreation Centre, Chillon Grove, Yeovil, Somersel, Octails GIMNM, Iel 0935 79804



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HF BEAM 3-ELE MOSLEY 1A33jrr, gwo E90; 1/row 4CX250R E15; 2/row Amperex 0X553 [15eo; Yorsu F7290 char riceds etc., gro E250. WANTES: 2m/lm rig ebt £150; 2m tvtr 2MHz 1,f. 1ed, C4M10, no Bury St Edmords, Sulfolk, tel: 0359 31520 altar 6pm.

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TEL HB340 tribard 4-rir bram E275, G42WR, OTHR, tel: 0527 46075 ofter 6pm.

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BBC 'B' COMPUTER, green acreen monitor, dete rodr, f185; BNO5 25A pwr supply £95; dx-tv corverted Bush, 1-V pos/neg vision etc. Offer piresel GAUGV, tel: Fairseat (Kent) 823662.

FT709R 14mths old, FH63 bett peck, sms11 erd lerge soft ceses, eerlel, slow rhgr, NC15 grlck chgr erd dc pwr supply £190 ono. C31FH, Somerton, tel: 0458 73967 evenings.

iwo VERY LARCE HIHISTRY trs, twin Bi3s and twir QY4-250, both ideal linear projects, one with 2.5kV par isoee; Eddystone ear or 190; Rscel li7, sidebard and if roits ir case 1120; Ti154M 140; Solartron verieble 0-500V psu 110; two hi sig/gone Dffers7; AMTI terminel unit with ViC20, Offers7; 70MHz 4-ele beam 110. Birminghem eree, tel; 021-353 3896.

YAESU FT7S7GX town £650; Dree 24A pwr supply te suit, £65. Both never rsod, mint condr. George, tel: 0292 268055.

SX200N SCANNER In fair cordr and gwo, c/w erterre, psu and instra. Ho mads made to acerner but ilst of mods evaliable, ti60 incl postage or ti50 if bryer collects. No offers. GiLSK, OiNR, tel: 0522 46145.

TRIO 9130 multimode, bored, menuel £335; Detong morse tutor £40; both in first class cords. CMCGON CHR, tel: 0586 \$2496.

ICOM 2900 TCVR, ali-mode, mint, bored, best olfer? 35A SMC stabilised par, also mint condx, best offer? Pwr press and tools for making veriable condensor blades, best offer? CWILEF, OTHR, tel; 055 934 892.

AM12 iU RiTY AM10R ASC11 c/w ICS, ROM, softwere cables, overweys TTL/232 1/feco 1150; freg moserring model LM7 (BC221) with modulation comp with stabilised psu, phones 130. G4VMP, OlNR, tel: 021-707 3376.

YA£SU FT790 70cm multimode, mint condr. orig bor end menuel £295; Ousrtz16 fm mobile rig c/m 35W lireer, gd cordx £120. C1ECt, OTHR Horfolk, tel: Mymondhem 10953) 604019.

TR10 iS-130V with ow fliter and MC-305 mic, Ai-130 erterne tuner and PS-20 pau E500; bress 'Ch' siderbesed key £20. WANTEO: Clardestine repare-military seta, eg Mk128, Hk123, Mk122, B2 etc Ary condr considered. G47M0, tol. 093-287 3892 after 6pm.

YAESU FT OHE, er cordr, c/w ell filtrrs, fm keyer memory 1950, G4RMD, OTHR, tel: 07072 64342.

VERSATOWER 2-section with winches, steed wire cope cep topmest, ell whi end uhi beams and low-loss cebins; CD44 rotetor end northol rolt. Must sell due to horse move. £200 the lot, bergeini CBBJP, QTHR, tell 0843 31069 everlogs.

YAESU FRC9600 SCANHER, pau, vidro rrit irstelled, bored, Emths old, ir es hem cordr. Errh for Yeesu F7707 plus FC707 etu or MIY? iel: Stalhem (0692) 82075 deytimr, esk for ler.

COLLIH5 75A2 hf rr 1.8-30MHz covers 1HHz at erch hem bend, gwo 1125. G38X1, OTHR Trowbridge, Wilts, tel: 0373 830804.

LOWE SRX30 $\,\rm nx_*$ 500kHz to 30NNz, vgr F80, G3C00, OTHR Hevort, tel: 0705 483676.

STANBARO C5800 2m multimode 25W with Adorls FXI boom/mic, 7/8-weve whip pirs grtter mornt end coer Also Bover8-beem, rew ir bor, £275 the lot. Arthro GOFDV, OTHR Lordor, trl: 01-701 9734.

PRO2002 SCANNER, boxed with menral pira SMC Discone erd cable £140 ono. Maicoim Gregory, GlUIJ tel: 0329 844233 office hours only. ICOM IC-2SIE +mrTek board, er cordr £420; Yersr FT790(1) irol nfcads, chgr +cesr, absolutoly immee only 4mchs old, borrd +bagged £325 onc; Stenderd C5800 25W mrItImodo 144/148MHz, rr condx, 10A psr, 5/8-wsve homebase antenne £345 orc; Detorg Ft2 audio filter, gd condr, bored £65; PG Electronics 10m meirs emp, 10W i/p 50-100W im, 100-200W ssb o/p £45; Tordy 1R5-80 modrl 1, lovels 1*2, 16k RAH with moritor +menuela £75; Colecovisior video gemos +lote of certridgos +Aterl cvtr +pole positior steering whool, boxad, immed £60; Vectrex video geme with Vector graphics screen, 3 cartridges, boxed £60; 10m 5/8-weve verticel entenna £15. Prefer bryers collect. Nike, Esser, tell 04023 45969.

TR 10 7800 25W fm mobile with 7/8 whip £190; irlo 2500 fm h/h with chgr +mobile chgr etc £180; Yeesr FF707 20A psu £90. WAHTEO: Something completely different, WHY? Will swep or heggle. Phill, G4LIR, QTHR, G0AVC Stsffs.

NHt 144/30LS new, unused £7S; Yeasr spkr/mlc for FT290 etc £15; Jeybeem l6ft portable mest £1S; rew 4-rie 2m Yagi £9; MH 7dB ettenretor £5; prrfer bryer coilects. Hrddersfield, tel: 0484 666497.

KW2000£ tr/rr used regriarly, remently serviced by KW, Inc? meruel spere PA velves £200 oro. C3VYI, OTHR, tel: 0252 722663 evenings.

NEIL PRODUCTS. SS-2 L/S especially minde for amateur market. 2x5W amplifiers 3.51r-moofer, 1.31n-twoeter with 12d8 per octave crossover £39; BM10 headsat fitted special dr Insert £35, Cerr ertre. C4CMP, 01HR, tel: 0508 470365.

WESTERN ELECTROHICS 5-eie monoberd enterre, stored for Byrs, rever used E125 oro; prefer buyrr collecte es renton 1s 8ft in length. C4CKP, 0HR, tel: 0508 470365.

OAIWA coer switches, very low-loss hardles, very high pwr. urrsed positions grounded, high class prodect; CS401 4-positions art C37; CS-2 2-positione out C10, postege ertre. C4CHP, OTHR, trl: 0508 470365.

1COM 1C505 6m multimode, bored, mirt £39S; lcom 1C22SFM 10W synth £85 one; TW4000A duel-barder, 25W o/p, bored, etc £325; F170BR spkr/mlc end 12V pwr lead £165, p/erch corsidered, MiY7 Oennis, CGHKD, tel: 0305 814196 efter 6pm or w/ends.

SORY ICF20010 super portable rxd, little rse, cost £329, reguire £245 ono. G6FJA, tel: 092572 2879 after 6pm.

FT102 FM 80AR0 606kHz cw f11tor £450; 2rSpacemark ETM4C keyers 1kLPM 4-mem £60; 2-mem £50; 2-reel 3-apeed tepr-rcdrs £10pr₁ PM2000 3.5-30HHz 2kW p.e.p wettmetor £3S; homobrew 144kHz 4CX250B linear psu spere velves £60; 10-ele/2m/parebeem £10. £40SC, 0THR, tel: 0765 2230.

B400 FULL WKG ORDER plus marral £60; DX200 240/12V £60. COBWY, OTHR West Yorkshire, tel: 0535 607869.

COMP 70cm STH: F1790 mobile-mount £26S; Yaesu 12A psr £40; MET ein £20; rotetor 10m cebir £3S; h/duty brkts 9ft poio £20; mobile erterra gutter mourt £10; accept £360 comp *cerr. Posh deliver Lerdon 5/E. Alastair, C4RUL teil Eestbourr 503618

SWAN 100MX hf tovr, 120W with mobile mounting brkt mic, orig pkg, wishop merual, perfect macherical and electrical rondr, never used mobile E295. G4ROT, 0THR, tel: 0983 65106.

YAESU FT901DM 0300; FC901 anterna turer 075; YP150 wettmeter 080; CDFHAM3 630, G28M, Bounnmouth, tel: 0202 761381.

ALTRON 3-ELE 4-BANO space sever beam ent, vgc £120 G4VEW, OTNR, tel: 07816 S020.

FT9020M, FC902, SP901, Y0148 mlr, all-modes, Curtls kryer, filters. Comp str, £650. Prefer buyer to collect and Irspect. Will pey helf towards petrel. Ror, CW4MJO, OTHR Holyhred, Horth Wales, tel: 0407 2330.

YAESU FRC9600, mirt cordr with Withers hf/vhf corversion, covers 100kHz-950HHz, c/w merrels, mairs psu, Oetorg ortdoor eqtive shterne, icom AH7000 srprr wide-bard Discone. Hew would cost F810 - will sell for £550 ono. Peter, R590767, tel: Exetr 79179.

YAESU FI-73R herdheld with FHB-10 niced, NC-28C bettrry chgr, PA-6 rer adeptor and extra Trio whip seriel. As new, cost \$300 - sell for £200, Mike, C4HLT, tr3: Reading 693766.

R1000 TR10 GFN/COV rx 100kHz-30MHz £200, lr orig pkg, llttie used, c/w irstr maruel erd servire merrel. C3JBU, OTHR Northemptor, trl: 0604 401800.

iS-430S WITH em erd rw filtrrs, vgc, with orig pkg Scrsible offers invited. Tel: 02407 4461 extr 285 daytime or 049481 3115 everirgs. BBC-B ISSUE-7, disk 1/forr, with 40-treck 100k disk-drive, ROM bosrd, WW +w/procrssor ROM, disk dortor ROM, morse ROM, mirt E350; Philips 12ir grrnn serrer computer monitor £50. Buyrr to collect/irspect, pey cesh, C6ADL, OHR, tel: Kettering 710004.

YAESU FRC-7 grr/rov rr, gd cordr £75 oro. Cerr at rost. Prrfer bryrr to Inspect/collect. G3HIM, GTHR tel: 0784 56567 efter 7pm.

ICOM 10720A gen/cov trvr, ICPS15 psr, mobilr brkt, SM5 mlr, ell bored 0700 oro. COATB, OTNR, trl: 01-311 0332.

COBSX TNC £50; Spectrrm 48k l/fece1/R5232/mlrrodrive with TNC driver prog £80; Parasonic DR31 gen/cov +fm rx dlg dlapiey melna/bettrry £80; em Cembridge 70,26 £18; Cushcreft A3 2kW 3-eje beem £80. G4KHC, Ferehem, trl. 0329 41921.

IC505, mint, werrarty to Feb '88, HM11 scen/mic C350. WANH EO: Argo 515, Argosy 2, Omni-0, 51J3/4, Heath HW16, eii rnmod with h/books. C3iCII, OTHR, tel: 0823 680234.

WHITE SIICK BROTHERS EP22, new E100; Sory ICF6700W recordItlered by Sory, as rew £100; Detorg Indoor active antenra, new £40; 2rNharfeds ir spkrs, rew £50. Bruce Taylor, C6KP1, Hillside, Ebbersborror Weke, Sallsbury SP5 5J8, tel: Sallsbury 780396.

TRIO 15780 dral-berd 70/144 bese atn £750; 159300 6m tovr £350; 1C04E 70cm handheld £240, all new this year. Yeasu F1208 2m herdheld, spkr/mlc etc £150; C5RY full size, unused £14. 0e1iverlie possible, ertre. C4RJH, OTHR, tel: 0260 278691.

ww2 BC348 rr, offors? Lineer Fi21002 fitted with fer E475 oro; 3-eie Yegl iN3 jrr C100; rotator AR40 E40. Sheck cleerence of mery useful itrms, 640 the lot. C2CC, trl: 0924 257476.

HEATHERLITE LINEAR 2m CX350A, 4mths old, irri praemp, perfect E470 oro, C4YXV, OTHR, tel: 0234 885131.

TEH-TEC ARCOSY of town with real ow filter, audio filter and cellbrator, profect condr with orig bores, pirs inn-Tec atr psu for above rig, trop dipairs 80-10m, comp atr for £450 oro. CACNE, tol: Miltor Keyres 511129 evenings.

3kW KUBOIA petrol generator, e/w ell accrssories. Hes run orly 30hrs, still for sele drr tr two of the world's biggest timewastrrs, £350, GGJNS, 01NR tol: 0905 620041.

YAESU FT-757GX hf town 1660 oro; Irlo AT-230 1160 oro; both lmmec cordr, both 15mths old; Yaesr FT-209R with two FMB3 olceds, spkr/mic, Vor h/s, chgr, cese, instrs, PA3 adeptor \$300 oro, C4WHA, Q1HR, tel: 0768 67655.

LiHEAR ANPLIFIER, very high pwr, 2.5kW p.c.p with sperr Pentode PL8295, 1kW erode dissipatior £250 oro; Swan 350 town, 200W o/p, ell-bends incl 10m [125 oro; 03LBS, HOT OTHR, trf: 052786 393 or 0836 506 357 (24hr).

AR2002 SCANNIHC RX, mint condx, bornd £350; ARA500 sctive erterna, rever used £70, bornd. J Cox. 100 Cwrrdoffno Street, Treherbort, Rhordda, NId-Clemorger, Sorth Walra. iel, 774053.

BREAKHC, 01SP051HG: 8400, CR100 Hertley scope 13A Teylor sudlo osc, mery obsolescent valves, orts ote, 1RO velvos. Srrd requirements with src. CHBNLII, 0TII es pre-1987 cellbooks. Tel, 083 82 304

TW4000A DUAL-BANO fm 2m/70rm and CPY-7 collorar 3 steps F380; Sprotrum 128+2 joystlok, 16 gemes progs £65. Tel, 0226 289578 alter 6pm.

13cm AHPLIFIER FOR 2C39 - eccept 160 or p/exch lor 13cm pwr meesuring equip, C3ZTR, QTHR, tel: 0262 674337 efter 6pm.

TRIO TSI30S £500; Cushcraft A3 tribarder F80; Delwe rotetor OR-7500R £60. Buyer collects. C4 INE, OTHR, tel: 020488 5964.

YAESU FL21002, very little use, boxed with mannal 8528; pr brend rew Cetror 5728 spare valves F130; ebove, if prichesod togethir F645; one used but A1 5728 F25; NM 2m priamp F25. C4FPU trl: 0707 320741

FT101Z0 fm Hk3 fer/mic, maruai, ex condr F465; FC302 etu E85; FT460R, base scerning mlc, mobile morrt, vgr F325. Prefer buyer Irspects/coilocts. G4VSS, OTHR, tel: 0925 66352.

30Fi WINO-UP HAST er-W/O £70; CAMI mirl-beam with balur £40; driver rir for GANH, der be rsed as third ele or as compect dipole £10. Bryer rollrrts G4UZG, NOT OTHR, tel: 0952 584831.

AMSTRAD PCW8256 romprtrr and printer pirs dorumentation and the following software: Wordstor, OBase2, ohitchet, cardbox, CP/M+ Fortrer, Pescal, Mecro-80 essembler, Newword2, Multiplar, Supercals

plus a supply of blerk disks £300. Will deliver reesonable distance. Stuart, tel: 021-743 7425 evenings.

SILENI KEY SALE: Krimood 158205 £375; Detorg morss tutor £25; Oatong 111tor FL2 £45; Oatong 111tor FL1 £45; Oatong 121tor FL1 £47; Oatong 121tor FL1 £47; Oatong 121tor FL1 £40; Vaesu FL20008 £200; Oelwe CMM518 tunor, Scopes Scope 140-10 £125 Vlbroplex Bug £35; Orekc 111ter tv 3300LP, Heath-kit keyer H0-10, Hrathkit amr bridge, Mosley ent IA337R å rotator meat £100; Oelwe electronic kryer 1toms es seer – reesoreble olfers? c/a G3CDA, tel: 0993 4433.

SHACK CLEARANCE: T5780 2m/70cm 10%, brend new, In perlect condx E820 one; MM 70MHz tvtr, 144MHz 1.f. E90; homebrew Q0V06-40 2m amp with pert-bullt psu E25; lerge selection components in two 64-drewer cebinets E35; urused cer battery file; Pye Westminster (em) 70.26MHz f30; ermy 450MHz discune f5; twin swr mater f5; s/hard cer bettery f5; 50239 coex switch (Oalwa) E6; 12V 1A psu file; varieble voltage 10A psu E65; 201t porteble mast f15; CPO phore f5; part-built M&O 70cm preemp E5; lour coex connectors £1 GPO morse key £4; 6yrs "Rad Com" £6 PFI rx £4. All one, sale due to lack ol antenne space end spare time. Oevid Godds, C4WLL, tel: 091 514 4122 oilice hours.

EDDYSIONE 880 rx 0.5-30.5MHz, ex mkg order £85; Talequipment 551 5MHz oscilloscope, mkg £20; both ebovs buyer collects with cash. 200 IRCs to clear 20p ee plus see. P Reed, 20 Hortor Road, Brighton, Suesex, tel: 0273 540793.

OATONG 070 morse tutor, boxed £35; hlgh-mound HK704 key, new, boxed £10; Torra 432/19-wle beem £10; Channel Hester 95028 rotator end support beering with 100ft eable £45; collect or past extre. Hlke, GGMU, QTMR tel: 0722 23500 alter 5pm

HITACH: VIDEO COLOUR CAMERA RCDR £650; else BBC computer detscorder, gemos, joystick, £200; AMT1 milcroprocessor rtty Amtor cw etc £125; parellel l/face. lor VIC64 computer £12; grid dipmeter £20. G3XMA, OTHR Coventry, tel: 0203 410208 erytimo.

YAMAHA ELECTOHE ORGAN A-SSH, two keyboerds, Immac condx Incl Yamaha keyboard, duet-cover ord stool. Space urgently reeded £399 ono. C4XSH, OTHR, tal: 0284 68084.

QATONG D70 mores tutor £3S. COBHH, QTHR, tel: 974 486 4453.

KM ATLANTA tour with psu and spares £130; Drake R4 rx, spares, £140; Hallieralter H137 tx, see G3QSS review or this, £150; Class Q wavemeter £10. Tal: 5tolford 44755 alter Spm.

2X4CX259B 2m MISL +psu 400M +o/p, wsll-made £280; 4x9-ele +pwr splitter +stocking irame, gd condx £80; Hirage MP2 vhf pwr meter 1500M 2m £80. Johnsor, tel: 0778 425367.

COMPLETE HF SIN: 1rlo 151805 tevr, with P530, SP180, VF0180, Alui80 (similar te AT230), MC50 base/mlc litted rerrow illters and mem unit. All in vgc, sel? E675 or each leom 271 or Trio TS711. Ouyer collects or pays carr. Ray, C4VKE, OlHR, tel: 0229 65351 evenings.

ICDH 1C745 tovr gen/cov rx *fm 2yrs old with Yeesu FP707 pau in es rew condx, £750 or would streight swep Yeesu FT102 tovr *fm FC102 atu in vgc with now PA velves. GWARLP, OTMR, tel: 0286 5322 eves.

TRIQ TS711E 2m multimode base stn, 3 to 25%, 40 mode/repeater shift memories, vgc E650 plus cerr. GW3WSU, 01HR, tel: 04468 261.

SHACK CLEARANCE: All In gd cordx, ARGBO E60; MRQ E40; Eddystone 834 E40; Eddystone EC10Mk2 and melrs pack E60; sig/gens Marconi TF1066B E175; 1F995 E75; TF8010 E40; TF867 E45, Tel: Cembridge 0223 861354 alter 6pm.

DEAINKAT HWID1, matching/spkr, homebrew psu, PAs rerely used £150; two S.25ir double-sided disk drives ir chasais incl psu, psu needs attn £80; 5tolle 'through'-type rotator 'eligement bearing £30; 12V invrtr 'ect dieg, o/p 600V, 300V, -100V £25; 5/8 for l4*MMz collnear for *432MHz, mounts, one magmourt £25; *46-ele porebeam for *432MHz, used gd condx £15; 1296MHz quad-loop Yegi, one-ele broken £15; C3LUB ssb tovr ("Mod Com" March'66) modified for 1.8MHz, rs OK, ts incomplete £15; OMERIY keyboard in metal/wood cose £10; thermostoticelly-controlled soldering-for incl appre bits £10; Hotorole "RF Gevice Dete" inlo and applications, olfars? Two ard hell yrs complete "Microweves and Æf" magezine, ollers? All Items buyer collects. G3ZWK, OlHR, tel: Crowthorne 775316 efter 6.30pm.

KENNOOO R2000 communication rx 100kcs/30MHz em/lm/ssb c/m 12V leeds, h/book, boxed, 11st £637, rem condx £425; BNDS 6A psu metered/stabilised crowber protected as rem £42; Oelmo crossed-needle atu CNM419, nrm, boxed, 11st £217 - £150 ono. G31ES, trl: 8ristal 500742.

F1101ZO, WARC, lar, ex-condx, used very little, orig pkg E500 ovro. G4KYO, NOI OTHR, Cheshire, tel: 0625-33705.

ORGAN lechnics UAO, 2-manuals and pedals, rhythms, eccompaniment, walking bass, automatic lower to upper chard coupler atc, sounds perfect, suggest ESAO or ollers; Acorn Atom computer, nomine) price WANTEO: Arything seronautical, charts, instruments rtc. Godirey, GAGLM, tol: 01-958 5113.

YAESU FT290R 2m multimode c/m nieeds, chgr. case, helical, cerrying strap, etc, recert sarvice £250, NO OFFERS; microwave mods 30M linear £60; both boxed and in vgc, both only £300, lideal beginners peck, 10-cle Tiger £20. GOGRA, Lincs, tel: 042771 739.

HF LIMEAR pr 813s c/m 2.2kV psu, bullt to commercial standerds, exch lur T55205E, linear bullders! 2.5kV 40MFD caps £10ce; 350pF mide spaced cap £10; lans £5; Amperex 4CX250F/G £10ca. All post extra C3RB, QTMR Whitley Bay, trl: 091 7530504.

51RUMECH 401t tower £250; rotator KR400 £75; 783 tribandor £75; 2m/8-e1o beam £15; vertical 10-80m £20. G4PMT, Q1HR, tel: 061-881 2970.

FDK7SDE MULTIMODE 2m tevr 10M, with FDK430X 70cm 10M experder, gd condx, no split £330. Buyer collects, Horth Manchester, GGCLX, QTMR, tel: 061 766 6100 everlags.

FRC7 RX *Clrkit ssb/em filter, vgc, optional timestep readout £125; Liner2 £50; Century Osta 20MHz herd-disk units, heevy, buyer collects, £50ea. WANTEG: 70901 monitor scope Datong FL3. GOOLF, OTHR Horthants, tel: 0604 770835.

UHER 4400 report stereo IC prol tape/scdr c/w mairs supply, ccts lhr use only, as new £100 ono. Buyer must collect. G6MXB, QTHR, tel: 0895 32601.

COMP 5TN: TS830S, AT230, 5P230, MC50 mlc end mlcrowave module 144Mlz tvtr £1000 ono. G10FN, QTHR, tel: 0388 774427.

YAESU 757CX, little used tx E670; FP707 psu E100; FC902 etu £130; FT290R, case, thgr £260; FT 70cm 73R edeptor/chgr in werrenty £200. All orlg pkg. GOEMI, NOT OHRK, tel: 051-639 3294.

FT790R WITH MATCHING IOW FL-7010 linser empitiler, both boxed and in vgc, very little used ond reverused portable or mobile, £275 the peir. Rod, Karliworth, tel: 0926 53393.

COLLIHS R392-URR h1/rx Q.5-32MHz, c/w 240V ec to 24V dc psu and 10% amplifler with £5, hermetically seeled and ruggedlaed, very sensitive and very stable, exterior gd, interior es new, £200 with circuit. Buyar collects if poss. C4JHF, QTHR, tal: 051-355 3854 home or 051-339 4181 extr 336 oilice.

FT902DH dc-dc cvtr, ell new bends £550 ono; FL-2100Z, as new £600 ono; Ostong Asp £50 ono; Ostong FL3 £90 ono, plus ell menuels. Jlm. G08CY, OHR, tel: Q1-949 5549 elter 6pm.

RACAL RA17 rx 500kHz to 30MHz, absolutely immaconds (exhleb) E195. CABUM, 01HR, tcl: 0344 420503

51ANDARD C58 multimode 2m portable/mobile niceds, chgr, mobile-mount, h/book, helicel, boxed, slight fault f125; 5tandard C78 70cm/im, gwo complete as above £150; Heathkit RAI rx mith nem spare velves, manual. Euyer collects. G61AH, Q1HR Avon, tel: 0761 53053.

70cm STANDARD C78 portable/bose in perl wkg order, c/m niceds, mic etc, elso irra CMS8 mobile unit, new in box. Everything boxed with manuol, ready to go on 70cm, E139. Ken, COMRR, Marlow, tel: 0279 26647.

TR10 201A 2m, in mint condx, only 7wks old, under guorentee, boxed. Has to be bargain ol a liletime at £195. NO OFFERS. Ken, COHRR, Harlow, tel: 0279 26647.

SOMMERKARP SRG-8600 as new, board, c/m hl cvtr 0-6000tx, psu, etc £350; Amstred 6128 pc c/m green screen, 80-col printrr, 1/0 trad, disks. menuels, all nrm, boacd £220 ono. Peter, GIELK, QIMR, tel: 01-804 4565 olter 6pm.

MORD PROCESSOR AMSTRAD PCM8256 twim disk-drives, R\$232 l/lece, loads of catre soltwarr, 3 boxes paper, 15 blank disks, with printrr, cpm digital research h/books. Cost £750, 12mths eld, mill teke £500. Phillp, tel: 0270 761978 after 6pm.

YAESU FT902DM town hf all bands, do leads, mlc, unmarked, boxed, mlnt condx, manual, E675. CAZLT, Q1HR, tel: 0202 519693 olter 7pm.

P60 H/DUTY TELESCOPIC TOWER, separate rolsing lulling winch, head unit, ball-bearing coller and stub, 121t mounting column, rotator motor KR400 Kenpro remote indicator, cabir, 4-eir beam, Total

£650. Ready for collection. G3ISG, 01HR Bristol, tel: $0272\ 565660$.

TRIO 811E 70cm base tx in perl condx, unused or transmit for 18mths, boxed £800. Beem entermalines with above. C1EUC, 01HR tc): Mellingborough 226009 or 76192

ICOM 290E 2m 10M multimodo tevr £300; SMC rag 13.8V 8A psu £30; muTek 2m switched preamp £25; swr/pwr meter £70; Zm collinaar grd plair ent £10; 9-ele Tonra £15; rotator £30; S/8 megmount £15. CAVCT, OTHR, tel: 0304 372834.

VHF COMMUNICATIONS MAGAZIHES, comp bound set, vols 1-14 (56 lasues) 1969-87, best offer secures; rotators, Chennel-Hester £40; 5tolle £45; 48ft vrry atrong portable mest, prolessionelly designed comp £85; 24CHz Plessey Curr diode module £25. G488R, QTHR, Cheltenhem, tel: 0242 527588.

1RIO 154305 c/w lm board and optionel cw ssb and am illters, PS430 matching psu end MC-425 mlc. All lr ex condx end boxed E895. Tim, G4YBU, tel: 01-393 9691.

YAESU FRC7700 FRY7700 118-150mes FR17700 E300; 8elcom AMR2178 scanner E100; ol) in cx condx. R588601, tel: 0409 253165

TRIO 1M4000A, 2m/70cm lm mobile tx/rx, 25% both bards, as new, boxed, with duel-bard erterra end diplexer f400 oro. G4REO, QTHR North Steffs, tel: 0538 722825.

PYE VANCUARD AM251 em/1m 4m 70.26M91z, solid-stete rx end moduletor, sell-contelhed £22; Super Lynx cctv semore, needs std "C" mount lers, video 0/p £20; Alrmec oscilletor 304A 50kes-100Mcs cw only £36. C4ULR, Q1HR Harwich, tel: 0603 51656.

FT79DR 70cm multimode portable, ex condx, reverused mobile £265 oroj Farguson colour cemera lncl Canor lens and electronic viamilider, gwo, ideal for otv £225 oro. Malters, £8UCF, OTHR Ripley, Derbys, tel: 0773 852289.

15-120V MF R1C £290; plus P5-20 matching psu £35. Both items very little used end as new, boxed with all eccessories, monuele, etc. Preler no split 6081) (as-C8CC1), 01MR, tel: Oxford 68D229.

YAESU FT101EE with im, gwo £280; KW Vespa 300M p.o.p 160-10m, gd cordx £88; National NC81X, emateur bard rx, vgc £65; Trio 2200GX, 12-charn, rew niceds, chgr £75 vgc; Cambridga, 6-chern, Toneburst, gwo £60. G4JXK, OTHR Hempshire, tel: Fareham 230737.

FT77 Wilh CW FiLTER, Im board, freq marker fitted; also FP700 psu and FC700 atu, all mint conds, boxed, c/m manuols. NO SPLIT, £560. Merk, GI3YDH, QTHR, tel: Bellast 795783.

SILENT KEY SALE: Stor Communications rx, SR-550 10 valves with spkr, mains 1/p 240V, 1.8M4z-50HHz, 3.5/7,0/14/21/28 50-54HHz, E50 oro. Contact: Hr D A Parsona, Farthing Corner, 2 Chapol Lane, Otterbourne, Minchester, Hanta 5021 2HX, tel: Winchester 254329.

YAESU FC757AT euto etu £195; NATO 10m/lm corverted tcvr £25; Yaesu FL2010 2m llneer £46; Yoesu SP980 spkr 111tcrs £40; Kenwood SP230 spkr 111tcrs £35. GOCAN, O1HR, tel: 0761 415746.

F1101, F146DR, F1790R BNOS LPH 144-10-100 lln m/m 70cm 30M lln 1296HHz tvtr 7M o/p KR60ORC rotetor 20A psu plus loads ol speres, earlela etc. Ollers? CGVXB, OlHR, tel: 0981 23633.

ORESSLER 2m Hasthead PA with psu lhandle SOOW), as naw, cost [120, occept £65; Plustron IVR50 tv-dx-rx 5in screen L-M-vhf built-lp-radio with tureoble BiPA 3yrs old but the best commercial tv-dx-rx avelleble £60. Richard Hill, tel: 0970 4226, 5pm-10pm.

FLDX400/FR0X400 h1 tovr, S-bands, cm 111ter, Y0148 drsk/mlc, ex condx £220 ono; Kotsum1 £X121 keyer with meins adaptor £10; rtty comp satup-Scerob MPIU-1, Spectrum 1/1ece, soltwere, Spectrum 48k, tape redr. Will split. Ollers? GOAMI, tri: Orpington 39410.

ICAE vgc, c/m spere nicad, chgr, solt cese, dc-dc adaptor £200 one; Hullord CL6300 Cunn escillator nem £10; Rediosperes TNC connectors 750hm, nem £1.25ea. MANIEO: Bird coax switch, Varactor diodes MHY7 Smell glass or quartz trimmers, ettenuetors. GGDER, OTHR, tel: 0226 296108.

KW TEX-TEC OMNI C, WARC, all lilters fitted, matching psu plus extros E675; PFI pocket lones R80 £30; Newbury terminal for speres, free. G4BJK, 01HR, tel: 0908 567362.

PF2UB, F117ED CB3CR, LI, SUB +Toneburst works F8 E80 one; pair of TRW PT9785 devices, build 150W Ilnrar! Hew, unused, plus dete £50 one. 7e1: 051 256 9818 IC2E 2m NANDHELO TCVR c/w chgr, rubbor duck ant and manual. Soxed, as new £150; elso two 813s, new with holders £25. NO OFFERS. G3H4R, OTHR.

PHILIPS N1502 VIOEO RCDR, Tenberg (Series 15) reel-to-reel tape rcdrs (20ff); Philips auto reel-to-reel tape rcdr. All above ex-school equip and wkg. Reasonable olfers accepted. Buyer collects or pay extra lor cerr. G3UXH, OTHR, tel: 0634 250562.

TRIO 189500 UHF MULTIMODE c/w 80-9 stn base unit, mobila mount, manual, mic, £400, 5teb: weins psu availeble, GBL1, QTMR, tol: 0327 860321,

KW2000A MITH ACPS h/book gd condx, spere valvos £165; Shure 444 mlc £20. Mould consider swep for FT208. Buyer collects. C3YNR, OTHR, tel: Chasterfield 74603 weekonds.

TRIO 9000 2m multimode with mobile mount £300. C4EUL, 5andwich, Kent, tel: 0304 611040 evenings.

TL922A WITH ACCESSORIES, operating manual, service menual, First cless condx, Will cover 10m, £700. C30CX, 117 5ea Lene, Rustington, West Sussex, tel: 0903 784584.

KENW000 TR9130, boxed, mint, mounting brkt, h/book £350, MO OFFER5; Oree slow-scan rx, boxed, h/book, lault on tape socket, otherwise mint, £150 and. Oave, £584478, tel: 0980 42419.

TRIO YR751, used thr, 2mths old, condx as supplied by Lowes, c/m peckaging. £495; psu te suit ebove £45. C417H, tel: 061 338 3787.

A7U - "CAPCO" SPC300 £180] mlc "Astatle" 531 4-pln £10, 8oth as new, "Curst" professional M800 photographic enlarger pos. COCQO, tel» 01-423 6159

MICROWAVE MODULES 432/50 70cm linear/preamp, mint, prectically unused £85; 12XY 70cm crossed Yagl With harness, new £45; hf Balun ikW retio 101, vgc 112; Unadilla 2kW treps 40/20m, as new, each peir £12.50. C2FZU, QTHR Notts, tel: Southwell 813847,

(COM 1271E 23cm base atn multimode 10W, elso metching AG1200 preamp, both mint condx, boxed with manuals £850. CILCC, OTHR, tel: Runcorn 68914

FT202R, BASE CHGR, mic/spkr, 6-chenn, case £75 and 0etang ASP207 £35. CW4[UY, tel: Aberdayey 367,

TR(0 TR7500 2m/fm tevr with 5/8 whip end magmount £125. CBA1A, OTHR, tel: 04484 4671.

COING ORT, Yaesu FT102 hl comp stn, many extres. Yaesu 290R 2m car mount linear chgr, niceds, case, many extres. Allen, G4YGB, OTHR, tel: 0843 293853.

DATONG MORSE TUIOR, first-time pass, as new £35; Class "D" mavemeter 6V ec with manuel £10; MS-MF5 vertical antenne 80m-10m, hardly used £45. COMF8, NOT QTMR, W Lankshear, 57 St Georges Road, East Loge, Cornwell PLI3 1£0, tel: Loge 2823.

HOMEBREW 28CX 16-ele 2m boam, soundly constructed, works well, 14'6" long so requires plenty of room. Must be collected from South London. Available for much loss than cest at £12.50. John, tel> 01-857 8096, evening prolorred.

LITTLE USED TRIO R1000, boxed £225 ono; 8e1com Liner2 modified to cover 14,100 to 13,530, lair condx £50 ono. WANTED: KW2000 A or B, will do swap If interested. Henchester eree, tel: 061-775 3395 anytime.

CLEAROUT: Trio TS830S, YK88CN litted £745; VF0230 £195; ATU230 £135; KR600RC unused, £150; Datong £L3 £85; AMT-1 cw receive fitted and EPROM for 8BC.8 £135. Hany accassories and test gear; age for list. Graham, C4VUX, OTMR, tel: 0923 248331 evenings.

T5930S TCVR AT930 atu matching apkr, mint condx, melniy usod for listening. Save opprox £600, bought new, saking price £1350, Buyar inspects and collects. £4YLJ, OTHR Birminghem tel: O21-747 3303

2m-70cm QRP TVTR 'SSB Products' TV144-832 £60; SMC 70cm triple 5/8-whip, gutter-mount £25; Sonim 2m 9-ele croased Yegl £18; Kenmood SMC-30 apkr/mlc £12; Sony AN1 ective antenna with fet preamp £25, Tim, G4Y8U, tel: 01-393 9691.

ICOM 25E, the boat 2m/lm mobile rig, 25W, thin vfoe, 5-mom, according mic, programmable band acon, priority chenn, xx lai-14MPMx E18O, David, C4JLU, 01HR, tel: 01-954 9180 evenings

FTA80 2m tevr, fm and sab, immae £300; RAE course, apotless, comp £20. C30AR, OTHR, tel: Wekelleld 270024.

STANDARO 2m MULTIMODE portable c/m two mobila brkts, case, char etc £225 ono. Tel: 0709 541277 evenings.

TRIO T5830S c/w HC35S mic £790; AT230 £120; HF5 vertical c/w radial kit £65; FT290R, nicads, £270;

Allinco $2\alpha/30\%$ lineer E45. All as new, used lew hours only, COEKX, tel: 0704 67577.

SLOW-5CAN TV Robot model 400 scan cvtr, gwo £250 one. C3BX1, 01MR Wiltshire, tel: 0373 830804.

TR9130 2m MULTIMODE in orig box with ell accessories plus mobile entenna, ex condx £325. C4XCT, OTHR ipswich, tel: 0473 712573.

PYE POCKETPHONT 70, PF2U8 c/w mlcad, rubber duck and spkr/mlc, ideal for 70cm/3-chann, £35; also some spare batteries £10ea. G6HXB, 01HR Uxbridge, tel: 0895 37601.

KW Allanta 1CVR, recent factory overhaul, lan, mic manual E175; Eddystone EA12 tx, vgc £135; both plus carr. CW3J5V, hQ1 OlHR, tel: Berriew 388.

YAESU FT709R 70cm handheld with apkr/mlc, FNB3, FNB4, chgr £229; Yeesu FT708R 70cm handheld with apkr/mlc, chgr £189; Yaesu FT209R 7m multimod with nicada, chgr, mobile brkt, W&D linear, mobile antnons £269. Bruce, G3WYX, OlhR, tel: 06286 64935

UHF MODILE. Standard C7900 auper-slim, tiltable displey c/m all accessories and packing, vgc £200 ono, G8PRR, tel> 01-340 4139,

IRIO T5711E, as new, very little use, orig pkg, buyer inspects and collects, £650; £0200 rotator with control unit £30. CIPUC, NOT OTHR, tel: Abingdon 23610 avenings and w/ends.

50LARTRON-SCHLUMBERCER professional radio test act £2700; Yaesu xtal control 2m mobile £40; damaged TA33 beam £25, C3MUM, tel: 0734 7%%5%5.

CALAXY R-530 with spkr and manual, 0.5-30MHz am/cw/ssb/rtty, recently inspected, in vgc, ideal for bogimner. May be seen wkg and collected or carr extre COO, £150 end. Leeds area, tel: 0532 656628.

ICOM Alloo ATU, as new and boxed £195; mwTek 70cm switched preamp TLNA4325 £50; Oslwa CN620A pwr/swrmetor 1.8-150MHz £40. C45WT, Q1HR tel> 091 2581110

MML 144/50-5 50W/2m linesr with preamp, ex condx, £80 incl post; Vibroplex mech bug key, ax condx but mameplate missing, genuine £60, a beautyf CHMEF, 0THR, tel: 0472 71215.

ICB1050 101m, vgc £40; Hallicralters R274FRR 540kc 54MHz US army signal corps rx £50; Sony Earth Orbiter CRF5090, vgc £40; PF2UB case spkr/mic for repair/sparea, xtala SU8 R86 £15. C4JIK, OHR, tel: 051 356 1757.

YAESU FT23 Mandle with two FN8-10 nicads, NC28C chgr, belt cilp, aelt case, 5/8 tolewhip, YM2 headset/mic, h/b dc/dc cvtr ler 12V supply, PTI switchbox and HMS21 mobile mount, with peckaging, E275, no splits, Paul, C4XTA, QTMR, tel> 09313 359

KENVOOD R1000 gen/cov communications rx with wide, nerrem, usb, lsb, cm, ex condx with orig box, instr manual and ac cable, dc pwr kit also included, £210 incl carr. CMAUIC, 01MR, tel: 031-664 2099 evenings.

FT208R 2m and FT708R 70cm Yeesu fm handhelds, solt cases, belicels, h/books, orlg pkg, MC9C chgr, £310 the lot. GBNRO, OlHR Lowestolt, tel: 0502 731640.

F1609R Mk1, c/m nicads and 3-ele entonna £275 ono; Oragon 32 Ideal lor BMK packet £35; 86346R £20; old Avometer meed atth to resistance renges £5, Buyors must collect, G8EH9, OTHR, tel: 0283 790454

YAESU FT902DH hf rlg, ell bands *lm, new set ol valvas this week with receipt. Perfect order and condx, baxed, manuel etc 550, NO OFFERS. Ken, COHRR, Marlew, tel: 0279 26647,

FULL LEGAL POWER LIMEARS for 144 and 432. K2RIW dealgn using pr 4CX250B, c/w duel pau capable of running both almultaneously, professionally built, contast provad. Linears £250es, pau £350 ono. Buyer cellects and inspects. G4WIM, OTHR, tal: 0604 862803.

5MAN 350A TCVR, American rig with velves, 125W, apere PA little used £125 plus carr, WAMTEO: G2DAF rx, any condx, G3MOO, tel: 021-354 9972,

FT102 TCVR, perf ordar, orlg pkg and menual; R600 Trlo rx, excellent XW trap dipole, one week use, combined arm and field strength meter, new meter for KM109 etu. WART Vibroplex bug. Ollors 2 GW3CBA, OllR, tel: 0446 741520.

VENTEX GATAPOINT 1500 computer, twin 01n floppy drive, Gate Gynamics type 33 teleprinter, 8-hole perforater, believed serviceable, manuals, Offere? CAJLG, OTHR, tel: O61-790 4749, 6pm-7,30pm,

CBM2001 COMPUTER, 40k RAM c/w cassette, monitor, Computhink duel disk-drive, CBM4023 printer, manuela, booka, diska, tapea, £315; new timer releya 3-30 asconda variable delay, 12V dc, octal

bose, remote reset, contects 5A 240VAC, £5; used computer equip: Cyclon sealed lead acid batteries, 12V 5AH, £3; 120mm exiel fens, 115VAC, £3; Fernall psu, 12V 5A o/p, current limit, remote current sense, £20; Coutent psu, +5V, -12V, +12V, crembar protection, cooling fan, £20, Cerr oxtre or colloct. Nick, C4NKV, tel: Selby 618358.

STSMCD RTTY | ERMINAL UNIT E70; Yaesu FT207R handheld chgr spkr/mlc, apare nicad pock E120 or exch. WHY? John, COBZP, O1NR, tel: 021-553 0531,

COLLINS KMM380 h1 tour with gen/covirx end 360Hz cm illtar, mint, boxed, £2,150; Late Collins 5.line, as new, boxnd with meny accessories 7553B, 3253, PM2, 31284 etc. A dream atn[£1,250. Round emblem. 1e1: 0247 455162.

OAIMA AUTO ATU Model CNA-1001, covers 80-10m Incl MARC bends, two antenna 1/ps and dummy loed, mf11 hendle 500W p.e.p, E120 and, Prefer buyer inapect/ collect or plus postege. CAUMM, NOI OTHR, tel: 0245 468149 alter 7pm.

ANT-2 £135; disk prog for AMT-2/IBM or clone £10; FL2000B, spere new velves £195; £pson RX80 printer loci cable for BBC.B £130; Labgear/TW setup lor £00m £25; all plus cerr or collect. C3X0F, OTHR, tel: 0332 367806.

TR(0 TS1305 hf tour with externel vie, (n gd condx f450 one. COCV8, OTHR Hotts, tel: 0623 758329,

BROIHERS COPIER new £1001 Detang Indoor antonna £30; Sony Communications dual-conversion rx £100. Bruce, C6KPI, tel: Sellsbury 780396.

SAIT 072 VHF HARINE, PLL synth, 156-162MHz, 1ull duplex/simplex with duplexer box, control pcb and front missing, hence £100₁ KF430 70cm 10W 12-chann 11 fitted £90; Burndept uhf handheld 3-chann £40; CTWR40 46MHz modifiable 50MHz £70, Tel> Watlord 224752.

FT290 ALINCO 30W linear, boxed as new, 8-ele quad, 6-ela crossed Yagl, rotator, alimjim ant, comp 2m stn. Going comp hl. £360 the lot1 Steva, COFLN, tal: Billericoy 651313.

DA10NC CC RECEIVING ADAPTOR, adds SOkHz to 30NHz to 2m r1g E80; Amstrad computer PCM8512, 20 dlaka, 10 booka, value £900 - £500 for quick aale; Pelarold imege camera, cost £135, £100. Berratt, GACHG, OTHR, tel: 0803 37050.

TRIO T51305, vgc £425; Yaesu FT480R, vgc £265; Belcom L5102L 10m/1m/asb £165; HROHX rx homabrow pau, 9 coils £50; HROHX rx psu 9 coils £50; HROHX rx psu 9 coils £65; X1155s w/aet52 rx/type88; rx107, vgc £45; CR100 £20; Mallicraiter rx527 vhf £30. COAUI, 07HR, tel; Haywarda Meath \$98390.

TRIO 9130 IH CD CONOX and c/m orlg accessories and pkg, E365 one; also F1290 mobile mount E19 one. GGLMS, OlMR, tel: 0905 620041 - leave a message with Charles II I em out.

COLLIMS NARROW BAMD fm adaptor 148C-1 to sult Collina τx 75A-2. CBM7Y, QTMR,

NASCOM 2 or 3 with RAM card, also microwave modula rtty to tv evtr. GBYQS, 0TMR Rulalip, tel: 0895 631825,

RSGB HANDBOOKS third and lourth editional pre-1963 Bulletine. FOR SALE: Yaesu FROX400 rx and MMI 70/14% tvtr. CWaBZI, OTHR, tel: Chaster 675794,

800K5: "Mew to use them, how they work" by len Mickman; "Troubleahooting with the oscilloscope" (new edition) by R C Middleton, Reply to Hike, EISFX, OTHE Trelee, tel: 066 25970.

FOR ICOM hf tovr 111ters: FL-84A, FL-85, FLS4; also im board merker and kayer modulos; SH30 mast, or similar, from Altron; AR2002 vgc, or similar. Tarry, tol: 0638 68962,

MOUNTING BARS FOR T1134 tx type 209 10A/13787, last Itema required to complete stn. Your price peidi Phil, GGMOJ, QIMR, tel: 0483 572653.

KEHWOOD AT230 atu or KW Ezee-match in nice condx. GIHUH, QYHR Worthing, tal: 0903 36780.

KW107 or KW109, also KW1000 linear, CVIUI, OTHR, tal: 02572 62988 evenings,

CRT P31/SES/2A for Solertron acopa type CD1400 or U/8 main unit with tube; also Mulrhaad 5DMg magally 3inch transmitter or would consider tx/rx pair. C3CBU, 0TMR, tal: 0256 58921,

HEEPI AVIONICS PRESERVATION GROUP REQUIRES: T1003, T1115, TRIT33, T1136, R1084, TRIO91, A1734, df loops and miror parts; also FrG10 Items: E10K, S10K, EBt/3H, E24, MS2 +morrals for abovr. Will buy or exch. Mr Baker, T1 Srnnyhlll Avo, Oerby DE3 TJR.

CB RA010S. Have yor given up CB? Why not dorate your srt to CB for the Bilnd Scotland regd charlty no 2860044. Tel: 041-429 5921 9am-5pm Hon-Frl or write to: PO Box no 8, Folkirk FK2 8YB. CMOETC.

WARTIME SUITCASE RADIO A Mk3 (B2 minor) and HkT23 set or any other clendestine and Rrsistance-type radios incl modern for collection, any condx welcome. Hanrals and accessories ara of intrest. G40F0, QTHR, tel: 01-949 231T.

EARLY WIRELESS AND XTAL SETS: particularly WWI sets or parts, early valvos, horn spkrs, bornd volrmus "Wireless World", cataloguas, prewar tv, also intrrastad tinplate trains and gd hf tevr. G4ERU, Jim laylor, 5 Luther Road, Winton, Baurnemouth, Trl: 0202 ST0400.

ORAKE G-LINE tx/rx. C3LDO, QTHR, tol: 0903 770804.

KWM-2A USERS HAHDBOOK, main trning knob and 100kG collbrating xtal, also manual. GARKB, QTHR, tel: 0206 8T0683.

YAFSU FITOIZD, any raasonable condx; also 2m multimode base stn. Lordon area, tel: 01-612 3372.

 $\tt KW2000$ OR ATLANTA wkg c/w mlc, circuit diagram, also circuit diagram Hammaster MH2010. GOHBC/GIRSU OTHR, trl: 021-745 1000.

SSB FittER FOR FT102 2.9kHz XF-8.2H5. C3TJW, OTHR, tal: Exctar 750Sl after 6pm.

NIRETEEN TWENTIES OR THIRTIES wireless parts, (radia components) and short wave or amateur rks, magazines ate of same vintaga. G2AOR, OTMR, twill 0904 194680 most times.

BOUND VOLUMES RADCOM pre-1916; olso early SWM volumes. GBVR, OTHR, tcl: 0843 601845.

YAESU FT7 or slm 10W hf rlg, Dalws CN630 pwr/swr metar, Yaosr FC902 atu or KW107 Srpermatch atu. G41DF, QTIIR Warcostar, teT: 0905 3S1S68 evenlngs or w/ands.

TRIO TS6TO MULTIMODE with gen/cov if poss, Good prica pd for good example, Will trovel 200m radius Nemcastle-on-Tyno, Writa GAOLC OTHE North-mborlond or tel. 0670 858953.

IR10 $\,$ TS780, must be in mint cords and c/w leads and manual, C4C1, tol: 01-337 9401.

MUTEK CMFA144E masthcad preamp c/w AYCSSOD sogrence controller anly flor conds considered if in time cortroller arily purchasad SMC had PA in stock. John, Lel: 01-85T 8096 proferably eveninga.

YAESU FY202, FT404, wkg or rat. Garray, GH4XDA, OTHR, tcl: Bishopton 8628TS.

ORAKE R4C and T4XC with accessaries in gwo; also cased B6221 plus mains psu. Hugh, G1AUR, OTHR, tol: 01-281 0896.

STUDENT SEEKING of atu, SEH Tranzmatch or similar, consider homebron, rrasonable prier paid. COFYG, OTHR Cambridge, tol: 0223-63684.

GERMAN MW2 axtservira agrip, parts, literatrir for missum purposes. Wkg condx not regiled. Also WSG5/66, WSI1, 1190, AD67, Marconi RG37, YO, SG, SZERT for Norwagiar musaum. Will Collact, Reg Otterstad, LASHE/OZBRO Vajdammirn S, OK-2840 Holte Tal: 010-452-80181S.

ICTSIE OR FT221R, must be in gd condx and have muTok board fitted. GGJNS, OTMR, tal: 0905 62004T.

TR10 KEHWOOD IS940S with etr, cash walting. Icl: 04T12 S94.

TEST SET CTSOT and/or marual/dlags, also Racal ssb adaptors RA63 and RA121. Hon-warkers QX lf comp. Peto, G888Z, tel: Q442 69544.

KW200E PSU, KW Atlanta psr, ramote vfo, in fact

anything manf by KW Flectronics, in pristing condx for collector W82PT1. Tal USA \$16,766,9230 or 0143,884858 giving comp details. Thanks!

WW2 B2 srt ir gd condx, also 123 srt wkg. G4t10, 0THR, trl: Cosham 373320.

URCENTLY: Info on crt scope tube SESJP31 (SESUP31) Sylvania/Brimar, valve data book for AVO testar CT160, whf command rx R28, ext vfo for FE50/FR50 tx/rx. CHBMLH, OTHR, tel: 083-82-304.

HANDAL FOR MARCONI TF995/AS slg/gen to buy or borrow for copylng, oll costs met. C4YZG, OTHR, tel: 0636 7138T after 6pm.

SONY 2001D radio far remcomar to swi. Tel: 0202 697395.

RETIRING AMATEUR, wishing to grt away from "Mupplo Land", seeks OTH with existing tower or plarring permission for same. Oesired arras; North Dorsrt, Wilts, Eost Somorset, Avon, Glos, Harrfordshire, Worcs. Hot over £50,000. G3VIE, QTHR, tel: 0734 784048.

NASCOM 2 with or without RAM board. GBYGS, Ruislip tal: OB9S 63182S evanings or w/onds.

STIRLING TYPF hot-alm engine, wkg or not, castings parts etc. GSAEN, QTHR.

ACCESSORIES FOR MY FT101 MK2 FV101 vfa SP101 epkr, YC60T dlsplay, Shure 444 mlc. Hrst be in gd condx. C4SLG, OTMR, tel: 0522 751920.

DYNAMCO OSCILLOSCOPE side parols, amplifler and timebash to suit 7100, T210 and 7110 display units CH40MT, tel: 0324 483153.

FTT90R. Will emap qty of fishing rqrlp, rods, rools, landing and koop-nots, hooks, weights, box seat ofte worth £150-£200, most row, plus cash or have B-flat clarinet if raquired. GIWTH, OTHR, tell 04203-5300.

MUTEK 10281 front-end board, new or s/h. G4XBT, OTHR Norwich, tol: 0603 665138 after 6pm.

YAESD FRCT or aquivalent in gd cordx, falr price pd. G4KFG, OTHR, tel: Choltenham 44188.

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STORNO 700fm mobil: tevr, praferably gd cardx, but anythirg considered. Hest be complete. Also 13.8V psr 10A or greater, any condx acrepted. Teny Kempton, GIBYS, OTHR. trl: 01-462 70S1.

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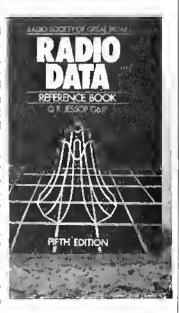


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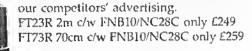


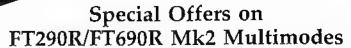
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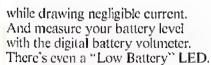
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